

APPENDIX—Continued
[Petitions instituted on 06/01/99]

TA-W	Subject firm (petitioners)	Location	Date of petition	Product(s)
36,332	S and S Chemical and Oil (Wrks).	Williston, ND	05/21/1999	Bulk salt and drilling mud.
36,333	Aluminum Co. of America (Wrks).	Alcoa Center, PA	05/15/1999	Hinge pillars.
36,334	Federal Mogul, Worldwide (Wrks).	Manila, AR	05/14/1999	Brake shoes and disc pads.
36,335	Brown and Root Industrial (Wrks).	Odessa, TX	05/03/1999	Gasoline, diesel fuel and jet fuel.
36,336	Collins and Aikman (Comp)	Homer, MI	05/13/1999	Automotive interior parts.
36,337	House of Ronnie (Wrks)	New York, NY	05/19/1999	Ladies and childrens.
36,338	Pillsbury Co., (The) (UFCW) ...	Blackwood, NJ	05/14/1999	Frozen, unbaked hoagie rolls.
36,339	National Tank Co (Comp)	Corpus Christi, TX	05/24/1999	Oil.

[FR Doc. 99-16878 Filed 7-1-99; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-3063]

Logistix, Medical Division, Hillsboro, OR; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (Pub. L. 103-182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance, hereinafter called (NAFTA-TAA), and in accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 USC 2273), and investigation was initiated on March 30, 1999 in response to a petition filed on behalf of workers at Logistix, Medical Division, Hillsboro, Oregon.

Two of the petitioners were not employed at the subject firm location cited, therefore, the petition is not valid. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 25th day of June 1999.

Linda Poole,

Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 99-16873 Filed 7-1-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-03061]

Mark Steel Jewelry, Including Leased Workers of Employer Solutions Group of Utah, Spring City, Utah; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA-Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 250(A), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Certification for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on May 10, 1999, applicable to all workers of Mark Steel Jewelry, located in Spring City, Utah. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on June 3, 1999 (63 FR 29890).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New information provided by the State shows that all workers of Mark Steel Jewelry had their wages reported under a separate unemployment insurance (UI) tax account at Employer Solutions Group of Utah. Workers from Employer Solutions Group of Utah produced jewelry at the Spring City, Utah location of Mark Steel Jewelry.

Based on these findings, the Department is amending the certification to include workers of Employer Solutions Group of Utah who were engaged in the production of jewelry at Mark Steel Jewelry, Spring City, Utah.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Mark Steel Jewelry adversely affected by imports from Mexico.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA-03061 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of the Mark Steel Jewelry, including leased workers of Employer Solutions Group of Utah, Spring City, Utah engaged in employment related to the production of jewelry for Mark Steel Jewelry, Spring City, Utah who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after March 25, 1998 through May 10, 2001 are eligible to apply for NAFTA-TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC this 25th day of June, 1999.

Linda G. Poole,

Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 99-16874 Filed 7-1-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division

Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276(a) and of other Federal