OFCCP; or deter other persons from reporting violations of the statute or other authority.

(2) Deliberative Process Privilege (to withhold information which may disclose predecisional intra-agency or inter-agency deliberations, including: the analysis and evaluation of facts; written summaries of factual evidence; and recommendations, opinions or advice on legal or policy matters; in cases arising under an authority delegated or assigned to OFCCP in subparagraph 4.a. of this Order): A claim of privilege may be asserted where the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Federal Contract Compliance has determined that disclosure of the privilege matter would have an inhibiting effect on the agency's decision-making processes.

(3) Privilege for Investigative Files compiled for law enforcement purposes (to withhold information which may reveal OFCCP's confidential investigative techniques and procedures): The investigative files privilege may be asserted where the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Federal Contract Compliance has determined that disclosure of the privileged matter may have an adverse impact upon OFCCP's enforcement of an authority delegated or assigned to OFCCP in subparagraph 4.a. of this Order, by: Disclosing investigative techniques and methodologies; deterring persons from providing information to OFCCP; prematurely revealing the facts of OFCCP's case; or disclosing the identities of persons who have provided information under an express or implied promise of confidentiality.

(4) Prior to filing a formal claim of privilege, the Director shall personnally review: All the documents sought to be withheld (or, in cases where the volume is so large that all of the documents cannot be personally reviewed in a reasonable time, an adequate and representative sample of such documents); and a description or summary of the litigation in which the

disclosure is sought.

(5) In asserting a claim of governmental privilege, the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Federal Contract Compliance may ask the Solicitor or the Solicitor's representative to file any necessary legal papers or documents.

e. The Assistant Secretary for Employment Standards and the Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health are directed to confer regularly on enforcement of the Occupational Safety and Health Act with regard to the standards on field sanitation and temporary labor camps (see subparagraph 4.a.(22) of this Order),

and to enter into any memoranda of understanding which may be appropriate to clarify questions of coverage which arise in the course of such enforcement.

f. The Chief Financial Officer is assigned responsibility, in accordance with applicable appropriations enactments, for assuring that resources associated with the programs and functions of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration and the Office of Labor-Management Standards are reallocated and transferred to ESA, as appropriate, in an orderly and equitable manner.

g. The Assistant Secretary for Administration and Management is assigned responsibility to assure that any transfer of resources effecting this Order is fully consistent with the budget policies of the Department and that consultation and negotiation, as appropriate, with representatives of any employees affected by this exchange of responsibilities is conducted. The Assistant Secretary for Administration and Management is also responsible for providing or assuring that appropriate administrative and management support is furnished, as required, for the efficient and effective operation of these programs.

h. The Solicitor of Labor shall have the responsibility for providing legal advice and assistance to all officers of the Department relating to the administration of the statutory provisions, regulations, and Executive Orders listed above. The bringing of legal proceedings under those authorities, the representation of the Secretary and/or other officials of the Department of Labor, and the determination of whether such proceedings or representations are appropriate in a given case, and delegated exclusively to the Solicitor.

5. Reservation of Authority and Responsibility.

a. The submission of reports and recommendations to the President and the Congress concerning the Administrative Orders listed above is reserved to the Secretary.

b. Nothing in this Order shall limit or modify the delegation of authority and assignment of responsibility to the Administrative Review Board by Secretary's Order 2–96 (April 17, 1996).

c. Except as expressly provided, nothing in this Order shall limit or modify the provisions of any other Order, including Secretary's Order 2-90 (Office of Inspector General).

6. Redelegation of Authority. The Assistant Secretary for Employment Standards, the Chief Financial Officer, the Assistant Secretary for

Administration and Management, and the Solicitor of Labor may redelegate authority delegated in this Order.

7. Effective Dates.

a. The delegation of authority and assignment of responsibility set forth in subparagraphs 4.a.(23)–(28) of this Order shall be effective upon publication in the Federal Register.

b. All other delegations of authority and assignments of responsibility set forth in paragraph 4, above shall be effective on February 3, 1997.

Robert B. Reich,

Secretary of Labor.

[FR Doc. 96-33365 Filed 12-31-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-23-M

[Secretary's Order 6-96]

Delegation of Authority and Assignment of Responsibility to the **Assistant Secretary for Occupation** Safety and Health

December 27, 1996.

- 1. Purpose. To delegate authority and assign responsibility to the Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health.
- 2. Directives Affected. This Order repeals and supersedes Secretary's Order 1-90 (Occupational Safety and Health). In addition, this Order cancels Secretary's Orders 6-94 (previously superseded in part by Secretary's Order 1-96) and 1-96.
- 3. Background. This Order, which repeals and supersedes Secretary's Order 1–90, constitutes the generic Secretary's Order for the Occupational Safety and Health Administration. Specifically, this Order, in conjunction with Secretary's Order 5-96, effects an exchange of particular authorities and responsibilities between the Assistant Secretary for Employment Standards and the Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health. The exchange was tested in a pilot project for Region VI established by Secretary's Order 6-94 (extended by Secretary's Order 1-96), that granted these Assistant Secretaries limited concurrent authority to enforce certain laws establishing labor standards affecting field sanitation and migrant housing, which had been delegated to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) under Secretary's Order 1-90, and certain environmental and public health-related whiteblower protection laws, which had been delegated to the Employment Standards Administration (ESA) under Secretary's Order 1–93. The pilot project resulted in a determination that the respective agencies would make better

use of their program expertise, and, therefore, that the Department of Labor would more effectively and efficiently utilize its resources, by a permanent transfer of specific enforcement activities between the Assistant Secretaries for OSHA and ESA.

Accordingly, this Order grants the Assistant Secretary for OSHA authority to investigate and resolve allegations of discriminatory actions taken by employers against employees in violation of the following statutory whitleblower protection provisions: (1) Section 1450(i) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300j-9(i); (2) Section 211 of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 5851; (3) Section 110(a)–(d) of the Comprehensive **Environmental Response Compensation** and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9610(a)-(d); (4) Section 507 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. 1367; (5) Section 23 of the Toxic Substances Control act, 15 U.S.C. 2622; (6) Section 7001 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, 42 U.S.C. 6971; and (7) Section 322 of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7622. (See subparagraphs 4.a. (1)(l)–(r) of this Order.) Secretary's Order 5-96 grants the Assistant Secretary for ESA authority under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, 29 U.S.C. 651 et seq., to enforce compliance by agricultural employers with, and to develop and issue compliance interpretations regarding, the standards on: (1) Field sanitation, 29 C.F.R. 1928.110; and (2) temporary labor camps, 29 C.F.R. 1910.142, as described in subparagraph 4.a.(2)(b) of this Order. (See subparagraph 4.a. (2) of this Order).

All other authority and responsibility set forth in this Order were delegated or assigned previously to the Assistant Secretary for OSHA in Secretary's Order 1–90, and this Order continues those delegations and assignments in full force and effect, except as expressly

modified herein.

4. Delegation of Authority and Assignment of Responsibility.

a. The Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health

- (1) The Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health is delegated authority and assigned responsibility for administering the safety and health programs and activities of the Department of Labor, except as provided in subparagraph 4.a.(2) below, under the designated provisions of the following statutes:
- (a) The Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, 29 U.S.C. 651 et seq. (b) The Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act of 1936, as amended, 41 U.S.C. 35, 37-41, 43-45.

- (c) The McNamara-O'Hara Service Contract Act of 1965, as amended, 41 U.S.C. 351-354, 356-357.
- (d) The Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 329, 333.
- (e) The Maritime Safety Act of 1958, 33 U.S.C. 941.
- (f) The National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, 20 U.S.C. 954(i)(2)
- (g) 5 U.S.C. 7902 and any Executive Order thereunder.
- (h) Executive Order 12196 "Occupational Safety and Health Programs for Federal Employees") of February 26, 1980.
- (i) 49 U.S.C. 31105, the whistleblower provision of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982.
- (j) Section 211 of the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act of 1986, 15 U.S.C. 2651.
- (k) Section 7 of the International Safe Container Act, 46 U.S.C. App. 1505.
- (l) Section 1450(i) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300J-9(i).
- (m) Section 211 of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 5851.
- (n) Section 110 (a)-(d) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9610 (a)-(d).

(o) Section 507 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. 1367.

- (p) Section 23 of the Toxic Substances Control Act, 15 U.S.C. 2622.
- (q) Section 7001 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, 42 U.S.C. 6971.
- (r) Section 322 of the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7622.
- (s) Responsibilities of the Secretary of Labor with respect to safety and health provisions of any other Federal statutes except those related to mine safety and health, the issuance of child labor hazardous occupation orders, and Department of Labor employee safety and health, which are administered pursuant to Secretary's Orders 3-78, 5-96, and 5-95, respectively.
- (2) The authority of the Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 does not include authority to conduct inspections and investigations, issue citations, assess and collect penalties, or enforce any other remedies available under the statute, or to develop and issue compliance interpretations under the statute, with regard to the standards on:
- (a) field sanitation, 29 CFR 1928.110; and
- (b) temporary labor camps, 29 CFR 1910.142, with respect to any agricultural establishment where employees are engaged in "agricultural

employment" within the meaning of the Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act, 29 U.S.C. 1802(3), regardless of the number of employees, including employees engaged in hand packing of produce into containers, whether done on the ground, on a moving machine, or in a temporary packing shed, except that the Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health retains enforcement responsibility over temporary labor camps for employees engaged in egg poultry, or red meat production, or the post-harvest processing of agricultural or horticultural commodities.

Nothing in this Order shall be construed as derogating from the right of States operating OSHA-approved State plans under 29 U.S.C. 667 to continue to enforce field sanitation and temporary labor camp standards if they so choose. The Assistant Secretary for OSHA retains the authority to monitor the activity of such States with respect to field sanitation and temporary labor camps. Moreover, the Assistant Secretary for OSHA retains all other agency authority and responsibility under the Occupational Safety and Health Act with regard to the standards on field sanitation and temporary labor camps, such as rulemaking authority.

- (3) The Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health is also delegated authority and assigned responsibility for:
- (a) Serving as Chairperson of the Federal Advisory Council on Occupational Safety and Health, as provided for by Executive Order 12196.
- (b) Coordinating Agency efforts with those of other officials or agencies having responsibilities in the occupational safety and health area.
- b. The Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health and the Assistant Secretary for Employment Standards are directed to confer regularly on enforcement of the Occupational Safety and Health Act with regard to the standards on field sanitation and temporary labor camps (see subparagraph 4.a. (2) of this Order), and to enter into any memoranda of understanding which may be appropriate to clarify questions of coverage which arise in the course of such enforcement.
- c. The Chief Financial Officer is assigned responsibility, in accordance with applicable appropriations enactments, for assuring that resources associated with the programs and functions of the Employment Standards Administration are reallocated and transferred to OSHA, as appropriate, in an orderly and equitable manner.

d. The Assistant Secretary for Administration and Management is assigned responsibility to assure that any transfer of resources effecting this Order is fully consistent with the budget policies of the Department and that consultation and negotiation, as appropriate, with representatives of any employees affected by this exchange of responsibilities is conducted. The Assistant Secretary for Administration and Management is also responsible for providing or assuring that appropriate administrative and management support is furnished, as required, for the efficient and effective operation of these programs.

e. The Solicitor of Labor shall have the responsibility for providing legal advice and assistance to all officers of the Department relating to the administration of the statutory provisions and Executive Orders listed above. The bringing of legal proceedings under those authorities, the representation of the Secretary and/or other officials of the Department of Labor, and the determination of whether such proceedings or representations are appropriate in a given case, are delegated exclusively to the Solicitor.

f. *The Commissioner of Labor*Statistics is delegated authority and assigned responsibility for:

(1) Furthering the purpose of the Occupational Safety and Health Act by developing and maintaining an effective program of collection, compilation, analysis, and publication of occupational safety and health statistics consistent with the provisions of Secretary's Orders 4–81 and 5–95.

(2) Making grants to states or political subdivisions thereof in order to assist them in developing and administering programs dealing with occupational safety and health statistics under Sections 18, 23, and 24 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act.

(3) Coordinating the above functions with the Assistant Secretaries for Occupational Safety and Health and Employment Standards.

5. Reservation of Authority and Responsibility.

a. The submission of reports and recommendations to the President and the Congress concerning the administration of the statutory provisions and Executive Orders listed in subparagraph 4.a. above is reserved to the Secretary.

b. The commencement of legal proceedings under the statutory provisions listed in subparagraph 4.a. above, except proceedings before Department of Labor administrative law judges and the Administrative Review Board under 49 U.S.C. 31105 (the

whistleblower provision of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act), is reserved to the Secretary. The Solicitor will determine in each case whether such legal proceedings are appropriate and may represent the Secretary in litigation as authorized by law.

c. Nothing in this Order shall limit or modify the delegation of authority and assignment of responsibility to the Administrative Review Board by Secretary's Order 2–96 (April 17, 1996).

6. Redelegation of Authority. The Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health, the Chief Financial Officer, the Assistant Secretary for Administration and Management, the Solicitor of Labor, and the Commissioner of Labor Statistics may redelegate authority delegated in this Order.

7. Effective Date. This delegation of authority and assignment of responsibility shall be effective on February 3, 1997.

Robert B. Reich,

Secretary of Labor.

[FR Doc. 96-33366 Filed 12-31-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-23-M

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

Sunshine Act Meeting of the Corporation's Board of Directors: Correction

In the meeting notice published on December 27, 1996 (61 FR 68304), please make the following correction to the agenda:

In item 13, change "Consider and act on proposed policies and procedures for annual performance reviews of the Corporation's President and Inspector General" to "Consider and act on proposed policies and procedures relating to communications between the Corporation and the Congress."

Dated: December 30, 1996.

Victor M. Fortuno, General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 96–33389 Filed 12–30–96; 2:19 pm] BILLING CODE 7050–01–P

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Copyright Office

[Docket No. 96-9 CARP]

Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panels; List of Arbitrators

AGENCY: Copyright Office, Library of Congress.

ACTION: Publication of the 1997 CARP Arbitration List.

SUMMARY: The Copyright Office is publishing the list of arbitrators eligible for selection to a Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panel (CARP) during 1997. This list will be used to select arbitrators who shall serve on panels initiated during 1997 for determining the distribution of royalty fees or the adjustment of royalty rates.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 2, 1997.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Marilyn J. Kretsinger, Acting General
Counsel, or Tanya M. Sandros,
Attorney-Advisor, Copyright Arbitration
Royalty Panel, P.O. Box 70977,
Southwest Station, Washington, D.C.
20024. Telephone: (202) 707–8380.
Telefax: (202) 707–8366.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

For royalty rate adjustments and distributions that are in controversy, the Copyright Act requires the selection of a Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panel (CARP) consisting of three arbitrators from "lists provided by professional arbitration associations." 17 U.S.C. 802(b). The Librarian selects two of the arbitrators for a CARP from a list of nominated arbitrators; those selected then choose a third person who serves as chairperson of the panel.

Under the CARP regulations, as amended, the Library of Congress shall publish in the Federal Register after January 1, 1998, and every two years thereafter, a list of between 30 and 75 names of those individuals who were nominated. The list must contain nominees from at least three professional arbitration associations or organizations. 61 FR 63715 (December 2, 1996). The change to a two-year list was implemented to reduce the cost associated with generating an annual list of arbitrators, most of whom would have no opportunity to serve on a CARP during the relevant year. In so amending the rule, the Office decided to use the 1996 list for any CARP proceeding initiated during 1997. Therefore, the Office is republishing the 1996 list of nominees to serve as the 1997 list of arbitrators.

The information submitted by the arbitration association with respect to each person listed is available for copying and inspection at the Licensing Division of the Copyright Office. The Licensing Division of the Copyright Office is located in the Library of Congress, James Madison Building, Room 458, 101 Independence Avenue, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20540.

Publication of today's list triggers the requirement in 37 CFR 251.32 that each listed person file a confidential financial