respect to each of those portions of the accrued benefit are treated as two separate optional forms of benefit for purposes of applying the provisions of Plan E implementing the requirements of section 417(e)(3) and § 1.417(e)–1(d). Therefore, whether a participant elects to receive a single sum payment of the portion of the benefit earned under the cash balance formula does not affect whether the distribution elected with respect to the portion of the benefit earned as of December 31, 2012, is subject to the minimum present value requirements of section 417(e)(3).

Example 5. (i) The facts are the same as in Example 4, except that Plan E also permits a participant to elect, with respect to the cash balance portion of the benefit, to receive a percentage of the accrued benefit chosen by the participant as a single sum and the remainder in any annuity form provided under the plan, with both portions of the payment determined by multiplying the amount that would be payable if the entire benefit were paid in that form by the percentage that applies to that distribution option. Plan E provides that, with respect to such a distribution that is paid partly in the form of a single sum and partly in the form of an annuity, the single sum and the annuity are treated as two separate optional forms of benefit for purposes of applying the provisions of the plan implementing the requirements of section 417(e)(3) and § 1.417(e)–1(d). Participant X retires at age 65, with an accrued benefit under the traditional formula of $500 per month (earned as of December 31, 2012), and a cash balance hypothetical account of $45,000.

Based on Plan E’s actuarial equivalence factors, Participant X’s accrued benefit derived from the cash balance hypothetical account is $320 per month, payable as a life annuity at normal retirement. Participant X elects to receive $15,000 of the current hypothetical account balance in the form of a single sum and to receive the remainder of the total accrued benefit as a life annuity.

(ii) Under the analysis set forth in Example 4, Plan E provides for a bifurcated accrued benefit in accordance with paragraph (d)(7)(C) of section 417(e)(3) with respect to the portion of the accrued benefit attributable to the benefit earned as of December 31, 2012, and the portion of the accrued benefit attributable to the benefit earned under the cash balance formula. Furthermore, Plan E provides that the two different distribution options selected with respect to each of those portions of the accrued benefit are treated as two separate optional forms of benefit for purposes of applying the provisions of Plan E implementing the requirements of section 417(e)(3) and § 1.417(e)–1(d). Thus, a separate distribution option may be chosen for each of these two portions, and section 417(e)(3) applies separately to each portion.

(iii) In accordance with paragraphs (d)(7)(ii)(B) and (d)(7)(iv) of this section, the portion of the accrued benefit under Plan E earned under the cash balance formula is also a bifurcated accrued benefit because Plan E provides for a participant to select a single-sum distribution with respect to a portion of the cash balance formula accrued benefit and an annuity distribution option with respect to the remaining portion of the cash balance formula accrued benefit, each distribution option is available with respect to the entire cash balance formula accrued benefit, and the amount of the distribution with respect to each distribution option applied to its respective portion of the cash balance formula accrued benefit is the pro rata portion of the amount of the distribution that would be determined if that distribution option had been applied to the entire cash balance formula accrued benefit. Furthermore, Plan E provides that the two different distribution options selected with respect to each of those portions of the cash balance formula accrued benefit are treated as two separate optional forms of benefit for purposes of applying the provisions of Plan E implementing the requirements of section 417(e)(3) and § 1.417(e)–1(d). Thus, under paragraph (d)(7)(iv) of this section, ½ of the cash balance hypothetical account is paid as a single sum (that is, $15,000 + 45,000), and the remaining ½ of the cash balance hypothetical account, or $30,000, is converted to an annuity benefit of ½ x $320, or $15,313.33 per month.

(iv) Participant X therefore receives a single sum payment of $15,000, representing the portion of the current hypothetical account balance that X elected to receive as a single sum. In addition, Participant X receives a monthly life annuity of $713.33 per month (equal to the $500 benefit attributable to the benefit earned as of December 31, 2012, plus the $213.33 portion of the cash balance benefit paid as an annuity). Participant X’s election to receive a single sum payment of part of the benefit earned under the cash balance formula does not affect whether the remainder of Participant X’s distribution is subject to the minimum present value requirements of section 417(e)(3).

(b) Effective/applicability date—(i) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (b)(8), this paragraph (d) applies to distributions with annuity starting dates in plan years beginning on or after January 1, 1995.

(ii) Paragraph (d)(7) of this section applies to distributions with annuity starting dates in plan years beginning on or after the date final regulations that finalize these proposed regulations are published in the Federal Register.

Steven T. Miller,
Deputy Commissioner for Services and Enforcement.
[FR Doc. 2012–2341 Filed 2–2–12; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4830–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives

27 CFR Part 478

[Docket No. ATF 32P; AG Order No. 3321–2012]

RIN 1140–AA38


AGENCY: Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (ATF), Department of Justice.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The Department of Justice is proposing to amend the regulations of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (ATF) regarding administrative hearings held as part of firearms license proceedings. This proposed rule clarifies that such hearings are held in an informal setting and that persons requesting a hearing will be afforded the opportunity to submit facts, arguments, offers of settlement, or proposals of adjustment for review and consideration. The proposed regulations are intended to ensure that federal firearms licensees and persons applying for a federal firearms license are familiar with the hearing process relative to the denial, suspension, or revocation of a firearms license, or imposition of a civil fine.

DATES: Written comments must be postmarked and electronic comments must be submitted on or before May 3, 2012. Commenters should be aware that the electronic Federal Docket Management System will not accept comments after Midnight Eastern Time on the last day of the comment period.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to any of the following addresses—

• Deborah G. Szczenski, Industry Operations Specialist (Regulations), Mailstop 6N–602, Enforcement Programs and Services, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives, 99 New York Avenue NE., Washington, DC 20226; Attn: ATF 32P.

Written comments must appear in a minimum 12-point size of type (.17 inches), include your mailing address, be signed, and may be of any length.

• (202) 648–9741 (facsimile).

• http://www.regulations.gov. Federal eRulemaking portal; follow the instructions for submitting comments.

You may also view an electronic version of this proposed rule at the http://www.regulations.gov site.

See the Public Participation section at the end of the SUPPLEMENTARY
I. Background

The Attorney General is responsible for enforcing the provisions of the Gun Control Act of 1968 (‘‘the Act’’), 18 U.S.C. Chapter 44. He has delegated that responsibility to the Director of ATF, subject to the direction of the Attorney General and the Deputy Attorney General. 28 CFR 0.130(a). ATF has promulgated regulations that implement the provisions of the Act in 27 CFR Part 478.

The regulations in Subpart E of Part 478, sections 478.71–478.78, relate to proceedings involving federal firearms licenses, including the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license, or the imposition of a civil fine. In particular, §478.71 provides that the Director of ATF may issue a notice of denial on ATF Form 4498 (Notice of Denial of Application for License) to an applicant for a license if he has reason to believe that the applicant is not qualified, under the provisions of §478.47, to receive a license. The notice sets forth the matters of fact and law relied upon in determining that the application should be denied, and affords the applicant 15 days from the date of receipt of the notice in which to request a hearing to review the denial. If a request for a hearing is not filed within such time, the application is disapproved and a copy, so marked, is returned to the applicant.

Under §478.72, an applicant who has been denied an original or renewal license may file a request with the Director of Industry Operations (DIO) for a hearing to review the denial of the application. On conclusion of the hearing and after consideration of all relevant facts and circumstances presented by the applicant or his representative, the Director (or his or her delegate) renders a decision confirming or reversing the denial of the application. If the decision is that the denial shall stand, a certified copy of the Director’s findings and conclusions are furnished to the applicant with a final notice of denial, ATF Form 4501 (now ATF Form 5300.13), Final Notice of Denial of Application or Revocation of Firearms License. In addition, a copy of the application, marked “Disapproved,” is furnished to the applicant. If the decision is that the license applied for should be issued, the applicant will be so notified, in writing, and the license will be issued.

Section 478.73 provides that whenever the Director has reason to believe that a firearms licensee has willfully violated any provision of the Act or part 478, a notice of revocation of the license (ATF Form 4500) may be issued. In addition, a notice of revocation, suspension, or imposition of a civil fine may be issued on ATF Form 4500 whenever the Director has reason to believe that a licensee has knowingly transferred a firearm to an unlicensed person and knowingly failed to comply with the requirements of 18 U.S.C. 922(1)(I), relating to a NICS (National Instant Criminal Background Check System) background check. Additionally, under 18 U.S.C. 924(p)(1)(A) and 922 (2), a notice of suspension or revocation of a license, or the imposition of a civil penalty, may be issued when a licensee sells, delivers, or transfers any handgun to any unlicensed person without providing a secure gun storage or safety device for the handgun.

As specified in §478.74, a licensee who receives a notice of license suspension or revocation of a license, or imposition of a civil fine, may file a request for a hearing with the Director of Industry Operations. On conclusion of the hearing and after consideration of all the relevant information presented at the hearing, the Director renders a decision and prepares a brief summary of the findings and conclusions on which the decision was based. If the decision is that the license should be revoked or, in actions under 18 U.S.C. 922(1)(5) (or 924(p)), that the license should be revoked or suspended, or that a civil fine should be imposed, a certified copy of the summary is furnished to the licensee with the final notice of revocation, suspension, or imposition of a civil fine on ATF Form 4501. If the decision is that the license should not be revoked, or in actions under 18 U.S.C. 922(1)(5) (or 924(p)), that the license should not be revoked or suspended, and a civil fine should not be imposed, the licensee will be notified in writing.

Under §478.76, a firearms licensee or an applicant for a firearms license may be represented at a hearing by an attorney, certified public accountant, or other person recognized to practice before ATF, provided certain requirements are satisfied. The Director may be represented in hearing proceedings by an attorney in the Office of Chief Counsel or authorized Division Counsel. Pursuant to §478.77, hearings concerning notification of license denials, suspensions, revocations, or the imposition of a civil fine must be held in a location convenient to the aggrieved party.

Currently, ATF has procedures regarding administrative hearings held as part of firearms license proceedings (see ATF 36N, 75 FR 48362, Aug. 10, 2010).
rulemaking as defined by Executive Order 12866.

The proposed amendments merely clarify that an administrative hearing, pursuant to a firearms license proceeding, is held in an informal setting where a federal firearms licensee or an applicant for a federal firearms license will have the opportunity for the submission and consideration of facts, arguments, offers of settlement, or proposals of adjustment for review and consideration by the Director of ATF.

B. Executive Order 13132

This proposed regulation will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the Federal Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with section 6 of Executive Order 13132, the Attorney General has determined that this proposed regulation will not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a federalism summary impact statement.

C. Executive Order 12988

This proposed regulation meets the applicable standards set forth in sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988.

D. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 605(b)) requires an agency to conduct a regulatory flexibility analysis of any rule subject to notice and comment rulemaking requirements unless the agency certifies that the rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small not-for-profit enterprises, and small governmental jurisdictions. The Attorney General has reviewed this proposed rule and, by approving it, certifies that this proposed rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The proposed amendments merely clarify that an administrative hearing, pursuant to a firearms license proceeding, is held in an informal setting where a federal firearms licensee or an applicant for a federal firearms license will have the opportunity for the submission and consideration of facts, arguments, offers of settlement, or proposals of adjustment for consideration by the Director of ATF.

E. Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996

This proposed rule is not a major rule as defined by section 251 of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, 5 U.S.C. 804. This proposed rule will not result in an annual effect on the economy of $100 million or more; a major increase in costs or prices; or significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or on the ability of United States-based companies to compete with foreign-based companies in domestic and export markets.

F. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

This proposed rule will not result in the expenditure by State, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector of $100 million or more in any one year, and it will not significantly or uniquely affect small governments. Therefore, no actions were deemed necessary under the provisions of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995.

G. Paperwork Reduction Act

This proposed rule does not impose any new reporting or recordkeeping requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act.

Public Participation

A. Comments Sought

ATF is requesting comments on the proposed rule from all interested persons. ATF is also specifically requesting comments on the clarity of this proposed rule and how it may be made easier to understand.

All comments must reference this document, docket number (ATF 32P), be legible, and include your name and mailing address. ATF will treat all comments as originals and will not acknowledge receipt of comments. Comments received on or before the closing date will be carefully considered. Comments received after that date will be given the same consideration if it is practical to do so, but assurance of consideration cannot be given except as to comments received on or before the closing date.

B. Confidentiality

Comments, whether submitted electronically or on paper, will be made available for public viewing at ATF, and on the Internet as part of the eRulemaking initiative, and are subject to the Freedom of Information Act. Commenters who do not want their name or other personal identifying information posted on the Internet should submit their comment by mail or facsimile, along with a separate cover sheet that contains their personal identifying information. Both the cover sheet and comment must reference this docket number. Information contained in the cover sheet will not be posted on the Internet. Any personal identifying information that appears within the comment will be posted on the Internet and will not be redacted by ATF.

Any material that the commenter considers to be inappropriate for disclosure to the public should not be included in the comment. Any person submitting a comment shall specifically designate that portion (if any) of his comments that contains material that is confidential under law (e.g., trade secrets, processes, etc.). Any portion of a comment that is confidential under law shall be set forth on pages separate from the balance of the comment and shall be prominently marked “confidential” at the top of each page. Confidential information will be included in the rulemaking record but will not be disclosed to the public. Any comments containing material that is not confidential under law may be disclosed to the public. In any event, the name of the person submitting a comment is not exempt from disclosure.

C. Submitting Comments

Comments may be submitted in any of three ways:

- **Mail:** Send written comments to the address listed in the **ADDRESSES** section of this document. Written comments must appear in a minimum 12-point size of type (.17 inches). Include your mailing address, be signed, and may be of any length.

- **Facsimile:** You may submit comments by facsimile transmission to (202) 648–9741. Faxed comments must:
  1. Be legible and appear in a minimum 12-point size of type (.17 inches);
  2. Be on 8½” x 11” paper;
  3. Contain a legible, written signature; and
  4. Be no more than five pages long. ATF will not accept faxed comments that exceed five pages.

- **Federal eRulemaking Portal:** To submit comments to ATF via the Federal eRulemaking portal, visit [http://www.regulations.gov](http://www.regulations.gov) and follow the instructions for submitting comments.

D. Request for Hearing

Any interested person who desires an opportunity to comment orally at a public hearing should submit his or her request, in writing, to the Director of
ATF within the 90-day comment period. The Director, however, reserves the right to determine, in light of all circumstances, whether a public hearing is necessary.

Disclosure

Copies of this proposed rule and the comments received will be available for public inspection by appointment during normal business hours at: ATF Reading Room, Room 1E–062, 99 New York Avenue NE., Washington, DC 20226; telephone: (202) 648–8740.

Drafting Information

The author of this document is Deborah G. Szczenski; Enforcement Programs and Services; Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives.

List of Subjects in 27 CFR Part 478

Administrative practice and procedure, Arms and ammunition, Authority delegations, Customs duties and inspection, Domestic violence, Exports, Imports, Law enforcement personnel, Military personnel, Nonimmigrant aliens, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Research, Seizures and forfeitures, and Transportation.

Authority and Issuance

Accordingly, for the reasons discussed in the preamble, 27 CFR Part 478 is proposed to be amended as follows:

PART 478—COMMERCE IN FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION

1. The authority citation for 27 CFR Part 478 continues to read as follows:


2. Section 478.72 is amended by adding a new fifth sentence to read as follows:

§ 478.72 Hearing after application denial.

* * * The hearing shall be informal and the applicant will have the opportunity to submit facts, arguments, offers of settlement, or proposals of adjustment for review and consideration. * * *


Eric H. Holder, Jr.,
Attorney General.
[FR Doc. 2012–2492 Filed 2–2–12; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410–FY–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 100 and 165

[Docket No. USCG–2011–1026]

RIN 1625–AA08; AA00

Safety Zones; Annually Recurring Marine Events in Coast Guard Southeastern New England Captain of the Port Zone

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard proposes to amend special local regulations and to establish permanent safety zones in Coast Guard Southeastern New England Captain of the Port (COTP) Zone for annually recurring marine events. When these safety zones are activated, and subject to enforcement, this rule may restrict vessels from portions of water areas during annual events listed in the TABLE below that may pose a hazard to public safety. The revised safety zones would expedite public notification of events, remove extraneous and discontinued marine events, and ensure the protection of the maritime public and event participants from the hazards associated with marine regattas, firework displays, swim competitions, and other marine events.

DATES: Comments and related material must be received by the Coast Guard on or before April 3, 2012. Requests for public meetings must be received by the Coast Guard on or before February 24, 2012.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments identified by docket number USCG–2011–1026 using any one of the following methods:


2. Fax: (202) 493–2251.


4. Hand delivery: Same as mail address above, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The telephone number is (202) 366–9329.

To avoid duplication, please use only one of these four methods. See the “Public Participation and Request for Comments” portion of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section below for instructions on submitting comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions on this proposed rule, call or email Mr. Edward G. LeBlanc, Waterways Management Division at Coast Guard Sector Southeastern New England, telephone (401) 435–2351, email Edward.G.LeBlanc@uscg.mil. If you have questions on viewing or submitting material to the docket, call Renee V. Wright, Program Manager, Docket Operations, telephone (202) 366–9826.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Public Participation and Request for Comments

We encourage you to participate in this rulemaking by submitting comments and related materials. All comments received will be posted without change to http://www.regulations.gov and will include any personal information you have provided.

Submitting Comments

If you submit a comment, please include the docket number for this rulemaking (USCG–2011–1026), indicate the specific section of this document to which each comment applies, and provide a reason for each suggestion or recommendation. You may submit your comments and material online (via http://www.regulations.gov) or by fax, mail, or hand delivery, but please use only one of these means. If you submit a comment online via http://www.regulations.gov, it will be considered received by the Coast Guard when it is received at the Docket Management Facility. We recommend that you include your name and a mailing address, an email address, or a telephone number in the body of your document so that we can contact you if we have questions regarding your submission.

To submit your comment online, go to http://www.regulations.gov, click on the “submit a comment” box, which will then become highlighted in blue. In the “Document Type” drop down menu