collectively referred to as the National Mall, in Washington, DC.

- The Mall, which extends from the grounds of the United States Capitol to the Washington Monument and includes Union Square.
- The Washington Monument and its grounds.
- West Potomac Park, including the Lincoln Memorial, the World War II Memorial, the Vietnam Veterans Memorial, the Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial, the Tidal Basin, and the Thomas Jefferson Memorial.

The Record of Decision identifies the preferred alternative, as described in the Final EIS/Plan, as the selected action for implementation. The preferred alternative articulates a vision to protect and refurbish the National Mall so that it can better fulfill its function as our American symbol and civic space for our democracy, and so that high levels of use can be sustained, resources protected, and visitor needs met.

The National Park Service’s proposed course of action is to reinforce the overall identity of the National Mall and to establish a sense of place through enduring and compatible high-quality design, as well as through the highest standards of facility maintenance. The National Mall will be respectfully rehabilitated and refurbished, with improvements made to the pedestrian environment, so that very high levels of use can be accommodated and so that the needs of all visitors can be met in an attractive, high-quality, energy-efficient, and sustainable manner. As the preeminent civic stage for our country, First Amendment demonstrations, commemorations, national ceremonies and celebrations will be better accommodated.

Memorials and landscapes will be protected and the large areas of open space that are defining features of the designed historic landscape will be better maintained.

The landscape will evolve to accommodate contemporary uses while respecting the planned historic character and visions of the L’Enfant and McMillan plans. The National Mall will be emphasized as a year-round destination where the beauty and variety of every season will enhance visitor experiences. Diverse opportunities will be available for visitors and will include educational, cultural, and musical programs, as well as active and passive recreational activities. The National Park Service will continue to manage the National Mall pursuant to the applicable laws, regulations, and policies for these natural, cultural, and historic resources. Taken as a whole, the selected action is also the environmentally preferred alternative because it best meets all six goals of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). It was developed by combining the advantages of the other alternatives, and resource conditions will be greatly improved to help achieve the paramount goal of enriching and providing a quality American experience for all. The selected action will address high levels of use and improve conditions.

The decision is based on:
- Considerations of public use;
- Civic, ceremonial and commemorative functions;
- Park operational efficiency;
- Analyses of environmental impacts on cultural and natural resources;
- Demonstrations;
- Special events;
- National celebrations;
- Access and circulation;
- Visitor experience;
- Socioeconomic environment; and
- Park operations.

Planning started with a National Park Service-hosted national symposium on future use and management of the National Mall and featured nationally-recognized experts in architecture, freedom of speech, First Amendment rights, landscape architecture, history, law enforcement, planning, and government. Substantial public involvement was integral to the process for developing the plan and resulted in more than 30,000 public comments, as well as close collaboration with 21 governmental agencies and 30 organizations with an interest in the National Mall and/or historic preservation.

The Final EIS/Plan will serve as the foundation for subsequent implementation plans. Among decisions made in the Final EIS/Plan, the identification of locations capable of better accommodating use within a designed historic landscape is significant.

The National Park Service investigated means to avoid or minimize environmental impacts as a result of the plan and its projects. The National Park Service had studies, and assessments prepared at the beginning of the planning process, both for public information and as background for the National Park Service planning team. The National Park Service also worked with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and consultants to learn about best practices for solid waste and recycling programs. The results of this extensive background analysis were incorporated into the alternatives, including the preferred alternative. The National Park Service will continue to take all practical measures to avoid environmental harm and harm to related cultural and historic resources through compliance with statutes such as the NEPA and the National Historic Preservation Act, which provide for analyses and consultation. The National Park Service will continue to work with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers on projects related to the Potomac River, the Tidal Basin, and the Potomac Park levee, and as appropriate with other organizations, agencies, and commissions including the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, the District of Columbia State Historic Preservation Office, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the U.S. Commission of Fine Arts, and the National Capital Planning Commission.

The Record of Decision contains:
- A summary of the selected alternative;
- Mitigation measures developed to minimize environmental harm;
- The four other alternatives considered (including a no-action alternative);
- The basis for the decision in terms of planning objectives and the criteria used to develop the preferred alternative;
- The finding of no impairment of park resources and values;
- The environmentally preferred alternative; and
- The public and agency involvement.


Stephen E. Whitesell,
Regional Director, National Capital Region.

[FR Doc. 2011–27891 Filed 10–27–11; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4312–39–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service


National Register of Historic Places; Notification of Pending Nominations and Related Actions

Nominations for the following properties being considered for listing or related actions in the National Register were received by the National Park Service before October 8, 2011. Pursuant to section 60.13 of 36 CFR part 60, written comments are being accepted concerning the significance of the nominated properties under the National Register criteria for evaluation. Comments may be forwarded by United States Postal Service, to the National Register of Historic Places, National
Park Service, 1849 C St., NW., MS 2280, Washington, DC 20240; by all other carriers, National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1201 Eye St. NW., 8th floor, Washington, DC 20005; or by fax, (202) 371–6447. Written or faxed comments should be submitted by November 14, 2011. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Alexandra Lord,
Acting Chief, National Register of Historic Places/National Historic Landmarks Program.

IOWA
Adair County
Hotel Greenfield, 110 E. Iowa St., Greenfield, 11000812

Black Hawk County

Buena Vista County
Danish Lutheran Church, 113 W. 4th St., Alta, 11000814

Carroll County
Armour Creameries Poultry House, 218 5th Ave. S., Coon Rapids, 11000815

MAINE
Androscoggin County
Issacson, Philip M. and Deborah N., House, 2 Benson St., Lewiston, 11000816

Waldo County
Seven Star Grange, No. 73, 606 Bangor Rd., Troy, 11000817

York County
Emery School, 116 Hill St., Biddeford, 11000818

MARYLAND
Howard County
Oakland Mills Blacksmith House and Shop, 5471 Old Columbia Pike, Columbia, 11000820

Prince George’s County
Fairmount Heights Historic District, 56th Ave., Sheriff Rd., Balsamtree Dr., 62nd St., 62nd Pl., Eastern Ave., Fairmount Heights, 11000821

Glenn Dale Tuberculosis Hospital and Sanatorium, 5201 Glenn Dale Rd., Glenn Dale, 11000822

MASSACHUSETTS
Barnstable County
Truro Highlands Historic District, Highland Light Rd., Truro, 11000823

MONTANA
Valley County
Glasgow Army Airfield Norden Bombsite Storage Vault, ½ mi. N. of Glasgow, Glasgow, 11000824

NEW MEXICO
Eddy County
LA 157206—White Oaks Pictograph Site (Guadalupe Mountains Rock Art MPS), Address Restricted, Queen, 11000825

LA 158783—Ambush Site (Guadalupe Mountains Rock Art MPS), Address Restricted, Queen, 11000826

LA 162411—Lost Again Shelter (Guadalupe Mountains Rock Art MPS), Address Restricted, Queen, 11000827

LA 64908—Ambush Two Hands Shelter (Guadalupe Mountains Rock Art MPS), Address Restricted, Queen, 11000828

LA 71921—Horse Well Shelters (Guadalupe Mountains Rock Art MPS), Address Restricted, Queen, 11000829

TENNESSEE
Anderson County
Fort Anderson on Militia Hill, Vowell Mountain Rd., Lake City, 11000830

VERMONT
Chittenden County
LeClair Avenue Historic District, 6, 7, 8, 11, 14 LeClair Ave., 11–13, 12, 20 North St., Winooski, 11000831

VIRGINIA
Amelia County
Barrett—Chumney House, 2400 Richmond Rd., Amelia Courthouse, 11000832

Chesterfield County
Bellwood (Boundary Increase), 8000 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Richmond, 11000833

Fairfax County
Freeman Store, 131 Church St. NE., Vienna, 11000834

Woodlawn Plantation (Boundary Increase), 9000 Richmond Hwy., Alexandria, 11000836

Loudoun County
Unison Battlefield Historic District, Parts of Quaker Ln., Jeb Stuart, Unison, Newlin Mill, Millville, Bloomfield, Welbourne, Greengarden Rds., Unison, 11000835

Petersburg Independent City
Sutherland House, 606 Harding St., Petersburg (Independent City), 11000837

Roanoke Independent City
City of Roanoke Fire Station No. 5, 216 12th St. NW., Roanoke (Independent City), 11000838

Rockingham County
Cave Hill Farm, 9780 Cave Hill Rd., McGaheysville, 11000839

Shenandoah County
Maphis, John Miley, 56 Bell’s Ln., Edinburg, 11000840

WISCONSIN
Forest County
Armstrong Creek Bridge, Old 101 Rd. over Armstrong Cr., Armstrong Creek, 11000841

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement

Notice of Proposed Information Collection for 1029–0111

AGENCY: Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, Interior.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSM) is announcing its intention to request renewed approval for the collection of information for Areas Designated by Act of Congress. This information collection activity was previously approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and assigned clearance number 1029–0111.

DATES: Comments on the proposed information collection activities must be received by December 27, 2011, to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be mailed to John Trelease, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, 1951 Constitution Ave., NW., Room 203–SIB, Washington, DC 20240. Comments may also be submitted electronically to jtrelease@osmre.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To receive a copy of the information collection request contact John Trelease, at (202) 208–2783 or by email at jtrelease@osmre.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: OMB regulations at 5 CFR part 1320, which implement provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13), require that interested members of the public and affected agencies have an opportunity to comment on information collection and recordkeeping activities [see 5 CFR 1320.8 (d)]. This notice identifies an information collection that OSM will be submitting to OMB for approval. This collection is contained in