The FGDC anticipates that the proposed standard will be adopted as Federal Geographic Data Committee standard after updating or revision. The standard may be forwarded to voluntary standards bodies for adoption if interest warrants such actions.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before September 5, 1998.

CONTACT AND ADDRESSES: Requests for written copies of the standard should be addressed to "Spatial Data Transfer Standard, Part 5: Raster Profile and Extensions", FGDC Secretariat (attn: Jennifer Fox), U.S. Geological Survey, 590 National Center, 12201 Sunrise Valley Drive, Reston, Virginia, 20192; telephone 703–648–5514; facsimile 703–648–5755; or Internet at gdc@usgs.gov. The standard may be downloaded from this Internet address: ftp://www.fgdc.gov/Standards/ Documents/Standards/SDTS_Pt5/.

Reviewer's comments may be sent to the FGDC via Internet mail to: gdcsdtsras@www.fgdc.gov.

Reviewer comments may also be sent to the FGDC Secretariat at the above address. Please send one hardcopy version of the comments and a soft copy version, preferably on a 3.5×3.5 diskette in WordPerfect 5.0 or 6.0/6.1 format. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Spatial Data Transfer Standard (SDTS) defines a general mechanism for the transfer of geographically referenced spatial data and its supporting metadata, i.e., attributes, data quality reports, coordinate reference systems, security information, etc. The overriding principle that SDTS promotes is that the spatial data transfer should be selfdocumenting. The data set in SDTS should contain all of the information that is needed to assess and (or) use the data for any appropriate GIS application. The SDTS base specification (Parts 1, 2 and 3) is implemented via profiles of SDTS. A SDTS profile, in general terms, may be defined as a limited subset of the standard, designed for use with a specific type of data model, i.e., topological vector, point, grid, image, etc. Specific choices are made for encoding possibilities not addressed, left optional, or left with numerous choices with in the SDTS base specification. A profile may also specify extensions to the base standard to address changing technologies, and to take advantage of other industry standards. For raster image data, there are numerous standards, with various properties, restrictions, and degrees of implementation. The SDTS Raster Profile and Extensions (SRPE) permits the use of two common industry

standards for image data: Basic Image Interchange Format (BIIF) and Tagged Image File Format (TIFF). The BIIF defines a general mechanism for the transfer of image data and any supporting data, i.e. image parameters, visualization parameters, compression parameters, text annotations, symbols, etc. BIIF is an ANSI/ISO standard and is in wide use in the commercial military community (formerly NITF). TIFF is a general purpose image file format that is used widely for simple image applications.

For answers to questions related to the content of the standard please contact the Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC) Subcommittee on Base Cartographic Data, attn. Mark DeMulder, U.S. Geological Survey, 511 National Center, Reston, VA 20192.

Dated: June 9, 1998.

Richard E. Witmer,

Chief, National Mapping Division, U.S. Geological Survey. [FR Doc. 98–15864 Filed 6–15–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–Y7–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Information Collection Submitted to the Office of Management and Budget for Review Under the Paperwork Reduction Act

AGENCY: Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces that the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U. S. C. 3506(c)(2)(A) is soliciting comments on the proposed information collection for the Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Form. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Copies of the documents contained in the information collection request may be obtained by contacting Larry Blair, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 1849 C Street NW., MS-4603-MIB, Washington, DC 20240. Telephone: (202) 208-2479. DATES: Submit comments on or before August 17, 1998. ADDRESSES: Your comments and suggestions on the requirements should be made directly to Larry Blair, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Tribal Services, 1849 C Street, NW., MS-4603-MIB, Washington, DC 20240. Telephone: (202) 208-2479.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Abstract

The Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Form, OMB No. 1076-(new) information collection complies with the requirements of 25 CFR Part 23, the Indian Child Welfare Act, and as required by Pub. L. 95-608, the Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978, and Pub. L. 99-570, the Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act of 1986. The collection is also required by Pub. L. 101-630. the Indian Child Protection and Family Violence Prevention Act. The information is collected from tribes and BIA agencies and consolidated at the area office for the purpose for gathering data to determine the number of child abuse and neglect cases and types of assistance provided. The data is used to determine the number of cases involving alcohol and substance abuse, involving recurring episodes, and those involving minor siblings. The data is used to track the number of cases reported to appropriate authorities and to gather information pertaining to treatment and prevention of family violence. The data is also used by the administering agency or tribe to review program implementation, to benchmark program service population and to identify areas in need of additional services. The headquarters office uses the data to prepare the annual program budget justification.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

II. Request for Comments

We specifically request your comments concerning:

1. Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the BIA, including whether the information will have practical utility;

2. The accuracy of the BIA's estimate of the burden of the information collection, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

3. The quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and,

4. How to minimize the burden of the information collection on those who are to respond, including the use of appropriate automated electronic, mechanical, or other forms of information technology.

III. Data

Title of the Collection of Information: U. S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Form. OMB Number: 1076-(new). Affected Entities: Individual members of Indian tribes who are living on or near a reservation or in a legislatively mandated service area.

Frequency of Response: Annual. Estimated Number of Annual Responses: 554.

Estimated Time per Application: 1 hour.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 554 hours.

Dated: June 4, 1998.

Kevin Gover,

Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs. [FR Doc. 98–15967 Filed 6–15–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[BW-110-1830-00 24 1A]

Request for Approval of a New Information Collection

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) announces its intention to request approval of a new information collection to collect taxpayer identification numbers from those doing business with BLM. The BLM needs this information in case an entity fails to timely pay money owed, in which case BLM may refer the matter to the Treasury Department for collection. DATES: Please provide any comments on the proposed collection by August 17, 1998.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be mailed to: Bureau of Land Management, Accounting Group (BC–610), National Business Center, P.O. Box 25047, Denver, Colorado 80225–0047, or Bureau of Land Management, Regulatory Affairs Group (WO–630), 1849 C St., N.W., Washington, D.C. 20240.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dorothy Butler, (303) 236–6332.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with 5 CFR 1320.12(a), BLM is required to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning a collection of information to solicit comments on (a) whether the proposed collection is necessary for the proper performance of the agency's functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of

the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology. BLM will receive and analyze any comments received and include them with its request for approval from the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.

The Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 (DCIA), 31 U.S.C. 3701, contains a number of provisions that affect how BLM does business. One of the more significant provisions allows BLM to refer debts delinquent over 180 days to the Treasury Department for collection. Another provision gives the Treasury Department increased flexibility in seeking to collect the debts by various offsets of payments, including tax refunds.

The DCIA requires that all Federal disbursements include the payee's Social Security Number or Taxpayer Identification Number (SSN/TIN). This information aids the Treasury Department in matching debtors to payments and in seeking those payments from the debtors.

BLM is seeking to implement the SSN/TIN requirement by creating a specific form, requesting the payee's full name, address, and SSN/TIN. The name and address will be used to identify the payee and the SSN/TIN will be used for debt collection purposes, if necessary. We plan to print the form on colored paper so that it can be removed from files to which the public has access. The information will not be available to the public electronically, as the SSN/TIN are data protected under the Privacy Act.

Respondents are those entities who do business with BLM; these include licensees, permittees, lessees, and contract holders. Individuals who pay one-time recreation fees will not be affected. BLM estimates that there will be 120,000 respondents the first year. The number is expected to decrease to 5,000 respondents annually after the first year, since collecting the information will be a one-time occurrence and only those newly doing business with BLM will need to supply the information. Each respondent will take an estimated 1 minute to supply the information, for a total burden hour estimate the first year of 20,000 hours;

thereafter, the burden hour estimate will be approximately 83 hours.

Dated: June 9, 1998.

Carole Smith,

Information Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 98–15866 Filed 6–15–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–84–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of the Secretary

[WO-640-04-4110-02 24 1a]

Resource Advisory Councils—Notice of Renewal and Reestablishment

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the renewal and reestablishment of three of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Resource Advisory Councils for the States of Arizona, Montana, and New Mexico by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) of 1972, 5 U.S.C. Appendix. The Secretary has determined that the Councils are necessary and in the public interest. Copies of the Council charters will be filed with the appropriate committees of Congress and the Library of Congress in accordance with Section 9(c) of FACA.

The three Councils are: Arizona Resource Advisory Council; Miles City Resource Advisory Council (Montana); and New Mexico Resource Advisory Council.

The Federal Land Policy and Management Act, as amended, requires the Secretary of the Interior to establish advisory councils to provide advice concerning the problems relating to land use planning and the management of public lands within the area for which the advisory councils are established. The Councils will provide representative counsel and advice to BLM on the planning and management of the public lands as well as advice on other public land resource issues. Council members will be residents of the State or States in which the Council has jurisdiction and will be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior.

The purpose of the Councils is to advise the Secretary of the Interior, through the BLM, on a variety of planning and management issues associated with the management of the public lands. The Councils' responsibilites include providing advice to BLM regarding the preparation, amendment, and implementation of land use plans; providing advice on long-range planning and establishing