APPENDIX—Continued

[24 TAA petitions instituted between 3/10/14 and 3/14/14]

TA–W	Subject firm (petitioners)	Location	Date of institution	Date of petition
85146	KEE Action Sports LLC (Company)	Clearwater, FL	03/14/14	03/13/14
85147	T. Bruce Sales, Inc. (Company)	West Middlesex, PA	03/14/14	03/13/14
85148	SPI Global (dba-Laserwords) (State/One-Stop)	Lewiston, ME	03/14/14	03/13/14
85149	Sappi Fine Paper (Company)	Allentown, PA	03/14/14	03/13/14

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA–W–85,024]

Emerson Network Power; a Subsidiary of Emerson; Including Workers Whose Unemployment Insurance (UI) Wages Are Reported Through Liebert Corporate and Liebert North America, Inc.; Delaware, Ohio; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (''Act''), (19 U.S.C. 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on February 20, 2014, applicable to workers of Emerson Network Power, a subsidiary of Emerson, Delaware, Ohio. The workers are engaged in activities related to the production of warehousing and distribution of uninterrupted power supplies and power distribution and switching equipment. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on March 14, 2014 (79 FR 14540).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New information shows that Emerson is the parent firm of Liebert Corporation and Liebert North America, Inc. Some workers separated from employment at the Delaware, Ohio location of Emerson Network Power, a subsidiary of Emerson, had their wages reported through a separate unemployment insurance (UI) tax account under the names Liebert Corporation and Liebert North America.

Accordingly, the Department is amending this certification to include workers of the subject firm unemployment insurance (UI) wages are reported through Liebert Corporation and Liebert North America.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–85,024 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Emerson Network Power, a subsidiary of Emerson, including workers whose unemployment insurance (UI) wages are reported through Liebert Corporation and Liebert North America, Inc., Delaware, Ohio, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after January 20, 2013, through February 20, 2016, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are also eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance under Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 25th day of March 2014.

Michael W. Jaffe,

Certifying Officer, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Notice of Determinations Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor herein presents summaries of determinations regarding eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance for workers (TA–W) number and alternative trade adjustment assistance (ATAA) by (TA–W) number issued during the period of March 10, 2014 through March 14, 2014.

In order for an affirmative determination to be made for workers of a primary firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(a) of the Act must be met.

I. Section (a)(2)(A) all of the following must be satisfied:

A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm, have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

B. The sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely; and

C. Increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have contributed importantly to such workers' separation or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision; or

II. Section (a)(2)(B) both of the following must be satisfied:

A. A significant number or proportion of the workers in such workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision of the firm, have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

B. There has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to a foreign country of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by such firm or subdivision; and

C. One of the following must be satisfied:

1. The country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles is a party to a free trade agreement with the United States;

2. The country to which the workers' firm has shifted production of the articles to a beneficiary country under the Andean Trade Preference Act, African Growth and Opportunity Act, or the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act; or

3. There has been or is likely to be an increase in imports of articles that are like or directly competitive with articles which are or were produced by such firm or subdivision.

Also, in order for an affirmative determination to be made for secondarily affected workers of a firm and a certification issued regarding eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance, each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222(b) of the Act must be met.

(1) Significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm or an appropriate subdivision of the firm

have become totally or partially separated, or are threatened to become totally or partially separated;

(2) The workers' firm (or subdivision) is a supplier or downstream producer to a firm (or subdivision) that employed a group of workers who received a certification of eligibility to apply for trade adjustment assistance benefits and such supply or production is related to the article that was the basis for such certification; and

(3) Either—

(A) The workers' firm is a supplier and the component parts it supplied for the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) accounted for at least 20 percent of the production or sales of the workers' firm; or

(B) A loss or business by the workers' firm with the firm (or subdivision) described in paragraph (2) contributed importantly to the workers' separation or threat of separation.

In order for the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance to issue a certification of eligibility to apply for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance (ATAA) for older workers, the group eligibility requirements of Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act must be met.

1. Whether a significant number of workers in the workers' firm are 50 years of age or older.

2. Whether the workers in the workers' firm possess skills that are not easily transferable.

3. The competitive conditions within the workers' industry (i.e., conditions within the industry are adverse).

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(A) (increased imports) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

Affirmative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

The following certifications have been issued. The date following the company name and location of each determination references the impact date for all workers of such determination.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(A) (increased imports) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

85,030, Cameron Solutions Inc. Electra, Texas; January 22, 2013.

85,042, AGI-Shorewood Group US, LLC, Indianapolis, Indiana. January 29, 2013.

85,047, Patch Products, Inc. Smethport, Pennsylvania; April 1, 2013.

85,088, Valmark Interface Solutions, Livermore, California; February 20, 2013.

85,106, Measurement Specialties, Inc., St. Marys, Pennsylvania; February 20, 2013.

The following certifications have been issued. The requirements of Section 222(a)(2)(B) (shift in production) and Section 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Trade Act have been met.

None.

Negative Determinations for Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, it has been determined that the requirements of 246(a)(3)(A)(ii) have not been met for the reasons specified.

None.

Negative Determinations for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In the following cases, the investigation revealed that the eligibility criteria for worker adjustment assistance have not been met for the reasons specified.

Because the workers of the firm are not eligible to apply for TAA, the workers cannot be certified eligible for ATAA.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A)(I.B.) (Sales or production, or both, did not decline) and (a)(2)(B)(II.B.) (shift in production to a foreign country) have not been met.

85,003, Warner Brothers Home Entertainment, Inc., Burbank, California.

The investigation revealed that criteria (a)(2)(A) (I.C.) (increased imports) and (a)(2)(B) (II.B.) (shift in production to a foreign country) have not been met.

85,039, Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. Austin, Texas.

The workers' firm does not produce an article as required for certification under Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974.

85,009, Atos SE., New York, New York.

85,038, Tate and Kirlin Associates, Inc. Philadelphia, Philadelphia.

85,050, Carthage Area Hospital, Carthage, New York.

Determinations Terminating Investigations of Petitions for Worker Adjustment Assistance

After notice of the petitions was published in the **Federal Register** and on the Department's Web site, as required by Section 221 of the Act (19 U.S.C. 2271), the Department initiated investigations of these petitions.

The following determinations terminating investigations were issued because the petitioner has requested that the petition be withdrawn.

85,028, M&D Metal Finishing, Blaine, Minnesota.

The following determinations terminating investigations were issued in cases where these petitions were not filed in accordance with the requirements of 29 CFR 90.11. Every petition filed by workers must be signed by at least three individuals of the petitioning worker group. Petitioners separated more than one year prior to the date of the petition cannot be covered under a certification of a petition under Section 223(b), and therefore, may not be part of a petitioning worker group. For one or more of these reasons, these petitions were deemed invalid.

85,061, IBM Corporation, San Jose, California.

The following determinations terminating investigations were issued because the petitions are the subject of ongoing investigations under petitions filed earlier covering the same petitioners.

85,105, Bank of America, San Francisco, California.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the period of March 10, 2014 through March 14, 2014. These determinations are available on the Department's Web site *tradeact/taa/taa_search_form.cfm* under the searchable listing of determinations or by calling the Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance toll free at 888–365–6822.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 20th day of March 2014.

Del Min Amy Chen,

Certifying Officer, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

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