Nebraska State Museum on eight occasions during 1993–1995, in addition to many phone conversations during this period.

During 1936–1938, the Nebraska State Archeological Survey conducted excavations of these six sites under the authority of the W.P.A. Official Project #165–81–8095, Work Project #3140. Under agreement with the W.P.A., the collections resulting from these excavations were accessioned by the University of Nebraska State Museum.

Human remains from the Ponca Fort Site (Nanza), Knox County, NE consist of sixty-six individuals. No known individuals were identified. A total of 5,310 cultural items are associated with these burials including: Wood (bark fragments, scraper, shaft smoother, shaft straightener); copper (beads, bracelets, bells, buttons, coils, neck rings, projectile points, rings, sheets, and cones); glass (beads, button), pipestone (bannerstone, pipe fragments), bone (bison tools, pendent, hair pipe bead); stone (grinding slab, unknown artifact); iron (ax, bracelets, projectile points, fragments); lead (bracelet, coils); leather fragments; shell (unmodified, gorgets).

The Ponca Fort Site's occupation by the Ponca Tribe is estimated as c. 1790– 1800, based on associated cultural items and oral evidence of Ponca ethnohistoric informants in the 1930s (Wood 1965). The J.O. Dorsey "Omaha Map" (1884) indicated the presence of Ponca earthlodges on this site and Ponca ethnohistoric informant J. LaFleshe described "curvilinear entrenchments" and "many earthlodges" inside the fort (Dorsey 1884). Prince Maximilian in 1832 described a uninhabited Ponca fort at this location. Cultural items found with the burials (such as copper fragments and trade beads), osteological evidence (such as copper staining, marked anterior dental wear, fair to good preservation, and morphological changes related to horseback riding), and the ethnohistoric evidence are consistent with Ponca occupation of the site.

Human remains from the Ponca Point Site (*Ma-azi*), Knox County, NE, consist of the remains of one infant. No known individuals were identified. Two associated funerary objects, consisting of one blue and one white glass bead, were found with this burial.

In 1966, Ponca tribal historian Peter LeClaire identified the Ponca Point site as "Ma-azi" or "the burying place on the top of the ridge" used by the Ponca in the historic period. Osteological evidence of red staining on the arm and rib and the two historic beads associated with this burial, the assessment of the site as protohistoric/historic Ponca, and

Ponca ethnohistoric informants are consistent with Ponca occupation of this site.

Human remains from the Hogan Site, Knox County, NE consist of the remains of three individuals. No known individuals were identified. Two hundred eighty-one associated funerary objects include glass (beads), copper (button), and unidentified metal (pendant)

Describing this site in the *Report to* the Chancellor (1937), Bell reports that the Hogan site "has been used as a burial ground until very recent times by the Ponca." Osteological evidence of red staining, good preservation, morphological changes related to horseback riding, and the associated funerary objects are consistent with Ponca occupation of this site.

Human remains from the Davis Site, Knox County, NE consist of the remains of nine individuals. No known individuals were identified. Two hundred and thirty-eight associated funerary objects include: Glass (beads, bottle); copper (bell, bracelets, buttons, bands, coils); iron (sheet, nails); pumice; wood (paper, post); tin (bowl, plate); textile (black cloth).

Reference is made to the Ponca living in this area as early as Truteau in 1795, Mackay in 1797, Clark in 1804, and Prince Maximilian in 1832. Ponca tribal members working on the site during excavations in 1937 identified these burials as Ponca. Osteological evidence of brachycephalic skulls, and associated cultural items are consistent with Ponca occupation of this site.

Human remains from the Minaric II Site (25KX9), Knox County, NE, consist of the remains of six individuals. No known individuals were identified. Sixty-eight associated funerary objects include: bone (antler fragments, antler scraper); pipestone (fragments); glass (beads); ceramics (sherds); copper (cones); sandstone abrader; and shells.

In 1938, Chief Birdhead identified the Minaric II Site as a Ponca village "occupied by the lesser chiefs and the common people of the tribe." Chief Birdhead also said that his grandfather had lived in one of the houses on the bottom land. In 1966, Ponca tribal historian Peter LeClaire compiled a list of Ponca sites, and identified the Minaric II site as "Farming Ground Village." Osteological evidence of copper staining, marked anterior dental wear, fair to good preservation, morphological changes related to horseback riding, and Ponca oral history are consistent with Ponca occupation of this site.

Human remains from the Minaric III Site, Knox County, NE, consist of the

remains of one individual. No known individual was identified. Twenty-eight associated funerary objects include: glass (beads); metal (ring, copper necklace band); lithic (projectile point).

The archeological evidence of the Minaric III site, located between the Minaric II site and the Ponca Fort Site, indicates Ponca occupation during the historic period consistent with the surrounding Ponca sites. Osteological evidence of copper staining, marked anterior dental wear, good preservation, and the associated cultural items are consistent with Ponca occupation of this site.

Based on the above-mentioned information from these six sites, officials of the Nebraska State Museum have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (2), there is a relationship of shared group identify which can be reasonably traced between these human remains and associated funerary objects and the Northern Ponca Tribe of Nebraska and the Southern Ponca Tribe of Oklahoma.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Northern Ponca Tribe of Nebraska and the Southern Ponca Tribe of Oklahoma. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with the human remains and associated funerary objects should contact Dr. Thomas Myers, Curator of Anthropology, University of Nebraska State Museum, Systematics Collections W436 Nebraska Hall, Lincoln, NE 68588-0544, telephone (402) 472–5033 before October 19, 1995. Repatriation of these human remains to the Northern Ponca Tribe of Nebraska and the Southern Ponca Tribe of Oklahoma may begin after this date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: September 13, 1995.
Francis P. McManamon,
Departmental Consulting Archeologist,
Archeology and Ethnography Program.
[FR Doc. 95–23153; Filed 9–18–95; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–70–F

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Information Collections Under Review

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has been sent the following collection(s) of information proposals for review under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 USC Chapter 35) and the Paperwork Reduction Reauthorization Act since the last list was published. Entries are grouped into submission categories, with each entry containing the following information:

- (1) The title of the form/collection;
- (2) The agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection;

(3) Who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract;

- (4) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond;
- (5) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection; and,

(6) An indication as to whether Section 3504(h) of Public Law 96–511

applies.

Comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time, should be directed to the OMB reviewer, Mr. Jeff Hill on (202) 395-7340 and to the Department of Justice's Clearance Officer, Mr. Robert B. Briggs, on (202) 514–4319. If you anticipate commenting on a form/ collection, but find that time to prepare such comments will prevent you from prompt submission, you should notify the OMB reviewer and the Department of Justice Clearance Officer of your intent as soon as possible. Written comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of the collection may be submitted to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503, and to Mr. Robert B. Briggs, Department of Justice Clearance Officer, Systems Policy Staff/ Information Resources Management/ Justice Management Division Suite 850, WCTR, Washington, DC 20530.

Revision of a Currently Approved Collection

(1) Petition for Amerasians, Widow or Special Immigrant.

(2) Form: I–360. Immigration and Naturalization Service, United States

Department of Justice.

- (3) Primary: Individuals and Households. Other: None. The information collected on Form I–360 will be used by the Immigration and Naturalization Service to determine eligibility for the requested immigration benefit. The form serves the purpose of standardizing request for the benefit, and ensuring that basic information required to assess eligibility is provided by applicants.
- (4) 11,000 responses per year at 2 hours per response.
- (5) 22,000 annual burden hours.

(6) Not applicable under section 3504(h) of Public Law 96–511. Public comment on this item is

encouraged.

Dated: September 18, 1995.

Robert B. Briggs,

Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 95–23155 Filed 9–18–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–10–M

Information Collections Under Review

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has been sent the following collection(s) of information proposals for review under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 USC Chapter 35) and the Paperwork Reduction Reauthorization Act since the last list was published. Entries are grouped into submission categories, with each entry containing the following information:

- (1) The title of the form/collection;
- (2) The agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection;
- (3) Who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract;
- (4) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond;
- (5) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection; and,
- (6) An indication as to whether Section 3504(h) of Public Law 96–511 applies.

Comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time, should be directed to the OMB reviewer, Mr. Jeff Hill on (202) 395-7340 and to the Department of Justice's Clearance Officer, Mr. Robert B. Briggs, on (202) 514-4319. If you anticipate commenting on a form/ collection, but find that time to prepare such comments will prevent you from prompt submission, you should notify the OMB reviewer and the Department of Justice Clearance Officer of your intent as soon as possible. Written comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of the collection may be submitted to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503, and to Mr. Robert B. Briggs, Department of Justice Clearance Officer, Systems Policy Staff/ Information Resources Management Justice Management Division suite 850, WCTR, Washington, DC 20530.

New Collection

(1) Trainer's Bureau/Trainer's Bureau Application Form.

- (2) Form: None. Office of Victims of Crime, Office of Justice Programs, United States Department of Justice.
- (3) Primary: Not-for-profit institutions. Other: State, Local or Tribal Government. The information requested is necessary for the Office for Victims of Crime to review request for training and provide a trainer that meets the needs of an agency or community seeking to improve the response to crime victims through providing consultation or training. Victims of Crime Act administrators, U.S. Attorneys and victim service providers across the nation will be given an opportunity to apply for needed training and technical assistance via this application.
- (4) 150 responses per year at 2 hours per response.
 - (5) 300 annual burden hours.
- (6) Not applicable under section 3504 (h) of Public Law 96–511.

Public comment on this item is encouraged.

Dated: September 13, 1995.

Robert B. Briggs,

Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 95–23156 Filed 9–18–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–18–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-31,389]

Don Shapiro Industries, AKA Action West Jeans; El Paso, TX; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on September 5, 1995 in response to a worker petition which was filed on September 5, 1995 on behalf of workers at Don Shapiro Industries (aka Action West Jeans), El Paso, Texas.

An active certification covering the petitioning group of workers remains in effect (TA–W–31,352). Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed in Washington, DC this 5th day of September, 1995.

Victor J. Trunzo,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 95–23185 Filed 9–18–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M