DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 129


RIN 2120–AJ45

Operations Specifications; OMB Approval of Information Collection

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; OMB approval of information collection.

SUMMARY: This document notifies the public of the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) approval of the information collection requirement contained in the FAA's final rule, "Operations Specifications," which was published on February 10, 2011.

DATES: The rule published on February 10, 2011, became effective on April 11, 2011. However, because it contained new information collection requirements, compliance with the information collection provisions contained in §129.7 was not required until they were approved. This document announces that OMB approval was received on April 5, 2012.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On February 10, 2011, the final rule, "Operations Specifications" was published in the Federal Register (76 FR 7482). In that rule, the FAA clarified and standardized the rules for applications by foreign air carriers and foreign persons for part 129 operations specifications and established new standards for amendment, suspension, and termination of those operations specifications.

In the DATES section of the final rule, the FAA noted that affected parties were not required to comply with the new information collection requirements in §129.7 until OMB approved the FAA’s request to collect the information. Section 129.7 includes new provisions governing the application, issuance, and denial of operations specifications. That information collection requirement had not been approved by OMB at the time of publication.

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, the FAA submitted a copy of the new information collection requirements to OMB for its review. OMB approved the collection on April 5, 2012, and assigned the information collection OMB Control Number 2120–0749, which expires on April 30, 2013.

This document is being published to inform affected parties of the approval, and to announce that as of April 5, 2012, affected parties are required to comply with the new information collection requirements in §129.7.
equal to or greater than 19.7 GHz or “spectral efficiency” greater than 3 bit/ s/Hz; (B) Fiber optic systems or equipment operating at a wavelength greater than 1000 nm; (C) “Telecommunications transmission systems” or equipment with a “digital transfer rate” at the highest multiplex level exceeding 45 Mb/s.

4. On page 422, in § 748.5, in paragraph (b), add the third sentence to read “Designation of another party to receive the license does not alter the responsibilities of the applicant, licensee or exporter.”

5. On page 446, in Supplement No. 2 to part 748, in paragraph (o)(3)(i), correct “E:2” to read “E:1”.

6. On page 466, in § 750.7, in paragraph (c)(1)(iii), correct “quality” to read “quantity” and correct “tolerance” to read “tolerances”.

7. On page 486, in Supplement No. 1 to part 752, in block 11, correct “SF ##” to read “SF #”.

8. On page 487, in Supplement No. 3 to part 752, in block 6, correct “BIS–748P–B” to read “BIS–748P–A”.

9. On page 568, in Supplement No. 7 to part 760, add the fourth paragraph to read as follows:

Supplement No. 7 to Part 760—Interpretation

The United States person may also provide certain services in advance of the unilateral selection by the boycotting country, such as the compilation of lists of qualified suppliers, so long as such services are customary to the type of business the United States person is engaged in, and the services rendered are completely non-exclusionary in character (i.e., the list of qualified suppliers would have to include the supplier whose goods had previously been rejected by the boycotting country, if they were fully qualified). See § 760.2(a)(6) of this part for a discussion of the requirements for the provision of these services.

[FR Doc. 2012–16905 Filed 7–9–12; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

29 CFR Part 1983

[Docket Number: OSHA–2010–0006]

RIN 1218–AC47

Procedures for the Handling of Retaliation Complaints Under Section 219 of the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008

AGENCY: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document provides the final text of regulations governing the employee protection (whistleblower) provisions of the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008 (CPSIA). An interim final rule governing these provisions and request for public comment was published in the Federal Register on August 31, 2010. Three comments were received. This rule responds to those comments and establishes the final procedures and time frames for the handling of retaliation complaints under CPSIA, including procedures and time frames for employee complaints to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), investigations by OSHA, appeals of OSHA determinations to an administrative law judge (ALJ) for a hearing de novo, hearings by ALJs, review of ALJ decisions by the Administrative Review Board (ARB) (acting on behalf of the Secretary of Labor), and judicial review of the Secretary’s final decision.

DATES: This final rule is effective on July 10, 2012.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Sandra Dillon, Director, Office of the Whistleblower Protection Program, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Room N–3610, 200 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20210; telephone (202) 693–2199. This is not a toll-free number. This Federal Register document is available in alternative formats. The alternative formats available are large print, electronic file on computer disk (Word Perfect, ASCII, Mates with Duxbury Braille System) and audiotape.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background


II. Summary of Statutory Procedures

CPSIA’s whistleblower provisions include procedures that allow a covered employee to file, within 180 days of the alleged retaliation, a complaint with the Secretary of Labor (Secretary). Upon receipt of the complaint, the Secretary must provide written notice to the person or persons named in the complaint alleged to have violated the Act (respondent) of the filing of the complaint, the substance of the complaint, the violation of, or any act or omission the employees reasonably believe to be a violation of, any provision of an Act enforced by the Commission. The statutes enforced by the Commission include the Consumer Product Safety Act (CPSA), as amended by the CPSIA (15 U.S.C. 2051 et seq.), the Children’s Gasoline Burn Prevention Act (Pub. L. 110–278, 122 Stat. 2602 (2008)), the Federal Hazardous Substances Act (15 U.S.C. 1261 et seq.), the Flammable Fabrics Act (15 U.S.C. 1191 et seq.), the Poison Prevention Packaging Act (15 U.S.C. 1471 et seq.), the Refrigerator Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 1211 et seq.), and the Virginia Graeme Baker Pool and Spa Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 8001 et seq.). These rules establish procedures for the handling of whistleblower complaints under CPSIA.

1 The regulatory provisions in this part have been written and organized to be consistent with other whistleblower regulations promulgated by OSHA to the extent possible within the bounds of the statutory language of CPSIA. Responsibility for receiving and investigating complaints under CPSIA also has been delegated to the Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health (Secretary’s Order 1–2012 (Jan. 18, 2012), 77 FR 3912 (Jan. 25, 2012))). Hearings on determinations by the Assistant Secretary are conducted by the Office of Administrative Law Judges, and appeals from decisions by ALJs are decided by the ARB (Secretary’s Order 1–2010 (Jan. 15, 2010), 75 FR 3924 (Jan. 25, 2010)).