

THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES
OF THE UNITED STATES

LITTEA
SCRIPTA
MANET

FEDERAL REGISTER

1934

VOLUME 11 NUMBER 198

Washington, Thursday, October 10, 1946

Regulations

TITLE 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter I—Civil Service Commission

PART 25—FORMAL EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS FOR APPOINTMENT TO CERTAIN SCIENTIFIC, TECHNICAL AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS

ADDITIONS TO LIST

1. Paragraph (a) of § 25.1, *Positions for which formal education requirements prescribed*, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Section 5 of the Veterans Preference Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 388; 5 U. S. C. Sup. 854) provides that no minimum educational requirements will be prescribed in any civil-service examination except for such scientific, technical or professional positions the duties of which the Commission decides cannot be performed by a person who does not have such education. Scientific, technical and professional positions for which the Commission has decided a minimum educational requirement is necessary and the Commission's reasons for its decisions are as follows:

2. Section 25.1 (b) is revoked.

3. The following positions are added to the list of positions for which formal educational requirements have been prescribed:

CHEMIST, P-2 THROUGH P-8

Educational requirements. Applicants must have successfully completed one of the following:

A. A full 4-year course, in a college or university of recognized standing, leading to a bachelor's degree in chemistry. This study must have included courses in chemistry consisting of lectures, recitations and appropriate practical laboratory work totaling at least 30 semester hours; or

B. Courses in chemistry, in a college or university of recognized standing, consisting of lectures, recitations and appropriate practical laboratory work totaling at least 30 semester hours plus additional appropriate experience or education which, when combined with the 30 semester hours in chemistry, will total 4 years of education

and experience and give the applicant the substantial equivalent of a 4-year college course.

In either A or B above, the courses must have included analytical chemistry, both quantitative and qualitative, and in addition, any two of the following: (a) Advanced Inorganic Chemistry; (b) Biochemistry; (c) Organic Chemistry; (d) Physical Chemistry. All of these courses must have been acceptable for credit toward the completion of a standard 4-year professional curriculum leading to a bachelor's degree in chemistry at a college or university of recognized standing.

Restrictions of certification for highly technical positions. For those positions involving highly complicated or fundamental scientific research or similar difficult scientific duties, certification may be restricted to those eligibles who show the successful completion of a full college education in chemistry in a college or university of recognized standing.

Duties. The duties of the P-2 to P-8 chemist are: to perform, conduct, plan, or direct scientific investigative, developmental, or fundamental research work in one or more of the specialized fields of chemistry; to collect, examine, and interpret scientific data; to coordinate assignments and programs; to prepare budget estimates for specified research programs; and to perform related duties as assigned.

I. Those positions in chemistry requiring, as a positive requirement, formal education to the extent only of 30 semester hours of college study in chemistry supplemented by appropriate experience or education are characterized as follows:

The solution of specific problems of limited scope which does not involve the application of all the principles of the scientific fields related to chemistry—in general, problems where a broad viewpoint or training is not necessarily required; conducting important chemical analyses of material; directing the standardization and testing of well-known types of equipment or instruments; developing modifications of standard procedures, tests, techniques, etc.; making literature surveys of the field; and preparing, editing, and reviewing technical reports on the results of the work performed in the field of professional chemistry.

II. Those positions requiring the successful completion of four years of college or university training in chemistry are characterized as follows:

Critical investigative work requiring a sound knowledge of the fundamental laws,

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Published daily, except Sundays, Mondays, and days following legal holidays, by the Division of the Federal Register, the National Archives, pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500, as amended; 44 U.S.C., ch. 8B), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee, approved by the President. Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

The regulatory material appearing herein is keyed to the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published, under 50 titles, pursuant to section 11 of the Federal Register Act, as amended June 19, 1937.

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theories, principles and terminology of chemistry and related sciences and having for its objective the discovery of new facts, the development of new theories or principles, or a new interpretation of known facts, leading to a revision of accepted theories and laws.

The application in new ways of known complex scientific laws and facts to the development of new processes, techniques, devices or products.

The coordination of a broad research program requiring the combined efforts of several specialists in different scientific fields. The leader of such a program must have an understanding of the scientific principles, procedures and potentialities of the scientific fields involved, and the ability to coordinate the activities of the various specialists.

Knowledge and training requisite for performance of duties. The minimum amount of formalized training required for the suc-

cessful performance of the duties described under I above consists of the completion of 30 semester hours of study in chemistry in a college or university of recognized standing. This study represents essentially the fundamental body of knowledge of the science of chemistry. It includes courses in the principal fields of chemistry (analytical, inorganic, organic, and physical) which are required to furnish the basic knowledge for any type of professional work in chemistry. In addition, it is supplemented by laboratory training in the application of the scientific principles involving the use of apparatus and equipment, and skills essential to work in chemistry. A familiarity with scientific literature, especially the methods by which such literature is compiled, classified, indexed and made available is also a necessary part of such education. And finally, the training will include experience in preparing technical reports in which it is necessary to organize material logically, to make clear distinctions between theory and facts, to make precise and unambiguous statements and to draw conclusions that are useful and fully warranted by experimental results.

The minimum amount of training required for the successful performance of the duties described in II above is the completion of a 4-year college course leading to a bachelor's degree in a college or university of recognized standing, including or supplemented by 30 semester hours of study in chemistry. Such a college course consists of laboratory work (including the use of complex apparatus) lectures, recitations, seminars, and selected reading in chemistry and other fields given under competent instruction and guidance. Such a curriculum is planned and integrated so as to provide a sound and comprehensive training not only in chemistry but in related subjects such as physics, mathematics, biology, engineering, etc. Training in the fundamentals of other fields affords the necessary breadth of knowledge as well as an understanding of the inter-relationships of different fields. New advances in science flow from the combination of new knowledge, sometimes from widely separated fields. The justification for requiring a full 4-year college course for certain positions is that it is the only known method by which a broad understanding of the fundamentals of various related fields may be acquired. Full recognition is also given to the importance of training in verbal facility and the development of facility in logical thinking and expression. The research scientist must be able to present the results of his work clearly and concisely both orally and in written form.

Method of obtaining basic knowledge and training. The above are statements of the minimum knowledge and training required to carry on successfully professional work in two broad areas in the field of chemistry. The only method by which such knowledge and training may be acquired is by attending a college or university where competent instruction and guidance is available, where courses are arranged in a systematic progressive schedule and where adequate laboratory facilities and libraries are provided, and where objective evaluations are made of a person's progress in acquiring professional and scientific information.

Justification of educational requirement. The world of today is conscious that it is living in an atomic age and the people of the United States are aware of the urgent need for fundamental research and developmental work in all scientific fields in order to safeguard and improve the nation's security, health, and general welfare. The Congress has given recognition to the vital necessity for such scientific research and developmental work and has authorized, through appropriations, the spending of large sums of money for varied and important programs. These programs are carried on by the various departments and agencies

of the Federal Government, and have resulted in very notable achievements in scientific research during World War II.

The advances in the various sciences, during World War II, have been outstanding and of major importance. Particularly is this true of the field of chemistry in all of its branches and further advances will depend on the number of highly qualified and properly trained chemists who are competent to explore the particular field in which a research problem is centered. Concurrent with these advances in the fields of science is the flow of new scientific knowledge, so that persons engaged in highly complicated scientific research in a specialized field of chemistry must of necessity possess the fundamental scientific knowledge characteristic of their own field and in addition that of certain allied fields in order that they may successfully attack these complex problems with which they are faced.

Private industry doing research in chemistry has long recognized the necessity for broadly trained men for professional chemists positions who are well-grounded in the fundamentals of the sciences involved. They are required to have education represented by at least the attainment of a bachelor's degree in the science, and in many instances a doctor of philosophy degree with specialization in a particular field is demanded.

EDUCATION SPECIALIST, P-4 THROUGH P-8, OFFICE OF EDUCATION, FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

Educational requirements. Completion of a full four-year course in a college or university of recognized standing which must have included major study in education or have been supplemented by one year of graduate study with major study in education.

Duties. The duties of educational consultants or specialists consist of advising school administrators, supervisors, boards of education, or other official school or community groups concerning technical phases of educational programs; providing assistance in planning curriculum content and methods of teaching; and advising local officials in the application of approved educational methods to their individual school and to their community problems.

Knowledge and training requisite for performance of duties. Thorough knowledge of one or more specialized fields of vocational, general, or cultural subjects; comprehensive grasp of the written material and instructional methods related to the specialized fields; ability to impart this knowledge both formally and informally; and an understanding of the relationship of special fields of knowledge to the needs of the school or the community as a whole.

In addition, except for positions in the P-1 grade, experience in research, teaching, or administration of educational programs is required for most positions; the length, scope, nature, and quality of the experience varies with the grade of the position involved.

Method of obtaining basic knowledge and training. The only method known to the Commission by which the basic knowledge and training can be acquired is by successfully completing, in a college or university of recognized standing, a full, four-year course leading to a bachelor's degree, and, in addition, specialized study and training in the principles and methods of education. By such training the student learns under competent instructors, is guided in his reading and in his evaluation of materials read. He has access to well-stocked scientific libraries and to well-equipped laboratories; he is given an opportunity to observe various materials and methods of instruction in operation, and, in a controlled and supervised setting, can experiment for himself under professional guidance. The literature in the field of education and related fields is so voluminous that an individual cannot mas-

ter it on his own initiative or by random study. Without this basic college training an individual cannot recognize significant social data or draw valid conclusions.

The duties of an educational consultant require more than usual knowledge in the educational and subject-matter fields, as well as leadership ability.

[SEAL] UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE
COMMISSION,
H. B. MITCHELL,
President.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18175; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter XI—Production and Marketing Administration (War Food Distribution Orders)

[WFO 42, Amdt. 28]

PART 1460—FATS AND OILS

QUOTAS

War Food Order No. 42, as amended (9 F. R. 12075; 10 F. R. 103, 2679, 3315, 5060, 7961, 8685, 10419, 12250, 12548, 14686; 11 F. R. 226, 4145, 5105, 7400, 7967) is further amended by deleting the table at the end of paragraph (b) (1) and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

Class of edible fat or oil product:	Permitted percentage
Margarine.....	95
Edible fat or oil products other than margarine.....	88

This amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., October 1, 1946. With respect to violations, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken, prior to said date, under War Food Order No. 42, as amended, all provisions of said order shall be deemed to remain in full force for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, liability, or appeal.

(E. O. 9280, 7 F. R. 10179; E. O. 9577, 10 F. R. 8087; sec. 2 (a), 54 Stat. 676, as amended, 50 U. S. C. War App. Sup. 1152 (a))

Issued this 4th day of October 1946.

[SEAL] N. E. DODD,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18166; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

Chapter XXI—Organization, Functions, and Procedure of the Department of Agriculture

Subchapter C—Production and Marketing Administration

PART 2307—LIVESTOCK BRANCH

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Effective on October 1, 1946, Part 2307 of Title 7, issued September 11, 1946 (11 F. R. 177A-274 to 276, inclusive), is hereby amended as follows:

1. By deleting from § 2307.1 (a) the following: "Meat Inspection Division."
2. By deleting all of § 2307.1 (e) (4) entitled "Meat inspection division".

3. By deleting all of § 2307.2 (d).
4. By deleting all of § 2307.13 entitled "Meat inspection."

(R. S. 161, 5 U. S. C. 22; 60 Stat. 238).

Issued this 4th day of October 1946.

[SEAL] N. E. DODD,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18216; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:53 a. m.]

PART 2328—MARKETING FACILITIES BRANCH
MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Effective October 1, 1946, Part 2328 of Title 7 issued September 11, 1946 (11 F. R. 177A-291 to 292, inclusive), is hereby amended as follows:

1. By amending § 2328.1 (b) (2) to read as follows:

(2) Take all action necessary or appropriate in the administration of the U. S. Warehouse Act (7 U. S. C. 241) subject to the limitations contained in said act and in rules and regulations promulgated with respect thereto (7 CFR, Parts 101-114, 151).

2. By deleting all of § 2328.22 entitled "Twenty-eight hour law enforcement."

(R. S. 161, 5 U. S. C. 22; Pub. L. 404, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 238.)

Issued this 4th day of October 1946.

[SEAL] N. E. DODD,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18217; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:52 a. m.]

Subchapter D—Agricultural Research
Administration

PART 2403—BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY
MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Effective October 1, 1946, Part 2403 of Title 7 issued September 11, 1946 (11 F. R. 177A-236 to 238, inclusive), is hereby amended as follows:

1. By amending the first paragraph of § 2403.1 to read as follows:

§ 2403.1 *Central organization.* (a) The Chief of the Bureau, aided by two assistant chiefs, has general administrative supervision and control over all the work of the Bureau, which generally is concerned with the protection and the development of the livestock industry and animal food resources in accordance with the following statutes: 5 U. S. C. 511; 7 U. S. C. 391-393; 7 U. S. C. 395 (Supp. V); 7 U. S. C. 429-430 (Supp. V); 7 U. S. C. 851-855; 19 U. S. C. 1201, par. 1606; 19 U. S. C. 1306a-c; 21 U. S. C. 71-92, 96, 101-132; 21 U. S. C. 114a, 129 (Supp. V); U. S. C. 151-158; 45 U. S. C. 71-76; 46 U. S. C. 466a-b; 46 Stat. 2451; and Public Laws 369 and 522, 79th Congress.

2. By deleting the phrase "and Business Administration" in § 2403.1 (b), and substituting in lieu thereof the following: "Business Administration, and Meat Inspection."

3. By adding after § 2403.2 (b) the following subsection:

(c) Meat Inspection Division offices are located throughout the United States. The addresses of any of these offices may be obtained from the Chief of the Bureau at Washington 25, D. C.

4. By amending the first paragraph of § 2403.4 entitled "Delegations of final authority" to read as follows:

§ 2403.4 *Delegations of final authority.* All delegations of final authority are contained in Bureau of Animal Industry orders and regulations (9 CFR, Parts 51-66, 71-96, 101-131, and 151; and 9 CFR, Parts 251-279, which were redesignated, effective October 1, 1946, as 9 CFR, Parts 1-29), except the following:

5. By adding the following two sections after the end of § 2403.24:

§ 2403.25 *Meat inspection.* The Meat Inspection Act (21 U. S. C. 71-92, 96) requires meat packers engaged in interstate commerce to operate under Federal meat inspection. The law contains certain specified limited exceptions for farmers and retail dealers. Examinations are made of all food animals including cattle, calves, sheep, swine, goats, and horses prior to slaughter at packing plants engaged in interstate commerce to eliminate diseased animals. Post mortem examinations are made of each animal at the time of slaughter to search out and eliminate diseased and otherwise unfit meat which is destroyed for food purposes. The preparation of meat is supervised to assure its clean handling and wholesomeness and freedom from harmful preservatives or other deleterious materials. Labels must be approved before their use is permitted. Inspected meats are certified for export. Meats offered for importation must pass inspection before entry is permitted (19 U. S. C. 1306 (b), 1306 (c)). Meats are examined for specification requirements of governmental purchasing agencies and others. The Federal meat inspection regulations (9 CFR, Parts 251-279, and 11 F. R. 7718, which were redesignated, effective October 1, 1946, as 9 CFR, Parts 1-29) govern this program.

§ 2403.26 *Twenty-eight hour law enforcement.* The Bureau investigates and reports violations of the so-called twenty-eight hour law (45 U. S. C. 71-76), which provides that animals shipped in interstate commerce shall not be confined for more than 28 hours without unloading for rest, watering, and feeding. Complaints of violations of this act should be reported to the Chief of the Bureau. If the investigation and the collected evidence disclose a violation, the matter is referred by the Bureau to the Solicitor's office for review and further action.

(R. S. 161, 5 U. S. C. 22; 60 Stat. 238)

Issued this 4th day of October 1946.

[SEAL] N. E. DODD,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18215; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:52 a. m.]

TITLE 10—ARMY: WAR DEPARTMENT
Chapter IX—Transport

PART 903—TRANSPORTATION OF INDIVIDUALS
TRANSPORTATION OF REMAINS

Section 903.6 is amended by rescinding paragraph (b) (2) (ii) and amending (b) (2) (iv) as follows:

§ 903.6 *Remains including civilian employees' remains.* * * *

(b) *From ports of debarkation.* * * *
(2) *When shipped as baggage on transportation request.* * * *

(ii) *Separate transportation requests.*
[Rescinded]

(iv) *Transfers en route.* The transportation request for remains and attendant will be issued through from point of origin to destination regardless of any transfers involved, between carriers' stations en route but no indorsement will be made on the transportation request to cover such transfers of the remains. The carrier's agent will check the remains through from origin to destination. However, the attendant will be instructed by the issuing transportation officer that upon arrival at each point en route where transfer is required he will call upon, and cooperate with, the baggage agent of the carrier in making arrangements for transfer of the remains. The attendant will not request a special transfer service, but regular or ordinary transfer arrangements will be utilized. The baggage agent will make the arrangements for transfer. The attendant will sign a receipt to the baggage agent covering the transfer service, but the attendant will not pay therefor. The bills, if a charge is made for the transfer service, supported by these receipts will be submitted by the accounting department of the carrier to the Finance Officer, U. S. Army, Transportation Division, Washington 25, D. C., for payment of any amount properly due. (R. S. 161; 41 Stat. 604; 49 Stat. 421; 5 U. S. C. 22; 10 U. S. C. 756b) [AR 55-120, April 26, 1943, as amended by Cir. 285, Sept. 20, 1946]

[SEAL] EDWARD F. WITSELL,
Major General,
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18224; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 20—EMPLOYEES' BENEFITS
Chapter II—Railroad Retirement Board

PART 325—REGISTRATION AND CLAIMS FOR BENEFITS

DAY OF REGISTRATION

Pursuant to the authority contained in section 12 of the act of June 25, 1938 (Sec. 12, 52 Stat. 1107; 45 U. S. C. 362 (1)), the Regulations of the Railroad Retirement Board under such act (4 F. R. 1477) are amended, effective September 24, 1946, by Board Order 46-392 dated September 24, 1946, as follows:

1. Subparagraph (5) of § 325.12 (c) is amended to read as follows:

(5) If an employee of an employer which does not comply with the provisions of the act and denies that it is an employer or denies that it is the employer of such employee is not permitted by a state unemployment compensation agency to register in accordance with the requirements of the unemployment compensation law of such state for any period which includes a day occurring while such employer fails to comply with the provisions of the act, he may register with respect to such day at any time within one year of such day.

2. Subparagraph (6) is added to § 325.12 (c), as follows:

(6) If an employee registers in accordance with the requirements of a state unemployment compensation law for any period beginning on or after July 1, 1945, and is thereafter informed by the unemployment compensation agency of such state that he is not eligible for benefits, he may register with respect to any day in such period at any time within one year of such day.

Dated: October 3, 1946.

By authority of the Board.

MARY B. LINKINS,
Secretary of the Board.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18176; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter VIII—Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce

Subchapter B—Export Control

[Amdt. 256]

PART 801—GENERAL REGULATIONS

PROHIBITED EXPORTATIONS

Section 801.2 *Prohibited exportations* is amended as follows:

The list of commodities set forth in paragraph (b) is amended in the following particulars:

1. The following commodities are hereby added to the list of commodities:

Dept. of Commerce Schedule B No.	Commodity	Unit	GLV dollar value limits country group	
			K	E
828900	Tanning specialty compounds containing 10 percent or more of sulfonated or unsulfonated animal or vegetable oils and fats (give oil and fat content).	Lb....	100	25
829200	Leather dressings, oils, polishes, and stains containing 10 percent or more of sulfonated or unsulfonated animal or vegetable oils and fats (give oil and fat content).	Lb....	100	25

2. The following commodities are hereby removed from the list of commodities:

Dept. of Commerce Schedule B No.:	Commodity
618100-----	Cabinet and other locks of iron, steel, brass or bronze, <i>except</i> refrigerator locks.
618490-----	Other furniture hardware.
645600-----	Brass flushometers.

Shipments of any of the above commodities added to the list of commodities which were on dock, on lighter, laden aboard an exporting carrier, or in transit to a port of exit pursuant to an actual order for export prior to the effective date of this amendment may be exported under the previous general license provisions.

This amendment shall become effective immediately except that with respect to commodities added to the list of commodities it shall become effective on October 17, 1946.

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; 55 Stat. 206; 56 Stat. 463; 58 Stat. 671; 59 Stat. 270; 60 Stat. 215; E. O. 9630, 10 F. R. 12245)

Dated: October 1, 1946.

FRANCIS MCINTYRE,
Deputy Director for Export Control,
Commodities Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18220; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Amdt. 256]

PART 801—GENERAL REGULATIONS

REFUNDS OF SUBSIDY PAYMENTS FOR 1946 PROCESSED PRUNES AND RAISINS

Section 801.16 *Refunds of subsidy payments* is amended by adding thereto paragraph (e) as follows:

(e) *Processed prunes and raisins of 1946 crop.* Food commodities set forth in paragraph (c) of this section, which are produce of the 1946 crop, may be exported without presentation to Collectors of Customs of a Certificate of Subsidy Clearance provided that the exporter certifies on the Shipper's Export Declaration a description of the commodities and that they are produce of the 1946 crop.

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; 55 Stat. 206; 56 Stat. 463; 58 Stat. 671; 59 Stat. 270; 60 Stat. 215; E. O. 9630, 10 F. R. 12245)

Dated: September 26, 1946.

FRANCIS MCINTYRE,
Deputy Director for Export Control,
Commodities Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18222; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Amdt. 257]

PART 801—GENERAL REGULATIONS

PROHIBITED EXPORTATIONS

Section 801.2 *Prohibited exportations* is amended as follows:

The list of commodities set forth in paragraph (b) is amended in the following particulars:

1. The following commodity is hereby added to the list of commodities:

Dept. of Commerce Schedule B No.	Commodity	Unit	GLV dollar value limits country group	
			K	E
664998	Gallium metal.....	Lb....	None	None

2. The dollar value limits in the column headed "GLV Dollar Value Limits" set opposite each of the commodities listed below are hereby amended to read as follows:

Dept. of Commerce Schedule B No.	Commodity	GLV dollar value limits country group	
		K	E
006755	Cheese, processed, blended and spreads: Processed American cheddar.....	1	1
	Cheese, whether or not in original loaves except any cheese processed other than by division into pieces:		
006795	American cheddar.....	1	1
006798	Other cheese.....	1	1
	Nitrogenous fertilizer materials:		
850500	Ammonium sulfate.....	100	25
850700	Sodium nitrate, n. e. s.....	100	25
850900	Calcium nitrate.....	100	25
850900	Urea.....	100	25
851000	Nitrogenous organic waste materials (include fish meal, hoof meal, guano, castor-bean pomace, manures, packing-house offal intended for fertilizer).....	100	25
851901	Normal (standard) superphosphate, containing not more than 25 percent available phosphoric acid (P ₂ O ₅).....	100	25
851900	Concentrated superphosphate, containing more than 25 percent available phosphoric acid (P ₂ O ₅).....	100	25
852000	Other phosphate material (include bone-ash dust and meal and animal carbon for fertilizer, basic slag, South Carolina river rock, etc.) (report ammonium phosphate as fertilizer in 854000; as industrial chemical in 838500).....	100	25
853000	Potassic fertilizer materials:		
853100	Potassium chloride.....	100	25
854000	Potassium sulfate.....	100	25
	Nitrogenous phosphatic types (concentrated chemical fertilizers) (include ammonium phosphate).....	100	25
	Soap:		
871000	Medicated.....	1	1
871200	Toilet or fancy.....	1	1
871300	Laundry.....	1	1
871600	Industrial soap powders.....	1	1
871800	Shaving creams.....	1	1
871900	Shaving cakes, powders and sticks.....	1	1
872400	Pastes, powders, soaps and household washing powders (fat content above 10 percent but not above 25 percent).....	1	1
872400	Abrasive types of pastes, powders or soaps (fat content above 10 percent).....	1	1

Shipments of the commodity added to the list of commodities or shipments of the commodities whose GLV dollar value

limits have been reduced which were on dock, on lighter, laden aboard an exporting carrier, or in transit to a port of exit pursuant to an actual order for export prior to the effective date of this amendment may be exported under the previous general license provisions.

This amendment shall become effective October 17, 1946.

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; 55 Stat. 206; 56 Stat. 463; 58 Stat. 671; 59 Stat. 270; 60 Stat. 215; E. O. 9630, 10 F. R. 12245)

Dated: October 3, 1946.

FRANCIS MCINTYRE,
Deputy Director for Export Control,
Commodities Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18221; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

Chapter XI—Office of Price Administration

PART 1305—ADMINISTRATION

[SO 139, Corr. to Amdt. 5]

ADJUSTED MAXIMUM PRICES FOR CERTAIN LOW PRICED COMMODITIES

Appendix A is corrected to read as follows:

APPENDIX A—INCREASE FACTORS AND CUT-OFF PRICES

Column 1 Commodity	Column 2 Increase factor	Column 3 Net cut-off prices		Column 1 Commodity	Column 2 Increase factor	Column 3 Net cut-off prices	
		Manufacturers' sales to others than individual ultimate consumers	Manufacturers' sales to individual ultimate consumers			Manufacturers' sales to others than individual ultimate consumers	Manufacturers' sales to individual ultimate consumers
	Percent	Per dozen	Per item	The following items of men's all-cotton protective clothing, etc.—Continued	Percent	Per dozen	Per item
Men's knit pajamas (all yarns).....	30	\$15.20	\$1.90	Medium or ¾ length coats (44") with buckles.....	10	51.48	.....
Boys' knit pajamas (all yarns).....	30	13.38	1.67	Frocks or ¾ length coats (38").....	10	42.90	.....
Children's and toddlers' knit pants (all yarns).....	30	2.82	.35	Jackets or short coats.....	10	27.72	.....
Infants' knit vests and shirts (all yarns).....	30	2.54	.32	Jackets or short coats, fisherman's style.....	10	30.36	.....
Infants' knit training pants, of yarn lighter than 22's.....	30	2.54	.32	Jackets or short coats, single texture.....	10	14.96	.....
Women's and misses' knit vests (all yarns).....	30	3.67	.46	Overalls or apron pants.....	10	27.72	.....
Men's knit union suits under 9 lbs. per dozen (all yarns).....	30	7.61	.95	Overalls or apron pants, fisherman's style.....	10	30.36	.....
Boys' knit union suits under 7 lbs. per dozen (all yarns).....	30	6.38	.79	Overalls or apron pants, single texture.....	10	14.96	.....
Women's and misses' knit union suits under 6 lbs. per dozen (all yarns).....	30	5.92	.74	Waist or string pants.....	10	27.06	.....
Children's and infants' knit union suits under 6 lbs. per dozen (all yarns).....	30	5.07	.63	Sou'wester type hats, stiff brim.....	10	8.58	.....
Men's and boys' lightweight knit shirts and drawers under 6 lbs. per dozen (all yarns).....	30	4.68	.58	Sou'wester type hats, soft brim.....	10	11.22	.....
Men's knit athletic shirts (all yarns).....	30	2.99	.37	Lined sheeting aprons.....	10	13.20	.....
Boys' knit athletic shirts (all yarns).....	30	2.54	.32	Reversible sheeting aprons.....	10	16.50	.....
Men's and boys' knit shorts and briefs (all yarns).....	30	3.38	.42	Duck oval patch aprons (36" x 48").....	10	19.80	.....
	Cents per dozen			Duck oval patch aprons (40" x 50").....	10	21.12	.....
Children's and infants' anklets (all yarns).....	0.30	1.80	.22	Unlined work gloves made from split leather (shoulder split, horse split, or side split); slip on, band-top or gauntlet style.....	34	8.76	.....
Men's cotton work socks ¹ finished weight 1 lb. to but not including 1½ lbs.....	.40	2.20	.28	Lined work gloves, made from split leather (shoulder split, horse split, or side split); slip on, band-top, or gauntlet style.....	38	10.26	.....
1½ lbs. to but not including 2 lbs.....	.50	2.30	.29	Work gloves made from grain cowbelly or grain horseshank leather, slip-on style.....	19	10.35	.....
2 lbs. and over.....	.60	2.40	.31	Band-top style.....	19	10.85	.....
All other hosiery (all yarns).....	.40	2.20	.28	Gauntlet style.....	19	11.35	.....
The following items of men's all-cotton protective clothing, waterproofed principally with vegetable oils (excluding items cut and sewn from waterproofed fabrics but including aprons cut and sewn from fabrics waterproofed with vegetable oils):	Percent			Work gloves made from grain cowside or grain horsefront leather, slip-on style.....	9	12.46	.....
Pommel slickers.....	10	66.00	.....	Band-top style.....	9	12.96	.....
Slickers.....	10	51.48	.....	Gauntlet style.....	9	13.46	.....
Medium or ¾ length coats (44") with buttons.....	10	44.88	.....	Combination work gloves with grain cowbelly or grain horseshank palm and fabric back; knit wrist, band-top or gauntlet style.....	14	8.29	.....
				Men's bandanna work handkerchiefs, not less than 120 thread count. ² Cut size:	Cents per dozen		
				Not less than 18" x 18".....	0.27	.83	.....
				Not less than 21" x 21".....	.31	1.09	.....
				Not less than 24" x 24".....	.34	1.33	.....

¹ Men's cotton work socks as here used include only work socks (i) with a finished weight of at least 1 lb. per dozen, and (ii) containing 100% carded cotton yarn, and (iii) plain or mock twist two-tone in color; and (iv) the body portion of which is made from flat knit fabric, knit on one set of needles (except that socks knit on "RI" machines may be made of

a simulated rub knit fabric). "Athletic," "crew," and "boot" socks are not included in the term men's cotton work socks.

² This commodity is not covered by this order when sold by a person who has elected to price men's handkerchiefs under Maximum Price Regulation 605.

This correction shall become effective as of September 12, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18398; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 11:14 a. m.]

PART 1305—ADMINISTRATION

[SO 129, Amdt. 58]

EXEMPTION AND SUSPENSION FROM PRICE CONTROL OF MACHINES, PARTS, INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS AND SERVICES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Supplementary Order 129 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 3 (b) is amended by adding the following to the list of commodities thereunder:

Wooden tubs, buckets, kits and pails of non-bilge stave construction.

2. Section 8 (a) (2) is amended by adding the following to the list of commodities thereunder:

Acetone.
Chestnut extract.

3. Section 8 (b) is amended by adding the following to the list of commodities thereunder:

Balata belting.
Bathing caps and shower caps.
Bicycle tire and tube repair materials.
Bus mileage.
Container sealing compounds and cements and adhesives except tire and tube repair cements.
Lawn mower tires.
Used bicycle tires.

4. Section 14 (c) is amended by adding the following to the list of commodities thereunder:

Parts used exclusively on racing automobiles.
Pintle hooks.

5. Section 16 (a) is amended by adding the following to the list of commodities thereunder:

Casein glue except casein glues containing more than 5% of any or all of soyabean adhesives, synthetic resin glues or animal glues (hide and bone glues).
Channel black.

Tetraethyl lead, ethyl fluid and other chemical preparations used as anti-knock agents in motor fuel, except petroleum fractions or coking process derivatives or mixtures of petroleum fractions and coking process derivatives.

Textile warp size, textile finishing material, and textile printing gums, manufactured from roots, rhizomes, tubers or grains, or any product manufactured therefrom (not including any textile warp size or finish-

ing material or printing gums containing more than 5% by weight of any or all of the following: casein, synthetic resins, gelatines, soyabean, sulfinated tallows, fats, oils, or waxes).

6. Section 16 (a) is amended by deleting the item beginning "Ordinary channel black . . .".

7. Section 16 (b) is amended by adding the following to the list of commodities thereunder:

- Covering of industrial rolls, metal parts, valves and fittings.
- Flooring.
- Lining of tanks and pipes.
- Mats and matting (including automotive mats).
- Printers materials.

This amendment shall become effective October 9, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER,
Acting Administrator.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUANCE OF AMENDMENT 58 TO SUPPLEMENTARY ORDER 129

This amendment decontrols numerous products under the jurisdiction of the Rubber, Chemicals and Drugs Branch, several lumber items and miscellaneous automotive equipment.

Bus mileage is added to the list of products under section 8 (b) and is exempted from price control pursuant to the Administrator's opinion that the supply is in balance with demand.

Large bus lines generally do not purchase their tires outright, but instead enter into contracts with rubber companies whereby the latter furnish, replace, recap and service the tires on the busses. The rubber company is then paid an amount based upon the number of miles driven. Bus mileage accounts consume a very small portion of truck tire production. Prices for this service are well below ceiling and have been for a long time.

The supply of lawn mower tires is also in balance or in excess of demand, and consequently this item is removed from price control. While the Administrator has made no finding in regard to the supply and demand situation of the commodity group to which this product belongs, the supply and demand situation with respect to the lawn mower tires is such as to warrant their decontrol at this time.

To section 8 (a) (2), covering rubber, chemicals and drugs products, are now added acetone and chestnut extract on the ground that in both cases supply and demand are in approximate balance.

In regard to each of the above products, the Administrator has taken into account the rate of production, level of inventories, and rate of receiving orders, together with the degree of buying facility compared to what was normal for the commodity before the development of wartime inflationary pressures and has determined that removal of price control is warranted.

The other products withdrawn from price control in this action include casein glue, textile warp sizes, finishing and printing material, certain wooden

buckets, specialized automotive equipment, certain chemicals, and miscellaneous items made in whole or in part of rubber.

Casein glue is a combination of chemicals with casein in variable percentages, blended, treated and processed to form a product of uniformity, stability, maximum adhesive strength and performance under various exacting conditions. Its most important use has been in the manufacture of furniture, plywood, veneer and general woodworking industries. Since the war, however, the use of casein glue in woodworking industries has faced severe competition from synthetic resin glues and probably the dominant use of casein glue today is found in the paper products industries. In comparison to the total cost of the end products which use casein glue, it is insignificant and has little effect on the cost of living.

Textile warp size is used to cover and protect the warp preparatory to weaving. Starches, dextrines and gums are used for finishing, viz., to impart the desired "hand" or tolerance to the cloth. Other dextrines, such as tapioca and potato, also used in textile sizing, finishing and printing, have already been decontrolled. Here again, the cost of these items is insignificant when compared to the cost of the products in which they are used.

Certain sales of channel black were suspended from price control by Amendment 40 to Supplementary Order 129. Those blacks account for over 95% of current production and are used in the manufacture of rubber products. Since their decontrol, prices have advanced from the 5¢ level in the covered hopper cars to 5½¢ per pound, the increase being a reflection of higher gas costs. This amendment extends the suspension to all grades and types of channel black at all levels of sale. Thus, the remaining 5% are also withdrawn from control. These color channel blacks are an insignificant cost in the manufacture of lacquers and paints and in making inks. (Inks were decontrolled on August 14, 1946 by Amendment 86 to Maximum Price Regulation 188).

Chemical preparations (except petroleum fractions or coking process derivatives or mixtures of petroleum fractions and coking process derivatives) used as anti-knock agents are also suspended from price control. In this case, as in the others above, the item is insignificant in business costs or living costs, representing a small percentage of the manufacturer's cost of the final product. Furthermore, while the supply of "Ethyl Fluid" (a product of tetra-ethyl lead) cannot be said to exceed or be in balance with demand, new processes of synthesizing higher octane gasoline from low grade crude oil and poor quality gasoline complete with anti-knock additives would tend to deter any excessive rise in prices.

Wooden tubs, buckets, kits and pails of non-bilge stave construction are additional items included in this action. They are used principally for packaging butter, fish, jelly, candy, jams and similar food products.

The remaining products listed in this amendment are minor specialized auto-

motive parts, bathing and shower caps, used bicycle tires and miscellaneous products made in whole or in part of rubber, synthetic rubber or substitute rubber.

None of the products decontrolled by this action pursuant to the Administrator's opinion that it is unimportant in relation to business costs or living costs is considered to be a commodity, but rather an item grouped within a commodity or class of commodities.

These items are withdrawn from price control at this time because it is the Administrator's judgment that they are not only unimportant in business or living costs in themselves, but are also insignificant in relation to the respective commodity groups to which they belong.

Furthermore, the administrative burden of continued control would be disproportionate to the value toward economic stabilization.

The Administrator, in taking this action, is of the opinion that removal of price control from these products will present no threat of diversion of materials, facilities or manpower from essential production, nor will it result in a cumulative unstabilizing effect.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18402; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 11:15 a. m.]

PART 1439—UNPROCESSED AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

[MPR 518, Amdt. 14]

ROUGH RICE

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 5 (a) are amended to read as follows:

(1) At the basing points of San Francisco, California, or Imperial, California:

Varieties:	Maximum price for base quality per 100 pounds
California Pearl.....	\$4.42
Calady	4.49
Blue Rose.....	4.42
Rexoro	5.05
Nira	5.05
All other varieties.....	4.42
Mixed rough rice.....	(1)

¹ Multiply the percentage of each variety contained in the mixture by its respective maximum prices as set forth and total the results.

(2) The maximum price for the sale and delivery of unappraised rough rice per 100 pounds, bulk, f. o. b. San Francisco, shall be \$3.85.

This amendment shall become effective October 9, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER,
Acting Administrator.

Approved: October 4, 1946.

CLINTON P. ANDERSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

STATEMENT OF THE CONSIDERATIONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUANCE OF AMENDMENT NO. 14 TO MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 518

The accompanying amendment increases maximum prices of appraised

rough rice grown in California by 23 cents per 100 pounds and maximum prices for unappraised rough rice by 85 cents per 100 pounds.

Maximum prices of rough rice grown in the Southern producing areas were originally established on the basis of 17 percent moisture content, with discounts for moisture content above 17 percent. In California, maximum prices were established on the basis of 15 percent moisture, with discounts for moisture content above 15 percent. Later, in order to encourage the production of rough rice of more suitable milling quality in the Southern producing areas, Amendment 11 established premiums for rough rice of 2 cents for each one-tenth of one percent down to 14 percent, and provided for a Federal inspection service for determining moisture content, the cost of which is to be borne by the purchaser. As a result, the original price differential between Southern and California rough rice was increased.

It was the intention of the Price Administrator to adjust upward the maximum prices of rough rice grown in California in order to retain the normal relationship between Southern and California rough rice. While such action was in the process of preparation, rough rice prices were increased \$1.00 per barrel in the Southern producing areas and 62 cents per 100 pounds in California by Amendment 13 issued pursuant to a directive of the Secretary of Agriculture. Maximum prices of all milled rice were thereafter increased by Amendment 17 to Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 150 to reflect such increase as well as the increases resulting from the establishment of premiums for low moisture content and the inspection charge in the Southern producing areas. Since the latter cost increases applied only to Southern rough rice, the new milled rice ceilings which apply equally to all milled rice resulted in an advantage to millers of California rough rice as against the California rough rice growers. In order to restore the former differential between California and Southern rough rice, the Price Administrator has adjusted California rough rice ceilings to reflect the 40 cent per barrel increase which has been granted on Southern rough rice with 15 percent moisture content. This increase amounts to 23 cents per 100 pounds. At the same time, the differential between California appraised rough rice and unappraised rough rice has been maintained by increasing the latter from \$3.00 per per 100 pounds to \$3.85 per 100 pounds.

In the opinion of the Price Administrator, the maximum prices established by this amendment are generally fair and equitable and comply with all other requirements of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, the Stabilization Act of 1942, both as amended, and all applicable Executive orders.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18397; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 11:14 a. m.]

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS
[RMPR 288, Amdt. 14 (§ 1418.351)]

SPECIFIC MAXIMUM PRICES IN ALASKA

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amend-

ment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

The table of maximum prices set forth in section 39 (e) is amended to read as follows:

[Cents per pound]

Beef cut	Ketchikan, Wrangell, Petersburg		Juneau, Douglas, Skagway, Sitka		Cordova, Valdez, Seward		Kodiak		Nome and other west coast towns ¹		Anchorage		Palmer		Nenana, Fairbanks	
	Grade A	Grade B	Grade A	Grade B	Grade A	Grade B	Grade A	Grade B	Grade A	Grade B	Grade A	Grade B	Grade A	Grade B	Grade A	Grade B
(i) Stews:																
1. Short ribs.....	31	25	31	25	31	26	32	26	32	27	33	28	33	28	34	29
2. Plate (bone-in).....	32	26	33	26	34	28	34	28	35	28	36	29	36	30	37	30
3. Plate (boneless).....	37	30	37	31	39	32	39	32	40	33	41	34	41	34	42	35
4. Brisket (bone-in).....	32	26	33	26	34	28	34	28	35	28	36	29	36	30	37	30
5. Brisket (boneless).....	48	39	49	39	49	41	50	41	50	42	52	43	52	44	53	45
6. Flank meat.....	40	33	41	33	42	34	43	35	43	35	43	36	44	37	45	38
7. Neck (bone-in).....	23	18	23	18	24	19	24	19	24	20	25	20	24	21	26	21
8. Neck (boneless).....	32	26	33	26	34	28	34	28	35	28	36	29	36	30	37	30
9. Heel of round (boneless).....	43	35	43	35	45	36	45	37	46	38	47	39	47	39	48	40
10. Shank (bone-in-hind and fore).....	18	15	18	15	19	16	19	16	20	16	20	17	20	17	21	17
11. Shank (boneless-hind and fore).....	36	30	37	30	38	31	38	32	39	32	40	33	40	33	41	34
(ii) Roasts:																
1. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 10 in. cut).....	54	44	55	45	57	47	57	47	58	48	60	50	60	50	62	52
2. Rib standing (chine bone-in, 7 in. cut).....	59	48	60	48	61	50	62	51	63	52	64	53	64	54	67	55
3. Round tip.....	60	49	61	49	63	51	63	52	64	53	66	55	66	55	68	57
4. Rump (bone-in).....	37	30	38	31	32	39	39	32	40	33	42	34	42	34	43	35
5. Rump (boneless).....	61	50	61	50	63	52	63	52	65	54	67	56	67	56	70	59
6. Chuck blade pot roast; arm pot roast.....	45	36	45	37	47	38	47	39	48	40	49	41	49	41	51	42
7. English cut.....	45	36	45	37	47	38	47	39	48	40	49	41	49	41	51	42
8. Chuck or shoulder (boneless).....	52	42	53	43	54	45	55	45	56	46	57	47	58	48	59	49
(iii) Steaks:																
1. Porterhouse; T-Bone.....	72	59	73	60	76	62	76	63	78	64	80	66	80	67	82	69
2. Sirloin (bone-in); Club; Pin Bone.....	63	51	63	52	66	54	66	55	67	56	69	57	69	58	71	60
3. Sirloin (boneless).....	77	63	78	63	81	66	81	67	83	68	85	70	85	71	87	73
4. Rib—10 in. cut.....	57	46	57	46	58	48	59	49	60	50	61	51	62	52	63	53
5. Rib—7 in. cut.....	60	49	61	49	63	52	63	52	65	53	66	55	67	55	68	57
6. Round (bone-in full cut).....	58	47	58	47	60	49	60	50	61	51	62	52	63	53	64	54
7. Round (boneless—top and bottom); round tip.....	60	49	61	49	63	51	63	52	64	53	66	55	66	55	68	57
8. Chuck blade (bone-in); chuck arm (bone-in).....	45	36	45	37	47	38	47	39	48	40	49	41	49	41	51	42
9. Flank.....	54	44	55	45	57	47	57	47	58	48	60	50	60	50	62	52
(iv) Miscellaneous items (all grades):																
1. Ground beef (hamburger).....	40		41		42		43		43		43		44		45	
2. Soup bone.....	5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5	
3. Suet.....	7		7		7		8		8		8		8		8	

This amendment shall become effective as of September 25, 1946.

Issued this 11th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

STATEMENT OF THE CONSIDERATIONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUANCE OF AMENDMENT 14 TO REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 288

The accompanying amendment increases the maximum retail prices for all cuts of Grade A beef listed in section 39. Prices for Grade AA are increased commensurately since the regulation continues the provision that for Grade AA or choice cuts two cents per pound may be added to the applicable Grade A price. Prices for the miscellaneous items (ground beef, soup bone, suet) are also increased. The Grade B prices are not changed.

The amount of the increase varies in the different localities and in the case of different cuts. It averages about seven cents per pound for the more expensive cuts and about four cents per pound for the cheaper cuts.

This action is necessary because of the price increases granted for live cattle

and at the packer's and wholesaler's level of distribution. The reasons for increasing the live-cattle prices and the prices at the lower levels of distribution are set out in the statement of considerations accompanying recent amendments to Maximum Price Regulation 574 and Revised Maximum Price Regulation 169.

The increased retail prices were calculated to meet the requirements of the new section of the Emergency Price Control Act which was added to the act by the Price Control Extension Act of 1946, namely, section 2 (t). That section requires the Administrator, when fixing wholesale and retail prices, to allow the average current cost of acquisition of the commodity plus such average percentage markup as was in effect on March 31, 1946.

In the opinion of the Administrator the prices established by the accompanying amendment are generally fair and equitable and comply with the requirements of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18225; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:54 a. m.]

PART 1373—PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD ACCESSORIES

[MPR 584, Amdt. 8]

FEATHER FILLED PILLOWS AND UPHOLSTERY CUSHION INNERCASINGS

A statement of considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Maximum Price Regulation No. 584 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 10 (a) (8) (ii) is amended by changing the Class IV cover allowance price (fourth column) of the 20 x 27 and the 21 x 27 size pillows from \$1.41 per pair to \$1.45 per pair.

2. Table III in Appendix A is amended by changing the Class IV listing from \$0.41 to \$0.45.

3. Table VI is amended to read as follows:

TABLE VI—CLASS OF FABRIC

Class size	Fabric with a mill ceiling between 23 cents and 28.99 cents per square yard	Fabric with a mill ceiling between 29 cents and 34.99 cents per square yard	Fabric with a mill ceiling between 35 cents and 44.99 cents per square yard	Fabric with a mill ceiling over 45 cents per square yard
A. All seat and back cushions for chairs and three-section sofas with widths of 26 inches or less	\$0.90	\$1.05	\$1.20	\$1.40
B. All cushions designed for a two cushion sofa with width between 30 and 37 inches	1.30	1.60	1.80	2.05
C. One-piece love-seat cushions with widths between 45 and 57 inches	1.80	2.15	2.40	4.15
D. One piece sofa cushions with widths of 60 inches or more	2.70	3.20	3.60	4.15

This amendment shall be effective as of the 9th day of October 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER,
Acting Administrator.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUANCE OF AMENDMENT NO. 8 TO MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 584

Upon a reexamination of the calculations made to determine the allowances permitted by Amendment 7 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 584 for pillow covers in various sizes, it has been disclosed that an error has been made in the Class IV allowance for the 20 x 27 and 21 x 27 size pillows. The accompanying amendment, therefore corrects the Class IV cover allowance for those size pillows and the Class IV allowance when different fabric covering from "Class I" fabric is used.

It has been called to the Administrator's attention that Amendment 7 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 584 did not provide an increase for upholstery cushion innercasing cover allowances listed in Table VI to conform with the industry-wide increase granted for pillows. The accompanying amendment also revises the prices in Table VI to reflect the increase granted by previous amendments to Maximum Price Regulation No. 584 for pillows.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18399; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 11:15 a. m.]

Chapter XIX—Reconstruction Finance Corporation

[Reg. 7, Amdt. 5 to Schedule A]

PART 7007—STRIPPER WELL COMPENSATORY ADJUSTMENTS

NOTE: Amendment 5 to Schedule A to Regulation 7 was filed with the Division of the Federal Register on October 9, 1946, as Federal Register Document 46-18169 at 8:47 a. m.

officer in charge, such limitations or restrictions are necessary in order to provide adequate protection for wildlife. Such limitations or restrictions are to be clearly designated by posting.

(Regs., Fish and Wildlife Service dated December 19, 1940, 5 F. R. 5284; 50 CFR, Cum. Sup. Part 12, as amended April 14, 1945, 10 F. R. 4267)

OSCAR H. JOHNSON,
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18170; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:46 a. m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Farm Security Administration.

COLORADO

FARM OWNERSHIP LOAN LIMITATIONS

In accordance with the item entitled, "Farm Tenancy," contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1947 (Public Law 422, 79th Congress, approved June 22, 1946), no loans under Title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (50 Stat. 522, 7 U. S. C. 1000-1006), excepting those to eligible veterans, may be made for the acquisition or enlargement of farms which have a value, as acquired, enlarged, or improved, in excess of the average value of efficient family-size farm-management units, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, in the county, parish, or locality where the farm is located. The limitations designated herein shall be applied in accordance with the above-mentioned authorities to Farm Ownership loans in the counties of Colorado named below. With respect to each county, the limitation does not exceed the average value of efficient family-size farm-management units located in such county.

COLORADO

County	Limitation	County	Limitation
Adams	\$12,000	Lake	\$12,000
Alamosa	12,000	La Plata	12,000
Arapahoe	12,000	Larimer	12,000
Archuleta	12,000	Las Animas	12,000
Baca	12,000	Lincoln	12,000
Bent	12,000	Logan	12,000
Boulder	12,000	Mesa	12,000
Chaffee	12,000	Moffat	12,000
Cheyenne	12,000	Montezuma	12,000
Conejos	12,000	Montrose	12,000
Costilla	12,000	Morgan	12,000
Crowley	12,000	Otero	12,000
Custer	12,000	Ouray	12,000
Delta	12,000	Park	12,000
Dolores	12,000	Phillips	12,000
Douglas	12,000	Prowers	12,000
Eagle	12,000	Pueblo	12,000
Elbert	12,000	Rio Blanco	12,000
El Paso	12,000	Rio Grande	12,000
Fremont	12,000	Routt	12,000
Garfield	12,000	Saguache	12,000
Grand	12,000	San Miguel	12,000
Gunnison	12,000	Sedgwick	12,000
Huerfano	12,000	Teller	12,000
Jefferson	12,000	Washington	12,000
Kiowa	12,000	Weld	12,000
Kit Carson	12,000	Yuma	12,000

Issued this 4th day of October 1946.

[SEAL] N. E. DODD,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18213; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:52 a. m.]

TITLE 50—WILDLIFE

Chapter I—Fish and Wildlife Service; Interior

PART 27—SOUTHEASTERN REGION NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGES

FISHING IN SAVANNAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE, GEORGIA AND SOUTH CAROLINA

Section 27.803 (4 F. R. 510) is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 27.803 *Savannah National Wildlife Refuge, Georgia and South Carolina; fishing.* Non-commercial fishing in accordance with the State laws of Georgia and South Carolina is permitted during the daylight hours on all waters within the Savannah National Wildlife Refuge, in accordance with the following provisions:

Entry on and use of this refuge for any purpose is governed by the regulations of the Secretary dated December 19, 1940 (5 F. R. 5284, 50 CFR, Cum. Supp., Part 12) as amended, and strict compliance therewith is required. Each fisherman must comply with the applicable State fishing laws and regulations, and must have on his person and exhibit at the request of any authorized Federal or State officer whatever license is required by such laws and regulations, which license shall serve as a Federal permit for fishing in the waters of the Refuge.

Persons may use boats (other than motorboats) for fishing in the waters of the refuge between April 1 and October 15 inclusive, and shall possess a permit issued by the officer in charge of the refuge for the use of such boats. Boats (other than motorboats), or floated craft used for fishing purposes may be placed on the waters of the refuge only at such points as may be designated by suitable posting. The use of motorboats, either inboard or outboard, is prohibited on all waters except for official purposes.

During periods of waterfowl concentrations, or other wildlife concentrations, fishing may be closed on such areas of the refuge as, in the judgment of the

MINNESOTA

FARM OWNERSHIP LOAN LIMITATIONS

In accordance with the item entitled, "Farm Tenancy," contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1947 (Public Law 422, 79th Congress, approved June 22, 1946), no loans under Title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (50 Stat. 522, 7 U. S. C. 1000-1006), excepting those to eligible veterans, may be made for the acquisition or enlargement of farms which have a value, as acquired, enlarged, or improved, in excess of the average value of efficient family-size farm-management units, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, in the county, parish, or locality where the farm is located. The limitations designated herein shall be applied in accordance with the above-mentioned authorities to Farm Ownership loans in counties of Minnesota named below. With respect to each county, the limitation does not exceed the average value of efficient family-size farm-management units located in such county.

MINNESOTA

County	Limitation	County	Limitation
Aitkin	\$5,000	Martin	\$12,000
Anoka	7,500	Meeker	12,000
Becker	7,500	Mille Lacs	7,000
Beltrami	4,500	Morrison	7,500
Benton	7,200	Mower	12,000
Big Stone	12,000	Murray	12,000
Blue Earth	12,000	Nicollet	12,000
Brown	12,000	Nobles	12,000
Carlton	6,000	Norman	10,000
Carver	12,000	Olmsted	12,000
Cass	5,000	Otter Tail	9,000
Chippewa	12,000	Pennington	7,000
Chisago	8,000	Pine	6,500
Clay	12,000	Pipestone	12,000
Clearwater	7,000	Polk	12,000
Cottonwood	12,000	Pope	12,000
Crow Wing	5,000	Ramsey	12,000
Dakota	12,000	Red Lake	7,500
Dodge	12,000	Redwood	12,000
Douglas	9,000	Renville	12,000
Fairbault	9,000	Rice	12,000
Fillmore	12,000	Rock	12,000
Freeborn	12,000	Roseau	6,800
Goodhue	12,000	Saint Louis	5,000
Grant	10,000	Scott	12,000
Hennepin	12,000	Sherburne	7,000
Houston	12,000	Sibley	12,000
Hubbard	5,000	Stearns	10,800
Isanti	7,000	Steele	12,000
Itasca	5,000	Stevens	12,000
Jackson	12,000	Swift	12,000
Kanabec	7,000	Todd	8,000
Kandiyohi	12,000	Traverse	12,000
Kittson	9,000	Wabasha	12,000
Koochiching	5,000	Wadena	7,000
Lac qui Parle	12,000	Waseca	12,000
Lake of the Woods	5,000	Washington	10,000
Le Sueur	12,000	Watsonwan	12,000
Lincoln	12,000	Wilkin	11,500
Lyon	12,000	Winona	12,000
McLeod	12,000	Wright	10,000
Mahnomen	6,000	Yellow Medicine	12,000
Marshall	10,000		

Issued this 4th day of October 1946.

[SEAL] N. E. DODD,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18212; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946, 8:52 a. m.]

MONTANA

FARM OWNERSHIP LOAN LIMITATIONS

In accordance with the item entitled, "Farm Tenancy," contained in the De-

partment of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1947 (Public Law 422, 79th Congress, approved June 22, 1946), no loans under Title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (50 Stat. 522, 7 U. S. C. 1000-1006), excepting those to eligible veterans, may be made for the acquisition or enlargement of farms which have a value, as acquired, enlarged, or improved, in excess of the average value of efficient family-size farm-management units, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, in the county, parish, or locality where the farm is located. The limitations designated herein shall be applied in accordance with the above-mentioned authorities to Farm Ownership loans in counties of Montana named below. With respect to each county, the limitation does not exceed the average value of efficient family-size farm-management units located in such county.

MONTANA

County	Limitation	County	Limitation
Beaverhead	\$12,000	Madison	\$12,000
Big Horn	12,000	Mineral	8,000
Blaine	12,000	Missoula	12,000
Broadwater	12,000	Musselshell	12,000
Carbon	12,000	Park	12,000
Carter	12,000	Petroleum	12,000
Cascade	12,000	Phillips	12,000
Daniels	12,000	Pondera	12,000
Dawson	12,000	Powder River	12,000
Deer Lodge	12,000	Powell	12,000
Fallon	12,000	Ravalli	12,000
Fergus	12,000	Richland	12,000
Flathead	12,000	Roosevelt	12,000
Gallatin	12,000	Sanders	8,000
Garfield	12,000	Sheridan	12,000
Golden Valley	12,000	Silver Bow	12,000
Granite	12,000	Stillwater	12,000
Jefferson	12,000	Sweet Grass	12,000
Lake	12,000	Teton	12,000
Lewis and Clark	12,000	Toole	12,000
Liberty	12,000	Valley	12,000
Lincoln	8,000	Wheatland	12,000
McCone	12,000	Wibaux	12,000
		Yellowstone	12,000

Issued this 4th day of October 1946.

[SEAL] N. E. DODD,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18214; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946, 8:52 a. m.]

TEXAS

FARM OWNERSHIP LOAN LIMITATIONS

In accordance with the item entitled, "Farm Tenancy," contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1947 (Public Law 422, 79th Congress, approved June 22, 1946), no loans under Title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (50 Stat. 522, 7 U. S. C. 1000-1006), excepting those to eligible veterans, may be made for the acquisition or enlargement of farms which have a value, as acquired, enlarged, or improved, in excess of the average value of efficient family-size farm-management units, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, in the county, parish, or locality where the farm is located. The limitations designated herein shall be applied in accordance with the above-mentioned authorities to Farm Ownership loans in the counties of Texas named below. With respect to each county, the limitation does not exceed the average value of effi-

cient family-size farm-management units located in such county.

TEXAS

County	Limitation	County	Limitation
Archer	\$12,000	Kent	\$12,000
Cochran	12,000	Reeves	12,000
Comanche	12,000	Uvalde	12,000
Delta	12,000	Ward	12,000
Edwards	12,000	Wharton	12,000

Issued this 4th day of October 1946.

[SEAL] N. E. DODD,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18211; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946, 8:51 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD.

[Docket Nos. 2436, 2455, 2501]

PAN AMERICAN AIRWAYS, INC., ET AL.

NOTICE OF HEARING

Pan American Airways, Inc., Docket No. 2436; Chicago and Southern Air Lines, Inc., Docket No. 2455; Eastern Air Lines, Inc., Docket No. 2501.

In the matter of the applications of Pan American Airways, Inc., Chicago and Southern Air Lines, Inc., and Eastern Air Lines, Inc. for amendment of certificates of public convenience and necessity under section 401 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 401 and 1001 of said Act, that a hearing in the above-entitled proceeding is assigned to be held on October 14, 1946 at 10 a. m. (eastern standard time) in Conference Room C, Departmental Auditorium, Constitution Avenue between 12th Street and 14th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., before Examiner Barron Fredricks.

Dated at Washington, D. C., October 7, 1946.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18179; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946, 8:53 a. m.]

CIVILIAN PRODUCTION ADMINISTRATION.

[C-442]

JOHN J. JOYCE, JR. AND CHARLES P. McLAUGHLIN

CONSENT ORDER

John J. Joyce, Jr., 86 Main Street, Mahanoy City, Pennsylvania, and Charles P. McLaughlin, 105 West Spruce Street, Mahanoy City, Pennsylvania, are charged by the Civilian Production Administration with having begun and continued construction of a combination commercial and residential building at 38-40 East Center Street, Mahanoy City, Pennsylvania, subsequent to March 26, 1946, at an estimated cost of \$20,000, without specific authorization of either the Civilian Production Administration, or the Federal Housing Administration,

in violation of Veterans' Housing Program Order 1. John J. Joyce, Jr., and Charles P. McLaughlin admit the violations as charged but do not desire to contest the issue of wilfulness and have however consented to the issuance of this order.

Wherefore, upon the agreement and consent of John J. Joyce, Jr., Charles P. McLaughlin, the Regional Compliance Manager, the Regional Attorney and upon the approval of the Compliance Commissioner; *It is hereby ordered, That:*

(a) Neither John J. Joyce, Jr., Charles P. McLaughlin, their successors or assigns, nor any other person, shall do any further construction on the building located at 38-40 East Center Street, Mahanoy City, Pennsylvania, including putting up, completing or altering the structure unless hereafter specifically authorized by the Civilian Production Administration or the Federal Housing Administration.

(b) John J. Joyce, Jr. and Charles P. McLaughlin shall refer to this order in any application or appeal which they may file with the Civilian Production Administration or the Federal Housing Administration for authorization to carry on construction.

(c) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve John J. Joyce, Jr., or Charles P. McLaughlin, their successors or assigns, from any restriction, prohibition, or provisions contained in any other order or regulation of the Civilian Production Administration, except insofar as the same would be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

Issued this 8th day of October 1946.

CIVILIAN PRODUCTION
ADMINISTRATION,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18372; Filed, Oct. 8, 1946;
4:21 p. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION.

[Docket No. IT-6009]

SOUTHWESTERN PUBLIC SERVICE CO.
NOTICE OF APPLICATION

OCTOBER 4, 1946.

Notice is hereby given that on September 30, 1946, an application was filed with the Federal Power Commission pursuant to section 203 of the Federal Power Act by Southwestern Public Service Company (hereinafter called "Southwestern"), a corporation organized under the laws of the state of New Mexico and doing business in the States of Kansas, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Texas, with its principal business office at Roswell, New Mexico, seeking an order authorizing Southwestern to sell and convey certain of its electric facilities consisting of a distribution system and distribution facilities located in the vicinity of the Towns of Floris, Forgan and Turpin in Deaver County, Oklahoma, and in the vicinity of the Towns of Adams, Bakersburg, Hardesty and Tyrone in Texas County, Oklahoma, to Tri-County Electric Cooperative Inc., a cooperative non-

profit membership corporation, for a consideration, stated in the application to be \$73,000, subject to certain adjustments; all as more fully appears in the application on file with the Commission.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before the 23d day of October, 1946, file with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., a petition or protest in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18223; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-788]

HOPE NATURAL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

OCTOBER 3, 1946.

Notice is hereby given that on September 24, 1946, an application was filed with the Federal Power Commission by Hope Natural Gas Company (hereinafter referred to as "Applicant") a West Virginia corporation having its principal office in Clarksburg, West Virginia, and authorized to do business in West Virginia, for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, to authorize the Applicant to construct and operate as part of its system in West Virginia three (3) 800 horsepower gas engine driven compressors at the Oscar Nelson Station in Wyoming County, two (2) 800 horsepower gas engine driven compressors at the Loup Creek Station in Wyoming County, approximately 27 miles of 20-inch pipeline to loop the existing 20-inch pipeline H-162 from Jackson Station to Cornwell Station, both in Kanawha County, approximately 15 miles of 20-inch pipeline to loop the existing 20-inch pipeline H-162 from Minora Station to Jones Station both in Gilmer County, two (2) 1,200 horsepower gas engine driven compressors at Jones Compressor Station in Gilmer County; approximately 16 miles of 20-inch pipeline to loop the existing pipeline H-155 from Fleming Junction in Ritchie County to Maxwell Junction in Doddridge County, and two (2) 2,000 horsepower steam driven compressors at Hastings Compressor Station in Wetzel County, together with one new boiler of 125,000 pounds per hour capacity.

Applicant states that increased capacity will be available by the construction and operation of the proposed facilities and that additions to present facilities are necessary to meet the present and future demands. At the present time, Applicant estimates it will be able to transport 42,000 Mcf. per day out of the Wyoming County gas fields but greater deliveries are necessary and with the proposed facilities of the compressors at the Oscar Nelson and Loup Creek Stations, an additional 29,000 Mcf. per day can be transported or a total of 71,000 Mcf. per day made available from the Wyoming County gas fields. The existing pipe line from the Jackson Compressor to the Jones Compressor Station

is utilized to capacity and a loop line is needed to transport the increased supply made available from the Wyoming County gas fields; and for northward from the Jones Station, two more compressor units are needed to increase the discharge pressures in order that the Jones Station may relay greater quantities of gas from Line H-162. Applicant further states that it is necessary to maintain low pressures at the Maxwell Junction Station in order to utilize the Fink Storage Pool and thus 16 miles of loop line are needed to transport additional quantities of gas from Fleming Junction to Maxwell Junction without increasing the operating pressures in the existing line. Applicant also states that the addition of more horsepower at Hastings Station is required in order for the Applicant to meet the increasing demands of The East Ohio Gas Company and New York State Natural Gas Corporation.

Applicant estimates that the total cost of the proposed facilities will be \$4,600,000, and the cost will be financed through the sale of securities by the Applicant to Consolidated Natural Gas Company. Applicant states that its own crew will make the additions to the compressor stations and that the pipe-line loops will be installed by contractors.

Applicant states the general gas reserves of its system, both of the company's own wells and of its gas purchase contracts will be available for the proposed facilities, and certain of the additions proposed will be based upon the gas reserves developed in the Wyoming County area in southern West Virginia.

The facilities proposed by the Applicant will form additions to Applicant's existing system and Applicant states that the additions will be utilized for the supply of existing customers and that it is expected that the present and future demands of these customers will require and support the installation and use of these facilities. Applicant states that demands of the East Ohio Gas Company, New York State Natural Gas Corporation and The Peoples Natural Gas Company have exceeded original estimates and the proposed facilities are needed to supply the revised estimates which include both domestic customers and high grade industrial purposes. In addition, the Applicant has contracted to supply The Manufacturers Light and Heat Company with substantially larger volumes of gas for a ten-year period.

Any interested State Commission is requested to notify the Federal Power Commission whether the application should be considered under the cooperative provisions of Rule 37 of the general rules of practice and procedure of the Commission, and if so, to advise the Federal Power Commission as to the nature of its interest in the matter and whether it desires a conference, creation of a board, or a joint or concurrent hearing together with the reasons for such request.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to the application of Hope Natural Gas Company should file with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., not later than fifteen days from the date of

publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, a petition or protest in accordance with the Commission's general rules of practice and procedure.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18168; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:45 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

[S. O. 396, Gen. Permit 3]

RECONSIGNMENT OF REFRIGERATOR BOXCARS LOADED WITH PERISHABLES AT ATLANTIC, GULF OR PACIFIC PORTS

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (f) of the first ordering paragraph of Service Order No. 396 (11 F. R. 2193), permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard entirely the provisions of Service Order No. 396 insofar as it applies to the reconsignment at ports of refrigerator cars loaded with perishables which arrived at Atlantic, Gulf, or Pacific ports on or after October 1, 1946.

This general permit shall expire at 12:01 a. m., October 17, 1946.

The waybill shall show reference to this general permit.

A copy of this general permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of October 1946.

V. C. CLINGER,
Director, Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18219; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:53 a. m.]

[S. O. 614-A]

THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO. EMBARGOED

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 4th day of October A. D. 1946.

Upon further consideration of Service Order No. 614 (11 F. R. 10835), and good cause appearing therefor: *It is ordered, That:*

Service Order No. 614, The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company Embargoed, be, and it is hereby, vacated and set aside. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402, 418, 41 Stat. 476, 485, secs. 4, 10, 54 Stat. 901, 912; 49 U. S. C. 1 (10)-(17), 15 (4))

It is further ordered, That this order shall become effective at 12:01 p. m., October 4, 1946; that a copy of this order and direction be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that

agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18218; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:53 a. m.]

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN.

[Vesting Order 7612]

MARIE AHR

In re: Estate of Marie Ahr, deceased. File No. D-28-9858; E. T. sec. 13896.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of George Koppelstetter, and his issue, names unknown, Frank Koppelstetter, and his issue, names unknown, and Joseph Koppelstetter, and his issue, names unknown, in and to the estate of Marie Ahr, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

George Koppelstetter, and his issue, names unknown, Germany.

Frank Koppelstetter, and his issue, names unknown, Germany.

Joseph Koppelstetter, and his issue, names unknown, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Henry W. Riessick, as Executor of the Estate of Marie Ahr, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, Bronx County, State of New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany;

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid

in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 18, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18267; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:56 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7742]

ONE HUNDREDTH BANK, LTD.

In re: Bank account owned by The One Hundredth Bank, Limited. F-39-650-E-16.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That The One Hundredth Bank, Limited, the last known address of which is 11 Tori-Itchome, Nihonbashiku, Tokyo, Japan, is a corporation, organized under the laws of Japan, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Japan and is a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to The One Hundredth Bank, Limited, by Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited, Honolulu, P. O. Box 1200, Honolulu, T. H., arising out of receiver's liability account No. 4169, entitled The One Hundredth Bank, Limited, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to

be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 25, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18269; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:55 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7792]

DEUTSCHE REICHSBANK

In re: Bank account owned by Deutsche Reichsbank.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigating, finding:

1. That Deutsche Reichsbank, the last known address of which is Berlin, Germany, is a corporation, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Deutsche Reichsbank, by The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine Street, New York, New York, arising out of a dollar checking account, entitled Reichsbank-Direktorium, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

b. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Deutsche Reichsbank, by The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine Street, New York, New York, arising out of a dollar checking account, entitled Deutsche Reichsbank, Westpapierabteilung, FS62971, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

c. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Deutsche Reichsbank, by The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine Street, New York, New York, arising out of a dollar checking account, entitled General Ruling No. 6 Account, Deutsche Reichsbank, Westpapierabteilung F62971, and any and all

rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 3, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18270; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:55 a. m.]

[Vesting Order No. 7432]

HERMANN I. A. DORNER

In re: Stock owned by Hermann I. A. Dorner, also known as Herman I. A. Dorner and Herman Dorner. F-28-7854-A-1, F-28-7854-A-2, F-28-7854-C-1, F-28-7854-D-5.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Hermann I. A. Dorner, also known as Herman I. A. Dorner and Herman Dorner, whose last known address is Hindenburgstrasse 25, Hannover, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Those certain shares of stock described in Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, registered in the name of Hermann I. A. Dorner and presently in the custody of The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine Street, New York, New York, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

b. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Hermann I. A. Dorner, also known as Herman I. A. Dorner and Herman Dorner, by The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine Street, New York, New York, arising out of a cash custodian account entitled Hermann I. A. Dorner, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

c. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Hermann I. A. Dorner, also known as Herman I. A. Dorner and Herman Dorner, by National Bank of Detroit, 660 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Michigan, in the amount of \$223.97, as of December 31, 1945, together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This Order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in Section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 15, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Name and address of corporation	Place of incorporation	Type of stock	Par value	Certificate number	Number of shares
Bethlehem Steel Corp., 25 Broadway, New York, N. Y.	Delaware	Common	No par value	K23356	100
Graham-Paige Motors Corp., 8505 West Warren Ave., Detroit, Mich.	Michigan	do	\$1	NC17024	100
		do	\$1	NC17025	100
		do	\$1	NC17026	100
North German Lloyd, Bremen, Germany	Germany	Common (American shares)	200 RM	NF1540	3
Paramount Pictures Inc, 1501 Broadway, New York, N. Y.	New York	Common	\$1	CO24338	25
		do	\$1	CO18415	25
Radio Corp. of America, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N. Y.	Delaware	Common (foreign shares)	No par value	FNO 40030	50
		do	do	FNO 40031	50
		do	do	FNO 40032	50
		do	do	FNO 40033	50
		do	do	FNO 40034	50
		do	do	FNO 40035	50
The Texas Co., 135 East 42d St., New York, N. Y.	do	Capital	\$25	T20057	100
		do	\$25	T20058	100
		do	\$25	T20059	100
The Timken-Detroit Axle Co., 100-400 Clark Ave., Detroit, Mich.	Ohio	Common	\$10	NY23196	100
United Fruit Co., 1 Federal St., Boston, Mass.	New Jersey	Capital	No par value	M26196	100
		do	do	M26197	100
United States Steel Corp., 71 Broadway, New York, N. Y.	do	Common	do	N3014	100
Wabash Railway Co., Railway Exchange Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.	Indiana	do	\$100	41552	100
		do	\$100	41553	100
		do	\$100	41554	100
		do	\$100	41555	100
L. A. Young Spring & Wire Corp., 9200 Russell St., Detroit, Mich.	Michigan	do	No par value	NY9619	100

[F. R. Doc. 46-18263; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:56 a. m.]

[Vesting Order CE 335]

COSTS AND EXPENSES INCURRED IN CERTAIN ACTIONS OR PROCEEDINGS IN CERTAIN MINNESOTA, NEW YORK AND MONTANA COURTS

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian:

Having found that each of the persons named in Column 1 of Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, was a person within the designated enemy country or enemy-occupied territory appearing opposite such person's respective name in Column 2 of said Exhibit A;

Having determined that it was in the interest of the United States to take measures in connection with representing each of said persons in the court or

administrative action or proceeding identified in Column 3 of said Exhibit A, and having taken such measures;

Finding that as a result of such action or proceeding each of said persons obtained or was determined to have an interest in property, which interest is particularly described in Column 4 of said Exhibit A;

Finding that such property is in the possession, custody or control of the person described in Column 5 of said Exhibit A; and

Finding that the Alien Property Custodian has incurred, in each of such court or administrative actions or proceedings, costs and expenses in the amount stated in Column 6 of said Exhibit A,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian, to be used or otherwise dealt with in the interest, and for the benefit, of the United States, from the property in the possession, custody, or control of

the persons described in said Column 5 of said Exhibit A, the sums stated in said Column 6 of said Exhibit A, such sums being the amounts of such property equal to the costs and expenses incurred by the Alien Property Custodian in such actions or proceedings.

This order shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property if and when it should be determined that such return should be made.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 3, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Column 1 Name	Column 2 Country or territory	Column 3 Action or proceeding	Column 4 Interest	Column 5 Depository	Column 6 Sum vested
Ludwig Karstensen	Norway	<i>Item 1</i> Estate of T. C. Borg, deceased, Probate Court, Ramsey County, Minn.; No. 58837.	\$3,000.00	National City Bank of New York, New York, account in name of Royal Norwegian Government, Special Account "H", Washington, D. C.	\$14.00
Mary Johnson	do	<i>Item 2</i> do	3,000.00	do	14.00
Det. Norske Spejder Forbuend (Norwegian Boy Scouts)	do	<i>Item 3</i> do	20,000.00	do	95.00
Charlotte Tofte, also known as Charlette Tofte.	do	<i>Item 4</i> Estate of Ingvar Tofte, deceased, Surrogate's Court, Kings County, N. Y.; Index No. 3223/1941.	3,510.00	do	27.00
Martha Bjerga	do	<i>Item 5</i> Estate of Osmond Berg, deceased, District Court of the 14th Judicial District of the State of Montana, in and for the County of Meagher; No. 818.	293.73	do	25.00

[F. R. Doc. 46-18273; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

[Vesting Order CE 336]

COSTS AND EXPENSES INCURRED IN CERTAIN ACTIONS OR PROCEEDINGS IN CERTAIN PENNSYLVANIA COURTS

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian:

Having found that each of the persons named in Column 1 of Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, was a person within the designated enemy country or enemy-occupied territory appearing opposite such person's respective name in Column 2 of said Exhibit A;

Having determined that it was in the interest of the United States to take measures in connection with representing each of said persons in the court or administrative action or proceeding

identified in Column 3 of said Exhibit A, and having taken such measures;

Finding that as a result of such action or proceeding each of said persons obtained or was determined to have an interest in property, which interest is particularly described in Column 4 of said Exhibit A;

Finding that such property is in the possession, custody or control of the person described in Column 5 of said Exhibit A; and

Finding that the Alien Property Custodian has incurred, in each of such court or administrative actions or proceedings, costs and expenses in the amount stated in Column 6 of said Exhibit A,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian, to be used or otherwise dealt with in the interest, and for the benefit, of the United States, from the property in the possession, custody, or control of the

persons described in said Column 5 of said Exhibit A, the sums stated in said Column 6 of said Exhibit A, such sums being the amounts of such property equal to the costs and expenses incurred by the Alien Property Custodian in such actions or proceedings.

This order shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property if and when it should be determined that such return should be made.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 3, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Column 1 Name	Column 2 Country or territory	Column 3 Action or proceeding	Column 4 Interest	Column 5 Depository	Column 6 Sum vested
Florida Callegari or Bruno Callegari and Liana Callegari.	Italy.....	<i>Item 1</i> Estate of Adolph Callegari, deceased, also known as Ereole Callegari, deceased, in the Orphans' Court, Bucks County, Pa.	\$1,503.64	Newtown Title & Trust Co., executor, Newtown, Pa.	\$35.00
Giuseppe Gastaldo.....	do.....	<i>Item 2</i> Estate of Giacomo Gastaldo, also known as Gastaldo Giacomo, deceased, in the Orphans' Court of Westmoreland County, Pa.; Docket No. 112, February Term, 1946.	2,053.09	Miles C. McWherter, clerk of Orphans' Court of Westmoreland County, Greensburg, Pa.	6.00
Maria Gastaldo.....	do.....	<i>Item 3</i> do.....	2,053.09	do.....	6.00
Lucia Gastaldo.....	do.....	<i>Item 4</i> do.....	2,053.09	do.....	6.00
Rino Gastaldo.....	do.....	<i>Item 5</i> do.....	2,053.09	do.....	6.00

[F. R. Doc. 46-18274; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7740]

TOKU MORIWAKE NAKANO

In re: Bank account owned by Toku Moriwake Nakano. F-39-567.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Toku Moriwake Nakano, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation of Bishop National Bank of Hawaii, Honolulu, T. H., arising out of a savings account, Account Number 31758, entitled Hawaiian Trust Company, Limited, agent for Toku Moriwake Nakano, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Toku Moriwake Nakano, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within

a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu there-

of, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 25, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18268; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:56 a. m.]

[Vesting Order CE-337]

COSTS AND EXPENSES INCURRED IN CERTAIN ACTIONS OR PROCEEDINGS IN MINNESOTA, MICHIGAN AND INDIANA COURTS

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian:

Having found that each of the persons named in Column 1 of Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, was a person within the designated enemy country or enemy-occupied territory appearing opposite such

person's respective name in Column 2 of said Exhibit A;

Having determined that it was in the interest of the United States to take measures in connection with representing each of said persons in the court or administrative action or proceeding identified in Column 3 of said Exhibit A, and having taken such measures;

Finding that as a result of such action or proceeding each of said persons obtained or was determined to have an interest in property, which interest is particularly described in Column 4 of said Exhibit A;

Finding that such property is in the possession, custody or control of the per-

son described in Column 5 of said Exhibit A; and

Finding that the Alien Property Custodian has incurred, in each of such court or administrative actions or proceedings, costs and expenses in the amount stated in Column 6 of said Exhibit A,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian, to be used or otherwise dealt with in the interest, and for the benefit, of the United States, from the property in the possession, custody, or control of the persons described in said Column 5 of said Exhibit A, the sums stated in said Column 6 of said Exhibit A, such sums being the amounts of such property equal

to the costs and expenses incurred by the Alien Property Custodian in such actions or proceedings.

This order shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property if and when it should be determined that such return should be made.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 3, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Column 1 Name	Column 2 Country or territory	Column 3 Action or proceeding	Column 4 Interest	Column 5 Depository	Column 6 Sum vested
		<i>Item 1</i>			
Marie Petersen.....	Denmark.....	Estate of Hans K. Hansen, deceased, Probate Court, Hennepin County, Minn.; File No. 63575.	\$3,800.29	Andrew N. Johnson, Danish Vice Consul, Royal Danish Vice Consulate, 1127 First Nat'l. Soo Line Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.	\$49.00
		<i>Item 2</i>			
Heirs of Despina Nickolakakis, deceased.	Greece.....	Estate of Nick Nickolakakis, also known as Nick Nicholas, also known as Nick S. Nicolas, deceased, Probate Court, Wayne County, Mich., No. 312,600.	5,831.81	Account No. 33485, LaSalle National Bank, 135 South LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.; in the name of A. Poupouras, Acting Consul General of Greece, for the benefit of the heirs of Despina Nickolakakis, deceased.	65.00
		<i>Item 3</i>			
Felice Angelo Degeromini.....	Italy.....	Estate of Angelo Degeromini, deceased, Probate Court, Washtenaw County, Mich.; No. 32401.	1,280.64	The County Treasurer of Washtenaw County, Ann Arbor, Mich.	33.00
		<i>Item 4</i>			
Pietro Paola Degeromini.....	Italy.....	Same.....	1,280.64	Same.....	33.00
		<i>Item 5</i>			
Antonio Degeromini.....	Italy.....	Same.....	1,280.64	Same.....	33.00
		<i>Item 6</i>			
Angelina Degeromini.....	Italy.....	Same.....	1,280.65	Same.....	33.00
		<i>Item 7</i>			
Attilio Monticelli.....	Italy.....	Estate of Giovanni Monticelli, deceased, Probate Court, St. Joseph County, Ind.; No. 8400.	686.16	Fred Garatoni, Executor, 1414 South Spring St., Mishawaka, Ind.	10.00
		<i>Item 8</i>			
Adamo Monticelli.....	Italy.....	Same.....	686.16	Same.....	10.00
		<i>Item 9</i>			
Virginia Monticelli.....	Italy.....	Same.....	686.16	Same.....	10.00
		<i>Item 10</i>			
Maria Monticelli Ginelli.....	Italy.....	Same.....	686.16	Same.....	10.00
		<i>Item 11</i>			
Anita Ginelli.....	Italy.....	Same.....	686.16	Same.....	10.00
		<i>Item 12</i>			
Louise J. Grossi.....	Italy.....	Estate of Emil P. Wenger, deceased, Probate Court, Wayne County, Mich.; No. 63435.	(1)	Charles H. Hatch, Trustee under will of Emil P. Wenger, deceased, 8254 Grand River, Detroit, Mich.	78.00

¹ Income and Principal of Trusts under will of Emil P. Wenger, deceased.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18275; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

[Vesting Order CE 338]

COSTS AND EXPENSES INCURRED IN CERTAIN ACTIONS OR PROCEEDINGS IN CERTAIN NEW YORK COURTS

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian:

Having found that each of the persons named in Column 1 of Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, was a person within the

designated enemy country or enemy-occupied territory appearing opposite such person's respective name in Column 2 of said Exhibit A;

Having determined that it was in the interest of the United States to take measures in connection with representing each of said persons in the court or administrative action or proceeding identified in Column 3 of said Exhibit A, and having taken such measures;

Finding that as a result of such action or proceeding each of said persons obtained or was determined to have an

interest in property, which interest is particularly described in Column 4 of said Exhibit A;

Finding that such property is in the possession, custody or control of the person described in Column 5 of said Exhibit A; and

Finding that the Alien Property Custodian has incurred, in each of such court or administrative actions or proceedings, costs and expenses in the amount stated in Column 6 of said Exhibit A,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian, to be used or otherwise dealt with in the interest, and for the benefit, of the United States, from the property in the possession, custody, or control of the persons described in said Column 5 of said Exhibit A, the sums stated in said Column 6 of said Exhibit A, such sums being the amounts of such property equal

to the costs and expenses incurred by the Alien Property Custodian in such actions or proceedings.

This order shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property if and when it should be determined that such return should be made.

The terms "national" and "designated

enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 3, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Column 1 Name	Column 2 Country or territory	Column 3 Action or proceeding	Column 4 Interest	Column 5 Depository	Column 6 Sum vested
Pietro Ritunnano.....	Italy.....	<i>Item 1</i> Estate of Nicola Ritunnano, deceased, in the Surrogate's Court, New York County, N. Y.; Index No. A-291-1944.	\$30,833.39	James F. Egan, public administrator, New York County, N. Y.	\$214.64
Madeleine Fusco.....	Italy.....	<i>Item 2</i> Estate of Antonio Fusco, deceased, in the Surrogate's Court, Albany County, N. Y.	123.09	The county treasurer of Albany County, Albany, N. Y.	25.00
Amelia Rupp.....	Austria.....	<i>Item 3</i> Estate of Josef Schultes, deceased, in the Surrogate's Court, Monroe County, N. Y.	315.13	The county treasurer of Monroe County, Rochester, N. Y.	45.00
Mary Ambrosine Sibyl Kemp..	France.....	<i>Item 4</i> Estate of Arthur Tryon Kemp, deceased, in the Surrogate's Court, New York County, N. Y.; Index No. P-320/1945.	(¹)	Edward C. Mears Kemp, 127 East 71st St., New York, N. Y. and Alfred Campbell, 1003 Maple Ave., Ridgefield, N. J., as executors and trustees.	34.00
Shifra Feingold.....	Russia.....	<i>Item 5</i> Estate of Harry Siegel, deceased, in the Surrogate's Court, Kings County, N. Y.; Docket No. 6996-1941.	246.33	Max Leibowitz, executor, 1736 Prospect Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.	22.00
Fayge Grabanick.....	Russia.....	<i>Item 6</i> Same.....	82.25	Same.....	11.00

¹ Income from trust under will of Arthur Tryon Kemp, deceased.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18276; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:54 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7794]

DEUTSCHE REICHSBANK

In re: Obligations owned by Deutsche Reichsbank, also known as Reichsbank, and as Reichsbank-Direktorium.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation finding:

1. That Deutsche Reichsbank, also known as Reichsbank, and as Reichsbank-Direktorium, the last known address of which is Berlin, Germany, is a corporation, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Those certain debts or other obligations owing to Deutsche Reichsbank, also known as Reichsbank, and as Reichsbank-Direktorium, by Federal Reserve Bank of New York, New York 7, New York, arising out of bank accounts entitled Reichsbank, Reichsbank Special Account, Reichsbank-Direktorium, Standstill Account 1938 No. 2 and Reichsbank-Direktorium, Standstill Account 1938 No. 3 and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. Those certain debts or other obligations evidenced by the checks or other credit instruments endorsed by the aforesaid Deutsche Reichsbank and presently held by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, New York 7, New York, for collection and credit to the aforesaid Deutsche Reichsbank, also known as Reichsbank, and as Reichsbank-Direktorium, which checks or other credit instruments are identified in Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, together with all rights in, to and under, including particularly, but not limited to, the rights to possession and presentation for collection and payment of the aforesaid checks or other credit instruments and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law,

including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 3, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A—SCHEDULE OF CHECKS OR OTHER CREDIT INSTRUMENTS HELD BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK FOR COLLECTION AND CREDIT

Date of check	Drawer	Number	Drawee	Amount	Date of check	Drawer	Number	Drawee	Amount
7/15/41	American Embassy naval attaché.	2367	Treasurer U. S.	\$1,000.00	8/31/41	Special disbursing officer.	4794	Treasurer U. S.	\$54.10
7/16/41	War finance officer, USA	58-763 1052 210-366	do	686.26	8/31/41	do	09-121 4796 09-121	do	33.81
7/15/41	American Embassy naval attaché.	2366	do	600.00	10/ 1/40	Chief disbursing officer.	5,226,484 894-404	do	33.32
7/17/41	War finance officer, USA	58-763 1053 210-366	do	17.45	9/ 1/40	do	5,079,849 894-404	do	33.32
6/30/41	Special disbursing officer.	4528	do	252.37	9/12/41	Special disbursing officer.	4572 09-121	do	151.87
6/30/41	do	09-075 4502	do	161.23	7/30/41	Jeanette Pohlman.		Riggs National Bank, Washington, D. C.	30.00
3/31/41	do	09-075 4129	do	167.31	7/28/41	American Embassy commissary, Berlin, signed W. S. Howard.		do	2,250.60
6/23/41	do	09-075 4427	do	111.26	7/29/41	Cyrus B. Follmer.		Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, 5th Ave. Branch.	225.00
4/30/41	do	09-075 4256	do	133.98	7/30/41	Phillip N. Fahrenholz.		Riggs National Bank, Washington, D. C.	250.00
6/30/41	do	09-075 4522	do	84.37	8/ 2/41	G. Edith Bland.		American Security & Trust Co., Washington, D. C. (Central Branch).	200.00
6/30/41	do	09-075 4493	do	126.56	7/31/41	Special disbursing officer.	4628 09-121	Treasurer U. S.	126.56
6/30/41	do	09-075 4492	do	130.27	7/31/41	do	4622 09-121	do	130.27
7/24/41	do	09-075 4563	do	655.96	7/31/41	do	4629 09-121	do	126.56
7/25/41	do	09-121 4564	do	278.07	7/31/41	American Embassy naval attaché, Berlin.	2382 58-763	do	50.62
7/28/41	Jeanette Pohlman.		Riggs National Bank, Washington.	40.00	7/31/41	Special disbursing officer.	4647 09-121	do	89.55
7/31/41	Special disbursing officer.	4645	Treasurer U. S.	97.70	7/31/41	Finance officer, USA.	1056 210-366	do	362.80
7/31/41	do	09-121 4662	do	135.24	7/31/41	American Embassy naval attaché, Berlin.	2383 58-763	do	50.62
7/31/41	do	09-121 4663	do	94.67	7/31/41	Finance officer, USA.	1067 210-366	do	38.51
7/31/41	do	09-121 4664	do	130.51	7/31/41	Special disbursing officer.	4378 09-121	do	547.69
7/31/41	do	09-121 4665	do	54.10	6/30/41	do	4521 09-075	do	84.37
7/31/41	do	09-121 4666	do	40.57	5/31/41	do	4391 09-075	do	84.37
7/31/41	do	09-121 4667	do	33.81	11/30/40	do	3657 09-075	do	101.74
7/31/41	do	09-121 4619	do	130.27	7/31/41	do	4900 09-121	do	339.24
7/31/41	do	09-121 4634	do	118.12	8/14/41	Carlton Hurst, Miami, Fla.		Florida National Bank & Trust Co., Miami, Fla.	100.00
7/31/41	do	09-121 4633	do	113.98	8/14/41	Carlos T. Warner Account No. 114435.		Washington Loan & Trust Co., Washington, D. C.	400.00
8/ 8/41	War finance officer.	1102	do	256.83	8/15/41	Disbursing officer.	2908 58-763	Treasurer U. S.	50.62
8/ -/41	Jeanette Pohlman.		Riggs National Bank, Washington.	120.00	8/15/41	do	2918 58-763	do	50.62
8/25/41	Special disbursing officer.	4683	Treasurer U. S.	133.62	6/30/41	Special disbursing officer.	4510 09-075	do	238.77
8/31/41	do	09-121 4767	do	84.37	8/19/41	Jack Wade Demanoy.		Riggs National Bank, Washington, D. C.	200.00
8/31/41	do	09-121 4742	do	130.27	8/16/41	Disbursing officer.	2920 58-763	Treasurer U. S.	24.40
7/31/41	War finance officer.	1084	do	211.07	10/10/41	Lena C. Paul.		Manufacturers Trust Co., New York, 131 East 23d St., New York.	125.00
6/30/41	Special disbursing officer.	4501	do	208.18					
8/31/41	do	09-075 4792	do	94.67					
8/31/41	do	09-121 4795	do	40.57					
8/31/41	do	09-121 4791	do	135.24					
8/31/41	do	09-121 4793	do	130.51					

[F. R. Doc. 46-18272; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

[Vesting Order CE 339]

COSTS AND EXPENSES INCURRED IN CERTAIN ACTIONS OR PROCEEDINGS IN CERTAIN MASSACHUSETTS COURTS

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian:

Having found that each of the persons named in Column 1 of Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, was a person within the designated enemy country or enemy-occupied territory appearing opposite such person's respective name in Column 2 of said Exhibit A;

Having determined that it was in the interest of the United States to take measures in connection with representing each of said persons in the court or administrative action or proceeding identi-

fied in Column 3 of said Exhibit A, and having taken such measures;

Finding that as a result of such action or proceeding each of said persons obtained or was determined to have an interest in property, which interest is particularly described in Column 4 of said Exhibit A;

Finding that such property is in the possession, custody or control of the person described in Column 5 of said Exhibit A; and

Finding that the Alien Property Custodian has incurred, in each of such court or administrative actions or proceedings, costs and expenses in the amount stated in Column 6 of said Exhibit A,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian, to be used or otherwise dealt with in the interest, and for the benefit, of the United States, from the property in the possession, custody, or control of

the persons described in said Column 5 of said Exhibit A, the sums stated in said Column 6 of said Exhibit A, such sums being the amounts of such property equal to the costs and expenses incurred by the Alien Property Custodian in such actions or proceedings.

This order shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property if and when it should be determined that such return should be made.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 3, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Column 1 Name	Column 2 Country or territory	Column 3 Action or proceeding	Column 4 Interest	Column 5 Depository	Column 6 Sum vested
Rachel Smith Grote.....	Germany.....	<i>Item 1</i> Estate and trust under the will of Henry P. Smith, deceased, Probate Court, Suffolk County, Mass.; No. 251701.	Remainder of trust established under will of Henry P. Smith, deceased.	Boston Safe Deposit & Trust Co., trustee, 100 Franklin St., Boston, Mass.	\$207
Johan Otto Raben-Levetzau.....	Denmark.....	<i>Item 2</i> Trust under will of Laura T. Ripka, deceased, for the benefit of C. Howard Moulton et al., Suffolk County, Probate Court; Mass.; No. 188875.	Approximately \$15,000.....	Edward A. Taft, trustee, 1 Federal St., Boston, Mass.	120
Barbara Cox Richter.....	Rumania.....	<i>Item 3</i> Trust under will of Alice Tobey Jones, deceased, Probate Court, Plymouth County, Mass.; No. 31072.	Income of trust under will of Alice Tobey Jones, deceased.	The First National Bank of Boston, trustee, 67 Milk St., Boston, Mass.	263
Elizabeth Ellis Cima.....	Italy.....	<i>Item 4</i> Trust under will of Effie Ellis, deceased, Probate Court, Suffolk County, Mass.; No. 213177.	Income of trust under will of Effie Ellis, deceased.	Old Colony Trust Co., trustee, 1 Federal St., Boston, Mass.	225

[F. R. Doc. 46-18277; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:54 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7449]

PREUSSISCHE STAATSBANK

In re: Bank account and stock owned by Preussische Staatsbank (Seehandlung). F-28-475-E-4, F-28-475-D-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Preussische Staatsbank (Seehandlung), the last known address of which is Markgrafenstrasse 38, Berlin W. 56, Germany, is a corporation, partnership, association or other business organization, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Preussische Staatsbank (Seehandlung), by The New York Trust Company, 100 Broadway, New York, New York, arising out of a checking account, entitled Preussische Staatsbank, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. Twenty-five (25) shares of \$100.00 par value common capital stock of The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, Baltimore and Charles Streets, Baltimore 1, Maryland, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Maryland, evidenced by certificate number A391352, registered in the name of Preussische Staatsbank Seehandlung, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national

interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 15, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18264; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:56 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7451]

C. FRITZ SCHULTE

In re: Stocks and bonds owned by and debt owing to C. Fritz Schulte. F-28-4868-A-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and

Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That C. Fritz Schulte, whose last known address is 14 Andre-Strasse, Chemnitz, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Those certain shares of stock described in Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, registered in the name of C. Fritz Schulte and presently in the custody of New York Merchandise Co., Inc., 32 West 23rd Street, New York, New York, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

b. Two Neisner Bros. Realty Inc., Rochester, New York, bonds, dated December 15, 1928, each of \$1,000 face value, bearing the numbers M801 and M802, registered in the name of C. Fritz Schulte and presently in the custody of New York Merchandise Co., Inc., 32 West 23rd Street, New York, New York, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto, and

c. That certain debt or other obligation owing to C. Fritz Schulte by New York Merchandise Co., Inc., 32 West 23rd Street, New York, New York, in the amount of \$6,637.00, as of December 31, 1945, together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, in-

cluding appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an ap-

propriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation

will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 15, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Name, address and State of incorporation of issuer	Certificate		No. of shares	Par value	Type of stock
	Numbers	Dates			
Universal Slide Fastener Co., Inc., 32 West 23d St., New York, N. Y., incorporated in New York.....	C456.....	6/10/41	115	\$0.12½	Common.
New York Merchandise Co., Inc., 32 West 23d St., New York, N. Y., incorporated in New York.....	C1229.....	3/ 5/37	100	10.00	Do.
	C1230.....	3/ 5/37	100	10.00	Do.
	C1231.....	3/ 5/37	100	10.00	Do.
	C1232.....	3/ 5/37	100	10.00	Do.
	C1233.....	3/ 5/37	100	10.00	Do.
	C02987.....	10/ 5/39	60	10.00	Do.
	C02988.....	10/ 5/39	16	10.00	Do.
Edison Bros. Stores, Inc., 315 Washington Ave., St. Louis, Mo., incorporated in Delaware.....	1216.....	6/20/39	100	2.00	Do.
	1217.....	6/20/39	100	2.00	Do.
	1218.....	6/20/39	100	2.00	Do.
	1219.....	6/20/39	100	2.00	Do.
	1220.....	6/20/39	100	2.00	Do.
	1221.....	6/20/39	100	2.00	Do.
	1222.....	6/20/39	100	2.00	Do.
	0302.....	6/20/39	50	2.00	Do.
The Chase National Bank of the city of New York, 18 Pine St., New York, N. Y., Federal charter.....	173030.....	8/19/36	9	15.00	Do.
H. L. Green Co., 902 Broadway, New York, N. Y., incorporated in New York.....	A09640.....	11/24/36	9	1.00	Do.
	A05869.....	4/ 1/38	50	1.00	Do.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18265; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:56 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7515]

RINJI KUBO

In re: Estate of Rinji Kubo, deceased. File D-39-18686; E. T. sec. 15145; H-354.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Shige Takesue, in and to the Estate of Rinji Kubo, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Japan, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Shige Takesue, Japan.

That such property is in the process of administration by A. S. Carvalho, Statutory Administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Circuit Court, Third Judicial Circuit, Territory of Hawaii;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the in-

terest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 4, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18266; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:56 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7793]

DEUTSCHE REICHSBANK

In re: Bank account owned by Deutsche Reichsbank.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Deutsche Reichsbank, the last known address of which is Berlin, Germany, is a corporation, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Or-

der No. 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: Those certain debts or other obligations owing to Deutsche Reichsbank, by The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York, New York, arising out of the dollar checking accounts (in attachment ledger), entitled Reichsbank, Berlin, Germany, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending

further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 3, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18271; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:55 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

[File No. 30-118]

NORTHEASTERN WATER CO.

NOTICE OF FILING OF AMENDED APPLICATION AND ORDER RECONVENING HEARING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 3d day of October A. D. 1946.

Notice is hereby given that an amended application, pursuant to section 5 (d) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 has been filed by Northeastern Water Company (formerly Northeastern Water and Electric Corporation), presently a registered holding company, seeking an order of this Commission declaring that Northeastern Water Company has ceased to be a holding company.

All interested persons are referred to said amended application, which is on file in the offices of said Commission, for a statement of the facts upon which Northeastern Water Company is relying in support of the instant amended application, which may be summarized as follows:

On October 8, 1943, an application was filed by Northeastern Water and Electric Corporation (now Northeastern Water Company by reason of change of name) (hereinafter called "Northeastern") for an order pursuant to section 5 (d) of the act declaring that the applicant had ceased to be a holding company; and on December 7, 1943, after notice, a hearing was held on such application, and the record closed. In this application it was set forth that on or about August 25, 1943 Northeastern sold all shares of stock of Brookville Electric Company theretofore owned by it, and that on or about September 2, 1943 Northeastern sold all shares of stock of Caribou Water Light and Power Company theretofore owned by it.

At the time of said hearing Northeastern owned 2,602 shares of the 7% Preferred Stock and 17,842 shares of the 6%

Preferred Stock of Virginia Public Service Company; 11,000 shares of \$6 Series Preferred Stock of Tide Water Power Company; and 15,719 shares of 7% Preferred Stock, Series A, and 522 shares of 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock of Florida Power Corporation.

In the merger of Virginia Public Service Company with Virginia Electric and Power Company (in May of 1944), Northeastern disposed of certain of its holdings of preferred stock of Virginia Public Service Company for cash, and (in November of 1944) all of its remaining shares of preferred stock of Virginia Electric and Power Company (which had been received in the merger in exchange for preferred stock of Virginia Public Service Company) were sold for cash.

In December of 1943, said 11,000 shares of \$6 Series Preferred Stock of Tide Water Power Company were exchanged for 5,000 shares of Prior Preferred Stock and 8,865 shares of Class B Preferred Stock of The Tidewater Company, a holding company. In June of 1946 the aforesaid shares of The Tidewater Company were sold for cash.

In March of 1945, said 15,719 shares of 7% Preferred Stock, Series A, and 522 shares of 7% Cumulative Preferred stock of Florida Power Corporation were redeemed.

As a result of these transactions, the amended application asserts that Northeastern does not now own, control or hold with power to vote ten per centum or more of the outstanding voting securities of any public utility company or of any holding company as defined in the act.

It appearing to the Commission that it is appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that a further hearing be held with respect to said matter:

It is hereby ordered, That the record in such matter be re-opened and the hearing reconvened under the applicable provisions of said act and rules of the Commission promulgated thereunder on October 21, 1946, at 10 a. m., e. s. t., at the offices of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th and Locust Streets, Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania, at which time the hearing room clerk in Room 318 will advise as to the room in which such hearing will be held. At such hearing cause shall be shown why such application shall be granted. Any person desiring to be heard in such proceeding shall file with the Commission, on or before October 16, 1946, his request therefor as provided by Rule XVII of the rules of practice of the Commission.

It is further ordered, That Willis E. Monty or any other officer or officers of the Commission designated by it for that purpose shall preside at the hearing in such matter. The officer so designated to preside at such hearing is hereby authorized to exercise all powers granted to the Commission under section 18 (c) of said act and to a trial examiner under the Commission's rules of practice.

It is further ordered, That, without limiting the scope of the issues presented by said application otherwise to be considered in this proceeding, particular attention will be directed at the hearing to the following matters and questions:

1. Whether Northeastern directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with power to vote, ten per centum or more of the outstanding voting securities of a public utility company or of a company which itself owns, controls, or holds with power to vote ten per centum or more of the outstanding voting securities of a public utility company.

2. Whether Northeastern, either alone or pursuant to an agreement or understanding with one or more other persons, directly or indirectly controls a public utility or holding company through one or more intermediary persons or by any means or device; is an intermediary company through which control is exercised; or directly or indirectly exercises such a controlling influence over the management or policies of any public utility or holding company as to make it necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors or consumers that Northeastern be subject to the obligations, duties and liabilities imposed upon holding companies by the act.

3. In the event that the Commission finds, and so declares by order, that Northeastern has ceased to be a holding company, what terms and conditions should be prescribed in that order as necessary and appropriate for the protection of investors.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18174; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:46 a. m.]

[File Nos. 54-87 and 31-539]

FEDERAL LIGHT & TRACTION CO. ET AL.

ORDER GRANTING FURTHER EXTENSION OF TIME

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 1st day of October A. D. 1946.

In the matter of Federal Light & Traction Company, the Trinidad Electric Transmission, Railway & Gas Company, New Mexico Power Company, Stonewall Electric Company, File No. 54-87; J. G. White & Company, Inc., File No. 31-539.

Applications and declarations, and amendments thereto, having been filed with this Commission by Federal Light & Traction Company ("Federal"), a registered holding company, subsidiary of Cities Service Power & Light Company, also a registered holding company, its subsidiaries, The Trinidad Electric Transmission, Railway & Gas Company ("Trinidad"), New Mexico Power Company ("New Mexico"), and Stonewall Electric Company ("Stonewall"), pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, regarding, among other things, (a) the sale by Federal of its holding of all the common stock of Trinidad, (b) the sale by New Mexico and the acquisition by Trinidad of those electric properties of New Mexico known as the Dawson Division, (c) the issue and sale by Trinidad of \$300,000 principal amount of its first mortgage bonds due 1966 and of a nine months' 3% promissory note in

[File No. 59-17 et al.]

UNITED LIGHT AND POWER CO. ET AL.

ORDER FOR WITHDRAWAL OF APPLICATION
NO. 23

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 3d day of October A. D. 1946.

In the matter of The United Light and Power Company, The United Light and Railways Company, American Light & Traction Company, Continental Gas & Electric Corporation, United American Company, and Iowa-Nebraska Light and Power Company, respondents, File No. 59-17; The United Light and Power Company and its Subsidiary Companies, Respondents, File No. 59-11; The United Light and Power Company, Applicant, File No. 54-25.

The United Light and Railways Company ("Railways"), a registered holding company, having heretofore filed an application or declaration (designated "Application No. 23") regarding the issue and sale privately to banks of \$17,000,000 principal amount of unsecured promissory notes and the use of the proceeds of the sale of the notes plus treasury cash to redeem all of Railways' outstanding 5½% debentures, due August 1, 1952, at the redemption price of 102% of principal amount;

Railways having subsequently issued and sold \$25,000,000 principal amount of promissory notes pursuant to an application or declaration designated "Application No. 25" approved by the Commission (Holding Company Act Release No. 6249), and having used the proceeds of the sale of such notes to redeem all of its outstanding 5½% debentures, due August 1, 1952, at the redemption price of 102%;

A request having been filed by Railways to withdraw Application No. 23; and

It appearing to the Commission that it is appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers to permit the withdrawal requested:

It is ordered, That the request of Railways be, and it hereby is, granted, and that said Application No. 23 be, and it hereby is, deemed withdrawn.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18173; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:46 a. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[Order 55 Under 19a]

LINSEED REPLACEMENT OIL
ADJUSTABLE PRICING ORDER

The action by the Food Price Division allowing adjustable pricing on linseed oil will, because of the high content of linseed oil in linseed replacement oil, place the linseed replacement oil manufacturer in a position where he will not be able to determine his production cost, unless he is assured that he will be able to realize the retroactive increase which

may result from the final determination of linseed oil prices.

Linseed replacement oil is essential in the production of paint products and any interruption in production will aggravate an already serious supply situation in paint. It appears that authorization to producers of linseed replacement oil to use adjustable pricing, pending action by the Office of Price Administration in determining the price of linseed oil, is necessary to promote the production of linseed replacement oil and consequently the production of paint.

After due consideration of the foregoing and pursuant to section 19a of the General Maximum Price Regulation, *It is ordered*:

a. Any person may sell and deliver linseed replacement oil subject to Supplementary Regulation 14F and any person may buy and receive linseed replacement oil from such person, at prices adjustable upward in accordance with action taken by the Office of Price Administration after delivery.

b. Persons who make sales of linseed replacement oil under this order may collect and persons purchasing linseed replacement oil under this order may pay no higher than the maximum prices currently in effect for such linseed replacement oil pending action by the Office of Price Administration establishing new maximum prices.

c. This order shall be automatically revoked upon the establishment by the Office of Price Administration of a new price for linseed replacement oil.

d. This order may be amended or revoked by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This order shall become effective as of October 10, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18210; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:51 a. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 5222]

FORTUNE LAMP CO.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, *It is ordered*:

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries of certain articles manufactured by Fortune Lamp Company, 135 N. 6th Street, Brooklyn 11, New York.

(1) For all sales and deliveries to the following classes of purchasers by the sellers indicated below, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	For sales by the manufacturer to—		For sales by any person to consumers
		Jobbers	Retailers	
Bronze finish metal table lamp with rayon shade..	T-222	Each \$7.50	Each \$8.82	Each \$15.88

the principal amount of \$207,000, (d) the use of \$300,000 of the proceeds of the sale of the Dawson Division by New Mexico toward retirement of its first mortgage bonds due 1966, and (e) the organization of a new Colorado corporation, the acquisition of all the common stock of said corporation by Trinidad, the acquisition by said corporation and sale by Stonewall of certain Colorado properties of Stonewall which are interconnected with and are extensions of the transmission and distribution lines of Trinidad and the assumption by said corporation of bonds of Stonewall secured by such properties and the substitution of said corporation for Stonewall under an indenture and in certain agreements; and

J. G. White & Company, Inc. having filed applications pursuant to the said act regarding, among other things, the acquisition of the common stock of Trinidad; and

The Commission having, on December 26, 1945, made and filed its Findings and Opinion and Order (Holding Company Act Release No. 6332), granted said amended applications, and permitted said amended declarations to become effective subject, among other things, to the terms and conditions of Rule U-24 permitting the transactions to be carried out by not later than March 31, 1946; and

The Commission having previously granted an extension of time to applicants by order dated March 28, 1946, to and including September 30, 1946, within which to consummate such transactions; and

Applicants having filed on September 27, 1946, an application for a further extension of time from September 30, 1946 to and including November 30, 1946, within which to consummate transactions described in clause (e) of the first paragraph of the Commission's order of December 26, 1945, stating that Monument Electric Company (Monument) (referred to in said clause (e) as "X Corporation"), has been organized and its stock acquired by Trinidad, the name of which has been changed to Frontier Power Company, but that they have been unable to consummate the balance of the transactions proposed between Stonewall and Monument; and

The Commission having considered said application and it appearing that the requested extension of time may appropriately be granted;

It is ordered, That the joint application of Federal Light & Traction Company, Stonewall Electric Company, Frontier Power Company, Monument Electric Company and J. G. White & Company, Inc. for an extension of time to and including November 30, 1946, to consummate the transactions between Stonewall Electric Company and Monument Electric Company as described in clause (e) of the first paragraph of the Commission's order of December 26, 1945, be and it hereby is granted.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18172; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:45 a. m.]

These maximum prices are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated June 25, 1946, and final information dated September 17, 1946.

(2) For sales by the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries since Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 became applicable to those sales and deliveries. For sales to persons other than consumers they are f. o. b. Brooklyn 11, New York, 2% 10 days, net 30 days. The maximum price to consumers is net delivered.

(3) For sales by persons other than the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries after the effective date of this order. Those prices are subject to each seller's customary terms and conditions of sale on sales of similar articles.

(4) If the manufacturer wishes to make sales and deliveries to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until maximum prices have been authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(b) The manufacturer shall attach a tag or label to every article for which a maximum price for sales to consumers is established by this order. That tag or label shall contain the following statement, with the proper model number and the ceiling price inserted in the blank spaces:

Model Number -----
OPA Retail Ceiling Price—\$-----
Do Not Detach

(c) At the time of, or prior to, the first invoice to each purchaser for resale, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser in writing of the maximum prices and conditions established by this order for sales by the purchaser. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) Jobbers' maximum prices for sales of the articles covered by this order shall be established under the provisions of section 4.5 of SR 14J.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(f) This order shall become effective on the 10th day of October 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 5222 UNDER § 1499.158 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 188

By application dated June 25, 1946, and final information dated September 17, 1946, the Fortune Lamp Company, 133 N. 6th Street, Brooklyn, New York, herein called the applicant, requested the Office of Price Administration to establish maximum prices for sales of lamps and shades which it manufactures.

Since the applicant has not previously manufactured an article the maximum price of which may be used as a basis for pricing the articles described in the application under one of the first three

pricing methods of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, it has been necessary to consider the application under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, which requires that prices be set in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

The specifications, construction and design of the applicant's product have been compared with those of comparable competitive articles for which maximum prices have been properly established under the regulation. The prices established by this order are in line with the maximum prices of those comparable articles for sales to the same classes of purchasers and are, therefore, in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

Highly inflationary tendencies have developed as a result of a great shortage in the supply of these articles. The Administrator has, therefore, deemed it advisable to establish maximum resale prices. These prices are in line with the general levels of maximum resale prices for similar merchandise, allowing the sellers markups normally enjoyed in the industry for their types of distributive operations.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18207; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 5223]

EMPIRE CITY LAMP MFG. CO.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries of certain articles manufactured by Empire City Lamp Manufacturing Company, 934 DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn 21, New York.

(1) For all sales and deliveries to the following classes of purchasers by the sellers indicated below, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	No.	For sales by the manufacturer to—		For sales by any person to consumers
		Jobbers	Retailers	
Decorated composition animal figure juvenile lamp with paper parchment shade.....	93, 94, 96, 97	Each \$3.03	Each \$3.57	Each \$6.43

These maximum prices are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated September 19, 1946.

(2) For sales by the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries since Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 became applicable to those sales and deliveries. For sales to persons other than consumers they are f. o. b. Brooklyn 21, New York, 2% 10 days, net 30 days. The maximum price to consumers is net delivered.

(3) For sales by persons other than the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries after the

effective date of this order. Those prices are subject to each seller's customary terms and conditions of sale on sales of similar articles.

(4) If the manufacturer wishes to make sales and deliveries to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until maximum prices have been authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(b) The manufacturer shall attach a tag or label to every article for which a maximum price for sales to consumers is established by this order. That tag or label shall contain the following statement, with the proper model number and the ceiling price inserted in the blank spaces:

Model Number -----
OPA Retail Ceiling Price—\$-----
Do Not Detach

(c) At the time of, or prior to, the first invoice to each purchaser for resale, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser in writing of the maximum prices and conditions established by this order for sales by the purchaser. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) Jobbers' maximum prices for sales of the articles covered by this order shall be established under the provisions of section 4.5 of SR 14J.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(f) This order shall become effective on the 10th day of October 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 5223 UNDER § 1499.158 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 188

By application dated September 19, 1946, Empire City Lamp Manufacturing Company, 934 DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn 21, New York, herein called the applicant, requested the Office of Price Administration to establish maximum prices for sales of lamps and shades which it manufactures.

Since the applicant has not previously manufactured an article the maximum price of which may be used as a basis for pricing the articles described in the application under one of the first three pricing methods of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, it has been necessary to consider the application under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, which requires that prices be set in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

The specifications, construction and design of the applicant's product have been compared with those of comparable competitive articles for which maximum prices have been properly established under the regulation. The prices established by this order are in line with the maximum prices of those comparable

articles for sales to the same classes of purchasers and are, therefore, in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

Highly inflationary tendencies have developed as a result of a great shortage in the supply of these articles. The Administrator has, therefore, deemed it advisable to establish maximum resale prices. These prices are in line with the general levels of maximum resale prices for similar merchandise, allowing the sellers markups normally enjoyed in the industry for their types of distributive operations.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18209; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 5224]

VIENNA LAMP CO.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries of certain articles manufactured by Vienna Lamp Company, 645 Hendrix Street, Brooklyn 7, N. Y.

(1) For all sales and deliveries to the following classes of purchasers by the sellers indicated below, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	For sales by the manufacturer to—		For sales by any person to consumers
		Jobbers	Retailers	
Decorated opal glass hurricane type table lamp with plated metal mounting.....	101	Each \$6.80	Each \$8.00	Each \$14.40

These maximum prices are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated September 17, 1946.

(2) For sales by the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries since Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 became applicable to those sales and deliveries. For sales to persons other than consumers they are f. o. b. Brooklyn 7, N. Y., 2% 10 days, net 30 days. The maximum price to consumers is net delivered.

(3) For sales by persons other than the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries after the effective date of this order. Those prices are subject to each seller's customary terms and conditions of sale on sales of similar articles.

(4) If the manufacturer wishes to make sales and deliveries to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until maximum prices have been authorized by the Office of Price Administration,

(b) The manufacturer shall attach a tag or label to every article for which a maximum price for sales to consumers is established by this order. That tag or label shall contain the following statement, with the proper model number and the ceiling price inserted in the blank spaces:

Model Number -----
 OPA Retail Ceiling Price—\$-----
 Do Not Detach

(c) At the time of, or prior to, the first invoice to each purchaser for resale, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser in writing of the maximum prices and conditions established by this order for sales by the purchaser. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) Jobbers' maximum prices for sales of the articles covered by this order shall be established under the provisions of section 4.5 of SR 14J.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(f) This order shall become effective on the 10th day of October 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
 Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 5224 UNDER § 1499.158 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 188

By application dated September 17, 1946, Vienna Lamp Company, 645 Hendrix Street, Brooklyn 7, N. Y., herein called the applicant, requested the Office of Price Administration to establish maximum prices for sales of lamps and shades which it manufactures.

Since the applicant has not previously manufactured an article the maximum price of which may be used as a basis for pricing the articles described in the application under one of the first three pricing methods of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, it has been necessary to consider the application under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, which requires that prices be set in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

The specifications, construction and design of the applicant's product have been compared with those of comparable competitive articles for which maximum prices have been properly established under the regulation. The prices established by this order are in line with the maximum prices of those comparable articles for sales to the same classes of purchasers and are, therefore, in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

Highly inflationary tendencies have developed as a result of a great shortage in the supply of these articles. The Administrator has, therefore, deemed it advisable to establish maximum resale prices. These prices are in line with the general levels of maximum resale prices for similar merchandise, allowing the sellers markups normally enjoyed in the industry for their types of distributive operations.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18208; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[MPR 64, Order 325]

KALAMAZOO STOVE AND FURNACE CO.

APPROVAL OF CEILING PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 11 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 64, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes ceiling prices for sales at retail of Models E-1 and E-2 electric ranges manufactured by the Kalamazoo Stove and Furnace Company, Rochester Avenue, Kalamazoo 6D, Michigan. For sales by retail dealers to ultimate consumers, the ceiling prices, including the Federal excise tax but not including any state or local taxes imposed at the point of sale, are those set forth below:

Model:	Dealer to consumer
E-1-----	\$196.00
E-2-----	204.25

These prices include delivery, a one year warranty, and installation where such installation requires the provisions of no materials other than a range cord set (customarily referred to in the industry as a "pigtail") and its connection to the electric outlet provided by the purchase. If the retail dealer does not furnish a range cord set, either because it is not required or for any other reason, he must deduct \$3.50 from the retail ceiling price for the range as shown above. In all other respects these prices are subject to each seller's customary terms, discounts, allowances (other than trade-in allowances) and other price differentials in effect on sales of similar articles.

(b) The manufacturer prior to shipping any range covered by this order to a retail dealer shall cause to be affixed securely to the outside panel of the oven door of each range a label showing the name of the manufacturer, the model number of the range, and its OPA retail ceiling price. The label shall also contain a statement that the retail price includes the Federal excise tax, delivery, a one year warranty, and installation where such installation requires the provision of no material other than a range cord set (customarily referred to in the industry as a "pigtail") and its connection to the electric outlet provided by the purchaser. The label shall further state that if the retail dealer does not furnish a range cord set he must deduct \$3.50 from the retail ceiling price for the range. This label may not be removed until after the range has been sold to an ultimate consumer.

(c) All the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 64 continue to apply to sales of articles covered by this order, except to the extent that they are modified by this order. The ceiling prices established by this order have been determined in accordance with section 11b of Maximum Price Regulation No. 64 and may not, therefore, be increased under that section.

(d) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(e) This order shall become effective on the 10th day of October 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
 Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 325 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 64

Section 11b (c) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 64 required manufacturers of stoves subject to preticketing by the manufacturer having retail ceiling prices fixed prior to August 19, 1946, to recompute those ceiling prices so as to insure the return to retailers of a percentage markup over their current invoice cost equal to the average percentage markup which they received on sales of the same or similar stoves on March 31, 1946. To achieve this result the manufacturer was required to determine a markup factor for each stove applicable to his current ceiling prices to distributors or, if he did not sell to distributors, to his largest class of purchaser by dividing his March 31, 1946 ceiling price to that class by his March 31, 1946 retail ceiling price for his most comparable stove in Zone I.

The Kalamazoo Stove and Furnace Company, Kalamazoo, Michigan, hereinafter referred to as the applicant, did not have ceiling prices and resale ceiling prices established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 64 for the various electric ranges it is now manufacturing. Hence the applicant had no models in his line on March 31, 1946 which he could use to determine a markup factor to be applied to his current ceiling prices for sales to his largest buying class of purchaser to enable him to recompute the retail ceiling prices of his ranges in accordance with section 11b (c) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 64. It is, therefore, necessary to issue an order establishing new retail ceiling prices for each stove now in his line under section 11 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 64 which provides that orders may be issued establishing retail ceiling prices whenever a manufacturer's ceiling prices have been determined under the regulation.

The retail ceiling prices established by the accompanying order were determined by dividing the retail ceiling price which would have been established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 64 for the same stove on March 31, 1946 by the applicant's ceiling price to his largest buying class of purchaser as it would have been set under the same regulation on the same date, and applying the resulting markup factor to the applicant's current ceiling price under Maximum Price Regulation No. 64 to the same class of purchaser. The resulting retail ceiling prices return to the retailers a percentage markup equal to the average percentage markup they would have received on March 31, 1946 in connection with sales of the same stove. The retail ceiling prices established are, therefore, in accordance with the requirements of section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended and in line with the level of ceiling prices fixed under Maximum Price Regulation No. 64.

The accompanying order requires compliance with the notification, preticketing, terms of sale and other general provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 64.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18232; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[MPR 188, Amdt. 3 to Order 1 Under Order 7]

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CORP.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to Order No. 7 under § 1499.159e of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, It is ordered:

That Order No. 1 under Order No. 7 under § 1499.159e of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 is amended in the following respects:

1. Paragraph (b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) *Producers ceiling prices.* White Sewing Machine Corporation and its two subsidiaries, White Sewing Machine Company and Domestic Sewing Machine Company, Incorporated, shall increase their ceiling prices for sales to all persons of the domestic sewing machines manufactured by the White Sewing Machine Corporation by 15.5 percent.

2. Paragraph (c) is amended to read as follows:

(c) *Ceiling prices of purchasers for resale at wholesale.* The ceiling price of a purchaser for resale at wholesale of any domestic sewing machine manufactured by the White Sewing Machine Corporation which the manufacturer, including all subsidiaries of the manufacturer, delivered to a purchaser for resale before October 11, 1946 is his ceiling price in effect for that sale on the date he purchased the machine.

The ceiling price of a purchaser for resale at wholesale of any sewing machine which the manufacturer delivers to a purchaser for resale, including all subsidiaries of the manufacturer, after October 10, 1946, shall be the ceiling price determined by the first applicable method of the following:

Method 1. For sales to each class of purchaser in each zone he shall determine the price which will yield him the same percentage of the total dollar margin between his supplier's price to him and the retailers' ceiling price for sale to ultimate consumers in that zone, as he received during March 1942, in connection with the sale of the most comparable model to the same class of purchaser.

A wholesaler recomputing his ceiling prices in determining the percentage of the total dollar margin he should receive, may use, instead of March 1942 prices, his supplier's ceiling price to him in effect on October 10, 1946 for the same model, his own ceiling price on that date for sales of the same model to dealers, and the retail ceiling price under this order in effect on that date for the same model. He shall determine his dollar-and-cent markup by applying the percentage so determined to the total dollar margin between his supplier's ceiling price to him under this order and the retail ceiling price in his zone determined in accordance with this order, as amended. His new ceiling price is the sum of his invoice cost for the machine and the dollar-and-cent markup so determined.

Method 2. If a purchaser for resale at wholesale cannot determine his ceiling price for sales of a particular model to a particular class of purchaser in each

zone under Method 1, his ceiling price for that sale is the ceiling price established under this section for the sale by his "closest seller of the same class." The "closest seller of the same class" of a purchaser for resale at wholesale is a seller who (a) has a ceiling price established for sales of the identical model to the same class of purchaser, and (b) is the same general class of seller, and (c) is located in the same retail price zone nearer to the seller than any other seller who meets the requirements of both (a) and (b) of this method.

Method 3. If a purchaser for resale cannot determine his ceiling prices for a particular sale by either of the above methods, he shall apply to the Office of Price Administration for the establishment of his ceiling price for the sale under § 1499.3 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Ceiling prices so established will reflect margins in line with those received by purchasers for resale at wholesale who have established their ceiling prices under the provisions of this order.

3. The table of ceiling prices in paragraph (d) is amended to read as follows:

Model	Cabinet finish	Ceiling prices for sales to consumers	
		Zone I	Zone II
107-77	Walnut and bench	\$207.25	\$212.25
105-77	Walnut	184.75	189.75
105-77	Mahogany and bench	199.25	204.25
71-77	Walnut	169.75	174.75
9-77	Mahogany	175.50	180.50
9-77	Walnut	169.75	174.75
97-77	do	164.00	169.00
117-77	Maple	154.75	159.75
19-77	Portable	126.50	131.50
17-77	Walnut	198.75	203.75
17-77	Mahogany	214.50	209.50
17-77	Bleached	212.50	217.50
17-77	Walnut and bench	207.25	212.25
17-77	Mahogany and bench	213.00	218.00
17-77	Bleached and bench	221.25	226.25
123-77	Walnut	169.75	174.75
123-77	Mahogany	175.50	180.50
109-77	Walnut	138.00	143.00
15-43	Mahogany	149.50	152.50
55-43	Walnut	143.75	146.75
45-43	do	132.25	135.25
35-43	do	132.25	135.25
15-43	Maple	143.75	146.75
115-43	do	126.50	129.50
19-43	Portable	95.25	97.75
69-43	Walnut	132.25	135.25
67-41 or 67-43	do	132.25	135.25
27-43	do	120.75	123.75
27-43	Mahogany	126.50	129.50
43-41 or 43-43	Walnut	120.75	123.75
33-41 or 33-43	do	115.00	118.00
3-41 or 3-43	do	115.00	118.00
21-41 or 21-43	do	109.25	112.25
41-41 or 41-43	do	86.50	89.00
109-41 or 109-43	do	109.75	112.75
7-41	do	115.00	118.00
39-41	do	132.25	135.25
13-41	do	109.25	112.25
29-41	do	120.75	123.75
113-135	do	104.00	106.50
43-49	do	115.00	118.00
65-49	do	115.00	118.00
7-49	do	109.25	112.25
29-49	do	109.25	112.25
69-49	do	109.25	112.25
67-125 or 67-127	do	102.25	102.25
3-125 or 3-127	do	83.75	83.75
33-127	do	80.75	80.75
7-127	do	80.75	80.75
13-125 or 13-127	do	69.25	69.25
41-127	Portable	57.25	57.25
69-127	Walnut	102.25	102.25
29-127	do	80.75	80.75
21-127	do	80.75	80.75
19-127	Portable	57.25	57.25
109-127	Walnut	86.00	86.00
40-8	do	66.50	66.50
44-8	do	57.75	57.75
14-8	do	56.50	56.50
12-8	do	46.25	46.25
32-8	do	40.25	40.25
20-8	do	66.50	66.50

Model	Cabinet finish	Ceiling prices for sales to consumers	
		Zone I	Zone II
8-8	Walnut	\$66.50	\$66.50
53-8	do	66.50	66.50
61-8	do	80.25	80.25
14-2	do	44.75	44.75
12-2	do	38.25	38.25
32-2	do	34.50	34.50
44-2	do	51.50	51.50
53-2	do	63.50	63.50
30-2	do	57.75	57.75
787-153	do	184.75	189.75
711-153	do	107.50	172.50
739-153	do	100.50	165.50
117-153	Maple	154.75	159.75
719-153	Portable	126.50	131.50
717-151	Walnut	143.75	146.75
717-151	Mahogany	149.50	152.50
709-151 or 709-107	Walnut	143.75	146.75
739-151	do	132.25	135.25
115-151	Maple	126.50	129.50
723-151	Walnut	120.75	123.75
723-151	Mahogany	126.50	129.50
705-151	Walnut	120.75	123.75
707-107 or 707-151	do	115.00	118.00
709-107	do	106.75	109.25
741-107	Portable	83.75	86.25
719-147	Walnut	104.00	106.25
19-147	do	83.75	86.25
67-125 or 67-127	Walnut	102.25	102.25
707-127 or 707-127	Maple	83.75	83.75
701-125 or 701-127	Walnut	69.25	69.25
741-127	Portable	57.25	57.25
703-127	Walnut	78.00	78.00
705-127	do	91.75	91.75
702-6	do	66.50	66.50
44-6	do	57.75	57.75
700-2	do	38.00	38.00
32-2	do	34.50	34.50
30-6	do	66.50	66.50

4. Paragraph (f) is amended to read as follows:

(f) *Notification.* At the time of, or prior to, the first invoice to a purchaser for resale at wholesale, including all subsidiaries of the manufacturer, covering all sewing machines delivered by the manufacturer to a purchaser for resale at wholesale after October 10, 1946, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser in writing of the method established by this order, as amended, for determining ceiling prices for resales at wholesale of such machines, and of the retail ceiling prices applicable to such machines.

At the time of, or prior to, the first invoice to a purchaser for resale at retail covering sewing machines delivered by the manufacturer to a purchaser for resale at retail after October 10, 1946, the seller shall notify the purchaser in writing of the dollar-and-cent ceiling prices established by this order, as amended, for the purchaser's resales.

This amendment shall become effective on the 11th day of October 1946.

Issued this 10th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMDT. 3 TO ORDER 1 UNDER ORDER 7 UNDER § 1499.159e OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 188

Order No. 1 under Order No. 7 under § 499.159e of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 established an increase factor by which the White Sewing Machine Corporation, 1231 Main Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, could increase its ceiling prices for sales of its domestic sewing machines. In addition, the order established a method to be used by whole-

salers of the domestic sewing machines manufactured by the White Sewing Machine Corporation in determining their ceiling prices for their resales at wholesale, which resulted in absorption by wholesalers of a proportion of the manufacturer's increase equal to that which each wholesaler received of the total spread between the manufacturer's price to him and the retail price then in effect. The order also established dollar-and-cent retail ceiling prices for sales by retailers to consumers which resulted in absorption by retailers of the balance of the manufacturer's increase.

Order No. 1 under Order No. 7 was the first of an industry program to permit manufacturers of domestic sewing machines to receive reconversion adjustments. The reasons for the use of the techniques of Order 7 for this industry are stated in the opinion accompanying Order No. 7. Those reasons are incorporated herein by reference.

Order No. 1 which provided for the adjustment of the ceiling prices of the sewing machines manufactured by the White Sewing Machine Corporation was issued before March 31, 1946. Orders granting adjustments to other sewing machine manufacturers were issued after March 31, 1946, because this Office was unable to process them sooner. Section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, requires that the Administrator allow wholesale and retail distributors their average percentage margins in effect March 31, 1946, when he establishes ceiling prices applicable to their sales. Pursuant to that section, all of the other sewing machine manufacturers who received adjustments under Order 7 have had margins of resellers of their machines increased to equal the average margins received by each class of reseller on March 31, 1946. Resellers of the machines produced by the White Sewing Machine Corporation are receiving margins well below those now received by the resellers of the sewing machines produced by all other manufacturers whose machines are distributed through wholesalers and retailers, because they are the only group of resellers who were absorbing a manufacturer's increase on that day. In order to bring the percentage margins received by resellers of White sewing machines into line with those received on March 31, 1946, by resellers of domestic sewing machines generally, a requirement imposed by section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, it is necessary to adjust the resale ceiling prices set by Order No. 1 under Order No. 7 so that they reflect a full percentage pass-through of the increase allowed the manufacturer by that order.

The accompanying amendment to Order No. 1 under Order No. 7 makes no changes in the manufacturer's prices. However, to achieve the result of returning to resellers their average percentage margins in effect on March 31, 1946, Paragraph (b) is amended to permit all producers to increase their prices by the same percentage increase allowed the manufacturer. In addition, the dollar-and-cent retail prices established under

paragraph (d) of Order No. 1 are revised to reflect the full amount of the percentage increase granted to the manufacturer. These retail prices have been rounded to the nearest twenty-five cents.

The methods established by Order No. 1, by which purchasers for resale at wholesale may determine their ceiling prices have not been changed except to provide that the retail prices established by this amendment are not to be used as a basis for determining a price on a machine delivered by the manufacturer prior to the effective date of this order, and to provide new wholesalers with an alternate method of determining their resale ceiling prices.

The increases granted by this amendment are applicable to sales by wholesalers and retailers of machines delivered to them by the manufacturer on or after the effective date of the accompanying amendment and are not applicable to inventory in the hands of wholesalers and retailers before the effective date of the accompanying amendment.

To insure notice to resellers of the sewing machines covered by this amendment, the manufacturer is required to give written notice to resellers at wholesale of the method of determining their resale price, and all persons selling at retail must give written notice of the dollar-and-cent retail ceiling prices established by this amendment for their resales.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18235; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[MPR 188, Amdt. 1 to Order 5163]

G. LEWIN

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, *It is ordered*, That section (a) (1) of Order No. 5163 is amended to read as follows:

(1) For all sales and deliveries to the following classes of purchasers indicated below by any seller, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Model No.	Brand name	Ceiling price to—		
		Distributor	Dealer	Consumer
2237	G. Lewin.....	\$7.56	\$9.34	\$16.50

Ceiling price to the consumer include the Federal excise tax. Terms are 2% 10 days, net 30 days, f. o. b. factory.

These ceiling prices are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated July 29, 1946.

This amendment may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This amendment shall become effective on the 10th day of October 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMDT. 1 TO ORDER 5163 UNDER § 1499.158 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 188

Order No. 5163 was issued establishing maximum prices to dealers and consumers for sales and deliveries of Model 2237 acoustic phonograph manufactured by G. Lewin, College Point, New York.

G. Lewin wishes to make sales and deliveries of Model 2237 to distributors (another class of purchaser).

This amendment to Order No. 5163 establishes a ceiling price to distributors for Model 2237.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18227; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:53 a. m.]

Producer and address	Mine name	Mine index No.	Location and name of preparation plant through which the coals are prepared
W. G. Moore & Son, Philipsburg, Pa.	Moore No. 5....	3777	Moore No. 5 Mine Preparation Plant, located 10 miles from Osceola Mills, Pa., on Ednie Branch of P. R. R.

This Amendment No. 47 to Order No. 1548 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 shall become effective October 10, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMDT. 47 TO ORDER 1548 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 120

W. G. Moore & Son, Philipsburg, Pennsylvania, filed an application pursuant to § 1340.212 (c) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, requesting that its maximum price for strip-mined coal, produced at its Moore No. 5 Mine, Mine Index No. 3777 and prepared at its preparation plant at Osceola Mills, Pennsylvania, in District No. 1, be increased 50 cents per net ton.

It appears that applicant's strip-mined coal receives thorough cleaning and hand-picking at the said preparation plant, and that it is such that it can be prepared to a standard of general acceptability in the coal-consuming market.

The applicant qualifies, therefore, for the requested relief under the provisions of said § 1340.212 (c). All mines of District No. 1, qualifying for an increase of 50 cents per net ton for prepared strip-mined coal under the provisions of § 1340.212 (c) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, have been grouped together by Order No. 1548, as amended, under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120. Accordingly, this order is being further amended to include applicant's strip-mined coal.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18231; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[MPR 591, Order 854]

GAS EQUIPMENT MFG. CO.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 9 of

[MPR 120, Amtd. 47 to Order 1548]

ELLIOT COAL MINING CO. ET AL.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and in accordance with § 1340.212 (c) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, *It is ordered:*

Order No. 1548 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 is hereby amended in the following respects.

Paragraph (a) is amended by adding thereto the following name of producer, address, mine name and index number, and preparation plant name, as follows:

Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, *It is ordered:*

(a) The maximum net prices for sales by any person of the following gas conversion burner manufactured by Gas Equipment Manufacturing Company and as described in its application dated August 19, 1946, shall be:

	F. o. b. point of shipment on sales to distributors	F. o. b. point of shipment on sales to dealers	F. o. b. point of shipment uninstalled on sales to consumers	Installed on sales to consumer
Model 90 to 175 gematic gas conversion burner...	\$78.30	\$87.00	\$145.00	\$195.00

(b) The maximum prices established by this order are subject to such further cash discounts, transportation allowances and price differentials at least as favorable as those which each seller extended or rendered or would have extended or rendered during March 1942 on sales of commodities in the same general category.

(c) Each seller covered by this order, except on sales to a consumer, shall notify each of his purchasers, in writing, at or before the issuance of the first invoice after the effective date of this order, of the maximum prices established by this order for each such seller as well as the maximum prices established for purchasers upon resale.

(d) Gas Equipment Manufacturing Company shall stencil or tag in a conspicuous place on each item covered by this order, substantially the following:

GPA maximum retail price installed \$195.00 plus permissible freight charges

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective October 10, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 854 UNDER SEC. 9 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 591

The accompanying Order No. 854 under section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 establishes maximum prices for sales at all levels of distribution for gas conversion burner manufactured by Gas Equipment Manufacturing Company.

These particular commodities were only recently introduced into the market by the manufacturer. Maximum prices for the items could not be established under sections 7 or 8 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, because this company had never manufactured comparable commodities. Consequently, maximum prices must be approved pursuant to the provisions of section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

In its application the company submitted its proposed prices for the commodities covered by this order. An analysis of the information submitted indicated that the prices requested are in line with the prices of competitive manufacturers for comparable commodities and, therefore, are in line with the level of prices established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

In order to avoid any confusion on the part of resellers as to their maximum prices and for the purposes of protecting consumers, the accompanying order establishes dollars-and-cents prices for all levels of distribution. Maximum prices established for resellers reflect the usual margins of such resellers on sales of comparable products.

The commodities manufactured by this company will be distributed by many resellers who may or may not have access to copies of the accompanying order. Therefore, in order to avoid confusion on the part of resellers who do not have access to this order, the order provides that the manufacturer shall notify each of its purchasers of its maximum prices as well as purchasers' maximum resale prices.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18234; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[MPR 120, Order 1753]

B. J. GOEBEL ET AL.

ESTABLISHMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES AND PRICE CLASSIFICATIONS

For the reasons set forth in an accompanying opinion, and in accordance with § 1340.210 (a) (6) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120; *It is ordered:*

Producers identified herein operate named mines assigned the mine index numbers, the price classifications and the maximum prices in cents per net ton for the indicated uses and shipments as set forth herein. All are in District No. 2. The mine index numbers and the price classifications assigned are permanent but the maximum prices may be changed by an amendment issued after the effective date of this order. Where such an amendment is issued for the district in which the mines involved herein are located and where the amendment makes

no particular reference to a mine or mines involved herein, the prices shall be the prices set forth in such amendment for the price classifications of the respective size groups. The location of each mine is given by county and state. The maximum prices stated to be for truck shipment are in cents per net ton f. o. b. the mine or preparation plant and when stated to be for rail shipment or

for railroad fuel are in cents per net ton f. o. b. rail shipping point. In cases where mines ship coals by river the prices for such shipments are those established for rail shipment and are in cents per net ton f. o. b. river shipping point. However, producer is subject to the provisions of § 1340.213 and all other provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120.

This order shall become effective October 10, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 1753 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 120

The order which this opinion accompanies establishes maximum prices and price classifications and assigns mine index numbers to mines in District No. 2 which had not been classified and numbered by the former Bituminous Coal Division. This is done in accordance with § 1340.210 (a) (6) of the regulation which provides for this action.

Under this section, a producer is required to file an application for maximum prices and classifications based upon those of the nearest mine in the same or substantially similar seams. Generally the producer requests the prices and classifications he deems proper.

This application was then submitted to the industry advisory committee for District No. 2. The prices and classifications established are those recommended by the committee and those requested by the applicants, if a request was made, and are fair and equitable.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18229; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:53 a. m.]

[MPR 120, Order 1755]

NATALI COAL CO.

ESTABLISHMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES AND PRICE CLASSIFICATIONS

For the reasons set forth in an accompanying opinion, and in accordance with § 1340.210 (a) (6) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120: It is ordered:

Producers identified herein operate named mines assigned the mine index numbers, the price classifications and the maximum prices in cents per net ton for the indicated uses and shipments as set forth herein. All are in District No. 2. The mine index numbers and the price classifications assigned are permanent but the maximum prices may be changed by an amendment issued after the effective date of this order. Where such an amendment is issued for the district in which the mines involved herein are located and where the amendment makes no particular reference to a mine or mines involved herein, the prices shall be the prices set forth in such amendment for the price classifications of the respective size groups. The location of each mine is given by county and State. The maximum prices stated to be for truck shipment are in cents per net ton f. o. b. the mine or preparation plant and when stated to be for rail shipment or for railroad fuel are in cents per net ton f. o. b. rail shipping point. In cases where mines ship coals by river the prices for such shipments are those established for rail shipment and are in cents per net ton f. o. b. river shipping point. However, producer is subject to the provisions of § 1340.213 and all other provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120.

B. J. GOEBEL, R. D. No. 5, Box 372, JOHNSTOWN, PA., B. J. GOEBEL No. 4 MINE, LOWER FREEPORT SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4569, WESTMORELAND COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 3, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: MAMMOTH, PA., STRIP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP A, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 8

	Size group Nos.										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Price classification.....	F	F	E	E	E	E	F	F	F		
Rail shipment.....	294	294	289	289	289	279	259	259	244		
Railroad fuel.....	299	299	299	299	299	284	259	259	254	254	
Truck shipment.....	424	424	424	404	374	374	374	314	294	294	264

GUSEMAN BROS. COAL CO., 113 EAST MAIN ST., UNIONTOWN, PA., ELMA No. 3 MINE, PITTSBURGH SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4602, FAYETTE COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 3, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: REMINGTON, PA., STRIP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP E, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 7

	Size group Nos.										
	D	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	C		
Price classification.....	D	D	C	C	C	C	C	C	C		
Rail shipment.....	319	319	319	319	319	309	284	284	264		
Railroad fuel.....	319	319	319	319	319	309	284	284	264	249	
Truck shipment.....	424	424	424	394	384	384	384	319	299	299	274

HELVENSTON CONSTRUCTION CO., P. O. Box 415, PITTSBURGH 30, PA., BLACKIE No. 1 MINE, UPPER FREEPORT SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4621, WESTMORELAND COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 2, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: APOLLO, PA., STRIP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP B, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 8

	Size group Nos.										
	F	F	E	E	E	E	F	F	F		
Price classification.....	F	F	E	E	E	E	F	F	F		
Rail shipment.....	294	294	289	289	289	279	259	259	244		
Railroad fuel.....	299	299	299	299	299	284	259	259	244	244	
Truck shipment.....	424	424	424	404	374	374	374	314	294	294	264

C. L. HOLMAN, BRIDGEVILLE, PA., C. & J. MINE, PITTSBURGH SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4604, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 7, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: NOBLESTOWN, PA., STRIP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP A, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 5

	Size group Nos.										
	A	A	C	C	F	D	E	E	E		
Price classification.....	A	A	C	C	F	D	E	E	E		
Rail shipment.....	339	339	319	319	284	299	259	259	244		
Railroad fuel.....	339	339	319	319	299	299	259	259	254	254	
Truck shipment.....	434	434	434	399	369	369	369	334	294	294	279

COAST COAL CO., Box 174, BORTOWN, PA., KOAST COAL CO. MINE, SEWICKLEY SEAM MINE INDEX No. 4567, GREENE COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 3, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: DILLINER, PA., DEEP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP G, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 11

	Size group Nos.										
	J	J	H	H	H	H	H	H	H		
Price classification.....	J	J	H	H	H	H	H	H	H		
Rail shipment.....	381	381	366	366	366	356	331	331	321		
Railroad fuel.....	381	381	366	366	366	356	331	331	326	326	
Truck shipment.....	451	451	451	431	411	411	411	351	331	331	301

LENZI COAL CO., GALLATIN, PA., LENZI No. 5 MINE, REDSTONE SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4596, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 9, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: BUNOLA, PA., STRIP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP B, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 5

	Size group Nos.										
	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G		
Price classification.....	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G		
Rail and river shipment.....	294	294	284	284	284	274	254	254	239		
Railroad fuel.....	299	299	299	299	299	284	254	254	244	244	
Truck shipment.....	434	434	434	399	369	369	369	334	294	294	279

LINDEY BROS. COAL CO., R. D. No. 2, HARRISVILLE, PA., LINDEY No. 2 MINE, BROOKVILLE SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4613, BUTLER COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 1, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: ANNANDALE, PA., DEEP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP A, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 2

	Size group Nos.										
	G	G	G	G	F	G	G	G	G		
Price classification.....	G	G	G	G	F	G	G	G	G		
Rail shipment.....	381	381	371	371	361	341	341	326			
Railroad fuel.....	386	386	386	386	371	341	341	341	341	341	
Truck shipment.....	606	606	606	486	476	476	476	391	361	361	341

LINDSEY COAL CO., 602 JOHNSON AVE., CONNELLSVILLE, PA., WADE MINE, PITTSBURGH SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4609, GREENE COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 3, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: DILLINER, PA., DEEP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP E, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 11

	Size group Nos.										
	F	F	E	E	E	E	E	E	E		
Price classification.....	F	F	E	E	E	E	E	E	E		
Rail and river shipment.....	381	381	376	376	376	366	346	346	331		
Railroad fuel.....	381	381	376	376	376	366	346	346	336	336	
Truck shipment.....	451	451	451	431	411	411	411	351	331	331	301

NATALI COAL CO., GALLATIN, PA., NATALI No. 3 MINE, REDSTONE SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4597, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 9, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: SMITHDALE, PA., STRIP MINE, R. R. FUEL PRICE GROUP D, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 5

	Size group Nos.										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Price classification.....	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G		
Rail shipment.....	294	294	284	284	284	274	254	254	239		
Railroad fuel.....	294	294	289	289	289	274	254	254	244	244	
Truck shipment.....	434	434	434	399	369	369	369	334	294	294	279

PONICK COAL CO., MARTIN, PA., MINOR No. 2 MINE, PITTSBURGH SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4605, FAYETTE COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 3, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: NEW GENEVA, PA., DEEP MINE, R. R. FUEL PRICE GROUP E, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 7

Price classification.....	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E		
Rail shipment.....	406	406	376	376	376	366	346	346	331		
Railroad fuel.....	406	406	376	376	376	366	346	346	336	336	
Truck shipment.....	486	486	486	456	446	446	446	381	361	361	336

ANTONIO RAFFAELE, 720 6TH AVE., CARNEGIE, PA., RAFFAELE No. 3, PITTSBURGH SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4612, WASHINGTON COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 7, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: RACCOON AND BURGETTSTOWN, PA., STRIP MINE, R. R. FUEL PRICE GROUP B, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 6

Price classification.....	A	A	C	C	F	F	H	H	H		
Rail shipment.....	339	339	319	319	284	274	244	244	234		
Railroad fuel.....	339	339	319	319	299	284	244	244	244	244	
Truck shipment.....	434	434	434	394	384	384	384	334	299	299	264

TAYLORTOWN COAL CO., BOX 38, BOBSTOWN, PA., POKOVICK MINE, PITTSBURGH SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4610, GREENE COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 3, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: DILLNER, PA., DEEP MINE, R. R. FUEL PRICE GROUP E, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 11

Price classification.....	F	F	E	E	E	E	E	E	E		
Rail and river shipment.....	381	381	376	376	376	366	346	346	331		
Railroad fuel.....	381	381	376	376	376	366	346	346	336	336	
Truck shipment.....	451	451	451	431	411	411	411	351	331	331	301

EVELYN THOMPSON, NEW GENEVA, PA., FRIENDSHIP HILL COAL CO. MINE, PITTSBURGH SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4594, FAYETTE COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 3, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: MARTIN, PA., STRIP AND DEEP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP A, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 7

Price classification.....	E	E	C	C	C	D	D	D	D		
Rail shipment.....	319	319	319	319	319	299	279	279	254		
Railroad fuel.....	319	319	319	319	319	299	279	279	254	254	
Truck shipment.....	424	424	424	394	384	384	384	319	299	299	274

The foregoing maximum prices are applicable to raw strip mined coal. To determine the effective maximum prices applicable to your deep-mined coal add 87¢ per net ton to the foregoing maximum prices listed for rail shipment and for railroad fuel; 62¢ per net ton to those listed for truck shipment. Prepared strip mined coals are subject to the provisions of Order No. 1716 under MPR 120.

UNION LIMESTONE CO., BOX 528, NEW CASTLE, PA., UNION No. 1 MINE, UPPER FREEPORT SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4606, LAWRENCE COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 1, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: WURTEMBERG, PA., STRIP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP B, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 3

Price classification.....	F	F	E	E	E	E	F	F	F		
Rail shipment.....	294	294	289	289	289	279	259	259	244		
Railroad fuel.....	299	299	299	299	299	284	259	259	244	244	
Truck shipment.....	444	444	444	409	404	404	404	329	274	274	249

UNION LIMESTONE CO., BOX 528, NEW CASTLE, PA., UNION No. 2 MINE, KITTANNING SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4600, LAWRENCE COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 1, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: WURTEMBERG, PA., STRIP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP A, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 3

Price classification.....	E	E	D	D	C	C	D	D	D		
Rail shipment.....	319	319	309	309	319	309	279	279	254		
Railroad fuel.....	319	319	309	309	319	309	279	279	254	254	
Truck shipment.....	444	444	444	409	404	404	404	329	274	274	249

WYNN COAL AND COKE CO., BOX 125, FAIRCHANCE, PA., WYNN SOUTH UNION MINE, SEWICKLEY SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4614, FAYETTE COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 3, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: SOUTH UNIONTOWN AND WYNN, PA., DEEP AND STRIP MINE, RAILROAD FUEL PRICE GROUP G, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 7

Price classification.....	J	J	H	H	H	H	H	H	H		
Rail shipment.....	294	294	279	279	279	269	244	244	234		
Railroad fuel.....	294	294	279	279	279	269	244	244	239	239	
Truck shipment.....	424	424	424	394	384	384	384	319	299	299	274

The foregoing maximum prices are applicable to strip mined coal. To determine the effective maximum prices for deep-mined coal add 87¢ per net ton to the foregoing maximum prices for rail shipment and for railroad fuel; 62¢ per net ton to those listed for truck shipment.

THOMAS W. TAINTON, R. D. No. 5, SLIPPERY ROCK, PA., TAINTON MINE, UPPER KITTANNING SEAM, MINE INDEX No. 4618, BUTLER COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 1, DEEP MINE, MAXIMUM TRUCK PRICE GROUP No. 2

Truck shipment.....	506	506	506	486	476	476	476	391	361	361	341
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This order shall become effective October 10, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 1755 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 120

The order which this opinion accompanies establishes maximum prices and price classifications and assigns mine index numbers to mines in District No. 2 which had not been classified and numbered by the former Bituminous Coal Division. This is done in accordance with § 1340.210 (a) (6) of the regulation which provides for this action.

Under this section, a producer is required to file an application for maximum prices and classifications based upon those of the nearest mine in the same or substantially similar seams. Generally the producer requests the prices and classifications he deems proper.

This application was then submitted to the industry advisory committee for District No. 2. The prices and classifications established are those recommended by the committee and those requested by the applicants, if a request was made, and are fair and equitable.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18230; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:52 a. m.]

[MPR 591, Order 855]

LIFETIME STOKER CO., INC.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, it is ordered:

(a) The maximum net prices, f. o. b. point of shipment, for sales by any person to consumers of the following forced warm air furnace manufactured by the Lifetime Stoker Company, Incorporated of Pemberville, Ohio and as described in its application dated August 24, 1946, shall be:

Model 2128-AO Forced Warm Air Furnace (For oil fired but without oil burner), \$350.00.

(b) On sales to dealers f. o. b. point of shipment the maximum price in (a) above shall be subject to a discount of 15 percent.

(c) The maximum prices established by this order are subject to such further cash discounts, transportation allowances and price differentials at least as favorable as those which each seller extended or rendered or would have extended or rendered during March 1942 on sales of commodities in the same general category.

(d) The maximum prices on an installed basis of the commodities covered by this order shall be determined in accordance with Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251.

(e) Each seller covered by this order, except on sales to a consumer, shall notify

each of his purchasers, in writing, at or before the issuance of the first invoice after the effective date of this order, of the maximum prices established by this order for each such seller as well as the maximum prices established for purchasers upon resale.

(f) Lifetime Stoker Company, Incorporated shall stencil in a conspicuous place on each item covered by this order, substantially the following:

OPA maximum retail price uninstalled plus permissible freight charges, \$350.00.

(g) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at anytime.

This order shall become effective October 10, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 855 UNDER SEC. 9 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 591

The accompanying Order No. 855 under section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 establishes maximum prices for sales at dealer and consumer levels of distribution for forced warm air furnace manufactured by Lifetime Stoker Company, Incorporated of Pemberville, Ohio.

These particular commodities were only recently introduced into the market by the manufacturer. Maximum prices for the items could not be established under sections 7 or 8 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, because this company had never manufactured comparable commodities. Consequently, maximum prices must be approved pursuant to the provisions of section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

In its application the company submitted its proposed prices for the commodities covered by this order. An analysis of the information submitted indicated that the prices requested are in line with the prices of competitive manufacturers for comparable commodities and, therefore, are in line with the level of prices established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

In order to avoid any confusion on the part of resellers as to their maximum prices and for the purposes of protecting consumers, the accompanying order establishes dollars-and-cents prices for dealer and consumer levels of distribution. Maximum prices established for resellers reflect the usual margins of such resellers on sales of comparable products.

The commodities manufactured by this company will be distributed by many resellers who may or may not have access to copies of the accompanying order. Therefore, in order to avoid confusion on the part of resellers who do not have access to this order, the order provides that the manufacturer shall notify each of its purchasers of its maximum prices as well as purchasers' maximum resale prices.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18226; Filed Oct. 9, 1946; 8:54 a. m.]

[ISO 133, Order 76]

FRANKLIN MFG. CORP.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to section 7 of Supplementary Order No. 133, It is ordered:

(a) *Manufacturer's maximum prices.* Franklin Manufacturing Corp., of Brookville, Indiana, may increase by no more than 7.2 percent its maximum prices to each class of purchaser in effect prior to the issuance of this order, for sales of caskets which it manufactures.

(b) *Maximum prices for purchasers for resale.* Distributors and dealers who sell the article in the same form in which the manufacturer has sold it at an adjusted ceiling price determined under this order shall determine their maximum prices as follows:

A reseller who determines his maximum resale price under the General Maximum Price Regulation shall calculate his ceiling price by adding to his invoice cost the same percentage markup which he has on the "most comparable article" for which he has a properly established ceiling price. For this purpose the "most comparable article" is one which meets all of the following tests:

(1) It belongs to the narrowest trade category which includes the article being priced.

(2) Both it and the article being priced were purchased from the same class of supplier.

(3) Both it and the article being priced belong to a class of articles to which, according to customary trade practices, an approximately uniform percentage markup is applied.

(4) Its net replacement cost is nearest to the net cost of the article being priced.

The determination of a ceiling price in this way need not be reported to the Office of Price Administration; however, each seller must keep complete records showing all the information called for by OPA Form 620-759 with regard to how he determined his ceiling price, for so long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, remains in effect.

If the maximum resale price cannot be determined under the above method the reseller shall apply to the Office of Price Administration for the establishment of a ceiling price under §1499.3 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Ceiling prices established under that section will reflect the supplier's prices as adjusted in accordance with this order.

(c) *Terms of sale.* Ceiling prices adjusted by this order are subject to each seller's terms, discounts, and allowances on sales to each class of purchaser in effect during March 1942, or thereafter properly established under OPA regulations.

(d) *Notification.* At the time of or prior to the first invoice to a purchaser for resale on and after the effective date of this order, showing prices adjusted in accordance with this order, the seller

shall notify the purchaser in writing of the method established in paragraph (b) of this order for determining adjusted maximum prices for sale of the articles. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(e) The provisions of Supplementary Order No. 153 are not applicable to any sales covered by this order.

(f) The manufacturer shall file the report described in Supplementary Order No. 133 with the Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C.

(g) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at anytime.

(h) This order shall become effective on the 10th day of October 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 76 UNDER SUPPLEMENTARY ORDER 133

On March 26, 1946, Franklin Manufacturing Corporation of Brookville, Indiana, applied to the Office of Price Administration for adjustment of its maximum prices for sales of the burial caskets which it manufactures. The application has been processed under Supplementary Order No. 133.

Supplementary Order No. 133 authorizes the granting of an increase in the maximum prices of a manufacturer when his products are covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, if the manufacturer shows that unless such an adjustment is authorized, he will be compelled to conduct his entire business operations at a loss. In addition, it must appear that the loss is not due to any of the factors listed in section 3 (b) of Supplementary Order No. 133.

The information submitted demonstrates that the articles in question are covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188; that the manufacturer's current over-all operations are being conducted at a loss; and that such loss is not occasioned by any of the factors listed in section 3 (b) of Supplementary Order No. 133. Therefore, the accompanying order permits a uniform percentage increase in the manufacturer's maximum prices with respect to the items specified in the application. This increase will enable the manufacturer to operate without loss.

In compliance with the requirements of section 5 of Supplementary Order No. 133, the manufacturer is advised of his duty to file a profit and loss statement covering the first three months of his operations under this order with the Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., within four months after the effective date of this order.

The accompanying order permits each purchaser for resale to pass on to his customers the percentage amount of increase by which his supplier has adjusted his maximum prices. This is in accordance with the provisions of section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18233; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[MPR 120, Order 1754]

NEW FUEL CO. ET AL.

ESTABLISHMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES AND PRICE CLASSIFICATIONS

For the reasons set forth in an accompanying opinion, and in accordance with § 1340.210 (a) (6) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, It is ordered:

Producers identified herein operate named mines assigned the mine index numbers, the price classifications and the maximum prices in cents per net ton for the indicated uses and shipments as set forth herein. All are in district No. 1. The mine index numbers and the price classifications assigned are permanent but the maximum prices may be changed by an amendment issued after the effective date of this order. Where such an amendment is issued for the district in which the mines involved herein are located and where the amendment makes no particular reference to a mine or mines involved herein, the prices shall be the prices set forth in such amendment for the price classifications of the respective size groups. The location of each mine is given by county and State. The maximum prices stated to be for truck shipment are in cents per net ton f. o. b. the mine or preparation plant and when stated to be for rail shipment or for railroad locomotive fuel are in cents per net ton f. o. b. rail shipping point. In cases where mines ship coals by river the prices for such shipments are those established for rail shipment and are in cents per net ton f. o. b. river shipping point. However, producer is subject to the provisions of § 1340.212 and all other provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120.

NEW FUEL CO., 722 WASHINGTON ST., CUMBERLAND, MD., NANCY JEAN MINE, PARKER SEAM, MINE INDEX NO. 5868, ALLEGANY COUNTY, MD., SUBDISTRICT 43, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: MOUNT SAVAGE, MD., DEEP MINE

	Size group Nos.				
	1	2	3	4	5
Rail and truck price classification.....	D	D	D	D	D
Rail shipment.....	452	432	427	417	417
Railroad locomotive fuel.....	412	412	397	387	387
Truck shipment.....	462	437	437	427	417

NORTH STAR COAL CO., 604 BESSEMER BLDG., PITTSBURGH, PA., JEAN NO. 3 MINE, B SEAM, MINE INDEX NO. 5843, FAYETTE COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 35, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: INDIAN HEAD, PA., DEEP MINE

	Size group Nos.				
	1	2	3	4	5
Rail and truck price classification.....	E	E	E	E	E
Rail shipment.....	447	427	427	407	407
Railroad locomotive fuel.....	412	412	397	387	387
Truck shipment.....	457	432	432	422	412

THE NUGENT MINING CO., DU BOIS, PA., McMINNS SUMMIT MINE, B SEAM, MINE INDEX NO. 5756, JEFFERSON COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 5, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: LANES MILLS, PA., STRIP MINE

	Size group Nos.				
	1	2	3	4	5
Rail and truck price classification.....	E	E	E	E	E
Rail shipment.....	355	335	335	315	315
Railroad locomotive fuel.....	320	320	305	295	295
Truck shipment.....	365	340	340	330	320

¹Subject to the provisions of Order No. 1548 under MPR No. 120, as amended.

P & N COAL CO., P. O. BOX 332, PUNXSUTAWNEY, PA., P & N NO. 15 MINE, E SEAM, MINE INDEX NO. 5824, INDIANA COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 6, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: ROSSITER, PA., STRIP MINE

	Size group Nos.				
	1	2	3	4	5
Rail and truck price classification.....	F	F	F	F	F
Rail shipment.....	335	335	335	305	305
Railroad locomotive fuel.....	320	320	305	295	295
Truck shipment.....	360	335	335	325	315

P & N COAL CO., BOX 332, PUNXSUTAWNEY, PA., P & N NO. 16 MINE, E SEAM, MINE INDEX NO. 5836, JEFFERSON COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 6, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: ADRIAN, PA., STRIP MINE

	Size group Nos.				
	1	2	3	4	5
Rail and truck price classification.....	F	F	F	F	F
Rail shipment.....	335	335	335	305	305
Railroad locomotive fuel.....	320	320	305	295	295
Truck shipment.....	360	335	335	325	315

P & N COAL CO., BOX 332, PUNXSUTAWNEY, PA., P & N NO. 17 MINE, E SEAM, MINE INDEX NO. 5857, JEFFERSON COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 6, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: ROSSITER, PA., STRIP MINE

	Size group Nos.				
	1	2	3	4	5
Rail and truck price classification.....	F	F	F	F	F
Rail shipment.....	335	335	335	305	305
Railroad locomotive fuel.....	320	320	305	295	295
Truck shipment.....	360	335	335	325	315

P & N COAL CO., BOX 332, PUNXSUTAWNEY, PA., P & N NO. 14 MINE, C SEAM, MINE INDEX NO. 5814, ELK COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 2, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: MEDIX RUN, PA., STRIP MINE

	Size group Nos.				
	1	2	3	4	5
Rail and truck price classification.....	E	E	E	E	E
Rail shipment.....	355	335	335	315	315
Railroad locomotive fuel.....	320	320	305	295	295
Truck shipment.....	365	340	340	330	320

PARWORTH COAL CO., PHILPSBURG, PA., PARWORTH NO. 2 MINE, D SEAM, MINE INDEX NO. 5851, CLEARFIELD COUNTY, PA., SUBDISTRICT 13, RAIL SHIPPING POINT: STERLING SIDING 4579, PA., DEEP AND STRIP MINE

	Size group Nos.				
	1	2	3	4	5
Rail and truck price classification.....	D	D	D	D	D
Rail shipment.....	360	340	335	325	325
Railroad locomotive fuel.....	320	320	305	295	295
Truck shipment.....	370	345	345	335	325

NOTE: The foregoing maximum prices are applicable to strip-mined coals. To determine the effective maximum prices for deep-mined coal, add 92 cents per net ton to each of the foregoing maximum prices.

¹ Subject to the provisions of Order No. 1548 under MPR No. 120, as amended.

This order shall become effective October 10, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 1754 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 120

The order which this opinion accompanies establishes maximum prices and price classifications and assigns mine index numbers to mines in District No. 1 which had not been classified and numbered by the former Bituminous Coal Division. This is done in accordance with § 1340.210 (a) (6) of the regulation which provides for this action.

Under this section, a producer is required to file an application for maximum prices and classifications based upon those of the nearest mine in the same or substantially similar seams.

Generally the producer requests the prices and classifications he deems proper.

This application was then submitted to the industry advisory committee for District No. 1. The prices and classifications established are those recommended by the committee and those requested by the applicants, if a request was made, and are fair and equitable.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18228; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:53 a. m.]

[MPR 580, Amdt. 1 to Order 317]

KORET, INC.

ESTABLISHMENT OF CEILING PRICES

Maximum Price Regulation 580, Amendment 1 to Order 317. Establishing ceiling prices at retail for certain articles. Docket No. 6063-580-13-813.

For the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith, Order No. 317 issued under section 13 of Maximum Price Regulation 580 on application of Koret, Inc., 33 East 33d Street, New York, New York, is amended in the following respect:

1. Paragraph (a) is amended by deleting the word "Leather" from the heading "Ladies' Leather Handbags."

This amendment shall become effective October 11, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 1 TO ORDER NO. 317 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 580

The accompanying amendment to Order No. 317 issued to Koret, Inc., 33 East 33d Street, New York, New York, under section 13 of Maximum Price Regulation 580, deletes the word "Leather" from the heading "Ladies' Leather Handbags." Since Koret, Inc. manufactures branded handbags made not only of leather but also of other materials, the order is amended so that it will not be limited to the pricing of leather handbags only.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18403; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 11:16 a. m.]

CERTAIN DOUBLE DECK BUNK BEDS, SINGLE BEDSTEADS, COTS, MATTRESSES AND HOSPITAL BEDS

[SO 94, Amdt. 2 to 2d Rev. Order 16]

SPECIAL MAXIMUM PRICES

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

2d Revised Order 16 under Supplementary Order 94 is amended in the following respects:

1. Paragraph (b) (1) is amended by deleting the fourth item listed therein (new metal folding hospital bed with cotton mattress) and the respective prices therefor, and by adding at the

end of paragraph (b) (1) the following described items and their respective maximum prices.

Description	Prices for all sales to retailers, f. o. b. shipping point	Price for all sales at retail
New metal folding bed, 36" x 78" x 32 1/4", 2" x 1 1/2" angle frame, steel fabric spring, 2 tee bars.....	\$5.35	\$9.95
New cotton filled mattress, 34" x 74" x 4", 6.15 striped ticking, weight 28 lbs.....	5.35	9.95

This amendment shall become effective October 14, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER,
Acting Administrator.

**OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 2
TO SECOND REVISED ORDER 16 UNDER
SUPPLEMENTARY ORDER 94**

Second Revised Order 16 established, among other things, maximum prices for resales of a certain new metal folding hospital bed, therein described, including cotton filled mattress. When Order 16 under SO 94 was originally issued, the disposal agency requested maximum prices on a combination hospital unit consisting of a metal bed and mattress. Later, maximum prices on the mattress and a folding metal bed were separately established under section 7 of SO 94 upon the request of the Government disposal agency. It now develops that the bed in question priced together with mattress under Second Revised Order 16 is in reality not a special hospital item but is instead the same bed and mattress as has been priced under section 7 of SO 122. Since the War Assets Administration has been selling the bed and mattress separately at prices in conformity with the maximum prices established under section 7 of SO 122, 2d Revised Order 16 under SO 94 is being amended to exclude the combination unit and to include the bed and mattress separately at those prices now in effect. In all other respects, 2d Revised Order 16 remains unchanged.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18401; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 11:15 a. m.]

[MPR 61, Amdt. 1 to Order 12]

**BAG, NOVELTY OR POCKETBOOK SHEEP OR
LAMB LEATHER
OPTIONAL PRICING METHOD**

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to section 4 of Maximum Price Regulation 61, *It is ordered:*

Order No. 12 under Maximum Price Regulation 61 is amended in the following respects:

Paragraph (d) is redesignated paragraph (e) and a new paragraph (d) is added to read as follows:

(d) *Optional maximum price for producers.* In any case where a producer sold any leather specified in this order prior to August 1, 1942, such producer may, at his option, determine his maxi-

mum price under the other provisions of Order No. 12 or apply to the Leather, Fur and Fibers Branch, Consumer Goods Price Division, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., pursuant to section 14 of Maximum Price Regulation 61 for the establishment of a maximum price in line with the general level of prices prevailing during the base period, but not to exceed his highest base period maximum price, for sales to the same class of purchaser, of the identical type, weight, potential cutting value and quality and grade of bag, novelty or pocketbook sheep and lamb leather; *Provided, however,* That no producer may sell at a maximum price established by order under this paragraph (d) of Order No. 12 an amount greater than the total amount of the identical leather such producer sold during the corresponding month in the period August 1, 1941 to August 1, 1942. The maximum price for all bag, novelty or pocketbook sheep and lamb leather sold in excess of the monthly quota herein established shall be the maximum price established by the other provisions of this Order No. 12.

This amendment shall become effective October 14, 1946.

NOTE: The reporting provisions of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 9th day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER,
Acting Administrator.

**OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 1
TO ORDER NO. 12 UNDER MAXIMUM
PRICE REGULATION 61**

The accompanying amendment to Order No. 12 under Maximum Price Regulation 61 affords producers who sold bag, novelty, or pocketbook sheep or lamb leather during the year prior to August 1, 1942, an optional method of pricing these leathers.

Order No. 12 established maximum prices at the producers' level for sales and deliveries of bag, novelty, and pocketbook leather produced from sheep or lambskins. Before price control was instituted certain producers in this field had tanned a quality product and had thereby established higher prices than those in Order No. 12. Such producers have maintained the same relative basis for production and total sales of this leather during price control as they did prior thereto. They consistently allocated only high quality skins to production of this type of leather. As a result, the percentage of their production of this type of leather has not been increased at the expense of lower priced leathers such as shoe linings. One of the purposes of Order No. 12 was to reduce the diversion of low end sheep and lamb from the shoe lining trade. The problem of obtaining a sufficient supply of shoe lining leather is still such as to warrant the continuance of Order No. 12.

Under this amendment to Order No. 12, an optional pricing method is granted to base period producers of the specified leather without impairing, however, attainment of the objectives of the order. The amendment will not affect producers who entered this field after August

1, 1942. Tanners who produced this type of leather prior to August 1, 1942 may now apply to the Office of Price Administration for the establishment of a maximum price in line with the general level of prices, not to exceed the highest price received during the base period, for the identical type, weight, potential cutting value, quality and grade of leather. Such applications will be scrutinized with extreme care and can be granted only if the producers support their application with adequate information concerning their base period practice in accordance with the requirements of this amendment.

In order to prevent retail prices from being affected to a greater extent and to maintain the same historic relationship between production and such prices as existed during the base period, it is necessary to fix a limitation on the amount of leather that may be sold under the optional pricing method. It appears that the most representative period for this purpose is the period August 1, 1941 to August 1, 1942. Each producer may currently sell at the maximum prices established by order under the optional method of paragraph (d) of Order No. 12 the same quantity of the identical leather that he sold in the corresponding month during that period. Since that was a period of an expanding market, producers will not be restricted unreasonably and at the same time the purposes of this order will be achieved. The total sales of the producer are not restricted however. He is permitted to sell any amount of this leather he may desire except that any amount above the quota established must be sold at the maximum prices established by paragraphs (a) and (b) of Order No. 12.

All provisions of this amendment and their effect upon business practices, cost practices or method, or means or aids to distribution in the industry or industries affected have been carefully considered. No provisions which might have the effect of requiring a change in such practices, means, aids or methods established in the industry or industries affected, have been included unless such provisions have been found necessary to achieve effective price control and to prevent circumvention or evasion of Maximum Price Regulation 61 or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. To the extent that the provisions of this amendment compel or may operate to compel changes in business practices, cost practices or methods, or means or aids to distribution established in the industry or industries affected, such provisions are necessary to prevent circumvention or evasion of Maximum Price Regulation 61 or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

Insofar as practicable, the Administrator has consulted with representatives of the industry affected by this regulation and has given consideration to their recommendations. In the opinion of the Administrator the maximum prices established by this regulation are fair and equitable to the industry generally and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, and Executive Orders 9250, 9328, 9599, 9651, and 9697.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18400; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 11:15 a. m.]

Regional and District Office Orders.

[Kansas City Order 7 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 3]

BUILDING MATERIALS IN NORTHERN MISSOURI AREA

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68: *It is hereby ordered*, That Order No. 7 under General Order No. 68 be and it is hereby amended in the following respects:

The prices heretofore established for the following named item in Appendix A of said order No. 7 including any amendments thereto is hereby deleted and the following prices of said item are substituted in lieu thereof.

Item	Selling unit	F. o. b. yard, store, plant or railroad car
Portland cement standard gray (paper).	94 lb. in paper bag.	\$. 765
Portland cement standard gray (cloth).	94 lb. in cloth bag.	. 965

A 25¢ refund shall be made upon the return of each empty bag in serviceable condition.

All other provisions of said original Order No. 7 and/or any amendments thereto which are not specifically amended hereby shall remain in full force and effect.

Issued and effective the 9th day of September 1946.

J. G. CALLAWAY,
District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 3 TO ORDER NO. 7 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

In compliance with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation 224, permitting an increase of deposits on cloth bags for cement, Amendment No. 3 to Order No. 7 under General Order No. 68 is issued to provide for the authorized increase.

This amendment authorizes an increase of deposits on cloth cement bags from ten cents (\$0.10) to twenty-five cents (\$0.25) per bag, and provides that the refund upon return of the bags shall equal the deposit.

This amendment was made only after consultation with representative retail sellers of the materials affected, and in the opinion of the District Director, the amendment is necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and it does effectuate those purposes. The District Director is of the further opinion that the amendment is generally fair and equitable to the buyers and sellers alike.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18236; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the

Division of the Federal Register on October 4, 1946.

Region II

Newark Order 28, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries in certain counties in New Jersey. Filed 10:04 a. m.

Newark Order 29, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries in certain counties in New Jersey. Filed 10:04 a. m.

Newark Order 30, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries in certain counties in New Jersey. Filed 10:04 a. m.

Scranton Order 26, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:04 a. m.

Scranton Order 27, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:04 a. m.

Scranton Order 28, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:03 a. m.

Scranton Order 29, Amendments 2 and 3, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:03 a. m.

Wilmington Order 6-F, Amendment 5, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the State of Delaware. Filed 10:03 a. m.

Wilmington Order 27, Amendments 2 and 3, covering dry groceries in Delaware North of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal. Filed 10:02 and 9:59 a. m.

Wilmington Order 28, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries in Delaware North of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal. Filed 9:58 a. m.

Region III

Charleston Order 14-F, Amendment 26, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in West Virginia. Filed 10:05 a. m.

Cincinnati Order 16-F, Amendment 7-A, covering fresh fruits and vegetables. Filed 10:12 a. m.

Cincinnati Orders 5-C and 6-C, Amendment 4-A, covering poultry. Filed 10:15 and 10:13 a. m.

Cincinnati Orders 3-D and 4-D, Amendment 1-A, covering butter and cheese. Filed 10:15 and 10:14 a. m.

Cincinnati Orders 5-D and 6-D, Amendment 1-A, covering butter and cheese. Filed 10:14 a. m.

Cincinnati Order 8-O and 9-O, Amendment 2-A, covering eggs. Filed 10:14 a. m.

Cincinnati Order 26, Amendment 6-A, covering dry groceries. Filed 10:13 a. m.

Cincinnati Orders 28 and 29, Amendment 5-A, covering dry groceries. Filed 10:12 a. m.

Cincinnati Orders 10-W and 11-W, Amendments 6-A and 5-A, covering dry groceries. Filed 10:15 a. m.

Region V

Dallas Order 30, Amendments 11 and 12, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:42 and 9:41 a. m.

Dallas Order 31, Amendments 17, 19 and 20, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:41 a. m.

Fort Worth Orders 20 and 21, Amendments 11 and 16, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:41 a. m.

Kansas City Order 25, Amendment 6, covering dry groceries sold by Groups 3 and 4 stores. Filed 9:43 a. m.

New Orleans Order 32 and 33, Amendments 9 and 18, covering dry groceries sold by Groups 1 and 2 and 3 and 4 stores. Filed 9:43 and 9:42 a. m.

New Orleans Order 33, Amendment 19, covering dry groceries sold by Groups 3A and 4A stores. Filed 9:42 a. m.

Oklahoma City Order 18, Amendments 9 and 10, covering dry groceries sold by Groups 1 and 2 stores. Filed 9:42 a. m.

San Antonio Order 18, Amendment 8, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:45 a. m.

Region VIII

Los Angeles Order LA-12, Amendment 21, covering dry groceries in the Los Angeles Metropolitan area. Filed 9:16 a. m.

Nevada Order 40, Amendments 1 and 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:05 a. m.

Nevada Order 41, Amendments 1 and 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:05 a. m.

Nevada Order 42, Amendments 1 and 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:04 a. m.

Nevada Order 43, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:04 a. m.

Nevada Order 44, Amendments 1 and 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:04 a. m., 9:03 a. m.

Nevada Order 45, Amendments 1 and 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:03 a. m.

Nevada Order 46, Amendments 1 and 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:02 a. m.

Portland Order 36, Amendment 7, covering dry groceries in the Portland area. Filed 9:33 a. m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18206; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on October 4, 1946:

Region VII

Albuquerque Order 48, Amendment 1, covering dry groceries in the Southern and Eastern New Mexico area. Filed 9:18 a. m.

Albuquerque Order 47, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries in certain areas in New Mexico. Filed 9:19 a. m.

Boise Order 8-F, Amendments 3 and 4, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Boise City area. Filed 9:21 and 9:22 a. m.

Boise Order 59, Amendments 1 and 2, covering dry groceries in certain areas in Idaho and Ontario in Malheur County, Oregon. Filed 9:22 a. m.

Denver Order 4-F, Amendment 55, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Denver area. Filed 9:21 a. m.

Denver Order 5-F, Amendment 55, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Pueblo area. Filed 9:20 a. m.

Denver Order 6-F, Amendment 55, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Colorado Springs-Manitou area. Filed 9:20 a. m.

Denver Order 7-F, Amendment 55, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Boulder-Fort Collins-Greeley area. Filed 9:20 a. m.

Denver Order 8-F, Amendment 24, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Trinidad area. Filed 9:20 a. m.

Denver Order 9-F, Amendment 18, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Grand Junction area. Filed 9:19 a. m.

Denver Order 10-F, Amendment 9, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Fort Morgan-Sterling-Akron area. Filed 9:19 a. m.

Salt Lake City Order 38, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:18 a. m.

Salt Lake City Order 39, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:18 a. m.

Salt Lake City Order 40, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:18 a. m.

Salt Lake City Order 41, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:17 a. m.

Salt Lake City Order 42, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:17 a. m.

Salt Lake City Order 43, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:17 a. m.

Region VIII

Los Angeles Order LA-12, Amendments 22, 23 and 24, covering dry groceries in the Los Angeles Metropolitan area. Filed 9:16 and 9:15 a. m.

Los Angeles Order LA-13, Amendments 16, 17 and 18, covering dry groceries in the Riverside-San Bernardino area. Filed 9:15 and 9:14 a. m.

Los Angeles Order LA-14, Amendments 15 and 16, covering dry groceries in the 17 Santa Barbara-Ventura area. Filed 9:14 and 9:13 a. m.

Los Angeles Order LA-15, Amendments 14, 15 and 16, covering dry groceries in the San Luis Obispo area. Filed 9:13 a. m.

Los Angeles Order LA-16, Amendments 14, 15 and 16, covering dry groceries in the Riverside-San Bernardino Ventura and Los Angeles counties. Filed 9:12 a. m.

Los Angeles Order LA-17, Amendments 14, 15 and 16, covering dry groceries in the Riverside, Inyo, San Bernardino, Kern and Los Angeles counties. Filed 9:11 and 9:12 a. m.

Los Angeles Order LA-18, Amendments 3, 4 and 5, covering dry groceries in certain areas in California. Filed 9:11 and 9:10 a. m.

Los Angeles Order LA-19, Amendments 3, 4 and 5, covering dry groceries in Kern county. Filed 9:10 and 9:09 a. m.

Los Angeles Order LA-20, Amendments 3, 4 and 5, covering dry groceries in San Diego county. Filed 9:09 and 9:08 a. m.

Los Angeles Order LA-21, Amendments 3, 4 and 5, covering dry groceries in Imperial county. Filed 9:07 a. m.

Los Angeles Order LA-22, Amendments 3, 4 and 5, covering dry groceries in San Diego and Imperial counties. Filed 9:07 and 9:06 a. m.

Los Angeles Order LA-1-W, Amendment 15, covering dry groceries in the Los Angeles Metropolitan area. Filed 9:06 a. m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18204; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on October 4, 1946:

Region IV

Nashville Order 24, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Tennessee. Filed 9:18 a. m.

Region VI

Chicago Order 1-M, Amendment 3, covering bottled beer and ale in corporate limits of Chicago, Illinois. Filed 9:22 a. m.

Region VII

Boise Order 9-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in Idaho. Filed 9:22 a. m.

Boise Order 10-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Idaho and Vale, Nyssa, Ontario, in the State of Oregon. Filed 9:23 a. m.

Region VIII

Portland Order 31, Amendment 11, covering dry groceries in the Klamath Falls Extended area. Filed 9:37 a. m.

Portland Order 32, Amendment 11, covering dry groceries in the Portland Extended area. Filed 9:37 a. m.

Portland Order 33, Amendment 12, covering dry groceries in the Northwestern area. Filed 9:34 a. m.

Portland Order 34, Amendment 12, covering dry groceries in the Portland area. Filed 9:34 a. m.

Portland Order 35, Amendment 12, covering dry groceries in the Southwestern Oregon area. Filed 9:34 a. m.

San Francisco Order 52, Amendments 2 and 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:29 a. m.

San Francisco Order 53, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:28 a. m.

San Francisco Order 54, Amendment 1, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:28 a. m.

San Francisco Order 55, Amendments 1 and 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:28 a. m.

San Francisco Order 56, Amendments 1, 2, and 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:27 and 9:26 a. m.

San Francisco Order 58, Amendments 1 and 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:26 a. m.

San Francisco Order 59, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:26 a. m.

San Francisco Order 60, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:25 a. m.

San Francisco Order 61, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:25 a. m.

San Francisco Order 62, Amendments 1 and 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:25 and 9:24 a. m.

San Francisco Order 63, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:24 a. m.

San Francisco Order 64, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:24 a. m.

San Francisco Order 65, Amendments 2 and 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:32 a. m.

San Francisco Order 66, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:32 a. m.

San Francisco Order 67, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:32 a. m.

San Francisco Order 68, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:31 a. m.

San Francisco Order 69, Amendments 1, 2, and 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:31 a. m.

San Francisco Order 70, Amendments 1, 2, and 3, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:30 a. m.

San Francisco Order 71, Amendment 1, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:36 a. m. and 9:29 a. m.

San Francisco Order 72, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries. Filed 9:36 a. m.

Seattle Order 16-F, Amendment 56, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Seattle, Tacoma and Bremerton, Washington. Filed 9:36 a. m.

Seattle Order 17-F, Amendment 49, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Bellingham, and Everett, Washington. Filed 9:35 a. m.

Seattle Order 18-F, Amendment 50, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Olympia, Aberdeen, Hoquiam, Centralia and Chehalis, Washington. Filed 9:35 a. m.

Seattle Order 19-F, Amendment 47, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Yakima, Wenatchee, and East Wenatchee, Washington. Filed 9:35 a. m.

Spokane Order 50, Amendment 5, covering dry groceries in certain areas in Washington. Filed 9:39 a. m.

Spokane Order 51, Amendment 6, covering dry groceries in certain areas in Washington. Filed 9:39 a. m.

Spokane Order 52, Amendment 6, covering dry groceries in certain cities and towns in Washington. Filed 9:38 a. m.

Spokane Order 53, Amendment 6, covering dry groceries in certain areas in Washington. Filed 9:38 a. m.

Spokane Order 54, Amendment 6, covering dry groceries in certain areas in Washington. Filed 9:38 a. m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18205; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

[Region III Order G-64 Under MPR 592]

NORTHERN CONCRETE PRODUCT CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 and the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, it is hereby ordered:

(a) *What this order does.* This Order No. G-64 under section 16 of Maximum

Price Regulation No. 592 provides for an adjustment of maximum prices for the sales of cement brick, sand and gravel produced by the Northern Concrete Product Company of Petoskey, Michigan, hereinafter referred to as the manufacturer. The maximum prices of the manufacturer and the maximum prices of the resellers of such commodities are adjusted herein.

(b) *Manufacturer's adjusted maximum prices.* The adjusted maximum prices for sales by the manufacturer of cement brick, sand and gravel produced by it shall be as follows:

Type of sale	Adjusted maximum prices		
	Cement brick, per thousand	Sand, per yard	Gravel, per yard
F. o. b. yard—			
To dealer	\$18.05		
At retail	20.20	\$0.80	\$0.35
Delivered—			
To dealer	21.25		
At retail	23.35	1.85	1.60

(c) *Resellers' adjusted maximum prices.* Any resellers of the commodities for which an adjustment is granted the manufacturer in (b) above may add to his maximum prices in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this order, to each class of purchaser, the percentage amount of increase in his net invoiced cost resulting from the increases granted the manufacturer by this order. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, in any area where specific maximum prices are fixed by an area pricing order, such specific prices shall apply in that area.

(d) *Discounts, allowances and special charges.* All sellers of the subject commodities must continue to maintain discounts, allowances and other price differentials, to each class of purchaser, at least as favorable as those which were in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this order, and are permitted to add to their maximum prices, as adjusted herein, such charges for extras as were customarily added immediately prior to the effective date of this order.

(e) *Notification.* The manufacturer, at or prior to the first billing reflecting the adjustment herein granted, shall send to each purchaser who resells the commodities covered by this order, a notice of the price increases authorized by this order. Such notices shall contain substantially the following:

Order No. G-64 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 provides for an adjustment of maximum prices for the sale of cement brick, sand and gravel produced by the Northern Concrete Product Company. Resellers may add to their maximum prices in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this order, to each class of purchaser, the percentage amount of increase in their net invoiced costs resulting from the increases granted to the manufacturer by this order. However, in any area where specific maximum prices are fixed by an area pricing order, such specific maximum prices shall apply in that area.

(f) *Revocation and amendment.* This order may be revoked or amended at any

time by the Office of Price Administration.

This order shall become effective September 30, 1946.

Issued September 30, 1946.

JOHN F. KESSEL,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. G-64 UNDER SECTION 16 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 592

The accompanying Order No. G-64 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 provides for an adjustment of the maximum prices of cement brick, sand and gravel produced by the Northern Concrete Product Company of Petoskey, Michigan (therein referred to as the manufacturer), and further provides for an adjustment of the maximum prices of resellers of such commodities.

Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 authorizes the Regional Administrator, upon application, to adjust the maximum prices of certain commodities, including cement brick, sand and gravel, which are produced by a supplier whose supply of the commodities could not be replaced if the supplier discontinued production. Investigation has shown that the manufacturer is such a supplier.

The adjustment requested by the manufacturer is an adjustment of its maximum prices of cement brick, sand and gravel, by which, under the provisions of section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592, the Regional Administrator may authorize increases in the maximum prices of the manufacturer's commodities in an amount sufficient to permit the recovery of total costs plus a reasonable margin of profit.

Analysis of the financial data submitted by the manufacturer discloses that it is not realizing total costs plus a reasonable margin of profit. It is, therefore, concluded that an adjustment should be granted. It is considered that the adjustment granted, while constituting the minimum required, is sufficient to enable the manufacturer to maintain a continued supply of the subject commodities.

It has been determined that resellers of the subject commodities would be unable to absorb the increase granted to the manufacturer and, accordingly, it is provided in the order that any reseller may add to his maximum prices in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this order, to each class of purchaser, the percentage amount of increase in his net invoiced cost resulting from the increases granted the manufacturer by such order. The accompanying order does not, however, permit resellers to increase their maximum prices where such prices are established under dollar-and-cents area pricing orders.

The price increases established in the accompanying order are considered generally fair and equitable in accordance with the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 and consistent with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18242; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Region III Order G-65 Under MPR 592]

BLUEFIELD CINDER BLOCK Co.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 and the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, it is hereby ordered:

(a) *What this order does.* This Order No. G-65 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 provides for an adjustment of maximum prices for the sales of cinder and concrete block produced by the Bluefield Cinder Block Company of Bluefield, West Virginia, hereinafter referred to as the manufacturer. The maximum prices of the manufacturer and the maximum prices of the resellers of such commodities are adjusted herein.

(b) *Manufacturer's adjusted maximum prices.* The adjusted maximum prices for sales by the manufacturer of cinder and concrete block produced by it shall be as follows:

Commodity	Adjusted maximum price (each)
4 x 8 x 16 cinder blocks	\$0.05½
4 x 8 x 16 concrete blocks	.06½
8 x 8 x 16 cinder blocks	.11
8 x 8 x 16 concrete blocks	.13
12 x 8 x 16 cinder blocks	.16
4 x 8 x 18 solid cinder blocks	.08
8 x 8 x 16 solid cinder blocks	.16

(c) *Resellers' adjusted maximum prices.* Any reseller of the commodities for which an adjustment is granted the manufacturer in (b) above may add to his maximum prices in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this order, to each class of purchaser, the percentage amount of increase in his net invoiced cost resulting from the increases granted the manufacturer by this order. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, in any area where specific maximum prices are fixed by an area pricing order, such specific maximum prices shall apply in that area.

(d) *Discounts, allowances and special charges.* All sellers of the subject commodities must continue to maintain discounts, allowances and other price differentials, to each class of purchaser, at least as favorable as those which were in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this order, and are permitted to add to their maximum prices, as adjusted herein, such charges for extras as were customarily added immediately prior to the effective date of this order.

(e) *Notification.* The manufacturer, at or prior to the first billing reflecting the adjustment herein granted, shall send to each purchaser who resells the commodities covered by this order, a notice of the price increases authorized by this order. Such notice shall contain substantially the following:

Order No. G-65 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 provides for an adjustment of maximum prices for the sale of cinder and concrete block produced by the Bluefield Cinder Block Company. Resellers may add to their maximum prices in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this order, to each class of purchaser,

the percentage amount of increase in their net invoiced costs resulting from the increases granted to the manufacturer by this order. However, in any area where specific maximum prices are fixed by an area pricing order, such specific maximum prices shall apply in that area.

(f) *Revocation and amendment.* This order may be revoked or amended at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

This order shall become effective September 30, 1946.

Issued September 30, 1946.

JOHN F. KESSEL,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. G-65
UNDER SECTION 16 OF MAXIMUM PRICE
REGULATION NO. 592

The accompanying Order No. G-65 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 provides for an adjustment of the maximum prices of cinder and concrete block produced by the Bluefield Cinder Block Company of Bluefield, West Virginia (therein referred to as the manufacturer) and further provides for an adjustment of the maximum prices of resellers of such commodities.

Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 authorizes the Regional Administrator, upon application, to adjust the maximum prices of certain commodities, including cinder and concrete block, which are produced by a supplier whose supply of the commodities could not be replaced if the supplier discontinued production. Investigation has shown that the manufacturer is such a supplier.

The adjustment requested by the manufacturer is an adjustment of its maximum prices of cinder and concrete block, by which, under the provisions of section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592, the Regional Administrator may authorize increases in the maximum prices of the manufacturer's commodities in an amount sufficient to permit the recovery of total costs plus a reasonable margin of profit.

Analysis of the financial data submitted by the manufacturer discloses that it is not realizing total costs plus a reasonable margin of profit. It is, therefore, concluded that an adjustment should be granted. It is considered that the adjustment granted, while constituting the minimum required, is sufficient to enable the manufacturer to maintain a continued supply of the subject commodities.

It has been determined that resellers of the subject commodities would be unable to absorb the increase granted to the manufacturer and, accordingly, it is provided in the order that any reseller may add to his maximum prices in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this order, to each class of purchaser, the percentage amount of increase in his net invoiced cost resulting from the increases granted the manufacturer by such order. The accompanying order does not, however, permit resellers to increase their maximum prices where such prices are established under dollar-and-cents area pricing orders.

The price increases established in the accompanying order are considered gen-

erally fair and equitable in accordance with the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 and consistent with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18243; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Jacksonville Order G-8 Under Gen. Order 68]

HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN MARION
COUNTY, FLA., AREA

For the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion and under the authority vested in the District Director of the Jacksonville, Florida District Office, Region IV, of the Office of Price Administration by General Order No. 68 issued by the Administrator of the Office of Price Administration Region IV, Delegation Order No. 93 issued November 5, 1945, it is hereby ordered:

SECTION 1. What this order covers. This order covers all "retail sales" by any seller of commodities specified in this order delivered to any purchaser located in the County of Marion in the State of Florida. This order does not apply to sales made to any person who customarily resells more than 10% of his purchases of the commodities specified herein through "retail sales", or to sales to applicators as hereinafter defined.

SEC. 2. Definition of retail sales. For the purposes of this order, a retail sale means a sale to an ultimate user including, among others, commercial users, industrial users and contractors, or to purchasers for resale on an installed basis, excluding applicators. For the purposes of this order, an applicator is defined as a contractor engaged exclusively in the business of applying roofing and/or siding and/or insulation to buildings.

SEC. 3. Description of items covered by this order. This order covers the list of "hard building materials" set forth in the annexed Table I, including certain cement, lime, plaster, masonry mix, gypsum board, gypsum base lath, standard prewood, asbestos shingles, asbestos siding, asphalt shingles, roll roofing, felt, rockwool batts, insulation board and tile board. Other related items may be added from time to time by Amendment without reference being made to this section.

SEC. 4. Relation to other regulations. The maximum prices fixed by this order supersede any maximum price or pricing method previously fixed by any other regulation or order. Except to the extent they are inconsistent with the provisions of this order, all other provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to sales covered by this order.

SEC. 5. Maximum prices. The maximum prices for building materials covered by this order are set forth in Table I which is annexed to and made a part of this order. Every seller making sales covered by this order shall maintain and preserve his usual and customary quantity and other discounts including discounts and differentials to different classes of purchasers.

SEC. 6. Posting of maximum prices. Every seller making sales covered by this order shall post a copy of Table I which lists maximum prices fixed by this order in each of his places of business in Marion County, Florida, in a manner plainly visible to all purchasers.

SEC. 7. Sales slips and records. Every seller covered by this order who has customarily given his customers a sales slip or other evidence of purchase must continue to do so. Upon request from a customer such seller regardless of previous custom, shall give the purchaser a receipt showing the date, name, and address of the seller, name and address of the buyer, the description and number or amount of each item sold and the price received for it. If he customarily prepared his sales slips in more than one copy, he must keep for at least twelve months after delivery a duplicate copy of each sales slip delivered by him pursuant to this section.

For any sale of \$50.00 or more each seller regardless of previous custom, must keep records showing at least the following:

- (1) Name and address of seller.
- (2) Name and address of buyer.
- (3) Date of transaction.
- (4) Place of delivery.
- (5) Complete description and number or amount of each item sold and price charged.

SEC. 8. Amendment. This order may be amended or revoked at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

This Order No. G-8 shall become effective September 20, 1946.

Issued September 16, 1946.

JOE Q. DOUGHERTY,
Acting District Director.

TABLE I

Item	Selling unit	Price
Portland cement.....	94-pound bag.....	\$0.93
Hydrated lime.....	50-pound bag.....	.56
Finish lime.....	do.....	.84
Plaster wall, hard.....	100-pound bag.....	1.17
Masonry mix.....	67-pound bag.....	.83
Gypsum board, ½-inch, sheetrock.....	Per M square feet.....	35.00
Gypsum base lath.....	do.....	29.25
Standard prewood, ¾- inch (masonite).....	do.....	85.00
Grey hex asbestos shingles.....	Per square.....	9.95
White asbestos siding, 12 x 24.....	do.....	8.95
210-pound thickbutt as- phalt shingles.....	do.....	8.25
167-pound hex asphalt shingles.....	do.....	5.90
90-pound mineral surfaced roll roofing.....	Per roll.....	3.10
15- and 30-pound felt.....	do.....	2.90
Rockwool standard batts.....	Per M.....	80.00
¾-inch insulation board.....	do.....	53.75
16"x 32 tile board.....	do.....	58.60

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. G-8
UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

Under General Order No. 68, as amended, the Price Administrator may, and each Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration and any District Director who may be authorized by the appropriate Regional Administrator is authorized to issue and put into effect orders establishing maximum prices, applicable to a particular community or defined area, for sales of commodities under the jurisdiction of the

Building Materials and Construction Price Branch by all persons to alternate users or to purchasers for resale on an installed basis.

This authority has been delegated to the Director of the Jacksonville District Office by the Regional Administrator of Region IV, by Regional Delegation Order No. 93, as amended.

Acting pursuant to said General Order No. 68, as amended, to Supplementary Order No. 172, to Revised Price Schedule No. 45, as amended, and to Regional Delegation Order No. 93, there is issued simultaneously herewith Order No. G-8 under General Order No. 68, establishing replacement community dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for certain listed "hard building materials" set forth in Table I, annexed to said order which listed items include certain cement, lime, plaster, masonry mix, gypsum board, gypsum base lath, standard prestwood, grey hex asbestos shingles, white asbestos siding, asphalt shingles, roll roofing, felt, rockwool batts, insulation board, tile board, and metal lath. The order provides that other related items may be added from time to time by amendment without reference being made to section 3, which designates the kinds of items listed.

Said Order No. G-8 under General Order No. 68 covers all retail sales by any seller of the commodities specified in said Order delivered to any purchaser in the County of Marion in the State of Florida. However, the order does not apply to sales made to any person who customarily resells more than 10% of his purchases of the commodities specified therein through "retail sales", or to sales to applicators.

Said Order No. G-8 provides that the maximum prices fixed thereby supersede any maximum price or pricing method previously fixed by any other regulation or order, and that except to the extent they are inconsistent with the provisions of said order, all other provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to sales covered by this order. The maximum prices established by said order are set forth in Table I annexed hereto.

Said Order No. G-8 moreover provides that each seller making sales covered thereby shall maintain and preserve his usual and customary quantity and other discounts including discounts and differentials to different classes of purchasers.

Order No. G-8 under General Order No. 68, as amended, contains provisions requiring posting of maximum prices, the giving of sales slips and the keeping of records.

The prices fixed in said Order No. G-8 do not exceed the general level of prices in Marion County, Florida as fixed and established under the General Maximum Price Regulation.

All provisions of the new regulation and their effect upon business practices, cost practices, or methods or means or aids to distribution in the industry have been carefully considered by the District Director of the Jacksonville District Office. No provisions which might have the effect of requiring a change in such prac-

tices, methods, means or aids established in the industry have been included in the new regulation unless such provisions have been found necessary to achieve effective price control and to prevent circumvention or evasion of the regulation or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. To the extent that provisions of the new regulation compel or may operate to compel changes in business practices, cost practices or methods, or means or aids to distribution established in the industry, such provisions have been found necessary to prevention or evasion of the regulation or Act.

The prices fixed in this Order No. G-8 under General Order No. 68 are generally fair and equitable and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended by the Stabilization Act of 1944, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended by the Stabilization Act of 1944, Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, and by the Price Control Extension Act of 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18240; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

[Region V Order G-10 Under 18 (c), Amdt. 1]

FIREWOOD IN SAN ANTONIO, TEX. DISTRICT

For the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region V of the Office of Price Administration by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and section 18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, *It is hereby ordered:*

Paragraphs (b) (1) and (b) (2) of Order No. G-10 under section 18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation are hereby revoked and amended to read as follows:

(b) Maximum Retail Prices Which May Be Charged or Received for Firewood in the Various Counties Composing the San Antonio, Texas District of the Office of Price Administration are established to be as follows:

(1) Retail prices per cord for sales in Bexar and Travis Counties:

	<i>Per cord</i>
(1) Hardwood:	
24 inches or under.....	\$14.00
Over 24 inches.....	12.00
Softwood:	
24 inches or under.....	13.50
Over 24 inches.....	11.50

(2) Retail prices per cord for sales in the Counties of Aransas, Atascosa, Bandera, Bastrop, Bee, Blanco, Brooks, Burnet, Caldwell, Calhoun, Cameron, Comal, Crockett, DeWitt, Dimmit, Duval, Edwards, Frio, Gillespie, Goliad, Gonzales, Guadalupe, Hays, Hidalgo, Jim Hogg, Jim Wells, Karnes, Kendall, Kenedy, Kerr, Kinney, Kimble, Kleberg, La Salle, Live Oak, Llano, McMullen, Mason, Maverick, Medina, Menard, Nueces, Real, Refugio, San Patricio, Schleicher, Starr, Sutton, Terrell, Uvalde, Val Verde, Victoria, Webb, Willacy, Williamson, Wilson, Zapata and Zavala shall be:

(4) The maximum price for firewood sold at retail in the above counties shall be \$11.75 per cord.

Except as herein amended, Order No. G-10 under Section 18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall continue in full force and effect.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E. O. 9250, 7 F. R. 7871; and E. O. 9328, 8 F. R. 4681)

Effective this 15th day of September 1946.

Issued at Dallas, Tex., this 11th day of September 1946.

W. A. ORTH,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO ORDER NO. G-10 UNDER SECTION 18 (C) OF THE GENERAL MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION ESTABLISHING MAXIMUM PRICES

The accompanying Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-10 under section 18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation amends Paragraphs (b) (1) and (b) (2) of Order No. G-10 under section 18 (c).

This amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-10 was issued because the sale of firewood at retail in the San Antonio District Area had ceased to be profitable. Legal cost increases have resulted in the Regional Administrator making a finding that the accompanying Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-10 will accomplish the purpose of making prices set forth in this amendment fair and equitable, and therefore in furtherance of the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18262; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 9:00 a. m.]

[Jacksonville Order G-9 Under Gen. Order 68]

HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN ALACHUA COUNTY, FLA., AREA

For the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion and under the authority vested in the District Director of the Jacksonville, Florida District Office, Region IV, of the Office of Price Administration by General Order No. 68 issued by the Administrator of the Office of Price Administration, Region IV, Delegation Order No. 93 issued November 5, 1945, it is hereby ordered:

SECTION 1. What this order covers. This order covers all "retail sales" by any seller of commodities specified in this order delivered to any purchaser located in the County of Alachua in the State of Florida. This order does not apply to sales made to any person who customarily resells more than 10% of his purchases of the commodities specified herein through "retail sales", or to sales to applicators as hereinafter defined.

SEC. 2. Definition of retail sales. For the purposes of this order, a retail sale means a sale to an ultimate user including, among others, commercial users, industrial users and contractors, or to purchasers for resale on an installed basis, excluding applicators. For the purposes of this order, an applicator is defined as a contractor engaged exclusively in the

business of applying roofing and/or siding and/or insulation to buildings.

SEC. 3. Description of items covered by this order. This order covers the list of "hard building materials" set forth in the annexed Table I, including certain cement, lime, plaster, masonry mix, gypsum board, gyplap, gypsum base lath, standard prestwood, asbestos shingles, asbestos siding, asphalt shingles, roll roofing, felt, rockwool batts, insulation board, tile board. Other related items may be added from time to time by Amendment without reference being made to this section.

SEC. 4. Relation to other regulations. The maximum prices fixed by this order supersede any maximum price or pricing method previously fixed by any other regulation or order. Except to the extent they are inconsistent with the provisions of this order, all other provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to sales covered by this order.

SEC. 5. Maximum prices. The maximum prices for building materials covered by this order are set forth in Table I which is annexed to and made a part of this order. Every seller making sales covered by this order shall maintain and preserve his usual and customary quantity and other discounts including discounts and differentials to different classes of purchasers.

SEC. 6. Posting of maximum prices. Every seller making sales covered by this order shall post a copy of Table I which lists maximum prices fixed by this order in each of his places of business in Alachua County, Florida, in a manner plainly visible to all purchasers.

SEC. 7. Sales slips and records. Every seller covered by this order who has customarily given his customers a sales slip or other evidence of purchases must continue to do so. Upon request from a customer, such seller, regardless of previous custom, shall give the purchaser a receipt showing the date, name and address of the seller, name and address of the buyer, the description and number or amount of each item sold and the price received for it. If he customarily prepared his sales slips in more than one copy, he must keep for at least twelve months after delivery, a duplicate copy of each sales slip delivered by him pursuant to this section.

For any sale of \$50.00 or more, each seller, regardless of previous custom, must keep records showing at least the following:

- (1) Name and address of seller.
- (2) Name and address of buyer.
- (3) Date of transaction.
- (4) Place of delivery.
- (5) Complete description and number or amount of each item sold and price charged.

SEC. 8. Amendment. This order may be amended or revoked at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

This Order No. G-9 shall become effective September 30, 1946.

Issued: September 25, 1946.

JOE Q. DOUGHERTY,
Acting District Director.

TABLE I

Item	Selling unit	Price
Portland cement	94-pound bag	\$0.98
Hydrated lime	50-pound bag	.56
Finish lime	do	.73
Plaster, wall, hard	100-pound bag	1.17
Masonry mix	67-pound bag	.83
Gypsum board, 5/8-inch sheetrock	Per M square feet	35.00
Gyplap, 1/2-inch (untreated)	do	35.00
Gypsum base lath	do	24.25
Standard prestwood, 1/8-inch (masonite)	do	65.00
Grey hex asbestos shingles	Per square	9.85
White asbestos siding, 12 x 24	do	8.45
210-pound thickbutt asphalt shingles	do	6.85
167-pound hex asphalt shingles	do	5.60
90-pound mineral surfaced roll roofing	Per roll	8.00
15- and 30-pound felt	do	2.90
Rockwool standard batts	Per M	70.00
1/2-inch insulation board	do	48.75
16 x 32 tile board	do	53.25

NOTE: Unless otherwise indicated the above prices include delivery to all classes of customers to whom free delivery was made in March 1942, to all classes of customers to whom free delivery was not made in March 1942 and thereafter an additional charge for delivery may be made: *Provided*, That such charge does not exceed that made for the same type of delivery during March 1942 and such charge is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or other billing.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. G-9
UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

Under General Order No. 68, as amended, the Price Administrator may, and each Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration and any District Director who may be authorized by the appropriate Regional Administrator is authorized to issue and put into effect orders establishing maximum prices, applicable to a particular community or defined area, for sales of commodities under the jurisdiction of the Building Materials and Construction Price Branch by all persons to ultimate users or to purchasers for resale on an installed basis.

This authority has been delegated to the Director of the Jacksonville District Office by the Regional Administrator of Region IV, by Regional Delegation Order No. 93 as amended.

Acting pursuant to said General Order No. 68, as amended, to Supplementary Order No. 172, to Revised Price Schedule No. 45, as amended and to Regional Delegation Order No. 93, there is issued simultaneously herewith Order No. G-9 under General Order No. 68, establishing replacement community dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for certain listed "hard building materials" set forth in Table I, annexed to said order which listed items include certain cement, lime, plaster, masonry mix, gypsum board, gypsum base lath, standard prestwood, grey hex asbestos shingles, white asbestos siding, asphalt shingles, roll roofing, felt, rockwool batts, insulation board, tile board, and metal lath. The order provides that other related items may be added from time to time by amendment without reference being made to Section 3, which designates the kinds of items listed.

Said Order No. G-9 under General Order No. 68 covers all retail sales by any seller of the commodities specified in said order delivered to any purchaser

in the County of Alachua in the State of Florida. However, the order does not apply to sales made to any person who customarily resells more than 10% of his purchases of the commodities specified therein through "retail sales", or to sales to applicators.

Said Order No. G-9 provides that the maximum prices fixed thereby supersede any maximum prices or pricing method previously fixed by any other regulation or order, and that except to the extent they are inconsistent with the provisions of said order, all other provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to sales covered by this order. The maximum prices established by said order are set forth in Table I annexed hereto.

Said Order No. G-9 moreover provides that each seller making sales covered thereby shall maintain and preserve his usual and customary quantity and other discounts including discounts and differentials to different classes of purchasers.

Order No. G-9 under General Order No. 68, as amended, contains provisions requiring posting of maximum prices, the giving of sales slips and the keeping of records.

The prices fixed in said Order No. G-9 do not exceed the general level of prices in Alachua County, Florida, as fixed and established under the General Maximum Price Regulation.

All provisions of the new regulation and their effect upon business practices, cost practices, or methods or means or aids to distribution in the industry have been carefully considered by the District Director of the Jacksonville District Office. No provisions which might have the effect of requiring a change in such practices, methods, means or aids established in the industry have been included in the new regulation unless such provisions have been found necessary to achieve effective price control and to prevent circumvention or evasion of the regulation or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. To the extent that provisions of the new regulation compel or may operate to compel changes in business practices, cost practices or methods, or means or aids to distribution established in the industry, such provisions have been found necessary to prevent circumvention or evasion of the regulation or Act.

The prices fixed in this Order No. G-9 under General Order No. 68 are generally fair and equitable and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended by the Stabilization Act of 1944, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended by the Stabilization Act of 1944, Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, and the Price Control Extension Act of 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18239; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:49 p. m.]

[Region V, Revocation of Order G-1 Under Gen. Order 68]

STOCK SCREEN GOODS IN TEXAS

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pur-

suant to the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region V of the Office of Price Administration by General Order No. 68, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

Order No. G-1 issued under General Order No. 68 establishing maximum prices at the retail level for stock screen goods when sold in the area comprising the State of Texas issued at Dallas, Texas, on the 4th day of February 1946 by W. A. Orth, Regional Administrator, Region V, be and the same is hereby revoked.

This order shall become effective this 29th day of August 1946.

Issued at Dallas, Texas, this 23d day of August 1946.

W. A. ORTH,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER REVOKING ORDER NO. G-1 ISSUED UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

The accompanying order revokes Order No. G-1 issued under General Order No. 68 which established maximum prices for the sale at the retail level of stock screen goods when sold in the State of Texas.

Prior to the issuance of said Order No. G-1, all sales covered by it were covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 381.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and the Price Control Extension Act of 1946, Maximum Regulation No. 381 is being amended which will have the effect of increasing prices established by Order No. G-1 issued under General Order No. 68. Maximum Price Regulation No. 381, as amended, will also provide the same simplified specific item pricing of stock screen goods as was formerly accomplished by Order No. G-1.

For these reasons said Order No. G-1 is being revoked, and all sales formerly covered by the terms of said order will automatically, at the effective date of the accompanying order, be covered by Maximum Price Regulation 381.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18237; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:46 a. m.]

[Region V Rev. Order G-1 Under RMPR 122, Amdt. 8]

SOLID FUELS IN ST. LOUIS AND PARTS OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MO.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region V by § 1340.260 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 and for the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith, *It is ordered*:

That Revised Order No. G-1 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 be, and the same is hereby amended in the following respect:

Section (c), Paragraph (1), entitled Price Schedule, is hereby amended by deleting the item listed in Sub-Paragraph VII (2) thereof, namely, Briquettes, made from District 7 low volatile bituminous coal, from said Re-

vised Order No. G-1 issued under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122.

This amendment shall become effective September 27, 1946.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E. O. 9250, 7 F. R. 7571; E. O. 9328, 8 F. R. 4681)

Issued at Dallas, Tex., this 27th day of September 1946.

LEO W. ALLMAN,
Acting Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 8 TO REVISED ORDER NO. G-1 UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 122

On September 6, 1946, Berwind Fuel Company who produces Briquette fuel originating in District No. 7, was granted a price increase in the amount of 37¢ per ton for that fuel item. The dealers of this fuel item whose prices are established under Revised Order No. G-1 issued under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 have, therefore, experienced a corresponding increase in their cost for this commodity and said Order No. G-1 does not allow these dealers to increase their retail price by the amount of their increased cost.

A revision and collation of Revised Order No. G-1 issued under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 is now being considered by the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration, Region V, which, among other things, includes consideration for adjusting the dealers' retail prices of Briquettes made from District No. 7 low volatile bituminous coal taking into account their increased cost of this item. Due to the time necessarily required to accomplish the revision and collation of the order and in the meantime to allow the dealers to recompute their retail prices for this fuel item under the provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122, taking into consideration their increased cost occasioned by the price increase granted their supplier, which will assure a continued supply of this fuel to the consuming public, Briquettes made from District No. 7 low volatile bituminous coal has been deleted from the provisions of said Revised Order No. G-1.

Until the revision and collation of Revised Order No. G-1 issued under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 has been issued or other appropriate action of the Office of Price Administration has been taken, the maximum prices at the retail level for Briquettes made from District No. 7 low volatile bituminous coal will be computed under the provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18238; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[Region IX Order G-2 Under Section 18]

PASTE PRODUCTS FOR HAWAII

For the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion, and pursuant to section

18 of the General Maximum Price Regulation for the Territory of Hawaii, It is ordered:

(a) *Maximum prices for paste products.* Each manufacturer of paste products may increase his maximum prices established under the General Maximum Price Regulation for the Territory of Hawaii by 2 cents per pound.

(b) As used herein the term "paste products" includes macaroni, shells, noodles, spaghetti, and vermicelli.

(c) Except as provided herein, all other provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation for the Territory of Hawaii shall apply to sales covered by this order.

(d) This order may be corrected, revoked or amended at any time.

This order shall become effective as of August 26, 1946.

Issued this 4th day of October, 1946.

JAMES P. DAVIS,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER G-2 UNDER SECTION 18 OF THE GENERAL MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION FOR THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII

Manufacturers of paste products in the Territory of Hawaii have applied for an adjustment of their maximum prices established under the General Maximum Price Regulation for Hawaii. Their applications were based upon increases in the cost of flour, which is the principal ingredient used in the manufacture of paste products, and other increases in production costs. On the basis of the data presented it is apparent that unless price relief is granted, the manufacture of these vital food products will be seriously curtailed.

The Regional Administrator has determined that an increase of two cents per pound will be sufficient to insure continued production.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18251; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[Region IX Order G-1 Under RMPR 373]

BOTTLED BEER IN HAWAII

For the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator by General Order 39, it is ordered:

(a) *Maximum prices for Regal Pale Deluxe Beer sold by dispensers other than cabarets.* The maximum price for an 8-ounce bottle of Regal Pale Deluxe Beer when sold by dispensers other than cabarets shall be 20 cents.

(b) *Maximum prices for Regal Pale Deluxe Beer sold by cabarets.* The maximum price for an 8-ounce bottle of Regal Pale Deluxe Beer when sold by cabarets shall be 25 cents. (This price includes the cabaret tax of 4 cents.)

(c) Except as herein provided, all provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373 shall apply to sales covered by this order.

(d) This order may be corrected, amended or revoked at any time.

This order shall become effective upon issuance.

Issued this 3d day of September 1946.

JAMES P. DAVIS,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER G-1
UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE
REGULATION 373

The accompanying order establishes specific maximum prices for sales of Regal Pale Deluxe Beer in 8-ounce bottles. Section 25 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373 establishes specific prices for bottled beer but it does not provide coverage for beer sold in 8-ounce bottles. Section 25 could have been amended to embrace this action but that section is in process of general revision. In order to obviate any delay in providing sellers with specific prices for this beer it was deemed advisable to take this interim action.

The prices established by this order are in line with comparable beers specifically priced under Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373, are generally fair and equitable and consistent with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18248; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:50 a. m.]

[Region IX Order G-3 Under RMPR 373]

CANNED PINEAPPLE IN HAWAII

For the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator by General Order 39, it is ordered:

(a) *Maximum retail prices for canned pineapple.* Each retailer of canned pineapple may compute his maximum retail price under Table B of section 39 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373 without regard to the dollars-and-cents prices set forth in Table A.

(b) Except as provided herein, all provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373 shall apply to sales covered by this order.

This order shall become effective upon issuance.

Issued this 20th day of September, 1946.

JAMES P. DAVIS,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER G-3 UN-
DER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGU-
LATION 373

By the accompanying order, maximum retail prices for canned pineapple may be computed by using the division factors set forth in Table B of Section 39 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373 instead of the dollar-and-cent prices provided in Table A of that section.

Increased prices for canned pineapple granted to canners by the Office of Price Administration have resulted in substantial increases at the wholesale level. Since retail prices are stated in dollar-and-cent terms, retailers are not receiving the margin to which they are entitled. A superseding amendment to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373 will be issued as soon as a new schedule of specific retail prices can be developed. Until that time, this order will meet the requirements of section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

Issued this 20th day of September 1946.

JAMES P. DAVIS,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18249; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:50 a. m.]

[Region IX Order G-2 Under RMPR 373]

POWER LAUNDRIES IN HAWAII

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to section 9 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373, it is ordered:

(a) *Temporary adjustments of ceiling prices for certain items listed under section 42 (e) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373.* All operators of power laundries on the Island of Oahu may temporarily adjust their maximum price on the following items which are a part of paragraph (e) of section 42 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373. Such adjustments shall be in accordance with the following table of items and prices and may be effective only to and including January 31, 1947. At that time, maximum prices shall revert to those specified in paragraph (e) of section 42 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373 unless further action is taken before that time.

SCHEDULE OF TEMPORARILY ADJUSTED PRICES

Item	Ceiling price under sec. 42 (e) of RMPR 373	Temporary adjusted ceiling
Men's shirts, plain.....	\$0.18	\$0.20
Men's shirts, military.....	.20	.25
Men's shirts, work.....	.15	.17
Men's shorts.....	.10	.12
Men's undershirts.....	.10	.12
Men's pants, dungaree.....	.20	.25
Men's pants, Khaki.....	.25	.30
Women's slips.....	.20	.30
Sheets.....	.07	.08
Pajamas.....	.20	.25

All items listed in paragraph (e) of section 42 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373 not set out above shall continue to be governed thereby. Except as herein modified, all other provisions of section 42 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373 shall remain in full force and effect with respect to the commodities covered by this order.

This order shall become effective as of September 13, 1946.

Issued this 10th day of September 1946.

GERALD A. BARRETT,
Territorial Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER G-2
UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGU-
LATION 373

This order provides for a temporary adjustment of ceiling prices for power laundry services specified in section 42 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 373. The adjustment is made as the result of a request from the industry for a general increase in ceilings. A study of the method used by this office in establishing the present flat ceilings reveals that in some cases prices were actually rolled back below the April 1942 level of the bulk of the industry. These decreases were compensated during the war by tremendously inflated volume, but at present volume has declined to such an extent that this consideration no longer holds true. The effect of the temporary adjustment herein made is to grant prices which will conform to the April 1942 prices of the bulk of the industry.

Since no contrary evidence has been submitted by the industry, it is believed that this adjustment will permit reasonable profits to power laundries and that it will effectuate the policy and purpose of section 6 of the Price Control Extension Act of 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18250; Filed, Oct. 9, 1946;
8:51 a. m.]