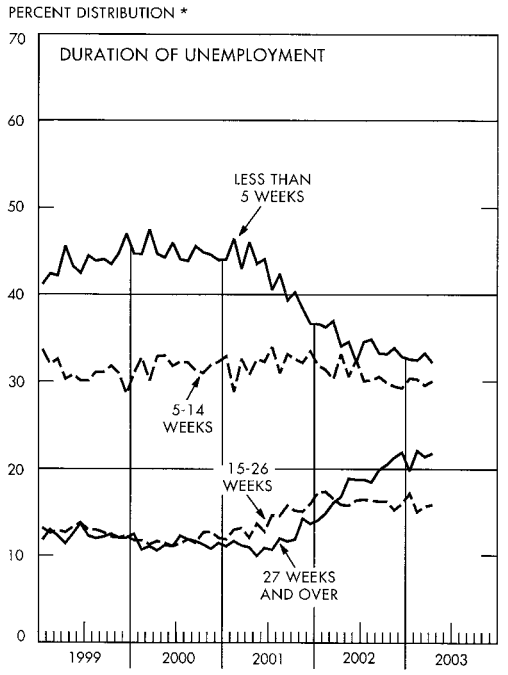
SELECTED MEASURES OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE PROGRAMS

In April, the percentage of the unemployed who had been out of work for less than 5 weeks fell; the percentages for 5–14 weeks, for 15–26 weeks, and for 27 weeks and over rose. The mean duration of unemployment rose to 19.6 weeks and the median duration rose to 10.2 weeks.



* SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
1/BEGINNING JANUARY 1994, JOB LOSERS AND PERSONS WHO COMPLETED TEMPORARY JOBS.
SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

[Monthly data seasonally adjusted, except as noted]

Period	Unemployment (thousands)	Duration of unemployment: Percent distribution: Less than 5 weeks	5–14 weeks	15–26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Duration of unemployment: Number of weeks: Average (mean)	Median	Reason for unemployment: percent distribution: Job losers [1]	Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants	State programs: Insured unemployment	Initial claims	Insured unemployment, all regular programs (unadjusted) [2]
												Weekly average, thousands		
1993	8,940	36.5	28.9	14.5	20.1	18.0	8.3	54.2	10.9	24.6	10.3	2,751	341	2,845
1994 [3]	7,996	34.1	30.1	15.5	20.3	18.8	9.2	47.7	9.9	34.8	7.6	2,670	340	2,739
1995	7,404	36.5	31.6	14.6	17.3	16.6	8.3	46.9	11.1	34.1	7.8	2,572	357	2,633
1996	7,236	36.4	31.6	14.6	17.4	16.7	8.3	46.6	10.7	34.7	8.0	2,595	356	2,650
1997	6,739	37.7	31.7	14.8	15.8	15.8	8.0	45.1	11.8	34.7	8.4	2,323	323	2,366
1998	6,210	42.2	31.4	12.3	14.1	14.5	6.7	45.5	11.8	34.3	8.4	2,222	321	2,257
1999	5,880	43.7	31.2	12.8	12.3	13.4	6.4	44.6	13.3	34.1	8.0	2,188	298	2,219
2000	5,692	44.9	31.9	11.8	11.4	12.6	5.9	44.2	13.7	34.5	7.6	2,110	301	2,141
2001	6,801	42.0	32.3	14.0	11.8	13.1	6.8	51.1	12.3	29.9	6.8	2,974	404	3,007
2002	8,378	34.5	30.8	16.3	18.3	16.6	9.1	55.0	10.3	28.3	6.4	3,585	407	3,618
2002: Apr	8,567	34.1	33.2	15.9	16.8	16.3	8.8	53.8	11.7	28.2	6.2	3,669	430	3,947
May	8,424	34.6	30.6	15.8	18.9	16.8	9.6	55.0	10.6	28.5	6.0	3,705	409	3,250
June	8,469	32.3	32.5	16.4	18.8	17.1	11.6	55.2	10.0	28.3	6.5	3,651	392	3,539
July	8,443	34.6	30.1	16.5	18.8	16.6	8.9	55.0	10.0	28.5	6.5	3,515	387	3,524
Aug	8,366	34.9	30.2	16.4	18.5	16.3	8.7	55.1	10.1	27.8	7.0	3,549	397	3,123
Sept	8,321	33.3	30.6	16.3	19.9	17.8	9.5	55.7	9.8	28.0	6.5	3,608	417	3,267
Oct	8,405	33.2	29.9	16.3	20.5	17.6	9.6	56.4	9.9	27.9	5.8	3,601	411	2,935
Nov	8,637	33.9	29.5	15.3	21.3	17.9	9.4	55.9	9.6	27.7	6.8	3,486	390	3,082
Dec	8,711	32.9	29.3	16.0	21.9	18.4	9.6	55.8	9.9	28.2	6.1	3,478	409	3,906
2003: Jan	8,302	32.6	30.4	17.2	19.8	18.4	9.8	54.9	9.9	27.9	7.4	3,361	388	3,968
Feb	8,450	32.5	30.3	15.1	22.1	18.6	9.4	55.9	9.1	28.2	6.8	3,429	409	4,172
Mar	8,445	33.3	29.6	15.7	21.4	18.0	9.6	54.8	9.4	28.4	7.4	3,514	423	4,348
Apr	8,786	32.2	30.1	15.9	21.8	19.6	10.2	54.2	9.4	29.1	7.3	3,622	r443	.....

[1] Beginning January 1994, job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs.

[2] Includes State (50 States, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands), ex-servicemen (UCX), and Federal (UCFE). Railroad (RR) programs included through 1993. Also includes Federal and State extended benefit programs. Does not include Federal supplemental compensation or Emergency Unemployment Compensation programs.

[3] Data beginning January 1994 are not directly comparable with data for earlier periods.

NOTE.—Data relate to persons age 16 years and over (except for insured unemployment and initial claims).

Source: Department of Labor (Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration).

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION GPO