

PART 300—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 300 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1321(c)(2); 42 U.S.C. 9601–9657; E.O. 12777, 56 FR 54757, 3 CFR 1991 Comp., p. 351; E.O. 12580, 52 FR 2923, 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 193.

Appendix B—[Amended]

2. Table 1 of appendix B to part 300 is amended by removing the site for “Alaskan Battery Enterprises, Fairbanks N Star Borough, Alaska”.

[FR Doc. 96–18839 Filed 7–25–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

40 CFR Part 300

[FRL–5541–7]

National Oil and Hazardous Substances Contingency Plan National Priorities List

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of deletion of Howe Valley Landfill Superfund Site, Hardin County, Kentucky, from the National Priorities List.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) announces the deletion of the Howe Valley Landfill Superfund Site in Hardin County, Kentucky, from the National Priorities List (NPL), which is appendix B of 40 CFR part 300 of the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Contingency Plan (NCP). EPA and the Commonwealth of Kentucky have determined that all appropriate Fund-financed responses under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended, have been implemented and that no further cleanup is appropriate. Moreover, EPA and the Commonwealth of Kentucky determined that response actions conducted at the site to date have been protective of public health, welfare, and the environment.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 1, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nestor Young, Remedial Project Manager, U.S. EPA, Region 4, North Superfund Remedial Branch, 345 Courtland Street, N.E., Atlanta, GA 30365, (404) 347–7791, ext. 2023.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The site to be deleted from the NPL is: Howe Valley Landfill Superfund Site, Hardin County, Kentucky.

A Notice of Intent to Delete for this site was published on March 28, 1996 at (61 FR 13794). The closing date for comments on the Notice of Intent to

Delete was April 30, 1996. EPA received one comment letter from the Hardin County Water District No. 2 expressing concern about possible contamination of Boutwell Spring. EPA responded by providing groundwater sampling data that showed that no contaminants are present. This letter and response are available through the EPA Region 4 public docket located at EPA’s Region 4 Office, 345 Courtland Street, N.E., Atlanta, Ga., 30365.

EPA identifies sites that appear to present a significant risk to public health, welfare, or the environment and it maintains the NPL as the list of those sites. Any site deleted from the NPL remains eligible for Fund-financed remedial actions in the unlikely event that conditions at the site warrant such action in the future. Section 300.425(e)(3) of the NCP states that Fund-financed actions may be taken at sites deleted from the NPL. Deletion of a site from the NPL does not affect responsible party liability or impede agency efforts to recover costs associated with response efforts.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 300

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Chemicals, Hazardous waste, Hazardous substances, Intergovernmental relations, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Superfund, Water pollution control, Water supply.

Dated: July 11, 1996.

A. Stanley Meiburg,
*Deputy Regional Administrator, U.S. EPA
Region 4.*

For the reasons set out in the preamble, 40 CFR part 300 is amended as follows:

PART 300—[AMENDED]

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Appendix B—[Amended]

2. Table 1 of appendix B to part 300 is amended by removing the site for Howe Valley Landfill, Howe County, Kentucky.

[FR Doc. 96–18837 Filed 7–25–96; 8:45 am]

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GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION**41 CFR Parts 201–23 and 201–24**

[FIRMR Amendment 8]

RIN 3090–AF32

Amendment of FIRMR Provisions Relating to GSA’s Role in Screening Excess and Exchange/Sale Federal Information Processing (FIP) Equipment

AGENCY: Information Technology Service, GSA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document amends the Federal Information Resources Management Regulation (FIRMR) to allow Federal agencies to screen and transfer all excess and exchange/sale FIP equipment.

Currently, the FIRMR requires Federal agencies to request GSA to interagency screen and transfer excess equipment that is not outdated and has an original acquisition cost (OAC) per component of \$1 million or more.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 26, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: R. Stewart Randall, GSA, Office of Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Policy and Regulations Division (MKR), 18th and F Streets, NW., Room 3224, Washington, DC 20405, telephone FTS/Commercial (202) 501–4469 (v) or (202) 501–4469 (tdd), or Internet (stewart.randall@gsa.gov).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: (1) All comments received in response to the proposed rule were reviewed and, where appropriate, incorporated in this rule.

(2) Explanation of the changes being made in this issuance are shown below:

(a) Section 201–23.000 “Scope of part” is revised by removing paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) to more succinctly describe the entire contents of this revised part.

(b) Section 201–23.001 paragraph (a)(2) is revised and paragraph (a)(4) is deleted to remove the reference to the GSA Excess FIP Equipment Program. Agencies will no longer be required to submit to GSA information about their excess FIP equipment with an OAC above \$1 million for GSA to do interagency screening. It is not necessary for GSA to continue to operate this program on a centralized basis. Accordingly, the requirement for GSA to be directly involved in interagency screening and transfer of excess FIP equipment is removed from the FIRMR.