location and entry under the United States mining laws, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. Appropriation of land described in this order under the general mining laws prior to the date and time of restoration is unauthorized. Any such attempted appropriation, including attempted adverse possession under 30 U.S.C. 38 (1988), shall vest no rights against the United States. Acts required to establish a location and to initiate a right of possession are governed by State law where not in conflict with Federal law. The Bureau of Land Management will not intervene in disputes between rival locators over possessory rights since Congress has provided for such determinations in local courts.

Dated: February 13, 1996.
Bob Armstrong,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.
[FR Doc. 96–4330 Filed 2–26–96; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–GG–P

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

44 CFR Part 206

RIN 3067-AC39

Exemption From Garnishment for Temporary Housing Assistance

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This final rule establishes that all financial assistance provided under the Disaster Housing Program is exempt from garnishment, seizure, encumbrance, levy, execution, pledge, attachment, release, or waiver.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 28, 1996. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Laurence W. Zensinger, Response and Recovery Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–4262, (facsimile) 202–646– 2730.

supplementary information: Financial assistance provided under the Disaster Housing Program is not currently exempt from garnishment. Financial assistance under the Individual and Family Grant (IFG) Program is exempt from garnishment as specified in 44 CFR 206.131(l). The purpose of financial assistance provided under the Disaster Housing Program is to aid the applicant in obtaining safe housing following a

Presidentially declared disaster. When financial assistance provided to an applicant is garnished, the housing needs of the applicant remain unmet. Regulatory exemption from garnishment serves the intent of the Disaster Housing Program. This final rule provides needed protection for applicants who are awarded assistance.

FEMA previously published this as a proposed rule (69 FR 43740, August 23, 1995), inviting comments. We received one brief postcard comment in support of the proposed rule. We are publishing the final rule with no changes from what we published in the proposed rule.

National Environmental Policy Act

This final rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR Part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

Executive Order 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review

This final rule is not a significant regulatory action within the meaning of § 2(f) of E.O. 12866 of September 30, 1993, 58 FR 51735. To the extent possible this final rule adheres to the regulatory principles set forth in E.O. 12866, but it has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget under the provisions of E.O. 12866.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This final rule does not contain a collection of information requirement as described in section 3504(h) of the Paperwork Reduction Act.

Executive Order 12612, Federalism

This final rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under E.O. 12612, Federalism, dated October 26, 1987.

Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform

This final rule meets the applicable standards of § 2(b)(2) of E.O. 12778.

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 206

Administrative practice and procedure, Disaster assistance, Housing.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 206 is amended as follows:

PART 206—FEDERAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE FOR DISASTERS DECLARED ON OR AFTER NOVEMBER 23, 1988

Subpart D—Temporary Housing Assistance

1. The authority citation for part 206 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: The Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 43 FR 41943, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329, 5 U.S.C. App. 1; E.O. 12148, 44 FR 43239, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 412, as amended; and E.O. 12673, 54 FR 12571, 3 CFR, 1989 Comp., p. 214.

2. Section 206.101(g) is amended to add introductory text to read as follows:

§ 206.101 Temporary housing assistance.

(g) Forms of Temporary Housing Assistance. All proceeds received or receivable by the applicant under § 206.101 shall be exempt from garnishment, seizure, encumbrance, levy, execution, pledge, attachment, release, or waiver. No rights under this provision are assignable or transferable.

Dated: February 20, 1996.
William C. Tidball,
Associate Director, Response and Recovery.
[FR Doc. 96–4416 Filed 2–26–96; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6718–02–P

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

48 CFR Parts 1823 and 1852 RIN 2700-AB68

Drug and Alcohol Testing of Contractor Employees

AGENCY: Office of Procurement, National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule implements the Civil Space Employee Testing Act of 1991, which requires NASA contractors to institute and maintain a program for achieving a drug and alcohol-free workforce. Contractor programs shall provide for preemployment, reasonable suspicion, random, post-accident, and periodic recurring (follow-up) testing of contractor employees responsible for safety-sensitive, security, or National security functions for use, in violation of applicable law or Federal regulation, of alcohol or a controlled substance.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 28, 1996. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David K. Beck, (202) 358–0482.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Civil Space Employees Testing Act of 1991, Public Law 102–195, sec. 21, 105 Stat. 1616 to 1619, requires NASA to prescribe regulations that require testing of NASA contractor