GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AND RELATED PRICE MEASURES: INDEXES AND PERCENT CHANGES

[Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted]

Period	Index numbers, 2000=100			Percent change from preceding period [1]			
	Real GDP (chain-type quantity index)	GDP chain-type price index	GDP implicit price deflator	GDP (current dollars)	Real GDP (chain-type quantity index)	GDP chain-type price index	GDP implicit price deflator
1994	79.816	90.265	90.259	6.2	4.0	2.1	2.1
1995	81.814	92.115	92.106	4.6	2.5	2.0	2.0
1996	84.842	93.859	93.852	5.7	3.7	1.9	1.9
1997	88.658	95.415	95.414	6.2	4.5	1.7	1.7
1998	92.359	96.475	96.472	5.3	4.2	1.1	1.1
1999	96.469	97.868	97.868	6.0	4.5	1.4	1.4
2000	100.000	100.000	100.000	5.9	3.7	2.2	2.2
2001	100.506	102.376	102.373	2.9	.5	2.4	2.4
2002	102.710	103.949	103.945	3.8	2.2	1.5	1.5
2003	105.918	105.686	105.673	4.8	3.1	1.7	1.7
1999: I	94.892	97.274	97.328	5.1	3.4	1.5	1.6
II	95.677	97.701	97.674	4.8	3.4	1.8	1.4
III	96.794	98.022	98.013	6.2	4.8	1.3	1.4
IV	98.514	98.475	98.432	9.1	7.3	1.9	1.7
2000: I	98.764	99.292	99.317	4.7	1.0	3.4	3.6
II	100.315	99.780	99.745	8.3	6.4	2.0	1.7
III	100.200	100.241	100.259	1.6	−.5	1.9	2.1
IV	100.721	100.687	100.666	3.8	2.1	1.8	1.6
2001: I	100.664	101.478	101.443	2.9	−.2	3.2	3.1
II	100.503	102.273	102.248	2.6	−.6	3.2	3.2
III	100.180	102.676	102.660	.3	−1.3	1.6	1.6
IV	100.679	103.078	103.139	3.9	2.0	1.6	1.9
2002: I	101.843	103.364	103.315	5.4	4.7	1.1	.7
II	102.324	103.738	103.814	3.9	1.9	1.5	1.9
III	103.172	104.123	104.084	4.4	3.4	1.5	1.0
IV	103.502	104.571	104.556	3.1	1.3	1.7	1.8
2003: I	104.008	105.163	105.146	4.3	2.0	2.3	2.3
II	104.801	105.440	105.427	4.2	3.1	1.1	1.1
III	106.887	105.870	105.851	10.0	8.2	1.6	1.6
IV	107.977	106.270	106.244	5.7	4.1	1.5	1.5
2004: I[p]	109.083	106.923	106.902	6.8	4.2	2.5	2.5

[1] Quarterly percent changes are at annual rates.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

NONFINANCIAL CORPORATE BUSINESS–GROSS VALUE ADDED AND PRICE, COSTS, AND PROFITS

[Quarterly data at seasonally adjusted annual rates]

Period	Gross value added of nonfinancial corporate business (billions of dollars)[1]		Price per unit of real gross value added of nonfinancial corporate business (dollars)[1 2]								
			Total	Compensation of employees (unit labor cost)	Unit nonlabor cost				Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments[4]		
	Current dollars	Chained (2000) dollars			Total	Consumption of fixed capital	Taxes on production and imports[3]	Net interest and miscellaneous payments	Total	Taxes on corporate income	Profits after tax[5]
1994	3,669.5	3,832.0	0.958	0.621	0.227	0.102	0.099	0.026	0.109	0.035	0.074
1995	3,879.5	3,999.1	.970	.628	.230	.104	.097	.029	.113	.035	.078
1996	4,109.5	4,222.3	.973	.623	.225	.103	.096	.026	.124	.036	.088
1997	4,401.8	4,493.0	.980	.626	.226	.104	.094	.028	.128	.036	.092
1998	4,655.0	4,735.5	.983	.643	.226	.104	.092	.030	.114	.033	.080
1999	4,950.8	5,009.9	.988	.652	.229	.105	.092	.032	.107	.034	.073
2000	5,272.2	5,272.2	1.000	.672	.237	.108	.093	.036	.090	.032	.058
2001	5,299.3	5,235.4	1.012	.687	.250	.117	.094	.039	.076	.021	.055
2002	5,410.6	5,339.0	1.013	.669	.253	.116	.098	.039	.092	.019	.073
2003	5,646.8	5,561.4	1.015	.659	.246	.112	.097	.037	.111	.023	.088
2001: I	5,300.3	5,272.5	1.005	.685	.245	.112	.094	.039	.075	.024	.052
II	5,301.0	5,237.1	1.012	.688	.248	.115	.094	.039	.075	.024	.051
III	5,284.8	5,207.1	1.015	.691	.252	.123	.089	.040	.072	.021	.051
IV	5,311.1	5,225.1	1.016	.684	.252	.116	.097	.039	.080	.014	.066
2002: I	5,322.9	5,255.0	1.013	.673	.253	.116	.098	.039	.087	.016	.071
II	5,408.0	5,326.6	1.015	.670	.253	.116	.098	.039	.093	.019	.074
III	5,432.0	5,368.7	1.012	.667	.253	.116	.098	.039	.092	.020	.072
IV	5,479.3	5,405.7	1.014	.665	.252	.115	.099	.038	.096	.021	.075
2003: I	5,479.2	5,412.1	1.012	.668	.251	.115	.098	.038	.094	.022	.072
II	5,581.7	5,505.2	1.014	.661	.245	.113	.095	.037	.108	.021	.087
III	5,720.2	5,629.6	1.016	.654	.243	.110	.097	.036	.119	.024	.095
IV	5,806.0	5,698.8	1.019	.653	.243	.110	.097	.036	.122	.026	.096

[1] Estimates for nonfinancial corporate business for 2000 and earlier periods are based on the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); later estimates are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

[2] The implicit price deflator for gross value added of nonfinancial corporate business divided by 100.

[3] Less subsidies plus business current transfer payments.

[4] Unit profits from current production.

[5] With inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

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