Permit No. | Applicant | Receipt of application | Permit issuance date
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793116 | Nancy Speed | 77 FR 49453; August 16, 2012 | October 22, 2012.
74561A | Donald Palmerino | 77 FR 51819; August 27, 2012 | October 22, 2012.
81783A | La Coma The Red Gate Corporation | 77 FR 51819; August 27, 2012 | October 23, 2012.
81752A | La Coma The Red Gate Corporation | 77 FR 51819; August 27, 2012 | October 23, 2012.
77537A | Star S Ranch Inc | 77 FR 54604; September 5 2012 | October 18, 2012.
77536A | Star S Ranch Inc | 77 FR 54604; September 5 2012 | October 19, 2012.
83160A | Elizabeth Lyons Trust | 77 FR 54604; September 5 2012 | October 31, 2012.
83159A | Elizabeth Lyons Trust | 77 FR 54604; September 5 2012 | October 31, 2012.
220871 | Lawrence Lerner | 77 FR 54604; September 5 2012 | October 31, 2012.
83021A | La Coma, Inc | 77 FR 61627; October 10, 2012 | November 15, 2012.
61989A | La Coma Ranch, Inc | 77 FR 61627; October 10, 2012 | November 15, 2012.
83802A | Simon Ranch LLC | 77 FR 61627; October 10, 2012 | November 16, 2012.
83803A | Simon Ranch LLC | 77 FR 61627; October 10, 2012 | November 16, 2012.
819063 | Tautphaus Park Zoo | 77 FR 61627; October 10, 2012 | November 16, 2012.

Marine Mammals

166772 | University of Utah/The Natural History Museum of Utah | 78 FR 19731; April 2, 2013 | May 22, 2013.

Availability of Documents

Documents and other information submitted with these applications are available for review, subject to the requirements of the Privacy Act and Freedom of Information Act, by any party who submits a written request for a copy of such documents to: Division of Management Authority, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Room 212, Arlington, VA 22203; fax (703) 358–2280.

Brenda Tapia,
Program Analyst/Data Administrator, Branch of Permits, Division of Management Authority.
[FR Doc. 2013–13406 Filed 6–5–13; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[FR Doc. 2013–13406 Filed 6–5–13; 8:45 am]

Notice of Inventory Completion: Dallas Water Utilities, Dallas, TX

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.
ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Dallas Water Utilities has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects in consultation with the appropriate Indian tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations, and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and present-day Indian tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations. Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request to Dallas Water Utilities. If no additional requestors come forward, transfer of control of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the lineal descendants, Indian tribes, or Native Hawaiian organizations stated in this notice may proceed.

DATES: Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Dallas Water Utilities at the address in this notice by July 8, 2013.

ADDRESSES: Terry Hodgins, 405 Long Creek Road, Sunnyvale, TX 75182, telephone (214) 670–8658, email terry.hodgins@dallascityhall.com.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects under the control of Dallas Water Utilities, Dallas, TX. The human remains and associated funerary objects were removed from Lake Ray Hubbard, Dallas, TX. This notice is published as part of the National Park Service’s administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003(d)(3). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of the Native American human remains and dart points. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Consultation

A detailed assessment of the human remains and associated funerary objects was made by AR Consultants, Inc. and Dallas Water Utilities professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Caddo Nation of Oklahoma; Comanche Nation, Oklahoma; Kiowa Indian Tribe of Oklahoma; Mescalero Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation, New Mexico; Tonkawa Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma; and the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes (Wichita, Keechi, Waco & Tawakoni).

History and Description of the Remains

On September 22, 2011, human remains representing, at minimum, four individuals were removed from Lake Ray Hubbard in Dallas County, TX. The remains were exposed due to low lake levels resulting from a drought. Human skeletal remains and seven dart points were found near the area of an archaeological site 41DL8. The fisherman that found the remains reported their presence to the local police department. The Dallas Homicide Squad and a representative from the Dallas Medical Examiner’s Office exhumed the remains. Initially determined to be animal remains, the exhumed skeletal elements were taken to the Medical Examiner’s Office for identification, where they were determined to be human. Upon determination that the skeletal elements were human, Dallas Homicide and the Medical Examiner’s representative returned to the scene and continued the exhumation until a dart point was encountered. Consultant Mark Ingraham, from the University of North Texas, removed additional remains from the site. Dallas Water Utilities contracted with AR Consultants, Inc. to complete the recovery of all bone fragments from the discovery site and ensure that no further burials were in the immediate vicinity. AR Consultants, Inc. completed excavations and surveyed the shoreline to explore for the presence of any additional remains.

Analysis of the human remains and associated funerary objects by AR Consultants, Inc. indicates that the remains are of Native American ancestry. Radiocarbon dating of the bone attributes the burials to the early Late Archaic Period, between 1380–1130 B.C. and 1120–930 B.C. Radiocarbon dating of two femora from separate individuals occurred with permission of the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes. Skeletal analysis showed that a minimum of four male individuals were present. All four males were interred in a single burial pit. The skeletal investigation determined the males were between 35–45 years old at the time of death. No known individuals were identified. The human remains and associated funerary objects are dart points removed from the burial pit. The points were inspected by several authorities on Texas lithics, and they concluded that the dart points probably date to the early Late Archaic, although a type could not be specified. The assemblage included two dart points made of Ogalalla quartzite, four of Edwards chert, and one of Johns Valley chert.

Based on archeological, historical, and other information, there is a relationship of shared group identity between these remains and associated funerary objects and the Caddo Nation of Oklahoma and the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes (Wichita, Keechi, Waco & Tawakoni). Geographic affiliation is consistent with the historically documented territory of the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes and Caddo Nation. The associated funerary objects type is consistent with the Early Late Archaic when the site and area was occupied by the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes and the Caddo Nation. The Caddo Nation deferred all decisions regarding the human skeletal remains and associated funerary objects to the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes. Radiocarbon dates, obtained with permission from the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes, of two femora dated to BC 1310–1000.

Determinations Made by the Dallas Water Utilities

Officials of the Dallas Water Utilities and AR Consultants, Inc. have determined that:

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of four individuals of Native American ancestry.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(3)(A), the seven objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(2), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Caddo Nation of Oklahoma and the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes (Wichita, Keechi, Waco & Tawakoni). The Caddo Nation of Oklahoma has deferred to the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes.

Additional Requestors and Disposition

Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request with information in support of
the request to Terry Hodgens, 405 Long Creek Road, Sunnyvale, TX 75182, telephone (214) 670–8658, email terry.hodgins@dallascityhall.com, by July 8, 2013. After that date, if no additional requestors have come forward, transfer of control of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes may proceed.

The Dallas Water Utilities is responsible for notifying the Caddo Nation of Oklahoma and the Wichita and Affiliated Tribes (Wichita, Keechi, Waco & Tawakoni) that this notice has been published.

Dated: April 26, 2013.

Sherry Hutt,
Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
National Park Service
[FR Doc. 2013–13466 Filed 6–5–13; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4312–50–P

Notice of Inventory Completion: San Francisco State University NAGPRA Program, San Francisco, CA

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The San Francisco State University NAGPRA Program has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects, in consultation with the appropriate Indian tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations, and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and present-day Indian tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations. Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request to the San Francisco State University NAGPRA Program. If no additional requestors come forward, transfer of control of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the lineal descendants, Indian tribes, or Native Hawaiian organizations stated in this notice may proceed.

DATES: Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request with information in support of the request to the San Francisco State University NAGPRA Program at the address in this notice by July 8, 2013.

ADDRESSES: Jeffrey Boland Fentress, San Francisco State University NAGPRA Program, c/o Department of Anthropology, San Francisco State University, 1600 Holloway Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94132, telephone (415) 338–3075.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects under the control of the San Francisco State University NAGPRA Program. The human remains and associated funerary objects were removed from site CA–PLA–9 in Placer County, CA.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service’s administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003(d)(3). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of the Native American human remains and associated funerary objects. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Consultation

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by the San Francisco State University NAGPRA Program professional staff in consultation with representatives of the United Auburn Indian Community of the Auburn Rancheria of California.

History and Description of the Remains

In 1964, human remains representing, at minimum, one individual were removed from site CA–PLA–9 in Placer County, CA, by San Francisco State University personnel in conjunction with construction activities for the Middle Fork American River Project. Site materials from the Middle Fork American River Project were curated at San Francisco State University after excavation and surface collection. No known individuals were identified. The one associated funerary object is a basalt projectile point.

The age of site CA–PLA–9 is unknown, but the site is located within the historically documented territory of the Southern Maidu/Nisenan people. The projectile point may be associated with the Martis Culture (ca. 1050 B.C.–A.D. 450) which may be considered ancestral to the Maidu people. Oral history evidence presented during consultation indicates that the area has been continuously occupied by the Southern Maidu/Nisenan since the contact period and that there is a cultural affiliation between the United Auburn Indian Community of the Auburn Rancheria of California and the ancestral Southern Maidu/Nisenan people.

Determinations Made by the San Francisco State University NAGPRA Program

Officials of the San Francisco State University NAGPRA Program have determined that:

• Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of one individual of Native American ancestry.

• Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(3)(A), the one object described in this notice is reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.

Additional Requestors and Disposition

Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Jeffrey Boland Fentress, San Francisco State University NAGPRA Program, c/o Department of Anthropology, San Francisco State University, 1600 Holloway Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94132, telephone (415) 338–3075, by July 8, 2013. After that date, if no additional requestors come forward, transfer of control of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the United Auburn Indian Community of the Auburn Rancheria of California may proceed.

The San Francisco State University NAGPRA Program is responsible for notifying the United Auburn Indian Community of the Auburn Rancheria of California that this notice has been published.


Sherry Hutt,
Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2013–13467 Filed 6–5–13; 8:45 am]