warmwater species include, but are not limited to, whiteleg shrimp (*Peneaus vannamei*), banana prawn (*Peneaus merguiensis*), fleshy prawn (*Peneaus chinensis*), giant river prawn (*Macrobrachium rosenbergii*), giant tiger prawn (*Peneaus monodon*), redspotted shrimp (*Peneaus brasiliensis*), southern brown shrimp (*Peneaus subtilis*), southern pink shrimp (*Peneaus notialis*), southern rough shrimp (*Trachypeneaus cuvieriostrix*), southern white shrimp (*Peneaus schmitti*), blue shrimp (*Peneaus stylirostris*), western white shrimp (*Peneaus occidentalis*), and Indian white prawn (*Peneaus indicus*).

Frozen shrimp and prawns that are packed with marinade, spices or sauce are included in the scope. In addition, food preparations (including dusted shrimp), which are not “prepared meals,” that contain more than 20 percent by weight of shrimp or prawn are also included in the scope.

Excluded from the scope are: (1) Breaded shrimp and prawns; (2) shrimp and prawns generally classified in the *Pandalidae* family and commonly referred to as coldwater shrimp, in any state of processing: (3) fresh shrimp and prawns whether shell-on or peeled; (4) shrimp and prawns in prepared meals; (5) dried shrimp and prawns; (6) canned warmwater shrimp and prawns; and (7) certain “battered shrimp” (see below).

“Battered shrimp” is a shrimp-based product: (1) That is produced from fresh (or thawed-from-frozen) and peeled shrimp; (2) to which a “dusting” layer of rice or wheat flour of at least 95 percent purity has been applied; (3) with the entire surface of the shrimp flesh thoroughly and evenly coated with the flour; (4) with the non-shrimp content of the end product constituting between four and 10 percent of the product’s total weight after being dusted, but prior to being frozen; and (5) that is subjected to individually quick frozen (“IQF”) freezing immediately after application of the dusting layer. When dusted in accordance with the definition of dusting above, the battered shrimp product is also coated with a wet viscous layer containing egg and/or milk, and par-fried.

The products included in the scope of the investigation are currently classified under the following HTSUS subheadings: 0306.17.00.03, 0306.17.00.06, 0306.17.00.09, 0306.17.00.12, 0306.17.00.15, 0306.17.00.18, 0306.17.00.21, 0306.17.00.24, 0306.17.00.27, 0306.17.00.40, 1605.29.10.30 and 1605.29.10.10. These HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and for customs purposes only and are not dispositive, but rather the written description of the scope is dispositive.

### Appendix II—List of Comments and Issues in the Decision Memorandum

#### A. General Issues

Comment 1 The Determination Not To Investigate Value-Added Tax (VAT) Exemptions

Comment 2 The Attribution of Fresh Shrimp

Comment 3 The Deferral of New Subsidy Allegations to Administrative Reviews

### Comment 4 The Determination Not To Investigate Value-Added Tax (VAT) Exemptions

### B. Company Specific Issues

Comment 5 Promarisco’s Cross-Ownership, Sales Value, and Purchases of Fresh Shrimp

Comment 6 Clerical Error in Calculation of Songa’s Preliminary Subsidy Rate

### C. Preferential, Exempted, and Forgiveness of Land-Use Fees for Shrimp Farmers

Comment 7 Whether the GOE’s Inter-Tidal Land Concessions Program Is Specific

Comment 8 The Appropriate Measure of Revenue Forgone Due to the GOE’s Inter-Tidal Land Concessions Program

Comment 9 Benchmark for Measuring the Benefit Conferred by the GOE

Comment 10 Alleged GOE Forgiveness of Land-Use Fees

Comment 11 Songa’s Minor Corrections

Comment 12 Promarisco’s Unreported Land Concessions

### D. Preferential Loans From the National Finance Corporation (CFN) and the National Development Bank (BNF)

Comment 13 Whether To Apply AFA To Loan Discovered at Verification

### E. Export Restraints on Raw, Unprocessed Shrimp

Comment 14 Whether the GOE Imposed Export Restraints on Raw and Unprocessed Shrimp

### Background

The petitioner in this investigation is the Coalition of Gulf Shrimp Industries (Petitioner). This investigation covers 29 government programs. The mandatory respondent in this investigation is Zhanjiang Guolian Aquatic Products, Co., Ltd. (Guolian), Zhanjiang Guolian Feed Co., Ltd. (Guolian Feed), Zhanjiang Guolian Aquatic Fry Technology Co., Ltd. (Guolian Fry), Zhanjiang Guotong Aquatic Co., Ltd. (Guotong) (collectively, the Guolian Companies).

### Period of Investigation

The period of investigation for which we are measuring subsidies is January 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011.

### Case History

The events that have occurred since the Department published the Preliminary Determination on June 4, 2013, are discussed in the Memorandum to Paul Piquado, Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Determination in the Certain Frozen Warmwater Shrimp from the People’s Republic of China” (Decision Memorandum), which is hereby adopted by this notice.

### Scope Comments

On March 28, 2013, Petitioner asked the Department to clarify that the scope of this investigation does not include

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*1 The members of the Coalition of Gulf Shrimp Industries are: Bayou Shrimp Processors, Inc.; Bluewater Shrimp Company, Inc.; Carson & Co., Inc.; C.F. Gollott & Sons Seafood, Inc.; Dean Blanchard Seafood, Inc.; Dominick Seafood; Fisherman’s Reef Packing Plant; Golden Gulf Coast Pkg., Co., Inc. (and Gollott’s Oil Dock & Ice House); Graham Fisheries, Inc.; Graham Shrimp, Inc.; Gulf Crown Seafood Co., Inc.; Gulf Fish Inc.; Gulf Island Shrimp & Seafood, LLC; Gulf Pride Enterprises, Inc.; Hi-Seas of Dulac, Inc.; Indian Ridge Shrimp Co.; JBS Packing Co., Inc.; Lafitte Frozen Foods Corp.; M&M Shrimp (Biloxi Freezing and Processing); Ocean Springs Seafood Market, Inc.; Paul Piazza & Sons, Inc.; R.A. Lesso Brokerage Co., Inc.; Sea Pearl Seafood Co., Inc.; Smith and Sons Seafood; Tidelands Seafood Co., Inc.; Tommy’s Seafood; Vincent Piazza & Sons Seafood, Inc.; Wood’s Fisheries; Mariah Jade Shrimp Company, LLC; David Chauvin’s Seafood Company, LLC; and Rountree Enterprises, Inc. (dba Leonard & Sons Shrimp Co. and R&R Fisheries).


*3 Public versions of all business proprietary documents and all public documents are on file electronically via Import Administration’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (IA ACCESS). Access to IA ACCESS is available to registered users at http://iaaccess.trade.gov and in the Central Records Unit, Room 7046 of the main Department of Commerce building.
brine-frozen shrimp. We have addressed this request and comments thereon in the Memorandum to Paul Piquado, Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, “Certain Frozen Warmwater Shrimp from Ecuador, India, Indonesia, Malaysia, People’s Republic of China, Thailand, and Socialist Republic of Vietnam—Final Scope Memorandum Regarding Onboard Brine—Frozen Shrimp” (Scope Memorandum), which is hereby adopted by this notice.

Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are certain frozen warmwater shrimp and prawns, whether wild-caught (ocean harvested) or farm-raised (produced by aquaculture), head-on or head-off, shell-on or peeled, tail-on or tail-off, deveined or not deveined, cooked or raw, or otherwise processed in frozen form, regardless of size. For a complete description of the scope of the investigation, see Appendix I to this notice.

Analysis of Subsidy Programs and Comments Received

The subsidy programs under investigation and the issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs submitted by parties in this investigation are addressed in the Decision Memorandum, dated concurrently with this notice. A list of subsidy programs and the issues that parties have raised, and to which we responded in the Decision Memorandum, is attached to this notice as Appendix II.

The Decision and Scope Memoranda are public documents and are on file electronically via IA ACCESS. In addition, complete versions of the Decision and Scope Memoranda can be accessed directly on the Internet at http://www.trade.gov/ia/. The signed and the electronic versions of these memoranda are identical in content.

Use of Facts Otherwise Available, Including Adverse Inferences

For purposes of this final determination, we have relied on facts available and have applied an adverse inference in accordance with sections 776(a) and (b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act) with regard to: (1) Additional grants received by the Guolian Companies not addressed by the Department in the Preliminary Determination; (2) three grants reported at verification; (3) central government grants in connection with the Zhanjiang Guolian’s Panaeus Vannamei Boone (aka White Shrimp) Processing Project; and (4) export buyers credits from China Export-Import Bank (China ExIm) Program. A full discussion of our decision to rely on AFA is presented in the Decision Memorandum under the section “Use of Facts Otherwise Available and Adverse Inferences.”

Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 705(c)(1)(B)(i) of the Act, we have calculated an individual rate for the Guolian Companies. Section 705(c)(5)(A)(i) of the Act states that for companies not individually investigated, we will determine an “all-others” rate equal to the weighted average countervailable subsidy rates established for exporters and producers individually investigated, excluding any zero and de minimis countervailable subsidy rates, and any rates determined entirely under section 776 of the Act. Because we have calculated a rate for only the Guolian Companies, the rate for the Guolian Companies is the all others rate.

We determine the total estimated net countervailable subsidy rates to be:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Producer/exporter</th>
<th>Net subsidy ad valorem rate (percent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zhanjiang Guolian Aquatic Products, Co., Ltd. (Guolian), Zhanjiang Guolian Feed Co., Ltd. (Guolian Feed), Zhanjiang Guolian Aquatic Fry Technology Co., Ltd. (Guolian Fry), Zhanjiang Guotong Aquatic Co., Ltd. (Guotong) (collectively, the Guolian Companies)</td>
<td>18.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Others</td>
<td>18.16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As a result of our Preliminary Determination, and pursuant to section 703(d) of the Act, we instructed U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to suspend liquidation of all entries of certain frozen warmwater shrimp from the PRC that were entered or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after June 4, 2013, the date of publication of the Preliminary Determination in the Federal Register. Pursuant to section 705(c)(1)(B)(ii) of the Act, we are directing CBP to continue suspending liquidation on all imports of subject merchandise from the PRC that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register. CBP shall require a cash deposit equal to the subsidy rates indicated in the chart above. These suspension-of-liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice.

If the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) issues a final affirmative injury determination, we will issue a countervailing duty (CVD) order under section 706(a) of the Act. If the ITC determines that material injury, or threat of material injury, does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated and all estimated duties deposited or securities posted as a result of the suspension of liquidation will be refunded or canceled.

ITC Notification

In accordance with section 705(d) of the Act, we will notify the ITC of our determination. In addition, we are making available to the ITC all non-privileged and non-proprietary information related to this investigation. We will allow the ITC access to all privileged and business proprietary information in our files, provided the ITC confirms that it will not disclose such information, either publicly or under an administrative protective order (APO), without the written consent of the Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

Return or Destruction of Proprietary Information

In the event that the ITC issues a final negative injury determination, this notice will serve as the only reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO, without the written consent of the Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

flour of at least 95 percent purity has been to which a ''dusting'' layer of rice or wheat thawed-from-frozen) and peeled shrimp; (2) canned warmwater shrimp and prawns; and meals; (5) dried shrimp and prawns; (6) peeled; (4) shrimp and prawns in prepared shrimp, in any state of processing; (3) fresh and commonly referred to as coldwater Indian white prawn (Penaeus vannamei), and Penaeus occidentalis white shrimp (Penaeus schmitti), Penaeus brasiliensis brown shrimp (Penaeus monodon), redspotted prawn (Macrobrachium rosenbergii), giant tiger shrimp (Penaeus merguiensis), and baby prawn (Penaeus chinensis), giant river prawn (Macrobrachium rosenbergii), giant tiger prawn (Penaeus monodon), redspotted shrimp (Penaeus brasiliensis), southern brown shrimp (Penaeus subtilis), southern pink shrimp (Penaeus semisulcatus), southern rough shrimp (Trachypenaeus curvirostris), southern white shrimp (Penaeus schmitti), blue shrimp (Penaeus stylirostris), western white shrimp (Penaeus occidentalis), and Indian white prawn (Penaeus indicus).

Frozen shrimp and prawns that are packed with marinade, spices or sauce are included in the scope. In addition, food preparations (including dusted shrimp), which are not ''prepared meals,'' that contain more than 20 percent by weight of shrimp or prawn are also included in the scope.

Excluded from the scope are: (1) Breaded shrimp and prawns; (2) shrimp and prawns generally classified in the Pandalidae family and commonly referred to as coldwater shrimp, in any state of processing; (3) fresh shrimp and prawns whether shell-on or peeled; (4) shrimp and prawns in prepared meals; (5) dried shrimp and prawns; (6) canned warmwater shrimp and prawns; and (7) certain ''battered shrimp'' (see below). ''Battered shrimp'' is a shrimp-based product: (1) That is produced from fresh or thawed-from-frozen, peeled shrimp; (2) to which a ''dusting'' layer of rice or wheat flour of at least 95 percent purity has been applied; (3) with the entire surface of the shrimp flesh thoroughly and evenly coated

5 ''Tails'' in this context means the tail fan, which includes the telson and the uropods.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Advisory Committee on Supply Chain Competitiveness: Notice of Public Meeting

AGENCY: International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of open meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice sets forth the schedule and proposed topics of discussion for a public meeting of the Advisory Committee on Supply Chain Competitiveness (Committee).

DATES: The meeting will be held on September 11, 2013, from 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m., Eastern Standard Time (EST).

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW., Room 4830, Washington, DC 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Richard Boll, Office of Service Industries, International Trade Administration. (Phone: (202) 482–1135 or Email: richard.boll@trade.gov)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background: The Committee was established under the discretionary authority of the Secretary of Commerce and in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. 2). It provides advice to the Secretary of Commerce on the necessary elements of a comprehensive, holistic national freight infrastructure and a national freight policy designed to support U.S. export and growth competitiveness, foster national economic competitiveness, and improve U.S. supply chain competitiveness in the domestic and global economy. For more information about the Committee visit: http://ita.doc.gov/td/sif/DSCT/ACSCC.

Matters to Be Considered: Committee members are expected to continue to discuss the major competitiveness-related topics raised at the previous Committee meetings, including trade and competitiveness; freight movement and policy; information technology and data requirements; regulatory issues; and finance and infrastructure. The Committee’s subcommittees will report on the status of their work regarding these topics. The agenda may change to accommodate Committee business. The Office of Service Industries will post the final detailed agenda on its Web site, http://ita.doc.gov/td/sif/DSCT/ACSCC, at least one week prior to the meeting.

The meeting will be open to the public and press on a first-come, first-served basis. Space is limited. The public meeting is physically accessible to people with disabilities. Individuals requiring accommodations, such as sign language interpretation or other ancillary aids, are asked to notify Mr. Richard Boll, at (202) 482–1135 or richard.boll@trade.gov five (5) business days before the meeting.

Interested parties are invited to submit written comments to the Committee at any time before and after the meeting. Parties wishing to submit written comments for consideration by the Committee in advance of this meeting must send them to the Office of Service Industries (OSI), 1401 Constitution Ave NW., Room 11014, Washington, DC, 20230, or email to supplychain@trade.gov.

To ensure during the meeting, and to ensure transmission to the Committee prior to the meeting, comments must be received on or before 5:00 p.m. EST on September 2, 2013. Comments received after September 2, 2013, will be distributed to the Committee, but may not be considered at the meeting. The minutes of the meeting will be posted on the Committee Web site within 60 days of the meeting.


David Long,
Director, Office of Service Industries.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

RIN 0648–BA53

Fisheries of the Caribbean, Gulf of Mexico, and South Atlantic; Snapper-Grouper Fishery off the South Atlantic States; Amendment 22; Correction

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Supplemental Notice of Intent (NOI); correction; extension of public comment period.

SUMMARY: This document contains a correction to a supplemental NOI published in the Federal Register on August 2, 2013, regarding the implementation of management measures described in Amendment 22 to the Fishery Management Plan for the Snapper-Grouper Fishery in the South Atlantic Region (Amendment 22). The document contained an incorrect docket number in the ADDRESSES section. This document corrects that mistake. NMFS is extending until October 3, 2013, the period for public comment regarding the management measures described in Amendment 22. NMFS is extending the comment period to ensure there is adequate time to submit complete responses.

DATES: This correction is effective August 19, 2013. Comments on the supplemental NOI to Amendment 22, published at 78 FR 46923, August 2, 2013, should be submitted on or before October 3, 2013.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In FR Doc. 2013–18676, appearing on page 46924, in the Federal Register of August 2, 2013, in the first column, correct the first bullet under ADDRESSES section to read as follows:

• Electronic Submission: Submit all electronic public comments via the Federal e-Rulemaking Portal. Go to www.regulations.gov/#!docketDetail;D=NOAA–NMFS–2010– 0264, click the “Comment Now!” icon, complete the required fields, and enter or attach your comments.

Dated: August 14, 2013.

James P. Burgess,
Acting Deputy Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2013–20183 Filed 8–16–13; 8:45 am]