

consistent with SAMHSA's proposed performance measures. Each of the voluntary treatment performance measure forms (T1–T5, T7) includes a corresponding detail sheet (checklist) in which States will be asked to identify the source(s) of the performance data used and, if unable to provide such data, the State will be asked to identify the reason(s) why such data are unavailable. The accompanying detail sheets (checklists) will provide SAMHSA with a description of the States' data reporting capabilities and will provide SAMHSA with a baseline for determining the States' technical assistance needs with regard to data collection, analysis, and reporting.

In Section IV–B, the "Voluntary Prevention Performance Measures," were revised to conform with SAMHSA's National Outcome Domains, as well as OMB-required outcome domains. Specific changes made are as follows: (1) "30 Day Substance Use (Form P10)" was renamed Form P6; (2) "Initiation of Substance Use (Form P11)" and "Intention/Expectation to Use

(Form P12)" were deleted; (3) "Perception of Risk/Harm of Substance Use (Form P13)" was renamed Form P4 and was revised to include a 4-item (rather than 8-item) measurement scale; (4) "Attitudes About Substance Use (Form P14)" was renamed Form P5 and was revised to include a 4-item (rather than 8-item) measurement scale; and (5) "Number of Persons Served (Form P1)," "Number of Services by Service Types (Form P2)," and "Number of Evidence-Based Programs and Strategies (Form P3)" were added to encourage States to report performance and outcome data consistent with SAMHSA's National Outcome Domains, as well as OMB-required outcome domains. Additionally, on all forms that ask States to report data by race/ethnicity of persons served, the race/ethnicity categories were revised to conform with the OMB and Census categories.

In response to comments received from the public on the draft FFY 2005 application, the voluntary prevention form asking States to report on the retail availability of alcohol to minors was

eliminated. Examples of some additional changes made based on State feedback are as follows: (1) The "Other evidence-based programs" category on Form P3 was expanded to include practices, policies and strategies; (2) The phrase "attach information describing any adaptations made" was deleted from Form P3; (3) The instructions on Forms P4, P5 and P6 were revised to clarify the reporting of pretest and posttest data for environmental and community prevention strategies; (4) The instructions on Forms P4, P5 and P6 were revised to clarify confidentiality issues in data reporting; and (5) Forms P4 and P5 were revised to include table cells for age groupings.

In addition, the submission includes approval for the information collection language requirements in the SAPT Block Grant regulations at 45 CFR part 96 and for the recordkeeping burden in 45 CFR 96.129(a)(13), which are currently approved under OMB control number 0930–0163.

ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN

	Number of respondents	Responses per respondent	Hours per response	Total burden
Sections I–III—States and Territories	60	1	470	28,200
Section IV–A	40	1	40	1,600
Section IV–B	20	1	56	1,120
Recordkeeping [45 CFR 96.129(a)(13)]	60	1	16	960
Total	60	31,880

Written comments and recommendations concerning the proposed information collection should be sent by August 18, 2004, to: SAMHSA Desk Officer, Human Resources and Housing Branch, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503; due to potential delays in OMB's receipt and processing of mail sent through the U.S. Postal Service, respondents are encouraged to submit comments by fax to: 202–395–6974.

Dated: July 14, 2004.

Anna Marsh,

Executive Officer, SAMHSA.

[FR Doc. 04–16352 Filed 7–16–04; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR–4665–N–18]

Meeting of the Manufactured Housing Consensus Committee

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Housing—Federal Housing Commissioner, HUD.

ACTION: Notice of upcoming meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice sets forth the schedule and proposed agenda of an upcoming meeting of the Manufactured Housing Consensus Committee (the Committee). The meeting is open to the public and the site is accessible to individuals with disabilities.

DATES: Meetings will be held on Monday, August 9, 2004, 2 p.m.–4 p.m.; Tuesday, August 10, 2004; 8 a.m.–5 p.m.; Wednesday, August 11, 2004, 8 a.m.–5 p.m.; and Thursday, August 12, 2004, 8 a.m.–12 p.m.

ADDRESSES: These meetings will be held at the Radisson Hotel "Old Town", 901

North Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, 22314, telephone (703) 683–6000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

William W. Matchneer III, Administrator, Manufactured Housing Program, Office of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20410, telephone (202) 708–6409 (this is not a toll-free number). Persons who have difficulty hearing or speaking may access this number via TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Information Relay Service at (800) 877–8339.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice of this meeting is provided in accordance with section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. 2) and 41 CFR 102–3.150. The Manufactured Housing Consensus Committee was established under section 604(a)(3) of the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42

U.S.C. 4503(a)(3). The Consensus Committee is charged with providing recommendations to the Secretary to adopt, revise, and interpret manufactured housing construction and safety standards and procedural and enforcement regulations, and with developing proposed model installation standards.

Tentative Agenda

- A. Welcome and Introductions
- B. Departmental Status Report
- C. Subpart I
- D. Implementation of MHIA Act of 2000
- E. Construction and Safety Standards and Installation Standards
- F. Discussion of Payments to States—Proposed Rule
- G. MHCC's role, priorities, and actions
- H. Public Testimony
- I. Reports and Actions on Committee work
- J. Adjourn

Dated: July 8, 2004.

Sean Cassidy,

General Deputy, Assistant Secretary for Housing.

[FR Doc. 04-16276 Filed 7-16-04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-27-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Final Comprehensive Conservation Plan for Eastern Shore of Virginia and Fisherman Island National Wildlife Refuges

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) announces that the final Comprehensive Conservation Plan (CCP) is available for Eastern Shore of Virginia and Fisherman Island National Wildlife Refuges (NWRs). This CCP is prepared pursuant to the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act of 1966, as amended by the National Wildlife Refuge System Improvement Act of 1997 (16 U.S.C. 668dd *et seq.*), and the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, and describes how the Service intends to manage these refuges over the next 15 years.

ADDRESSES: Copies of this CCP are available on compact diskette or in hard copy, and may be obtained by writing: Nancy McGarigal, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 300 Westgate Center Drive, Hadley, Massachusetts 01035, or by e-mailing northeastplanning@fws.gov. This document may also be accessed at the Web site address <http://northeast.fws.gov/planning>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nancy McGarigal, Refuge Planner, (413) 253-8562, e-mail Nancy_McGarigal@fws.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A CCP is required by the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act of 1966, as amended by the National Wildlife Refuge System Improvement Act of 1997. The purpose of developing a CCP is to provide refuge managers with a 15-year strategy for achieving refuge purposes and contributing toward the mission of the National Wildlife Refuge System, consistent with sound principles of fish and wildlife science, conservation, legal mandates, and Service policies. In addition to outlining broad management direction on conserving wildlife and habitats, a CCP identifies wildlife-dependent recreational opportunities available to the public, including opportunities for hunting, fishing, wildlife observation and photography, and environmental education and interpretation. The CCP will be reviewed and updated at least every 15 years in accordance with the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act of 1966, as amended by the National Wildlife Refuge System Improvement Act of 1997 and the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.

Eastern Shore of Virginia NWR was created in 1984 when 180 acres were transferred to the Service from the U.S. Air Force through the General Services Administration. The refuge was established administratively under the general legislative authority of the Transfer of Certain Real Property for Wildlife Conservation Purposes Act (16 U.S.C. 667b-667d), the Refuge Recreation Act (16 U.S.C. 460k-460k-4), and the Migratory Bird Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 715-715d, 715e, 715f-715r). It presently consists of 1,122 acres of various habitats including maritime forest, myrtle and bayberry thickets, grassland, fresh and brackish ponds, tidal salt marsh, and beach. The refuge and its adjoining woodlands at the tip of the Delmarva Peninsula are regarded as one of the most important migratory bird concentration points along the East Coast. This importance stems from the fact that the Delmarva Peninsula acts as a geographic funnel for migratory birds in the fall, bringing millions of migratory birds to rest and feed at the tip until favorable winds assist them in crossing the Chesapeake Bay.

Fisherman Island NWR was first established in 1969, but it was not until 1973 that sole ownership rights were transferred to the Service by the Department of the Navy. The refuge was

established administratively under the Transfer of Real Property for Wildlife Conservation Purposes Act and the Migratory Bird Conservation Act. As Virginia's southernmost barrier island, Fisherman Island NWR is currently estimated to be 1,850 acres in size, but continues to expand due to accretion. It is administered in conjunction with the Eastern Shore of Virginia NWR. The Chesapeake Bay Bridge-Tunnel, which links mainland Virginia to its eastern shore, cuts through the western part of the island. Habitat succession on the island has formed a variety of vegetative communities, which, combined with its geographic location, accessibility of food plants, protective shrub and thicket cover, and minimal human disturbance, make this refuge a hemispherically important stopover location for migratory birds.

Our final CCP includes management direction for both refuges. Our highest priority biological goals and objectives include habitat enhancements for federally listed species and temperate and neotropical migratory birds. We plan to conduct surveys of the federally threatened Northeastern beach tiger beetle to examine fluctuations in its population, and assess human disturbance from trespassing on the southern tip beach of the Eastern Shore of Virginia NWR. In addition, we will work with an adjacent resort owner to protect the beetle population on the resort beach. Surveys for the federally threatened piping plover, during both their breeding and migration seasons, will also be completed. We will implement strategies to manage predators where necessary to protect plovers and other nesting birds. We also plan to survey for, and protect where located, the federally threatened plant, seabeach amaranth.

The CCP identifies habitats we will manage to augment the value of the refuges to neotropical and temperate migratory birds. Our goal is to enhance forage and cover for these birds by increasing the amount of hardwood-dominated forest, and the diversity and abundance of forest understory and native upland shrub. We have also selected locations to manage for grasslands. The effectiveness of our management will be greatly facilitated with the 6,030-acre expansion of Eastern Shore of Virginia NWR included in the CCP. These acres, once purchased from willing sellers, will afford permanent protection to habitat areas essential to the millions of birds migrating through the Delmarva Peninsula.

Our CCP includes programs to enhance wildlife-dependent recreational opportunities and community outreach