GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AND RELATED PRICE MEASURES: INDEXES AND PERCENT CHANGES

[Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted]

Period	Index numbers, 2000=100			Percent change from preceding period [1]			
	Real GDP (chain-type quantity index)	GDP chain-type price index	GDP implicit price deflator	GDP (current dollars)	Real GDP (chain-type quantity index)	GDP chain-type price index	GDP implicit price deflator
1996	84.842	93.859	93.852	5.7	3.7	1.9	1.9
1997	88.658	95.415	95.414	6.2	4.5	1.7	1.7
1998	92.359	96.475	96.472	5.3	4.2	1.1	1.1
1999	96.469	97.868	97.868	6.0	4.5	1.4	1.4
2000	100.000	100.000	100.000	5.9	3.7	2.2	2.2
2001	100.751	102.402	102.399	3.2	.8	2.4	2.4
2002	102.362	104.193	104.187	3.4	1.6	1.7	1.7
2003	104.931	106.409	106.404	4.7	2.5	2.1	2.1
2004	109.031	109.429	109.426	6.9	3.9	2.8	2.8
2005	112.546	112.744	112.737	6.3	3.2	3.0	3.0
2002: I	101.633	103.553	103.568	4.3	2.7	1.7	1.5
II	102.186	103.944	103.938	3.7	2.2	1.5	1.4
III	102.788	104.347	104.328	3.9	2.4	1.6	1.5
IV	102.840	104.926	104.907	2.4	.2	2.2	2.2
2003: I	103.148	105.742	105.724	4.4	1.2	3.1	3.2
II	104.031	106.076	106.062	4.8	3.5	1.3	1.3
III	105.926	106.616	106.611	9.7	7.5	2.1	2.1
IV	106.621	107.204	107.190	4.9	2.7	2.2	2.2
2004: I	107.633	108.190	108.183	7.8	3.9	3.7	3.8
II	108.705	109.172	109.162	7.9	4.0	3.7	3.7
III	109.538	109.744	109.728	5.3	3.1	2.1	2.1
IV	110.247	110.610	110.601	5.9	2.6	3.2	3.2
2005: I	111.173	111.558	111.539	7.0	3.4	3.5	3.4
II	112.069	112.229	112.219	5.8	3.3	2.4	2.5
III	113.223	113.139	113.121	7.6	4.2	3.3	3.3
IV	113.719	114.048	114.034	5.1	1.8	3.3	3.3
2006: I	115.274	114.967	114.951	9.0	5.6	3.3	3.3
II r	116.004	115.905	115.887	5.9	2.6	3.3	3.3

[1] Quarterly percent changes are at annual rates.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

NONFINANCIAL CORPORATE BUSINESS–GROSS VALUE ADDED AND PRICE, COSTS, AND PROFITS

[Quarterly data at seasonally adjusted annual rates]

Period	Gross value added of nonfinancial corporate business (billions of dollars) [1]		Price per unit of real gross value added of nonfinancial corporate business (dollars) [1 2]								
			Total	Compensation of employees (unit labor cost)	Unit nonlabor cost				Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments [4]		
	Current dollars	Chained (2000) dollars			Total	Consumption of fixed capital	Taxes on production and imports [3]	Net interest and miscellaneous payments	Total	Taxes on corporate income	Profits after tax [5]
1996	4,109.5	4,196.4	0.979	0.627	0.228	0.104	0.097	0.027	0.125	0.036	0.088
1997	4,401.8	4,469.3	.985	.629	.228	.105	.095	.028	.128	.036	.092
1998	4,655.0	4,725.4	.985	.645	.226	.104	.092	.030	.114	.034	.080
1999	4,950.8	5,011.0	.988	.652	.229	.105	.092	.032	.107	.034	.073
2000	5,272.2	5,272.2	1.000	.672	.237	.108	.093	.036	.090	.032	.058
2001	5,293.5	5,224.5	1.013	.688	.257	.124	.094	.039	.068	.021	.047
2002	5,371.7	5,269.7	1.019	.685	.253	.122	.099	.032	.081	.018	.063
2003	5,558.4	5,382.1	1.033	.688	.253	.122	.103	.028	.091	.025	.066
2004	5,932.9	5,654.5	1.049	.685	.248	.121	.103	.024	.115	.033	.083
2005	6,369.7	5,959.9	1.069	.688	.252	.124	.102	.026	.128	.042	.086
2003: I	5,443.9	5,293.8	1.028	.686	.257	.123	.102	.032	.086	.024	.061
II	5,501.6	5,337.8	1.031	.689	.253	.123	.101	.029	.088	.023	.065
III	5,603.3	5,417.8	1.034	.688	.253	.122	.104	.027	.094	.025	.069
IV	5,684.6	5,479.0	1.038	.689	.251	.121	.104	.026	.098	.028	.070
2004: I	5,780.2	5,554.5	1.041	.683	.248	.120	.104	.024	.109	.030	.079
II	5,878.9	5,603.9	1.049	.684	.250	.120	.105	.025	.116	.033	.083
III	5,992.9	5,707.4	1.050	.683	.249	.126	.099	.024	.118	.035	.083
IV	6,079.6	5,752.0	1.057	.690	.249	.120	.105	.024	.118	.033	.085
2005: I	6,193.9	5,829.7	1.062	.688	.252	.121	.105	.026	.123	.041	.083
II	6,324.4	5,935.2	1.066	.682	.251	.120	.105	.026	.132	.041	.091
III	6,425.7	5,994.7	1.072	.691	.257	.134	.096	.027	.125	.043	.082
IV	6,534.8	6,079.8	1.075	.690	.251	.121	.103	.027	.133	.044	.089
2006: I	6,788.2	6,268.0	1.083	.693	.247	.117	.102	.028	.144	.045	.099
II r	6,867.0	6,295.2	1.091	.703	.250	.118	.103	.029	.138	.045	.093

[1] Estimates for nonfinancial corporate business for 2000 and earlier periods are based on the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); later estimates are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

[2] The implicit price deflator for gross value added of nonfinancial corporate business divided by 100.

[3] Less subsidies plus business current transfer payments.

[4] Unit profits from current production.

[5] With inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION GPO