flag vessels. If MARAD determines, in accordance with 46 U.S.C. 12121 and MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR part 388, that the issuance of the waiver will have an unduly adverse effect on a U.S.-vessel builder or a business that uses U.S.-flag vessels in that business, a waiver will not be granted. Comments should refer to the docket number of this notice and the vessel name in order for MARAD to properly consider the comments. Comments should also state the commenter's interest in the waiver application, and address the waiver criteria given in § 388.4 of MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR part 388.

Privacy Act

Anyone is able to search the electronic form of all comments received into any of our dockets by the name of the individual submitting the comment (or signing the comment, if submitted on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.). You may review DOT’s complete Privacy Act Statement in the Federal Register published on April 11, 2000 (Volume 65, Number 70; Pages 19477–78).

Julie P. Agarwal,
Secretary, Maritime Administration.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: As described by the applicant the intended service of the vessel SMOKE AND ROSES is:

INTENDED COMMERCIAL USE OF VESSEL: “We intend to carry up to 10 passengers for hire for sunset and wildlife sightseeing tours. Also, overnight and week long tours for up to 6 passengers touring the southwest coast of Florida.”

GEOGRAPHIC REGION: “Florida.”

The complete application is given in DOT docket MARAD–2012–0068 at http://www.regulations.gov. Interested parties may comment on the effect this action may have on U.S. vessel builders or businesses in the U.S. that use U.S.-flag vessels. If MARAD determines, in accordance with 46 U.S.C. 12121 and MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR Part 388, that the issuance of the waiver will have an unduly adverse effect on a U.S.-vessel builder or a business that uses U.S.-flag vessels in that business, a waiver will not be granted. Comments should refer to the docket number of this notice and the vessel name in order for MARAD to properly consider the comments. Comments should also state the commenter’s interest in the waiver application, and address the waiver criteria given in § 388.4 of MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR Part 388.

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Julie P. Agarwal,
Secretary, Maritime Administration.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
[Docket No. NHTSA–2012–0062]
Highway Safety Programs; Conforming Products List of Screening Devices To Measure Alcohol in Bodily Fluids

AGENCY: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Department of Transportation.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice updates the Conforming Products List (CPL) for screening devices on December 15, 2009 (74 FR 66398) for instruments that conform to the Model Specifications for Screening Devices to Measure Alcohol in Bodily Fluids dated, March 31, 2008 (73 FR 16956).

DATES: Effective Date: June 14, 2012.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 2, 1994, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) published Model Specifications for Screening Devices to Measure Alcohol in Bodily Fluids (59 FR 39382). These specifications established performance criteria and methods for testing alcohol screening devices to measure alcohol content. The specifications support State laws that target youthful offenders (e.g., “zero tolerance” laws) and the Department of Transportation’s workplace alcohol testing program. NHTSA published its first Conforming Products List (CPL) for screening devices on December 2, 1994 (59 FR 61923), with corrections on December 16, 1994 (59 FR 65128), identifying the devices that meet NHTSA’s Model Specifications for Screening Devices to
NHTSA Model Specifications for Screening Devices to Measure Alcohol in Bodily Fluids. One device is distributed by two different companies, so it has been listed twice, for a total of ten (10) new entries on this CPL.

(1) AK Solutions USA, LLC, submitted the AlcoMate SafeGuard (Model AL–2500, aka: AlcoScan AL–2500) alcohol screening device. This is a handheld, battery powered device with a semiconductor sensor.

(2) Alcohol Countermeasure Systems Corp., submitted the DRIVESAFE alcohol screening device. This is a handheld, battery powered device with a fuel cell sensor.

(3) KHN Solutions, LLC, submitted 2 screening devices for testing. Their trade names are: BACTRACK Element and the BACTRACK S75 Pro. Both devices are handheld, battery powered device with fuel cell sensors.

(4) PAS Systems International, Inc. submitted the Alcovisor MARS screening device. This is a handheld, battery powered device with a fuel cell sensor.

(5) Q3 Innovations, Inc. submitted the CA2010 screening device. This is a handheld, battery powered device with a semiconductor sensor.

(6) Skyfine Inc. Ltd. submitted 3 devices (AT577, AT578, and AT579). All three devices are handheld, battery powered, and use fuel cell sensors. The AT578 is also distributed by Express Diagnostics Int’l, Blue Earth, Minnesota under the trade name of AlcoCheck FC90, so it has been listed twice on the CPL, once under each of its distributors/manufacturers.

All of the above devices meet the NHTSA Model Specifications for Screening Devices to Measure Alcohol in Bodily Fluids.

Consistent with the above, NHTSA updates the Conforming Products List of Screening Devices to Measure Alcohol in Bodily Fluids to read as follows:

**CONFORMING PRODUCTS LIST OF ALCOHOL SCREENING DEVICES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Distributors/manufacturers</th>
<th>Devices</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AK Solutions, USA, LLC., Palisades Park, New Jersey</td>
<td>• AlcoScan AL–2500.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alco Check International, Hudsonville, Michigan</td>
<td>• SafeMate.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Akers Biosciences, Inc., Thorofare, New Jersey</td>
<td>• SafeDrive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Countermeasure Systems Corp., Toronto, Ontario, Canada</td>
<td>• AlcoMate.3 (aka: AlcoHAWK Pro by Q3 Innovations).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAC Solutions, Inc., Birmingham, Michigan</td>
<td>• AlcoMate Accu Cell AL–9000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.E.S.T. Labs., Boardman, Ohio</td>
<td>• AlcoMate Pro.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chematics, Inc., North Webster, Indiana</td>
<td>• AlcoMate Core.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMI, Inc., Owensboro, Kentucky</td>
<td>• AlcoMate Premium AL–7000, with replaceable Premium Sensor Modules (SM–7000).4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Express Diagnostics Int’l, Inc., Blue Earth, Minnesota</td>
<td>• AlcoMate Prestige AL–6000, with replaceable Prestige Sensor Modules (SM–6000).4.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Innovative Technology Group, Ltd., Hong Kong</td>
<td>• AlcoMate SafeGuard (Model AL–2500, aka: AlcoScan AL–2500).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guth Laboratories, Inc., Harrisburg, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>• AlcoCheck 3000 D.O.T.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Han International Co., Ltd., Seoul, Korea</td>
<td>• Alco Check 9000.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KHN Solutions, LLC, San Francisco, California</td>
<td>• Breath Alcohol ✓ .02 Detection System.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lion Laboratories, Ltd., Wales, United Kingdom</td>
<td>• BACTRACK Select S50.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OraSure Technologies, Inc., Bethlehem, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>• BACTRACK Select S80.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q3 Innovations, Inc., Independence, Iowa</td>
<td>• BACTRACK S 75 Pro.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q3 Innovations, Inc., Independence, Iowa</td>
<td>• Alcometer 500 (aka: Intoxilyzer 500—CMI, Inc.).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q3 Innovations, Inc., Independence, Iowa</td>
<td>• AlcoHAWK PRO (aka: AlcoMate by AK Solutions).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This list is updated periodically by NHTSA on the basis of manufacturers’ submissions. The list was last updated on December 15, 2005 (70 FR 72502), with corrections on January 31, 2007 (72 FR 4559).
The device comes with 4 detectors including the one that was already installed.

Under AK Solutions, Inc. and Q3 Innovations, Inc.

SUMMARY:

ACTION:

AGENCY:

Alcohol Measurement Devices

Products List of Evidential Breath

Highway Safety Programs; Conforming

[Appendix D to that notice. Those

Authoritative: 23 U.S.C. 403; 49 CFR 1.50; 49

CFR part 501.

Issued on: June 11, 2012.

Jeff Michael,

Associate Administrator, Research and

Program Development, National Highway

Traffic Safety Administration

[FR Doc. 2012–14582 Filed 6–13–12; 8:45 am

BILLING CODE 4910–59–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

National Highway Traffic Safety

Administration

[Docket No. NHTSA–2012–0061]

Highway Safety Programs; Conforming

Products List of Evidential Breath

Alcohol Measurement Devices

AGENCY: National Highway Traffic

Safety Administration, Department of

Transportation.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice updates the

Conforming Products List (CPL) published in the Federal Register on

March 11, 2010 (75 FR 11624) for instruments that conform to the Model

Specifications for Evidential Breath

Alcohol Measurement Devices dated,

September 17, 1993 (58 FR 48705).

DATES: Effective Date: June 14, 2012.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For
technical issues: Ms. De Carlo Ciccel,

Behavioral Research Division, NTI–131,

National Highway Traffic Safety

Administration, 1200 New Jersey

Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590;

Telephone: (202) 366–1694. For legal

issues: Ms. Jin Kim, Office of Chief

Counsel, NCC–113, National Highway

Traffic Safety Administration, 1200 New

Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC

20590; Telephone: (202) 366–1834.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On

November 5, 1973, the National

Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) published the Standards for

Devices to Measure Breath Alcohol

(38 FR 30459). A Qualified Products List

of Evidential Breath Measurement

Devices comprised of instruments that

met this standard was first issued on

November 21, 1974 (39 FR 41399).

On December 14, 1984 (49 FR 48854),

NHTSA converted this standard to

Model Specifications for Evidential

Breath Testing Devices (Model

Specifications), and published a

Conforming Products List (CPL) of

instruments that were found to conform
to the Model Specifications as

Appendix D to that notice. Those

instruments are identified on the CPL

with an asterisk.

On September 17, 1993, NHTSA

published a notice to amend the Model

Specifications (58 FR 48705) and to

update the CPL. That notice changed the

alcohol concentration levels at which

instruments are evaluated, from 0.000, 0.050, 0.101, and 0.151 BAC, to 0.000,

0.020, 0.040, 0.080, and 0.160 BAC,

respectively. It also included a test for

the presence of acetone and an

expanded definition of alcohol to

include other low molecular weight

alcohols, e.g., methyl or isopropyl.

Since that time, the CPL has been

annotated to indicate which instruments

have been determined to meet the

Model Specifications published in

1984, and which have been determined
to meet the Model Specifications, as

revised and published in 1993.

Thereafter, NHTSA has periodically

updated the CPL with those breath

instruments found to conform to the

Model Specifications. The most recent

update to the CPL was published March

11, 2010 (75 FR 11624).

The CPL published today adds nine

new instruments that have been
evaluated and found to conform to the

Model Specifications, as amended on

September 17, 1993 for mobile and

non-mobile use. These devices are

distributed by two different companies,

so it has been listed twice, for a total of

• AlcoHAWK PT 500.

• CA2010.

• Alco Tec III.

• Safe-Slim.

• AT577.

• AT576 (aka: AlcoCheck FC90).

• AT579.

• Digitox D.O.T.7

• On-Site Alcohol.10

4 Manufactured by Sentech Korea Corp.

5 These devices utilize replaceable semiconductor detectors. Instead of re-calibrating the device, a new calibrated detector can be installed.

6 These devices utilize replaceable semiconductor detectors. Instead of re-calibrating the device, a new calibrated detector can be installed.

7 While these devices are still being sold, they are no longer manufactured or supported.

8 The Breath Alcohol υ.02 Detection System consists of a single-use disposable breath tube used in conjunction with an electronic analyzer that determines the test result. The electronic analyzer and the disposable breath tubes are lot specific and manufactured to remain calibrated throughout the shelf-life of the device. This screening device cannot be used after the expiration date.

9 While the ALCO–SCREEN 02TM saliva-alcohol screening device manufactured by Chematics, Inc. passed the requirements of the Model Specifications, as amended on September 17, 1993 for mobile and non-mobile use, the device did not meet the Model Specifications, as amended on September 17, 1993.

10 While this device passed all of the requirements of the Model Specifications, readings should be taken only after the time specified by the manufacturer.

1 The AlcoMate was manufactured by Han International of Seoul, Korea, but marketed and sold in the U.S. by AK Solutions.

2 Manufactured by Seju Engineering, Korea.

3 Han International does not market or sell devices directly in the U.S. market. Other devices manufactured by Han International are listed under AK Solutions, Inc. and Q3 Innovations, Inc.