

[TA-W-31,569; TA-W-31,570]

Mapa Pioneer, et al., Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) as amended by the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-418), the Department of Labor herein presents the results of an investigation regarding certification of eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance.

In order to make an affirmative determination and issue a certification of eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222 of the Act must be met. It is determined in this case that all of the requirements have been met.

The investigation was initiated in response to a petition received on October 23, 1995 and filed on behalf of workers at Mapa Pioneer in Willard and Attica Ohio. The workers produce nitrile and neoprene gloves.

The investigation revealed that Mapa Pioneer made a decision in 1995 to transfer its neoprene glove production from its domestic plants to an affiliate in France. In addition, the transfer will result in the closing of the Attica, Ohio facility at the end of 1995.

Conclusion

After careful review of the facts obtained in the investigation, I conclude that increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with nitrile and neoprene gloves produced at Mapa Pioneer in Willard and Attica, Ohio contributed importantly to the decline in sales or production and to the total or partial separation of workers of that firm. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, I make the following certification:

"All workers of Mapa Pioneer in Willard and Attica, Ohio who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after October 10, 1994 through two years from the date of certification are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed in Washington, D.C. this 14th day of November 1995.

Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 95-30151 Filed 12-12-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[TA-W-30,761]

Motor Coach Industries International, Roswell, New Mexico; Notice of Revocation of Certification of Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

This notice revokes the Notice of Certification of Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance issued April 11, 1995 for petition TA-W-30,761. The notice was published in the Federal Register on April 24, 1995 (60 FR 20764). The notice is revoked since new information supplied by the company shows that the determination issued was based on erroneous information.

Signed in Washington, D.C., this 29th day of November 1995.

Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 95-30146 Filed 12-11-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[TA-W-31,457]

Reckitt & Colman, Alliance and Toledo, Ohio, and Lincoln, Illinois; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on September 25, 1995, in response to a worker petition which was filed on September 25, 1995, on behalf of workers at Reckitt & Coleman, Alliance and Toledo, Ohio, and Lincoln, Illinois.

The petitioner has requested that the petition be withdrawn. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed in Washington, D.C., this 28th day of November, 1995.

Russell Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 95-30159 Filed 12-11-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[TA-W-31,479]

Reidbord Brothers Company, Pittsburgh and Apollo, Pennsylvania; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on October 2, 1995, in response to a worker petition which was filed by a company official on behalf of workers at Reidbord Brothers Company, Pittsburgh and Apollo, Pennsylvania.

An existing certification for this company is currently in effect (TA-W-31,574A and TA-W-31,574B). Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed in Washington, D.C., this 1st day of December, 1995.

Russell Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 95-30154 Filed 12-11-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[TA-W-30,930]

Sun Apparel, Incorporated El Paso, TX; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Notice of Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on April 18, 1995, applicable to all workers of Sun Apparel, Concepcion Plant, El Paso, Texas. The notice was published in the Federal Register on April 27, 1995 (60, FR 20764).

The State Agency requested that the Department review the subject certification. New findings show that worker separations have occurred at the Sun Apparel's Armour Plant in El Paso. The workers at the Armour Plant, like the Concepcion Plant, are engaged in employment related to the production of jeans. The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of the subject firm who were adversely affected by increased imports. Therefore, the Department is amending the certification to expand coverage to all workers of Sun Apparel in El Paso, not just workers at the Concepcion Plant.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-30,930 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Sun Apparel, Incorporated, El Paso, Texas who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after April 3, 1994 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 29th day of November 1995.

Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

FR Doc. 95-30147 Filed 12-11-95; 8:45am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[TA-W-30,932; TA-W-30, 932A]

Thomas & Betts Company, Elizabeth, New Jersey, et al.; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Notice of Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on May 3, 1995, applicable to all workers of Thomas & Betts Company, located in Elizabeth, New Jersey. The notice was published in the Federal Register on May 17, 1995 (60 FR 26459).

Based on new information received from petitioners, the Department reviewed the subject certification. Findings show that worker separations have occurred at the distribution center of Thomas & Betts located in Cranbury, New Jersey. The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of the subject firm who were adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-30,932 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Thomas & Betts Company, Elizabeth, New Jersey (TA-W-30,932) and Cranbury, New Jersey (TA-W-30,932A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after April 12, 1994 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 29th day of November 1995.

Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 95-30149 Filed 12-11-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[TA-W-30,329A; TA-W-30, 329D; TA-W-30, 329E]

United Technologies Corporation, Pratt & Whitney East Hartford, Connecticut, et al.; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued an Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on February 22, 1995, applicable to all workers of Pratt & Whitney, East Hartford, Connecticut engaged in employment related to the production of jet engine parts. The notice was published in the Federal Register on March 1, 1995 (60 FR 11119).

At the request of two State Agencies, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New findings show that state field representatives for the subject firm located in Florida and Michigan, were paid by the subject firm and should have been included in the certification. The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Pratt & Whitney who were adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-30,329 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of United Technologies Corporation, Pratt & Whitney, East Hartford, Connecticut (TA-W-30,329A); and field representatives located in Florida (TA-W-30,329D) and Michigan (TA-W-30,329E) whose wages were paid by Pratt & Whitney, East Hartford Connecticut, engaged in employment related to the production of jet engine parts who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after September 7, 1993 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 28th day of November 1995.

Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 95-30158 Filed 12-11-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[TA-W-29,927, NAFTA-00120]

Walker Manufacturing Company, Hebron, OH; Notice of Negative Determination on Reconsideration

On December 14, 1994 the United States Court of International Trade (USCIT) granted the Secretary of Labor's motion for a voluntary remand for further investigation in *UAW Local 1927 and Employees and Former Employees of Walker Manufacturing v. Secretary of Labor* (94-10-00584).

The Department's initial denial for the Hebron workers, issued on August 15, 1994 and published in the Federal Register on September 2, 1994 (59 FR 45711), was based on the fact that the increased import criterion and the "contributed importantly" test of the Worker Group Eligibility Requirements of the Trade Act were not met. U.S. aggregate imports of mufflers and exhaust pipes declined absolutely in 1993 compared to 1992 and in the latest twelve month period from June 1993 through May 1994 compared with the same period one year earlier.

The Hebron plant had only one customer and that customer's import purchases were not important relative to

Hebron's sales during the relevant period.

The workers were also denied eligibility to apply for TAA on reconsideration. The reconsideration notice was issued on October 5, 1994 and published in the Federal Register on October 14, 1994 (59 FR 52194).

The reconsideration findings show that as a result of the Hebron closure, the company is making Hebron's machinery available to other corporate North American plants including some machinery to Mexico. However, the capital equipment used to make exhaust systems is not like or directly competitive with exhaust systems themselves and as such would not form a basis of a worker group certification. Other findings on reconsideration show that no production was shifted to Mexico and only a very small portion of Hebron's total production, the production of resonator bodies, was shifted to Canada; however, the workers who produced resonator bodies were not separately identifiable. (AR p. 23 and p. 28).

The workers were also denied under a NAFTA petition (NAFTA-00120) on June 30, 1994 (59 FR 37997) and on reconsideration on October 7, 1994 (59 FR 53213). The Department's denial was based on the fact that neither the increased import criterion nor the shift in production to Mexico or Canada criterion of the Worker Group Eligibility Requirements of the NAFTA provisions of the Trade Act was met.

The record states that the Ohio Bureau of Employment Security (OBES) made a preliminary finding that the firm met the increased import criterion. (See AR p. 30). This state finding is only a preliminary finding to get the investigatory process started. The state's investigation was not as extensive as the Department's investigation. Further, under the NAFTA-TAA provisions, the state, unlike the Department, does not make a finding on the "contributed importantly" test, which the workers failed to pass.

On further reconsideration, the Department has difficulty obtaining additional information from Walker Manufacturing especially as to a further breakout of Hebron's production and sales. On December 20, 1994, the Department, however, did contact the plaintiffs' counsel, and other union witnesses to request any information or documentation that would contradict the Department's negative determinations. Counsel for the plaintiffs alleged that about 50 resonator workers were laid off in February 1994 and that 40 percent of the plant's production was shipped to Mexico prior