

PART 589—UPPER INTERIOR COMPONENT HEAD IMPACT PROTECTION PHASE-IN REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. Part 589 is added to read as follows:

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589.1 Scope.
589.2 Purpose.
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589.4 Definitions.
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589.6 Reporting requirements.
589.7 Records.
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Authority: 49 U.S.C. 322, 30111, 30115, 30117, and 30166; delegation of authority at 49 CFR 1.50.

§ 589.1 Scope.

This part establishes requirements for manufacturers of passenger cars and trucks, buses and multipurpose passenger vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less to respond to NHTSA inquiries, to submit a report, and maintain records related to the report, concerning the number of such vehicles that meet the upper interior component head impact protection requirements of Standard No. 201, *Occupant protection in interior impact* (49 CFR 571.201).

§ 589.2 Purpose.

The purpose of these reporting requirements is to aid the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration in determining whether a manufacturer of passenger cars and trucks, buses and multipurpose passenger vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less has complied with the upper interior component head impact protection requirements of Standard No. 201.

§ 589.3 Applicability.

This part applies to manufacturers of passenger cars and trucks, buses and multipurpose passenger vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less. However, this part does not apply to any manufacturers whose production consists exclusively of walk-in vans, vehicles manufactured in two or more stages, and vehicles that are altered after previously having been certified in accordance with part 567 of this chapter.

§ 589.4 Definitions.

(a) All terms defined in 49 U.S.C. 30102 are used in their statutory meaning.

(b) Bus, gross vehicle weight rating or GVWR, multipurpose passenger vehicle, passenger car, and truck are used as defined in § 571.3 of this chapter.

(c) *Production year* means the 12-month period between September 1 of one year and August 31 of the following year, inclusive.

§ 589.5 Response to inquiries.

During the production years ending August 31, 1999, August 31, 2000, August 31, 2001, and August 31, 2002, each manufacturer shall, upon request from the Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance, provide information regarding which vehicle make/models are certified as complying with the requirements of S4 of Standard No. 201.

§ 589.6 Reporting requirements.

(a) *General reporting requirements.* Within 60 days after the end of the production years ending August 31, 1999, August 31, 2000, August 31, 2001, and August 31, 2002, each manufacturer shall submit a report to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration concerning its compliance with the upper interior component head impact protection requirements of Standard No. 201 for its passenger cars, trucks, buses and multipurpose passenger vehicles produced in that year. Each report shall—

- (1) Identify the manufacturer;
- (2) State the full name, title, and address of the official responsible for preparing the report;
- (3) Identify the production year being reported on;
- (4) Contain a statement regarding whether or not the manufacturer complied with the upper interior component head impact protection requirements of the amended Standard No. 201 for the period covered by the report and the basis for that statement;
- (5) Provide the information specified in § 589.5(b);
- (6) Be written in the English language; and
- (7) Be submitted to: Administrator, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 400 Seventh Street, S.W., Washington, DC 20590.

(b) *Report content—(1) Basis for phase-in production goals.* Each manufacturer shall provide the number of passenger cars and trucks, buses and multipurpose passenger vehicles with a GVWR of 10,000 pounds or less manufactured for sale in the United States for each of the three previous production years, or, at the manufacturer's option, for the current production year. A new manufacturer that has not previously manufactured passenger cars and trucks, buses and multipurpose passenger vehicles with a GVWR of 10,000 pounds or less for sale in the United States must report the number of such vehicles manufactured

during the current production year. However, manufacturers are not required to report any information with respect to those vehicles that are walk-in van type vehicles, vehicles manufactured in two or more stages, and/or vehicles that are altered after previously having been certified in accordance with part 567 of this chapter.

(2) *Production.* Each manufacturer shall report for the production year for which the report is filed the number of passenger cars and multipurpose passenger vehicles, trucks and buses with a GVWR of 10,000 pounds or less that meet the upper interior component head impact protection requirements (S4) of Standard No. 201.

(3) *Vehicles produced by more than one manufacturer.* Each manufacturer whose reporting of information is affected by one or more of the express written contracts permitted by S4.1.7.2 of Standard No. 201 shall:

(i) Report the existence of each contract, including the names of all parties to the contract, and explain how the contract affects the report being submitted.

(ii) Report the actual number of vehicles covered by each contract.

§ 589.7 Records.

Each manufacturer shall maintain records of the Vehicle Identification Number for each passenger car, multipurpose passenger vehicle, truck and bus for which information is reported under § 589.5(b)(2) until December 31, 2003.

§ 589.8 Petition to extend period to file report.

A petition for extension of the time to submit a report must be received not later than 15 days before expiration of the time stated in § 589.5(a). The petition must be submitted to: Administrator, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 400 Seventh Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20590. The filing of a petition does not automatically extend the time for filing a report. A petition will be granted only if the petitioner shows good cause for the extension and if the extension is consistent with the public interest.

Issued on August 14, 1995.

Ricardo Martinez,
Administrator.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 380

[Docket No. 950707173-5773-01; I.D. 052495A]

RIN 0648-AF51

Antarctic Marine Living Resources Convention Act of 1984

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Secretary of Commerce (Secretary) amends the regulations governing harvesting and reporting of Antarctic living marine resource catches. The regulations implement conservation and management measures promulgated by the Commission for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (CCAMLR or Commission) and accepted in whole by the Government of the United States to regulate catches in Convention for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (Convention) statistical reporting areas 48 and 58. These measures restrict the use of gear, restrict the directed taking and bycatch of certain species of fish, prohibit the taking of other species, and require real-time and other reporting of the harvest of certain species.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 18, 1995.

ADDRESSES: A copy of the framework environmental assessment may be obtained from the Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA, National Marine Fisheries Service, 1315 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, MD 20910.

Comments regarding burden estimates or collection of information aspects of this rule should be sent to Robin Tuttle, National Marine Fisheries Service, 1315 East-West Highway, Room 14212, Silver Spring, MD 20910, and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503, Attention: Paperwork Reduction Act Project 0648-0194.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robin Tuttle (NMFS International Organizations and Agreements Division), 301-713-2282.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Background**

At its annual meeting in Hobart, Tasmania, in 1986, CCAMLR, of which

the United States is a member, adopted a conservation measure requiring the Commission at subsequent meetings to adopt limitations on catch, or to implement equivalent measures, which would be binding for species upon which fisheries are permitted in Convention subarea 48.3 (South Georgia), depicted at figure 1 of 50 CFR part 380. The Commission has, also, adopted measures that apply to other Convention subareas.

The measures adopted by the 1994 meeting of the Commission address the 1994-95 and 1995-96 fishing seasons. The measures are based upon the advice of the Scientific Committee and take into account research conducted by Commission members and the reports and recommendations of the Scientific Committee's Working Groups. The 1994-95 fishing season is defined as November 5, 1994, to the end of the Commission meeting in 1995 (November 3, 1995).

The 1995-96 fishing season is defined as the end of the Commission meeting in 1995 (November 3, 1995) to the end of the Commission meeting in 1996 (likely November 1, 1996).

The Commission adopted a resolution requesting that Members comply, on a voluntary basis, with the management plan for the Cape Shirreff CEMP Protected Area, until its effective date May 1, 1995.

The measures were announced and public comments invited (until February 7, 1995) by **Federal Register** notice on January 19, 1995. No comments were received.

(i) Data Reporting Requirements

The Commission has, at past annual meetings, adopted detailed, fine-scale reporting requirements. These measures continue in force until amended or revoked. Two minor additional reporting requirements were adopted at the 1994 meeting for statistical area 58.4.4. Data on the number of seabirds of each species killed or injured in incidents involving net monitor cables used in the *N. squamifrons* fishery and monthly effort and biological reporting on the bycatch of *D. eleginoides* in the fishery are to be reported to the Commission in 1994-95 and 1995-96.

(ii) Finfishing in Subareas 48.1 (South Shetland Islands) and 48.2 (South Orkney Islands)

The Commission continued prohibitions on the taking of all species of finfish, other than for scientific research purposes, in subareas 48.1 and 48.2 from November 6, 1993, until at least such time that a survey of stock biomass is carried out, and a decision

that the fishery is to be reopened is made by the Commission based on the advice of the Scientific Committee.

(iii) Finfishing in Subarea 48.3 (South Georgia)

The Commission took action on finfishing in subarea 48.3 for the 1994-95 and 1995-96 fishing seasons, as follows:

Directed fishing for *Notothenia gibberifrons* (humped rockcod), *Chaenocephalus aceratus* (blackfin icefish), *Pseudochaenichthys georgianus* (South Georgia icefish), *Notothenia squamifrons* (grey rockcod), and *Patagonotothen brevicauda guntheri* (Patagonian rockcod) is prohibited in the 1994-95 and 1995-96 fishing seasons.

Directed fishing for *Champscephalus gunnari* (mackerel icefish) is prohibited in the 1994-95 season.

In any directed fishery in the subarea during the 1994-95 season, the bycatch of *N. gibberifrons* shall not exceed 1,470 tons; the bycatch of *C. aceratus* shall not exceed 2,200 tons; and the bycatch of *P. georgianus*, *N. rossii*, and *N. squamifrons* shall not exceed 300 tons each, the 1992-93 levels.

The Commission continued in full all of measures previously in effect for *Electrona carlsbergi* (lanternfish). The total catch for the 1994-95 fishing season continues at an amount not to exceed 200,000 tons. In addition, the total catch of

E. carlsbergi shall not exceed 43,000 tons in the Shag Rocks region. The directed fishery for *E. carlsbergi* will close if the bycatch limit for *N. gibberifrons*, *C. aceratus*, *P. georgianus*, *N. rossii*, or *N. squamifrons* is reached for any of these species or if the total catch of *E. carlsbergi* reaches 200,000 tons, whichever comes first.

The directed fishery for *E. carlsbergi* in the Shag Rocks region will close if the bycatch limit for any of the bycatch species is reached, or if the total catch of 43,000 tons is reached, whichever comes first. If, in the course of the directed fishery for *E. carlsbergi*, the bycatch of any one haul of the bycatch species exceeds 5 percent, the fishing vessel must move to another fishing ground within the subarea.

In the event that the catch of *E. carlsbergi* is expected to exceed 20,000 tons in the 1994-95 season, a survey of stock biomass and age structure must be conducted by the principal fishing nations. This is not a requirement on individual fishing vessel operators.

As previously decided, each month, the length composition of a minimum of 500 *E. carlsbergi*, randomly collected from the commercial fishery, will be

measured and the information passed to the Executive Secretary of CCAMLR not later than the end of the following month. Monthly reporting of catch and effort is required for the fishery.

The total catch of *Dissostichus eleginoides* (Patagonian toothfish) is limited to 2,800 tons for the fishing season defined as March 1, 1995, to August 31, 1995, or until the total allowable catch (TAC) is reached, whichever comes first.

Each vessel participating in the fishery must have a scientific observer, appointed in accordance with the CCAMLR Scheme of International Scientific Observation on board throughout all fishing activities within the fishing period.

Catch and effort data are due on an every-5-day reporting period. The monthly reporting of representative samples of length composition measurements using forms provided by the Commission is required for *D. eleginoides* during the 1994-95 fishing season. Failure by any Contracting Party, including the United States, to submit length composition data for three consecutive reporting periods will result in the closure of the fishery to vessels of that party.

(iv) *Finfishing in Subarea 48.4 (South Sandwich Islands)*

The total catch of *D. eleginoides* in subarea 48.4 in the 1994-95 fishing season beginning December 15, 1994, remains limited to 28 tons. The season continues to November 3, 1995, or until the TAC is reached, whichever comes first.

(v) *Finfishing in Division 58.4.4 (Ob and Lena Banks)*

Measures adopted in 1992 setting TACs for the 1993-94 fishing season are continued in force for the 1994-95 and 1995-96 fishing seasons, with the additional data reporting indicated in section (i). Total catch of *N. squamifrons* for the entire two year period shall not exceed 1,150 metric tons, divided as 715 metric tons on Lena Bank and 435 metric tons on Ob Bank. The Commission also required that each vessel participating in the fishery in 1994-95 and 1995-96 carry a scientific observer, appointed in accordance with the CCAMLR Scheme of International Scientific Observation, on board throughout all fishing activities within the fishing period.

(vi) *Finfishing in Division 58.5.2 (McDonald and Heard Islands)*

The Commission adopted a new measure of continuing application setting precautionary catch limits in

division 58.5.2 of 311 metric tons for *C. gunnari* and 297 metric tons (by trawling only) for *D. eleginoides*. The 5-day catch and effort and monthly effort and biological data reporting requirements established previously for other fisheries also apply.

Fishing seasons commence in each year at the close of the annual meeting of the Commission and continue until the earlier of June 30 or reaching the precautionary catch limits. The Commission will keep the limits under review.

(vii) *Fishing for Euphausia Superba*

Measures adopted by the Commission at its 1991 and 1992 meetings capping the catch of krill at 1.5 million metric tons in area 48 and 390,000 metric tons in subarea 58.4.2 in any fishing season continue in force. Precautionary catch limits on subareas 48.1, 48.2, 48.3, 48.4, 48.5, and 48.6 lapsed at the end of the 1993-94 fishing season.

(viii) *Fishing for Antarctic Crab*

The Commission continued measures adopted in 1992 limiting the exploratory crab fishery in subarea 48.3 and requiring the use of data reporting forms through the 1994-95 fishing season. The crab fishery continues to be limited to a TAC of 1,600 tons and to one vessel per Commission member. An experimental harvest regime adopted in 1993 continues through the 1995-96 fishery.

(ix) *Protected Sites*

The Commission accorded protection to Cape Shirreff and the San Telmo Islands by establishing the "Cape Shirreff CEMP Protected Area" and requesting voluntary compliance until the

May 1, 1995, effective date.

Classification

NMFS has determined that this rule is necessary to implement the Antarctic Marine Living Resources Convention Act of 1984 (the Act) and to give effect to the management measures adopted by CCAMLR and agreed to by the United States.

This action is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866. It is exempt from section 553 of the Administrative Procedure Act because it involves a foreign affairs function of the United States.

This rule contains a collection-of-information requirement subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act. The collection of information has been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Number 648-0194, which expires August 31,

1997. The annual reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 44 1/2 hours in harvesting and import permit-related activities; 1 1/2 hours in CEMP permit-related activities; 1/2 hour for finfish reporting in the crab fishery; 6 1/2 hours for crab data reporting; 1 hour of radio contact; and 1/2 hour for reporting biological data in the finfish and crab fisheries. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Robin Tuttle, NMFS, and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (see ADDRESSES).

List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 380

Antarctic, Fish and wildlife, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: August 10, 1995.

Gary Matlock,

Program Management Officer, National Marine Fisheries Service. For the reasons set out in the preamble, 50 CFR part 380 is amended as follows:

PART 380—ANTARCTIC MARINE LIVING RESOURCES CONVENTION ACT OF 1984

1. The authority citation for part 380 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 2431 *et seq.*

2. In § 380.23 paragraphs (a), (c), (d), (e) introductory text, (f) through (j), and (k) introductory text are revised to read as follows:

§ 380.23 Catch restrictions.

(a) The following catch restrictions apply to *E. superba* in statistical area 48 (Figure 1 to part 380):

(1) The total catch of *E. superba* shall not exceed 1.5 million tons in any fishing season.

(2) For the purposes of applying this catch restriction limit, a fishing season begins on July 1 and ends on June 30 of the following year.

* * * * *

(c) The total catch of *D. eleginoides* in statistical subarea 48.4 in the 1994-95 fishing season beginning December 15, 1994, is limited to 28 tons. The season continues through November 3, 1995, or until the total allowable catch is reached, whichever comes first.

(d) The following directed fishing is prohibited in statistical subarea 48.3:

(1) Directed fishing on *N. rossii* is prohibited in any fishing season.

(2) Directed fishing on *N. gibberifrons*, *C. aceratus*, *P. georgianus*, *N. squamifrons*, and *P. b. guntheri* is

prohibited during the period from November 5, 1994, through November 1, 1996.

(3) Directed fishing on *C. gunnari* is prohibited during the period from November 5, 1994, through November 3, 1995.

(e) The following bycatch limitations apply in statistical subarea 48.3 during the period from November 5, 1994, through November 3, 1995:

* * * * *

(f) The following catch restrictions apply to *D. eleginoides* in statistical subarea 48.3 during the period from March 1, 1995, through August 31, 1995, or until the total allowable catch is reached, whichever comes first:

(1) The total catch of *D. eleginoides* shall not exceed 2,800 tons.

(2) Each vessel participating in the fishery shall have a scientific observer, appointed in accordance with the CCAMLR Scheme of International Scientific Observation on board throughout all fishing activities within the fishing period.

(g) The following catch restrictions apply to *E. carlsbergi* in statistical subarea 48.3 during the period from November 5, 1994, through November 3, 1995:

(1) The total catch of *E. carlsbergi* shall not exceed 200,000 tons.

(2) The total catch of *E. carlsbergi* shall not exceed 43,000 tons in the Shag Rocks region, defined as the area bounded by 52°30' S. lat., 40° W. long.; 52°30' S. lat., 44° W. long.; 54°30' S. lat., 40° W. long.; and 54°30' S. lat., 44° W. long.

(h) The taking of finfish, other than for scientific research purposes, is prohibited in subareas 48.1 and 48.2 (see Figure 1 to part 380).

(i) The following catch restrictions apply to *N. squamifrons* in statistical division 58.4.4 (see Figure 1 to part 380) during the period from November 5, 1994, through November 1, 1996:

(1) The total catch of *N. squamifrons* during the entire 2-year period shall not exceed 715 tons on Lena Bank and 435 tons on Ob Bank.

(2) Each vessel participating in the fishery shall carry a scientific observer, appointed in accordance with the CCAMLR Scheme of International Scientific Observation on board throughout all fishing activities within the fishing period.

(j) The following catch restrictions apply to statistical division 58.5.2 for each fishing season:

(1) Fishing seasons commence in each year at the close of the annual meeting of CCAMLR and continue until the earlier part of June 30 or until respective

precautionary catch limits are reached whichever comes first.

(2) The total catch limit for *C. gunnari* is 311 tons.

(3) The total catch limit for *D. eleginoides* is 297 tons.

(k) The following catch restrictions apply to fishing for any Antarctic crab species in the crab group Order Decapoda, Suborder Reptantia, in statistical area 48 during the period from November 5, 1994, through November 3, 1995:

* * * * *

3. In § 380.24, paragraphs (d) introductory text, (d)(2), (f) introductory text, (g)(1) introductory text, and (g)(2) are revised to read as follows:

§ 380.24 Reporting requirements.

* * * * *

(d) Monthly effort and biological data reporting for *N. squamifrons* in statistical division 58.4.4 and for the bycatch of *D. eleginoides* taken during the period from November 5, 1994, through November 1, 1996, in the target fishery for *N. squamifrons* is established as follows:

* * * * *

(2) The operator of any vessel fishing in a trawl fishery to which this system applies, must complete, for all catch and bycatch species, the CCAMLR fine-scale catch and effort data form for trawl fisheries (Form C1, latest version) and, within 1 day of the end of the reporting period, submit the form to the Assistant Administrator. The report must include data on the numbers of seabirds of each species killed or injured in incidents involving net monitor cables. The report must be made in writing and conveyed by cable, telex, rapidfax, or other appropriately timely method to the address or number specified in the vessel's permit and must include the vessel's name, permit number, and the month to which the report applies.

* * * * *

(f) Monthly biological data reporting for *D. eleginoides* for fishing in statistical subareas 48.3 and 48.4 during the period from November 5, 1994, through November 3, 1995, is established as follows:

* * * * *

(g) * * *

(1) The following data must be reported to the Assistant Administrator by August 15, 1995, for catches taken between November 5, 1994, and July 31, 1995:

* * * * *

(2) Data on catches taken between July 31, 1995, and August 31, 1995, must be

submitted to the Assistant Administrator by September 15, 1995.

* * * * *

4. In § 380.26, paragraphs (a) through (i) are revised to read as follows:

§ 380.26 Closures.

(a) The fishery for *E. superba* in statistical area 48 shall close when the total catch in any fishing season reaches 1.5 million tons.

(b) The fishery for *D. eleginoides* in statistical subarea 48.3 shall close on August 31, 1995, or when the total catch reaches 2,800 tons, whichever comes first.

(c) The fishery for *D. eleginoides* in statistical subarea 48.4 shall close on November 3, 1995, or when the total catch reaches 28 tons, whichever comes first.

(d) The fishery for *C. gunnari* in statistical subarea 48.3 is closed from November 5, 1994, through November 3, 1995.

(e) The directed fishery for *E. carlsbergi* in statistical subarea 48.3 during the period from November 5, 1994, through November 3, 1995, shall close when the bycatch of any of the species *N. gibberifrons*, *C. aceratus*, *N. rossii*, *N. squamifrons*, *P. georgianus*, or *P. b. guntheri* reaches its bycatch limit, or when the total catch of *E. carlsbergi* reaches 200,000 tons, whichever comes first.

(f) The directed fishery for *E. carlsbergi* in the Shag Rocks region of statistical subarea 48.3 during the period from November 5, 1994, through November 3, 1995, shall close when the bycatch of any of the species named in paragraph (e) of this section reaches its bycatch limit or if the total catch of *E. carlsbergi* reaches 43,000 tons, whichever comes first.

(g) The fishery for *N. squamifrons* on Lena Bank in statistical division 58.4.4 shall close when the total catch between November 5, 1994, and November 1, 1996, reaches 715 tons.

(h) The fishery for *N. squamifrons* on Ob Bank in statistical division 58.4.4 shall close when the total catch between November 5, 1994, and November 1, 1996, reaches 435 tons.

(i) The fishery for Antarctic crab species in the crab group Order Decapoda, Suborder Reptantia in statistical area 48 shall close when the total catch reaches 1,600 tons.

* * * * *

5. In § 380.27, paragraphs (c) and (d) are revised to read as follows:

§ 380.27 Gear restrictions.

* * * * *

(c) The precautionary catch of *D. eleginoides* in statistical subdivision 58.5.2 may only be taken by trawling.

(d) The use of any gear, except crab pots (traps), in the crab fishery in statistical area 48 during the period from November 5, 1994, through November 3, 1995, is prohibited.

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6. In § 380.28, paragraph (m)(2) introductory text is revised, and paragraph (m)(2)(ii) is added to read as follows:

§ 380.28 Procedure for according protection to CCAMLR Ecosystem Monitoring Program Sites.

* * * * *

(m) * * * *

(2) The following sites have been identified as CEMP Protected Sites subject to the regulatory authority of the Act:

* * * * *

(ii) *Cape Shirreff and the San Telmo Islands*. This designation takes effect on May 1, 1995. Cape Shirreff is a low, ice-free peninsula towards the western end of the north coast of Livingston Island, South Shetland Islands, situated at lat. 62° ' S, long. 60°47' W, between Barclay Bay and Hero Bay. San Telmo Island is the largest of a small group of ice-free rock islets, approximately 2 km west of Cape Shirreff. The boundaries of the Cape Shirreff CEMP Protected Site

are identical to the boundaries of the Site of Special Scientific Interest No. 32, as specified by ATCM Recommendation XV-7. No man-made boundary markers indicate the limits of the SSSI or protected site. The boundaries are defined by natural features and include the entire area of the Cape Shirreff peninsula north of the glacier ice tongue margin, and most of the San Telmo Island group. For the purposes of the protected site, the entire area of Cape Shirreff and the San Telmo Island group is defined as any land or rocks exposed at mean low tide within the area delimited by the map of SSSI No. 32.

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