EPA, when it reviews a State authorization application to require the use of any particular voluntary consensus standard in place of another standard that otherwise satisfies the requirements of RCRA. Thus, the requirements of section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) do not apply. As required by section 3 of Executive Order 12988 (61 FR 4729, February 7, 1996), in issuing this rule, the EPA has taken the necessary steps to eliminate drafting errors and ambiguity, minimize potential litigation, and provide a clear legal standard for affected conduct. The EPA has complied with Executive Order 12630 (53 FR 8859, March 15, 1988) by examining the takings implications of the rule in accordance with the “Attorney General’s Supplemental Guidelines for the Evaluation of Risk and Avoidance of Unanticipated Takings” issued under the Executive Order. This rule does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.). The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. The EPA will submit a report containing this document and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication in the Federal Register. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the Federal Register. This action is not a “major rule” as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2). This action will be effective July 29, 2013.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 271

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Confidential business information, Hazardous waste, Hazardous waste transportation, Indian lands, Intergovernmental relations, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Authority: This action is issued under the authority of sections 202(a), 3006, and 7004(b) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act as amended 42 U.S.C. 6912(a), 6926, 6974(b).

Dated: May 2, 2013.
Samuel Coleman,
Acting Regional Administrator, Region 6.
[FR Doc. 2013–12712 Filed 5–28–13; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 0
[WT Docket No. 10–177; FCC 13–4]

Commercial Radio Operators; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Communication Commission.
ACTION: Final rule; correcting amendment.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) is correcting a final rule that appeared in the Federal Register of April 18, 2013, The document amended the FCC rules concerning radio operator licenses for maritime and aviation in order to reduce administrative burden in the public’s interest.

DATES: Effective May 29, 2013.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In FR Doc. 2013–02372 appearing on page 23151 in the Federal Register of Thursday, April 18, 2013 (78 FR 23150), the following corrections are made.

List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 0

Organization and functions (Government agencies).
Federal Communications Commission.
Marlene H. Dortch,
Secretary.

Accordingly, 47 CFR part 0 is corrected by making the following correcting amendments:

PART 0—COMMISSION ORGANIZATION

1. The authority citation for part 0 continues to read as follows:


2. Section 0.131 is amended by revising paragraph (j) and adding paragraph (s) to read as follows:

§ 0.131 Functions of the Bureau.

(j) Administers the Commission’s commercial radio operator program (part 13 of this chapter); the Commission’s program for registration, construction, marking and lighting of antenna structures (part 17 of this chapter), and the Commission’s privatized ship radio inspection program (part 80 of this chapter).

(s) [1] Extends the Communications Act Safety Radiotelephony Certificate for a period of up to 90 days beyond the specified expiration date.
(2) Grants emergency exemption requests, extensions or waivers of inspection to ships in accordance with applicable provisions of the Communications Act, the Safety Convention, the Great Lakes Agreement or the Commission’s rules.

[FR Doc. 2013–12723 Filed 5–28–13; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Parts 15
[ET Docket No. 04–37 and 03–104; FCC 13–53]

Broadband Over Power Lines

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document addressed a petition for reconsideration filed by the national association for Amateur Radio, formally known as the American Radio Relay League (ARRL). ARRL seeks reconsideration of the Commission’s Second Report and Order in this proceeding relating to Access Broadband over Power Line (Access BPL) systems. The Commission concludes that its previous decisions in this proceeding strike an appropriate balance between the dual objectives of providing for Access BPL technology—which has potential applications for broadband and Smart Grid uses—while protecting incumbent radio services against harmful interference.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission’s Second Memorandum Opinion and Order, ET Docket No. 04–37 and 03–104, FCC 13–53, adopted April 16, 2013 and released April 17, 2013. The full text of this document is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC Reference Center (Room CY–A257), 445 12th Street SW., Washington, DC 20555.