classification, false weighing, false report of weight, false measurement, or any other unjust or unfair device or means, obtain or attempt to obtain ocean transportation for property at less than the rates or charges that would otherwise apply.”

Complainant requests that the Commission issue the following relief: “(1) An Order compelling Respondents to Answer the charges made herein and scheduling a hearing in Washington, DC during which the Commission may receive evidence in this matter; (2) An order holding that the Respondents, Centrus, Gren, and Mr. Liu Shao individually violated § 41102(a) of the Shipping Act; (3) An Order compelling Respondents, Centrus, Gren, and Liu Shao individually to make reparations to Complainant SMA in the amount of $63,010.68 for failure to pay freight and related charges as described herein; (4) An order requiring Respondents to compensate SMA for its attorney’s fees, interests, and costs and expenses incurred in this matter according to proof; (5) Such other and further relief as the Commission deems just and proper.

The full text of the complaint can be found in the Commission’s Electronic Reading Room at www.fmc.gov/13–03.

This proceeding has been assigned to the Office of Administrative Law Judges. The initial decision of the presiding officer in this proceeding shall be issued by March 3, 2014 and the final decision of the Commission shall be issued by July 1, 2014.

Rachel E. Dickon, Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2013–05253 Filed 3–5–13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730–01–P

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FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

[File No. 121 0098]

Praxedes E. Alvarez Santiago, M.D., Daniel Perez Brisebois, M.D., Jorge Grillasca Palou, M.D., Rafael Garcia Nieves, M.D., Francis M. Vazques Roura, M.D., Angel B. Rivera Santos, M.D., Cosme D. Santos Torres, M.D., and Juan L. Vilaro Chardon, M.D.;

Analysis of Agreement Containing Consent Order To Aid Public Comment

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Proposed consent agreement.

SUMMARY: The consent agreement in this matter settles alleged violations of federal law prohibiting unfair or deceptive acts or practices or unfair methods of competition. The attached Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes both the allegations in the draft complaint and the terms of the consent order—embodied in the consent agreement—that would settle these allegations.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before April 2, 2013.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties may file a comment at https://ftcpublic.commentworks.com/ftc/prnephrologistsconsent online or on paper, by following the instructions in the Request for Comment part of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section below. Write “PR Nephrologists, File No. 121 0098” on your comment and file your comment online at https://ftcpublic.commentworks.com/ftc/prnephrologistsconsent by following the instructions on the web-based form. If you prefer to file your comment on paper, mail or deliver your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, Room H–113 (Annex D), 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20580.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Garry Gibbs (202–326–2767), FTC, Bureau of Competition, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20580.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to Section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 2.34, 16 CFR 2.34, notice is hereby given that the above-captioned consent agreement containing a consent order to cease and desist, having been filed with and accepted, subject to final approval, by the Commission, has been placed on the public record for a period of thirty (30) days. The following Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes the terms of the consent agreement, and the allegations in the complaint. An electronic copy of the full text of the consent agreement package can be obtained from the FTC Home Page (for February 28, 2013), on the World Wide Web, at http://www.ftc.gov/os/actions.shtm. A paper copy can be obtained from the FTC, Public Reference Room, Room 130–H, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20580, either in person or by calling (202) 326–2222.

You can file a comment online or on paper. For the Commission to consider your comment, we must receive it on or before April 2, 2013. Write “PR Nephrologists, File No. 121 0098” on your comment. Your comment—including your name and your state—will be placed on the public record of this proceeding, including to the extent practicable, on the public Commission Web site, at http://www.ftc.gov/os/publiccomments.shtm. As a matter of discretion, the Commission tries to remove individuals’ home contact information from comments before placing them on the Commission Web site.

Because your comment will be made public, you are solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive personal information, like anyone’s Social Security number, date of birth, driver’s license number or other state identification number or foreign country equivalent, passport number, financial account number, or credit or debit card number. You are also solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any other individually identifiable health information, like medical records or other individually identifiable health information. In addition, do not include any “[t]rade secret or any commercial or financial information which * * * is privileged or confidential,’’ as discussed in Section 6(f) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 4.10(a)(2), 16 CFR 4.10(a)(2). In particular, do not include competitively sensitive information such as costs, sales statistics, inventories, formulas, patterns, devices, manufacturing processes, or customer names.

If you want the Commission to give your comment confidential treatment, you must file it in paper form, with a request for confidential treatment, and you have to follow the procedure explained in FTC Rule 4.9(c), 16 CFR 4.9(c). Your comment will be kept confidential only if the FTC General Counsel, in his or her sole discretion, grants your request in accordance with the law and the public interest.

Postal mail addressed to the Commission is subject to delay due to heightened security screening. As a result, we encourage you to submit your comments online. To make sure that the Commission considers your online comment, you must file it at https://ftcpublic.commentworks.com/ftc/prnephrologistsconsent by following the instructions on the web-based form. If this Notice appears at http://www.regulations.gov/#home, you also may file a comment through that Web site.

If you file your comment on paper, write “PR Nephrologists, File No. 121 0098” on your comment and on the envelope, and mail or deliver it to the following address: Federal Trade
The Proposed Complaint

Respondents are eight independent physicians in southwestern Puerto Rico who provide nephrology services for commercial, Medicare, and Medicaid patients through contracts with various payers. Respondents constitute almost 90 percent of the nephrologists in the southwestern region of Puerto Rico.

The Medicaid program in Puerto Rico, Mi Salud, is administered by Administración de Seguros de Salud ("ASES"), a public corporation that is charged with ensuring that the more than 1.5 million indigent residents of Puerto Rico have access to a full complement of medical services. ASES determines the benefits Mi Salud members will receive. ASES contracts with two health plans, Humana Health Plans of Puerto Rico, Inc. ("Humana") and Triple-S, to provide the provision of medical services to Mi Salud members and payments to participating providers. Humana administers the Mi Salud program in the southwestern region of Puerto Rico, where the Respondents do business.

The Mi Salud reimbursement program was modified in October 2010 for Mi Salud members who are also covered by Medicare ("dual eligibles"). Under the previous program Medicare paid 80 percent of its established rate, and payers administering the Mi Salud program paid the remaining 20 percent, known as the coordination of benefits amount ("20 percent COB").

After October 2010, providers no longer received a coordination of benefits amount for dual eligibles, except in rare circumstances. As a result of this change, providers’ reimbursements decreased for dual eligibles under the Mi Salud program.

The proposed complaint alleges that Respondents collectively (1) negotiated in an attempt to extract higher reimbursement rates by fixing the prices upon which Respondents would contract with Humana and (2) terminated their contracts with Humana and refused to treat Humana patients enrolled in the Mi Salud program because Humana would not acquiesce to Respondents’ price-related demands.

The joint price negotiations and collective refusals to deal commenced on or before April 2, 2013. You can find more information, including routine uses permitted by the Privacy Act, in the Commission’s privacy policy, at http://www.ftc.gov/ftc/privacy.htm.

Analysis of Agreement Containing Consent Order To Aid Public Comment

The Federal Trade Commission has accepted, subject to final approval, an agreement containing a proposed consent order with Práxedes E. Alvarez Garcia Nieves, M.D., Daniel Pérez Brisebois, M.D., Jorge Grillasca Palou, M.D., Rafael García Nieves, M.D., Francis M. Vázquez Roura, M.D., Angel B. Rivera Santos, M.D., Cosme D. Santos Torres, M.D., and Juan L. Vilaró Chardon, M.D. ("Respondents"). The agreement settles charges that Respondents violated Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. 45, by jointly negotiating contracts to fix the prices for their services and by collectively refusing to deal with a third-party payer in Puerto Rico.

The proposed consent order has been placed on the public record for 30 days to receive comments from interested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After 30 days, the Commission will review the agreement and the comments received, and will decide whether it should withdraw from the agreement or make the proposed consent order final.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the proposed consent order. The analysis is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the agreement and proposed consent order, or to modify their terms in any way. Further, the proposed consent order has been entered into for settlement purposes only and does not constitute an admission by Respondents that they violated the law or that the facts alleged in the proposed complaint (other than jurisdictional facts) are true.
ordered to do so by Puerto Rico’s Office of the Health Advocate.

ASES ultimately agreed to Respondents’ demand for higher reimbursement rates. ASES believed it had no choice but to acquiesce to Respondents’ demands because of its concerns over access to nephrology services for Mi Salud patients. On June 13, 2012, ASES abandoned the new reimbursement formula and reinstated the 20 percent COB. The requirement that payers reimburse providers the full 20 percent COB, retroactive to March 16, 2012, is estimated to cost ASES and the Mi Salud program an additional $4 million to $6 million annually. Thus, the denial of nephrology services and the demands for higher reimbursement rates caused substantial harm to the consumers of Puerto Rico.

Finally, the proposed complaint alleges that Respondents’ actions were a naked agreement to fix prices and a collective refusal to deal, not related to any efficiency-enhancing justification or any other courts’ considered financial integration. Respondents, at all times relevant to the proposed complaint, maintained separate, independent nephrology practices and made no attempt to share the financial risk in the provision of nephrology services or to clinically integrate the delivery of care to patients, which might justify the otherwise illegal joint activity.

The Proposed Consent Order

The proposed consent order is designed to prevent the continuance and recurrence of the illegal conduct alleged in the proposed complaint, while not prohibiting the Respondents to engage in legitimate joint conduct in the future, if they so choose. Paragraph II of the proposed consent order prevents Respondents from continuing the challenged conduct. In particular, Paragraph II.A prevents Respondents from entering into or participating in agreements: (1) To negotiate on behalf of another physician with any payer, (2) to refuse to deal, or threaten to refuse to deal with any payer, or (3) regarding any term, condition, or requirement upon which another physician deals, or is willing to deal, with any payer, including, but not limited to, price terms.

The other parts of Paragraph II reinforce these general prohibitions. Paragraph II.B prohibits Respondents from exchanging information with another physician concerning any physician’s willingness to offer or withhold services from any person. Paragraph II.E prohibits attempts to engage in the actions precluded by Paragraphs II.A, II.B, II.C, or II.D. Paragraph II.F proscribes encouraging or attempting to induce any action that would be prohibited by Paragraph II. Nothing in Paragraph II prohibits any agreement or conduct among Respondents that is reasonably necessary to a Qualified Arrangement.

Paragraph III requires Respondents to provide the Commission with notice and certain information before entering into a Qualified Arrangement. Paragraph III.A requires Respondents to notify the Commission 60 days prior to entering into any Qualified Arrangement. Paragraph III.B requires Respondents to provide information about the nature and effects of the proposed agreement as part of the Paragraph III.A notification. Paragraph III.C allows the Commission to make a written request for additional information within 60 days, which then prevents the participating Respondents from entering into the proposed agreement until 30 days after substantially complying with the request for additional information. Paragraph III.D through F state that certain actions with respect to a proposed Qualified Arrangement should not be construed as a determination by the Commission that the action violates the law, is approved, or violates this order.

Paragraph IV is similarly designed to prevent the challenged conduct from recurring by requiring Respondents to send copies of the complaint and consent order to those impacted by its terms. Paragraph IV.A requires each Respondent to send a copy of the complaint and consent order to every physician, officer, manager, and staff member in each Respondent’s medical practice group at any time since January 1, 2010. Paragraph IV.A also requires each Respondent to send a copy of the complaint and consent order to every physician, officer, manager, and staff member in each Respondent’s medical practice group at any time since January 1, 2010. Paragraph IV.B carries the provisions in Paragraph IV.A forward for three years from the date of the order.

Paragraphs V, VI, and VII impose various obligations on Respondents to report or to provide access to information to the Commission to facilitate Respondents’ compliance with the consent order. Finally, Paragraph VIII provides that the proposed consent order will expire 20 years from the date it is issued.