disseminating information, urgency to inform the public concerning actual or alleged federal government activity.

(2) A determination as to whether to provide expedited processing shall be made within ten days after the date of the request. However, the fact of lawful imprisonment in a correctional facility or revocation of parole shall not be deemed to pose an imminent threat to the life or physical safety of an individual. The Commission shall process as soon as practicable any request for records to which it has granted expedited processing. An administrative appeal of a denial of expedited processing may be made to the Chairman of the Commission within thirty days from the date of notice denying expedited processing.

Dated: September 24, 1997.

Michael J. Gaines,

Chairman, U.S. Parole Commission.

[FR Doc. 97–26057 Filed 10–1–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–01–P

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Copyright Office

37 CFR Part 202

[Docket No. 96–6A]

''Best Edition'' of Published Copyrighted Works for the Collections of the Library of Congress

AGENCY: Copyright Office, Library of Congress.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule amends the Library of Congress's Best Edition Statement concerning motion pictures deposited under Title 17, section 407, mandatory deposit, and section 408, registration deposit. The Statement sets out the criteria to be applied in determining the best edition for each of several types of motion picture materials which are listed in descending order of format preference in an Appendix to Copyright Office Regulations. The amendment removes the previously listed ''most widely distributed gauge'' as a selection factor of the ''best edition'' and adds new video formats to the prioritized list of deposit material preferences based on current industry practices with respect to motion picture media and formats.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 3, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Marilyn J. Kretsinger, Assistant General Counsel, Telephone: (202) 707–8380. Telefax: (202) 707–8366.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On November 15, 1996, the Copyright Office published in the **Federal Register**, a notice of proposed rulemaking on the revision of the best edition selection criteria for published motion pictures. (61 FR 54897). The Best Edition Statement criteria are published in 37 CFR 202.19, 202.20 and Appendix B to Part 202—''Best Edition of Published Copyrighted Works for the Collections of the Library of Congress.'' The criteria for ''Motion Pictures'' are set forth in 37 CFR 202, APP. B III.

Two comments to the proposed amendment were received. Both commenters expressed concern that, because of the proposed changes in the ranking preferences in the video formats, the Copyright Office would no longer accept ¾″ videocassette copies for registration of published television productions but would request the higher quality Betacam or D–2 formats instead. The Office will generally continue its policy of accepting ¾″ videocassettes for registration of television programs and series. Where, however, certain television programs are published in copies of a higher quality format, the Library of Congress reserves the right to request the better archival format for its collections. However, the Library will continue to be flexible in its requests and in working through the Copyright Office in granting special relief under 37 CFR 202.19 and 202.20 from the deposit requirements when compliance with the requirements would be unduly burdensome on the applicant.

The amended regulation eliminates the ''gauge in which most widely distributed'' as a criterion for the deposit format for either motion picture or video formats. The major objective in eliminating this criterion as a ranking preference for film prints is to discourage the deposit of ½″ videocassettes where a better published format exists. As stated in the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, the ½″ gauge does not represent an acceptable archival quality medium for the Library's purposes.

The amended regulation changes the second category in the Best Edition Statement under III Motion Pictures from videotape to video format in order to reflect more accurately that the preferential list contains a format other than videotapes. The regulation also adds a second high quality format, ''Betacam SP,'' to the prioritized list.

List of Subjects in 37 CFR Part 202

Claims, Copyright.

Final Regulations

In consideration of the foregoing, the Copyright Office amends part 202 of 37 CFR in the manner set forth below:

Appendix B to Part 202—''Best Edition'' of Published Copyrighted Works for the Collections of the Library of Congress

1. The authority citation for part 202 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 17 U.S.C. 702.

2. In part 202, App. B, ''III. Motion Pictures'' is revised to read as follows:

* * * * *

III. Motion Pictures

Film medium is considered a better quality than any other medium. The formats under ''film'' and ''video formats'' are listed in descending order of preference:

A. Film
1. Preprint material with special arrangement.
2. 35mm positive prints.
3. 16mm positive prints.

B. Video Formats
1. One-inch open reel tape
2. Betacam SP
3. D–2
4. Betacam
5. Videodisc
6. Three-quarter inch cassette
7. One-half inch VHS cassette

* * * * *

Dated: September 25, 1997.

Nanette Petruzzelli,

Acting General Counsel.

Approved by:

James H. Billington,

The Librarian of Congress.

[FR Doc. 97–26061 Filed 10–1–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1410–30–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[LA–8–1–7346; FRL–5899–4]

Approval and Promulgation of State Implementation Plans (SIP); Louisiana; Control of Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Emissions; Reasonable Available Control Technology (RACT) Catch-Ups; Major Source Definition Corrections

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document contains a correction to the EPA's approval action of Louisiana's RACT Catch-up SIP

revision, published on July 25, 1996. Several minor regulation citations and the date of the Governor's SIP submission letter were erroneously cited in the final approval. The EPA is correcting these citations in this action.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 2, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Eaton R. Weiler, (214) 665–2174

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

On July 25, 1996, EPA published a final approval of Louisiana's RACT Catch-up SIP revision (61 FR 38590). Several errors in the Incorporation by Reference (IBR) language were discovered subsequent to publication. The revisions to LAC 33:III.2103 included IBR to revise paragraphs G., G.1, and G.4. The correct citation should have been to revise paragraphs G., I, and I.4. The *Waste Gas Disposal* regulation was cited as Section 2215. The correct cite for *Waste Gas Disposal* is Section 2115. In addition, Section 2215's introductory paragraph, paragraphs H. and H.5 were unnecessarily adopted. The April 14, 1993, SIP submission further amended Section 2115 and alleviated the need to adopt revisions to 2115 from the December 21, 1992, submission. Finally, the second of the two SIP submissions from Louisiana was submitted to EPA from the Governor of Louisiana by letter dated April 14, 1993. The date of this letter was erroneously stated as April 13, 1993.

II. Administrative Requirements

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993), this action is not a ''significant regulatory action'' and is therefore not subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget. In addition, this action does not impose any enforceable duty or contain any unfunded mandate as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4), or require prior consultation with State officials as specified by Executive Order 12875 (58 FR 58093, October 28, 1993), or involve special consideration of environmental justice related issues as required by Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

Because this action is not subject to notice-and-comment requirements under the Administrative Procedure Act or any other statute, it is not subject to the provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*)

Under 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A) as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, EPA submitted a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives and the Comptroller General of the General Accounting Office prior to publication of this rule in today's **Federal Register**. This rule is not a ''major rule'' as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Hydrocarbons, Incorporation by reference, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: September 19, 1997.

Jerry Clifford,

Acting Regional Administrator.

Part 52, chapter I, title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 52—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation of part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q.

Subpart T—Louisiana

2. Section 52.970 is amended by revising paragraphs (c)(64) introductory text and (c)(64)(i) to read as follows:

§ 52.970 Identification of plan.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(64) Revisions to the Louisiana SIP addressing VOC RACT catch-up requirements were submitted by the Governor of Louisiana by letters dated December 21, 1992, and April 14, 1993.

(i) Incorporation by reference.

(A) Revisions to LAC, Title 33, Environmental Quality, Part III. Air; Chapter 21. Control of Emissions of Organic Compounds, Subchapter A. General; section 2103. Storage of Volatile Organic Compounds, paragraphs G., I., I.4.; section 2109. Oil/Water Separation, paragraph B.4.; Subchapter B. Organic Solvents; section 2123. Organic Solvents, paragraph D.6.; Subchapter C. Vapor Degreasers; section 2125. Vapor Degreasers, paragraph D.; Subchapter F. Gasoline Handling; section 2131. Filling of Gasoline Storage Vessels, paragraphs D., D.1., D.3., G.; section 2135. Bulk Gasoline Terminals, paragraph A.; Subchapter H. Graphic Arts; section 2143. Graphic Arts (Printing) by Rotogravure and Flexographic Processes, paragraph B, as adopted by LDEQ on October 20, 1992.

(B) Revisions to LAC, Title 33, Environmental Quality, Part III. Air; Chapter 21. Control of Emissions of Organic Compounds, Subchapter A. General; section 2115. Waste Gas Disposal, introductory paragraph, paragraphs H., H.1., H.1.a through H.1.d, H.2, H.2.a, H.2.b, H.3, L., as adopted by LDEQ on March 20, 1993.

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[FR Doc. 97–26181 Filed 10–1–97; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–U

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 81

[NV029–0003A; FRL–5900–1]

Clean Air Act Reclassification; Nevada-Clark County Nonattainment Area; Carbon Monoxide

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: In this document EPA is making a final finding that the Clark County, Nevada carbon monoxide (CO) nonattainment area has not attained the CO national ambient air quality standard (NAAQS) under the Clean Air Act (CAA) after having received a one year extension from the mandated attainment date of December 31, 1995 for moderate nonattainment areas to December 31, 1996. This finding is based on EPA's review of monitored air quality data for compliance with the CO NAAQS. As a result of this finding, the Clark County, Nevada nonattainment area is reclassified as a serious CO nonattainment area by operation of law. The intended effect of the reclassification is to allow the State 18 months from the effective date of this action to submit a new State Implementation Plan (SIP) demonstrating attainment of the CO NAAQS as expeditiously as practical but no later than December 31, 2000, the CAA attainment date for serious areas.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This action is effective on November 3, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Larry Biland, AIR–2, Air Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California 94105, (415) 744–1227.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

A. CAA Requirements and EPA Actions Concerning Designation and Classifications

The Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (CAA) were enacted on November 15, 1990. Under section 107(d)(1)(C) of the CAA, each carbon monoxide (CO)