further reduce the information burden for small business concerns with fewer than 25 employees. The FCC may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) that does not display a valid OMB control number.

DATES: Written Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) comments should be submitted on or before March 25, 2013. If you anticipate that you will be submitting PRA comments, but find it difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the FCC contact listed below as soon as possible.

ADDRESSES: Submit your PRA comments to Nicholas A. Fraser, Office of Management and Budget, via fax at 202–395–5167 or via Internet at Nicholas.A.Fraser@omb.eop.gov and to Benish Shah, Federal Communications Commission, via the Internet at Benish.Shah@fcc.gov. To submit your PRA comments by email send them to: PRA@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Benish Shah, Office of Managing Director, (202) 418–7866.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control Number: 3060–0758
Title: Sections 5.55(c), 5.61(c), 5.75, 5.85(d), 5.85(e), and 5.93(b)—Experimental Radio Service Regulations.
Form Number: N/A
Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.
Respondents: Business or other for-profit entities; Not-for-profit institutions, and Individuals or household.
Number of Respondents: 428 respondents; 4,524 responses.
Estimated Time per Response: 0.10 to 0.25 hours.
Frequency of Response: Third party disclosure.
Obligation to Respond: Required to obtain or retain benefits.
Total Annual Burden: 681 hours.
Total Annual Cost: None.
Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: There is no need for confidentiality, except for personally identifiable information individuals may submit, which is covered by a system of records, FCC/OET–1, “Experimental Radio Station License Files.”
Privacy Act Impact Assessment: No.
Needs and Uses: The Commission will submit this information collection to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) after this 60 day comment period in order to obtain the full three year clearance from them. The Commission is requesting an extension (no change in the reporting requirements) of this information collection. The Commission is reporting no change in their burden estimates.

Under 47 CFR part 5 of the FCC’s Rules governing the Experimental Radio Service: (1) Pursuant to section 5.55(c), each application for experimental radio authorization shall be specific and complete with regard to—station location, proposed equipment, power, antenna height, and operating frequency; and other information required by the application form and the rules; (2) pursuant to section 5.61(c), an application for experimental special temporary authority shall contain—Name, address, phone number of the applicant, description of why the STA is needed, description of the operation to be conducted and its purpose, time and dates of proposed operation, classes of station and call sign, description of the location, equipment to be used, frequency desired, power desired, and antenna height information; (3) pursuant to Section 5.75, if a blanket license is granted, licensees are required to notify the Commission of the specific details of each individual experiment, including location, number of base and mobile units, power, emission designator, and any other pertinent technical information not specified by the blanket license; (4) pursuant to Section 5.85(d), when applicants are using public safety frequencies to perform experiments of a public safety nature, the license may be conditioned to require coordination between the experimental licensee and appropriate frequency coordinator and/or all public safety licensees in its area of operation; (5) pursuant to Section 5.85(e), the Commission may, at its discretion, condition any experimental license or special temporary authority (STA) on the requirement that before commencing operation, the new licensee coordinate its proposed facility with other licensees that may receive interference as a result of the new licensee’s operations; and (6) pursuant to Section 5.93(b), unless otherwise stated in the instrument of authorization, a license granted for the purpose of limited market studies requires the licensee to inform anyone participating in the experiment that the service or device is granted under an experimental authorization and is strictly temporary. In all cases, it is the responsibility of the licensee to coordinate with other users.

Federal Communications Commission.
Marlene H. Dortch,
Secretary.

[FPR Doc. 2013–01322 Filed 1–23–13; 8:45 am]
information collection, contact Cathy Williams at (202) 418–2918.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
OMB Control Number: 3060–0874.
Title: FCC Form 2000 A through G, FCC Form 475–B, FCC Form 1088 A through H, and FCC Form 501—Consumer Complaint Forms: General Complaints, Obscenity or Indecency Complaints, Complaints under the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, and Slamming Complaints.

Form Number: FCC Form 2000 A through G, FCC Form 475–B, FCC Form 1088 A through H, and FCC Form 501.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Individuals or households; Business or other for-profit entities; Not-for-profit institutions; State, local or Tribal Government.

Number of Respondents and Responses: 314,783 respondents; 314,783 responses.

Estimated Time per Response: 15 to 30 minutes per form on average.

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement.

Obligation To Respond: Voluntary.

Total Annual Burden: 150,607 hours.

Total Annual Cost: None.

Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: Confidentiality is an issue to the extent that individuals and households provide personally identifiable information, which is covered under the FCC’s updated system of records notice (SORN), FCC/CGB–1, “Informal Complaints and Inquiries”, which became effective on January 25, 2010.

Privacy Impact Assessment: The Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) for Informal Complaints and Inquiries was completed on June 28, 2007. It may be reviewed at http://www.fcc.gov/omd/privacyact/Privacy_Impact_Assessment.html. The Commission is in the process of updating the PIA to incorporate various revisions to it as a result of revisions to the SORN.

Needs and Uses: The FCC Form 2000 Consumer Complaint Forms asks the complainants to provide their contact information, including address, telephone number, and email address, and to briefly describe the nature of the complaint, including the communications entities against which the complaint is lodged, the consumer’s account number(s), if applicable, the date(s) on which the incident(s) occurred, and the type of resolution the consumer is seeking. The Commission uses the information to resolve the complaint and to describe their complaints and issues regarding “Do Not Call” and “Junk Fax” as well as other related consumer protection issues such as pre-recorded messages, automatic telephone dialing systems, and unsolicited commercial email messages to wireless telecommunications devices. The FCC Form 1088 A through H will remain unchanged. The FCC Form 501 Consumer Complaint Form asks complainants to provide their contact information, including address, telephone number, and email address, and to describe their complaints and issues regarding alleged slamming violations. The FCC Form 501 will remain unchanged.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
[DA 13–28]

Emergency Access Advisory Committee; Announcement of Charter Extension

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This document announces the extension of the charter of the Emergency Access Advisory Committee (Committee or EAAC). This extension of the charter will enable the EAAC to complete the important work it began in early 2011 pursuant to the Twenty-First Century Communications and Video Accessibility Act of 2010 (CVAA).

DATES: The EAAC charter is now effective until June 14, 2013.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Suzy Rosen Singleton, Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, (202) 810–1503, or Suzanne.Singleton@fcc.gov (email); and/or Zenji Nakazawa, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau, (202) 418–7949, Zenji.Nakazawa@fcc.gov (email).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: By releasing the Public Notice (DA 13–28), the Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau and the Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC or Commission) extended the charter of the EAAC by six months until June 14, 2013. This extension of the charter will enable the EAAC to complete the important work it began in early 2011 pursuant to the CVAA.

The EAAC was chartered on January 14, 2011 to determine the most effective and efficient technologies and methods by which to enable equal access to emergency services by individuals with disabilities as part of our nation’s migration to Next Generation 911 (NG9–1–1), and to make recommendations to the Commission on how to achieve those effective and efficient technologies and methods. In spring 2011, the EAAC conducted a nationwide survey of individuals with disabilities and released a report on that survey on July 21, 2011. Following release of the survey report, the EAAC developed recommendations, which it submitted to the Commission on December 7, 2011, as required by the CVAA. However, the EAAC clarified that the December 2011 recommendations did not constitute the full report and requested additional editorial privileges and the right to submit a full report that will contain the technical and policy background for these recommendations at a later date. The EAAC subsequently formed subcommittees to further explain in detail its initial recommendations related to interoperability testing, language assistance, gaps in existing public safety standards, timelines for deployment and pre-NG 911 mobile text-to-911 solutions.

The EAAC Charter provides that the EAAC shall terminate two years from the date of the Charter, thus expiring on January 14, 2013. The Commission has received requests from the co-chairs of