

Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (Pub. L. 91-173, as amended by Public Law 95-164), involves conducting evaluations and tests on coal mine dust personnel sampling units (CMDPSUs) and issuing certifications for those CMDPSUs which meet or exceed all applicable requirements listed in 30 CFR Part 74. It also requires conducting audits of new "off-the-shelf" CMDPSUs certified under these regulations to determine compliance, evaluating those CMDPSUs sent to NIOSH as field problems, and responding to technical assistance requests.

Respondents	No. of re-spond-ents	No. of Re-sponses/ respond-ent	Avg. bur-den/re-sponse (in hrs.)
Manufacturer ...	1	1	44

The total annual burden is 44.

Dated: August 7, 1996.

Wilma G. Johnson,

*Acting Associate Director for Policy Planning and Evaluation Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).*

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**Food and Drug Administration**

[Docket No. 91F-0334]

**Heveafil Sendirian Berhad; Withdrawal of Food Additive Petition**

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing the withdrawal, without prejudice to a future filing, of a food additive petition (FAP 1B4276), proposing that the food additive regulations be amended to provide for the safe use of natural

rubber latex, sulfur, kaolin, butylated reaction product of *p*-cresol and dicyclopentadiene, zinc dibenzylidithiocarbamate, talc, ammonium caseinate, and sodium salt of polymerized alkyl aryl sulfonic acid as components of latex rubber thread in contact with meat and poultry.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Vir D. Anand, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS-216), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202-418-3081.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In a notice published in the Federal Register of September 11, 1991 (56 FR 46324), FDA announced that a food additive petition (FAP 1B4276) had been filed by Heveafil Sendirian Berhad, 4740-G Dwight Evans Rd., Charlotte, NC 28217 (currently, c/o McDermott, Will & Emery, 1850 K St. NW., Washington, DC 20006-2296). The petition proposed to amend the food additive regulations to provide for the safe use of natural rubber latex, sulfur, kaolin, butylated reaction product of *p*-cresol and dicyclopentadiene, zinc dibenzylidithiocarbamate, talc, ammonium caseinate, and sodium salt of polymerized alkyl aryl sulfonic acid as components of latex rubber thread in contact with meat and poultry. Heveafil Sendirian Berhad has now withdrawn the petition without prejudice to a future filing (21 CFR 171.7).

Dated: July 31, 1996.

Alan M. Rulis,

*Director, Office of Premarket Approval, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition.*

[FR Doc. 96-20522 Filed 8-12-96; 8:45 am]

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**Public Health Service**

**National Institutes of Health; Submission for OMB Review;**

**SUMMARY:** Under the provisions of Sections 3506 (c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the National Institutes of Health (NIH), National Cancer Institute (NCI), has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request to review and approve the information collection listed below. The proposed information collection was previously published in the Federal Register on December 13, 1995, page 64068 and allowed 60-days for public comment. No public comments were received. The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comment. The National Institutes of Health may not conduct or sponsor, and the respondent is not required to respond to, an information collection that has been extended, revised, or implemented on or after October 1, 1995 unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

**PROPOSED COLLECTION:** *Title:* Cancer Risk in X-ray Technologists: Second Survey for Incidence—renewal.

*Need and use of information collection:* A cohort study will be conducted to quantify the risk of radiation-induced cancer among 90,289 registered x-ray technologists. X-ray technologists will be asked to respond to a mail questionnaire which collects information about incident cancers and risk factors for those cancers to evaluate cancer risk associated with occupational exposure to low-level ionizing radiation, taking into account potentially confounding factors. The information will be used by the National Cancer Institute to determine cancer-specific radiation risk estimates. Physicians will be contacted to verify self-reports of cancer by x-ray technologists. Burden estimates are as follows:

Type of respondents	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden/re-sponse (hours)	Estimated total annual burden hours requested
X-ray technologists .....	7,500	1	.33	2,475
Physicians .....	350	1	.17	60
Total .....				2,535

**REQUEST FOR COMMENTS:** Written comments and/or suggestions from the public and affected agencies are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of

the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the

information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.