several novel somatic (e.g., tumor-specific) alterations, many of which have not previously been known to be genetically altered in tumors or linked to melanoma. In particular, the researchers identified a recurrent “hotspot” mutation in the transformation/transcription domain-associated protein (TRRAP) gene, identified the glutamate receptor ionotropic N-methyl D-aspartate 2A (GRIN2A) gene as a highly mutated in melanoma, and have shown that the majority of melanoma tumors have alterations in genes encoding members of the glutamate signaling pathway, such as phospholipase C, beta 4 (PLCB4). Therefore, this technology not only provides a comprehensive map of genetic alterations in melanoma, but has important diagnostic and therapeutic applications.

Available for licensing are several melanoma cell lines that harbor TRRAP, GRIN2A, and PLCB4 mutations. These cell lines provide useful and efficient tools for studying melanoma and can be used in the development of specific therapeutics for patients harboring these mutations. Specifically, these cell lines could be used to develop inhibitors to limit tumor growth and further understand melanoma and the biology of these genes.

Potential Commercial Applications:
• Diagnostic array for the detection of TRRAP, GRIN2A, and PLCB4 mutations.
• Method of identifying TRRAP, GRIN2A, and PLCB4 inhibitors as therapeutic agents to treat malignant melanoma patients.
• In vitro and in vivo cell model for understanding the biology of TRRAP, GRIN2A, and PLCB4, including growth, motility, invasion, and metabolite production.

Competitive Advantages:
• Cell lines are derived from melanoma patients.
• TRRAP, GRIN2A, and PLCB4 mutations are highly frequent and/or highly mutated in melanomas.
• Glutamate antagonists have already been shown to inhibit tumor growth.
Thus, this technology may prove useful for the development of novel diagnostic tests and therapeutics.

Development Stage: Pre-clinical
Inventors: Yardena Samuels (NHGRI) and Steven Rosenberg (NCI)
PATENT PROTECTION IS NOT BEING PURSUED FOR THE TRRAP, GRIN2A, PLCB4 MELANOMA METASTATIC CELL LINES.


Licenseing Contact: Whitney Hastings; 301–451–7337; hastingw@mail.nih.gov

Collaborative Research Opportunity:
The NHGRI is seeking statements of capability or interest from parties interested in collaborative research to further develop, evaluate or commercialize this technology. For collaboration opportunities, please contact Claire Driscoll, Director, NHGRI Technology Transfer Office, at cdriscol@mail.nih.gov or 301–594–2235.

Richard U. Rodriguez,
Director, Division of Technology Development and Transfer, Office of Technology Transfer, National Institutes of Health.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
National Institutes of Health
National Institute of General Medical Sciences; Notice of Closed Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App.), notice is hereby given of the following meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: National Institute of General Medical Sciences Special Emphasis Panel; Clinical Trial Cobre.

Date: February 27, 2013.
Time: 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: Marriott Courtyard Chevy Chase, 5529 Wisconsin Avenue, Chevy Chase, MD 20815.

Contact Person: Lisa A. Newman, SCD, Scientific Review Officer, Office of Scientific Review, National Institute of General Medical Sciences, National Institutes of Health, 45 Center Drive, Room 3As.19K, Bethesda, MD 20892–4874, 301–594–2704, newmanla2@mail.nih.gov.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.375, Minority Biomedical Research Support; 93.821, Cell Biology and Biophysics Research; 93.859, Pharmacology, Physiology, and Biological Chemistry Research; 93.862, Genetics and Developmental Biology Research; 93.88, Minority Access to Research Careers; 93.96, Special Minority Initiatives, National Institutes of Health, HHS)