

The conveyance, if issued, would be subject to the provisions of the R&PP Act and applicable regulations of the Secretary of the Interior, including, but not limited to, 43 CFR Part 2743, and would be subject to the following terms, conditions, and reservations to the United States:

1. A right-of-way thereon for ditches and canals constructed by the authority of the United States, Act of August 30, 1890 (43 U.S.C. 945);

2. All minerals shall be reserved to the United States, together with the right to prospect for, mine and remove such deposits from the same under applicable law and such regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe;

3. A right-of-way for a power line granted to Sierra Pacific Power Company, its successors or assigns, by right-of-way NVN 077704 pursuant to the Act of October 21, 1976 (31 Stat. 0790, 43 U.S.C. 959); and

4. Valid existing rights.

An indemnification clause protecting the United States from claims arising out of the patentee's use, occupancy, or operations on the land has been executed by Storey County and will be included in the patent when issued.

A limited reversionary provision states that the title shall revert to the United States upon a finding, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, that the patentee has not substantially developed the land in accordance with the approved plan of development 5 years after the date of conveyance. No portion of the land shall under any circumstances revert to the United States if any such portion has been used for waste disposal or for any other purpose which may result in the disposal, placement, or release of any hazardous substance.

Upon publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, the parcel will be segregated from all other forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including the United States general mining laws, except for conveyance under the R&PP Act, leasing under the mineral leasing laws and disposals under the mineral material disposal laws.

Interested persons may submit comments involving the suitability of the land for development for a sewage treatment facility. Comments on the classification are restricted to whether the land is physically suited for the proposal, whether the use will maximize the future use or uses of the land, whether the use is consistent with local planning and zoning, or whether the use is consistent with State and Federal programs.

Interested persons may submit comments, including notification of any encumbrances or other claims relating to the parcel, regarding the specific use proposed in the application and plan of development, whether the BLM followed appropriate administrative procedures in reaching a decision to convey under the R&PP Act, or any other factors not directly related to the suitability of the land for sewage treatment facility purposes.

Documents related to this action are on file at the BLM Sierra Front Field Office at the address in the **ADDRESSES** section and may be reviewed by the public upon request.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so. Only written comments submitted by postal service or overnight mail to the Field Manager, BLM Sierra Front Field Office, will be considered properly filed.

Any adverse comments will be reviewed by the BLM Nevada State Director who may sustain, vacate, or modify this realty action. In the absence of any adverse comments, this realty action will become effective December 24, 2013. The land would not be offered for conveyance until after the classification becomes effective.

**Authority:** 43 CFR 2741.

**Leon Thomas,**

*Field Manager, Sierra Front Field Office.*

[FR Doc. 2013-25152 Filed 10-24-13; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4310-HC-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### National Park Service

**[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-13947;  
PPWOCRADNO-PCU00RP14.R50000]**

**Notice of Inventory Completion:  
Thomas Burke Memorial Washington  
State Museum, University of  
Washington, Seattle, WA**

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Thomas Burke Memorial Washington State Museum, University of Washington (Burke Museum), has completed an inventory of human remains, in consultation with the

appropriate Indian tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations, and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and present-day Indian tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations. Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request to the Burke Museum. If no additional requestors come forward, transfer of control of the human remains to the lineal descendants, Indian tribes, or Native Hawaiian organizations stated in this notice may proceed.

**DATES:** Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request with information in support of the request to the Burke Museum at the address in this notice by November 25, 2013.

**ADDRESSES:** Peter Lape, Burke Museum, University of Washington, Box 353010, Seattle, WA 98195, telephone (206) 685-3849, email [plape@uw.edu](mailto:plape@uw.edu).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003, of the completion of an inventory of human remains under the control of the Burke Museum. The human remains were removed from Island County, WA.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003(d)(3). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of the Native American human remains. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

### Consultation

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by the Burke Museum professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Lummi Tribe of the Lummi Reservation, Washington; Samish Indian Tribe, Washington; Sauk-Suiattle Indian Tribe; Stillaguamish Tribe of Indians of Washington (previously listed as Stillaguamish Tribe of Washington); Swinomish Indians of the Swinomish Reservation of Washington; Tulalip Tribes of Washington (previously listed as the Tulalip Tribes of the Tulalip Reservation, Washington); and the Upper Skagit Indian Tribe (all of the

above hereafter referred to as “The Consulted Tribes”).

### History and Description of the Remains

In 1963, human remains representing, at minimum, one individual were removed from Useless Bay in Island County, WA. The remains were removed by Bob Atwell and Emil Gabeline and subsequently donated to the Burke Museum (Burke Accn. #1963–50). During initial consultations, the remains were believed to have been removed from Careless Bay in Island County, WA. The remains were included in a Notice of Inventory Completion published in the **Federal Register** (78 FR 45958–45959, July 30, 2013). After further research it has been determined that the remains were collected from Useless Bay on southern Whidbey Island. A Correction Notice of Inventory Completion will be forthcoming and will remove the relevant paragraph. No known individuals were identified. No funerary objects are present.

Native American speakers of the Northern dialect of the Lushootseed language claim cultural heritage to southern Whidbey Island. Historical and anthropological sources (Mooney 1896, Ruby and Brown 1986, Spier 1936, and Swanton 1952) indicate that the Snohomish occupied southern Whidbey Island. The Sdugwadskabsh band of Snohomish people lived at Newell at Useless Bay (Swanton 1952). The Indian Claims Commission determined that Useless Bay was within the aboriginal territory of the Snohomish people. Holmes Harbor was one of the areas the Stillaguamish and other tribes were told to move to after being forced to leave their villages on the mainland (Deur 2009, Grady 2012). Holmes Harbor is in close proximity to Useless Bay. Today, descendants of Snohomish are represented by the Tulalip Tribes of Washington.

### Determinations Made by the Burke Museum

Officials of the Burke Museum have determined that:

- Based on archaeological evidence, the human remains have been determined to be Native American.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of one individual of Native American ancestry.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(2), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the Native American human remains and the Stillaguamish Tribe of Indians of Washington (previously listed as Stillaguamish Tribe of

Washington) and the Tulalip Tribes of Washington (previously listed as the Tulalip Tribes of the Tulalip Reservation, Washington).

### Additional Requestors and Disposition

Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Peter Lape, Burke Museum, University of Washington, Box 353010, Seattle, WA 98195, telephone (206) 685–3849, email [plape@uw.edu](mailto:plape@uw.edu), by November 25, 2013. After that date, if no additional requestors have come forward, transfer of control of the human remains to the Stillaguamish Tribe of Indians of Washington (previously listed as Stillaguamish Tribe of Washington) and the Tulalip Tribes of Washington (previously listed as the Tulalip Tribes of the Tulalip Reservation, Washington) may proceed.

The Burke Museum is responsible for notifying The Consulted Tribes that this notice has been published.

Dated: August 28, 2013.

**Melanie O'Brien,**

*Acting Manager, National NAGPRA Program.*

[FR Doc. 2013–25106 Filed 10–24–13; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4312–50–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### National Park Service

**[NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–13875;  
PPWOCRADN0–PCU00RP14.R50000]**

### Notice of Inventory Completion: University of Denver Department of Anthropology and Museum of Anthropology, Denver, CO; Correction

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice; correction.

**SUMMARY:** The University of Denver Museum of Anthropology has corrected an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects, published in a Notice of Inventory Completion in the **Federal Register** on October 21, 2008. This notice corrects the control of the human remains and associated funerary objects from site 5CN26, Conejos County, CO.

**ADDRESSES:** Anne Amati, University of Denver Museum of Anthropology, 2000 E Asbury Avenue, Denver, CO 80210, telephone (303) 871–2687, email [anne.amati@du.edu](mailto:anne.amati@du.edu).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Notice is here given in accordance with the

Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003, of the correction of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects under the control of the University of Denver Museum of Anthropology.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service’s administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003(d)(3). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of the Native American human remains and associated funerary objects. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

This notice corrects the control of the human remains and associated funerary objects from site 5CN26, Conejos County, CO, published in a Notice of Inventory Completion in the **Federal Register** (73 FR 62533–62535, October 21, 2008). The human remains and associated funerary objects in this paragraph are not under the control of the University of Denver Museum of Anthropology. Transfer of control of the items in this correction notice has not occurred.

### Correction

In the **Federal Register** (73 FR 62533–62535, October 21, 2008), paragraph 4, sentences one and two are corrected by substituting the following sentences:

This notice corrects a Notice of Inventory Completion published in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 51472–51474, October 9, 2001) by deleting paragraphs 4–8 and 11–12, and substituting paragraphs 9–10 and 13–15. The original notice is corrected because after further consideration of museum records, consultation with tribal representatives and Federal agency officials, the controller for the minimum of three individuals of the original nine individuals described in the notice was misattributed and the cultural affiliation for the remaining six individuals was incorrect.

In the **Federal Register** (73 FR 62533–62535, October 21, 2008), paragraph 5, sentence three is corrected by substituting the following sentences:

The museum has also determined that control of the human remains and associated funerary objects in paragraphs 7–8 is misattributed for DU CO X:16:12 per 43 CFR 10.2(a)(3)(ii). A separate notice will be published by the Bureau of Land Management with that determination. Based on this information, paragraphs 7–8 and 11–12 are deleted from the original notice (66 FR 51472–51474, October 9, 2001).

In the **Federal Register** (73 FR 62533–62535, October 21, 2008), paragraph 6, sentence two is corrected by replacing the number seven with the number six.

In the **Federal Register** (73 FR 62533–62535, October 21, 2008), paragraph 8,