FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on this proposed information collection or to obtain a copy of the proposal and associated collection instruments, please write to the Defense Finance and Accounting Services—Columbus, Ohio, 3990 E. Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43216, ATTN: Ms. Kenna Robinett, Account Management and Provisioning System (AMPS) Program Manager, Enterprise Systems. Telephone: (614) 701–2451 or Mr. Marcus Ritter, Project Manager, (317–212–6547); and Defense Logistics Agency (DLA), AMPS Program Manager, Mr. Walter B. Gooch, System Manager, Branch Chief, External Solutions, DLA Richmond VA, 8000 Jefferson Davis Highway, Richmond, Virginia 23237. Telephone: (804) 279–3075.

Title: Associated Form: and OMB Number: Account Management and Provisioning System (AMPS); OMB Control Number: 0730–TBD.

Needs and Uses: The information collection requirement is necessary to maintain information for operations to control and track access to secure networks, computer systems, and databases. Records are maintained on electronic storage media. The SSNs are used to allow Non-DoD individuals to create a user account within AMPS, and for AMPS to track those users. Additionally, the SSN is used for systems that limit system rights based on that number. For example, in the Defense Civilian Pay System (DCPS), a user is not allowed to access their pay records, and that is managed through the SSN.

Affected Public: Individuals or Households

Annual Burden Hours: 209 hours
Number of Respondents: 2500
Responses per Respondent: 1
Average Burden per Response: 5 minutes

Frequency: On occasion

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Summary of Information Collection

AMPS does not extract or interface with any other system to obtain PII information for users. All users are required to set-up a user account to use AMPS. AMPS is Common Access Card (CAC) enabled and DoD employees will access AMPS via their CAC. CAMS can extract user data from the Electronic Data Exchange-Personnel Identifier (EDU/PI) to help set-up the user account. Any user that is not issued a CAC will enter their information into AMPS to create a user account, and will be given a user ID and password to access the system.

The following are examples of information collected from users: User names; SSN (for individuals not in possession of a CAC such as newly hired Federal employees); U.S. citizenship status (i.e., U.S. Citizen, Foreign National, other); physical and electronic address; work telephone numbers; organization; office symbol; contractor/employee status; computer logon addresses, passwords, and user identification codes; type of access/permissions required; verification of need to know; dates of mandatory information assurance awareness training; and security clearance data. The system also captures details about programs, databases, functions, and sites accessed and/or used; dates and times of use; and information products created, received, or altered during use. The records also may contain details about access or functionality problems telephoned in for technical support associated with resolution. For individuals who telecommute from home or a telework center, the records may contain the electronic address and telephone number at that location. For contractors, the system also contains the company name, contract number, and contract expiration date.

Dated: July 11, 2013.

Aaron Siegel,
Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

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Consolidation of the operations into one facility increases efficiency of DLA operations and reduces operational costs. The consolidation would not substantially alter other non-DLA operations at the Sharpe site and the federal government will continue ongoing environmental restoration efforts at the Sharpe Site following the permit relinquishment.

**Proposed Action and Alternatives:** Under the proposed action, DLA would relinquish occupancy and use of the property and return the Sharpe Site to the Army who owns the land and the improvements thereon. DLA wants to consolidate activities currently performed at the Sharpe Site to its existing facilities at the Tracy Site and potentially other DLA facilities. Land and improvements associated with the property would be conveyed back to the Army. The Army would assume all management responsibilities associated with the property. No new construction or ground disturbing activities at the Tracy Site would result from the proposed action. As an alternative to the proposed action, DLA considered taking no action. The no action alternative would have maintained existing conditions through continued occupancy and use of the facility by DLA. Under this alternative, the Army would not resume occupancy and use of the property and DLA would continue to operate the facility until the conclusion of its current permit on April 11, 2020. The no action alternative would not satisfy the project’s purpose and need; however, the alternative was included in the environmental analysis to provide a baseline for comparison with the proposed action and was analyzed in accordance with Council on Environmental Quality regulations for implementing NEPA.

An additional alternative was considered, but eliminated from further consideration. This alternative included relocating Sharpe operations to a nearby commercially available site. This alternative was dismissed from further consideration because there would be additional security risks associated with operations conducted at non-secured facilities, as well as additional operational costs.

**Potential Environmental Impacts:** Potential environmental impacts of the proposed action have been assessed and compared to the impacts of the no action alternative. The proposed action is expected to have the following impacts:

- A reduction in traffic at the Sharpe Site, which would lessen potential traffic-related affects to burrowing owls with a long-term negligible beneficial impact on the biological resources at the Sharpe Site.
- A reduction in the work force at the Sharpe Site and an increased work force at the Tracy Site. As such, there would be a long-term negligible adverse impact on the socioeconomic resources on the local Lathrop area and a long-term negligible beneficial impact on the socioeconomic resources on the local Tracy area.
- A temporary increase in economic activities resulting in a short-term and negligible economic beneficial impact for the local economies.

**Determination:** DLA has determined that implementation of the proposed action will not have a significant effect on the human environment. Human environment was interpreted comprehensively to include the natural and physical environment and the relationship of people with that environment. Specifically, no highly uncertain or controversial impacts, unique or unknown risks, or cumulatively significant effects were identified. Implementation of the proposed action will not result in the loss or destruction of significant scientific, cultural, or historic resources and implementation of the proposed action will not violate any federal, state, or local laws. Based on the results of the analyses performed during the preparation of the environmental assessment, David Rodriguez, Director, DLA Installation Support, concludes the proposed action to relinquish the permit to use and occupy the Sharpe site does not constitute a major federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment within the context of the NEPA. Therefore, an environmental impact statement for the proposed action is not required.

**Dated:** July 16, 2013.

**Aaron Siegel,**
Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ms. Phyllis Ferguson, Phyllis.Ferguson@osd.mil, 703–695–7563 or Ms. Debora Duffy, Debora.Duffy@osd.mil, (703) 697–2168.

Dated: July 16, 2013.

Aaron Siegel,
Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

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