

¶41.10 HORN OF AFRICA RECOVERY AND FOOD SECURITY

Mr. DYMALLY moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill of the Senate (S. 985) to assure the people of the Horn of Africa the right to food and the other basic necessities of life and to promote peace and development in the region; as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MAZZOLI, recognized Mr. DYMALLY and Mr. BROOMFIELD, each for 20 minutes.

After debate, The question being put, viva voce, Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MAZZOLI, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said bill, as amended, was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶41.11 AID TO LIBERIA

Mr. DYMALLY moved to suspend the rules and pass the joint resolution of the Senate (S.J. Res. 271) expressing the sense of the Congress regarding the peace process in Liberia and authorizing reprogramming of existing foreign aid appropriations for limited assistance to support this process.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MAZZOLI, recognized Mr. DYMALLY and Mr. BROOMFIELD, each for 20 minutes.

After debate, The question being put, viva voce, Will the House suspend the rules and pass said joint resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MAZZOLI, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said joint resolution was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said joint resolution was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶41.12 CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION AND FAMILY SERVICES

Mr. PASTOR moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 4712) to amend the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act to revise and extend programs under such Act, and for other purposes; as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MAZZOLI, recognized Mr. PASTOR and Mr. KLUG, each for 20 minutes.

After debate, The question being put, viva voce, Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MAZZOLI, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed.

On motion of Mr. PASTOR, by unanimous consent, the Committee on Education and Labor was discharged from further consideration of the bill of Senate (S. 838) to amend the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act to revise and extend programs under such Act, and for other purposes.

When said bill was considered and read twice.

Mr. PASTOR submitted the following amendment, which was agreed to:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the provisions of H.R. 4712, as passed by the House.

The bill, as amended, was ordered to be read a third time, was read a third time by title, and passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said bill, as amended, was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said amendment.

By unanimous consent, H.R. 4712, a similar House bill, was laid on the table.

¶41.13 CLERK TO CORRECT ENGROSSMENT

On motion of Mr. PASTOR, by unanimous consent,

Ordered, That in the engrossment of the foregoing bill, the Clerk be authorized to correct section numbers, punctuation, cross references, and to make such technical corrections as may be necessary to reflect the action of the House in amending the Senate bill.

¶41.14 MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Sundry messages in writing from the President of the United States were communicated to the House by Mr. McCathran, one of his secretaries.

¶41.15 H.R. 4276—UNFINISHED BUSINESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MAZZOLI, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced the unfinished business to be the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 4276) to amend the Historic Sites, Buildings, and Antiquities Act to place certain limits on appropriations for projects not specifically authorized by law, and for other purposes.

The question being put, Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill?

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the affirmative { Yeas 381 Nays 0

¶41.16 [Roll No. 72] YEAS—381

- Abercrombie Andrews (ME) Anthony
Allard Andrews (NJ) Applegate
Allen Andrews (TX) Archer
Anderson Annunzio Arney

- Aspin Frank (MA) McCandless
Atkins Frank (MA) McCloskey
AuCoin Frost McCollum
Bacchus Gallegly McCreery
Baker Gallo McCurdy
Ballenger Gaydos McDermott
Barnard Gejdenson McGrath
Barrett Gekas McHugh
Barton Gephardt McMillan (NC)
Bateman Geren McMillen (MD)
Beilenson Gibbons McNulty
Bennett Gilchrest Meyers
Bentley Gillmor Michel
Bereuter Gilman Miller (CA)
Bevill Gingrich Miller (OH)
Billbray Glickman Miller (WA)
Blackwell Gonzalez Mineta
Bliley Goodling Mink
Boehlert Gordon Moakley
Boehner Goss Mollohan
Bonior Gradison Montgomery
Borski Grandy Moody
Boucher Green Moorhead
Brewster Guarini Moran
Brooks Gunderson Morella
Broomfield Hall (OH) Morrison
Browder Hall (TX) Murtha
Brown Hamilton Nagle
Bruce Hancock Natcher
Bryant Hansen Neal (MA)
Bunning Harris Neal (NC)
Burton Hastert Nichols
Bustamante Hatcher Nowak
Byron Hayes (IL) Nussle
Callahan Hefley Oberstar
Camp Hefner Obey
Campbell (CA) Henry Olin
Campbell (CO) Hertel Olver
Cardin Hoagland Ortiz
Carper Hobson Orton
Carr Hochbrueckner Owens (NY)
Chandler Holloway Owens (UT)
Chapman Horn Oxley
Clay Horton Packard
Clement Houghton Pallone
Clinger Hoyer Panetta
Coble Hubbard Parker
Coleman (MO) Hughes Pastor
Coleman (TX) Hutto Paxon
Collins (IL) Hyde Payne (VA)
Collins (MI) Inhofe Pease
Combest Jacobs Pelosi
Conyers James Penny
Cooper Jenkins Perkins
Coughlin Johnson (CT) Peterson (MN)
Cox (CA) Johnson (SD) Petri
Cox (IL) Johnson (TX) Pickett
Coyne Johnston Pickle
Cramer Jones (GA) Porter
Crane Jones (NC) Poshard
Cunningham Jontz Price
Dannemeyer Kanjorski Pursell
Darden Kaptur Quillen
Davis Kasich Rahall
de la Garza Kennedy Ramstad
DeFazio Kennelly Ravenel
DeLauro Kildee Ray
DeLay Kleczka Reed
Dellums Klug Regula
Derrick Kolbe Rhodes
Dickinson Kolter Richardson
Dicks Kopetski Ridge
Dingell Kostmayer Riggs
Dixon Kyl Rinaldo
Donnelly LaFalce Ritter
Dooley Lagomarsino Roberts
Doolittle Lancaster Roe
Dorgan (ND) LaRocco Roemer
Downey Laughlin Rogers
Dreier Leach Rohrabacher
Duncan Lehman (CA) Ros-Lehtinen
Durbin Lehman (FL) Rose
Dwyer Lent Rostenkowski
Early Levin (MI) Roth
Eckart Lewis (CA) Roukema
Edwards (CA) Lewis (FL) Rowland
Edwards (TX) Lewis (GA) Roybal
Emerson Lightfoot Russo
Engel Lipinski Sabo
English Livingston Sanders
Erdreich Lloyd Sangmeister
Espy Long Santorum
Evans Luken Sarpaluis
Ewing Machtley Savage
Fascell Markey Sawyer
Fawell Martin Saxton
Fazio Martinez Schaefer
Fields Matsui Scheuer
Fish Mavroules Schiff
Ford (MI) Mazzoli Schroeder

Schumer	Stenholm	Visclosky
Sensenbrenner	Stokes	Volkmer
Sharp	Studds	Vucanovich
Shays	Swett	Walker
Shuster	Swift	Walsh
Sikorski	Synar	Waxman
Sisisky	Tallon	Weber
Skaggs	Tanner	Weiss
Skeen	Tauzin	Weldon
Skelton	Taylor (MS)	Wheat
Slattery	Taylor (NC)	Williams
Smith (FL)	Thomas (CA)	Wilson
Smith (IA)	Thomas (GA)	Wise
Smith (NJ)	Thomas (WY)	Wolf
Smith (OR)	Thornton	Wolpe
Smith (TX)	Torres	Wyden
Snowe	Torricelli	Wylie
Solomon	Trafficant	Yates
Spence	Traxler	Yatron
Spratt	Unsoeld	Young (AK)
Staggers	Upton	Young (FL)
Stallings	Valentine	Zeliff
Stark	Vento	Zimmer

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—53

Ackerman	Huckaby	Patterson
Alexander	Hunter	Payne (NJ)
Berman	Ireland	Peterson (FL)
Billirakis	Jefferson	Rangel
Boxer	Lantos	Schulze
Condit	Levine (CA)	Serrano
Costello	Lowery (CA)	Shaw
Dornan (CA)	Lowey (NY)	Slaughter
Dymally	Manton	Solarz
Edwards (OK)	Marlenee	Stearns
Feighan	McDade	Stump
Flake	McEwen	Sundquist
Foglietta	Mfume	Towns
Franks (CT)	Molinari	Vander Jagt
Hammerschmidt	Mrazek	Washington
Hayes (LA)	Murphy	Waters
Heger	Myers	Whitten
Hopkins	Oakar	

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

41.17 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—
EL SALVADOR-FMLN CEASE-FIRE
AGREEMENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. RAY, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 531 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1991 (Public Law 101-513), provides that amounts in the Demobilization and Transition Fund established for peace-keeping purposes by that act shall be made available for obligation and expenditure only upon notification by the President to the Congress that the Government of El Salvador and representatives of the Farabundo Marti Liberation Front (FMLN) have reached a permanent settlement of the conflict, including a final agreement on a cease-fire. On January 16, 1992, the Government of El Salvador and the FMLN signed such an agreement, bringing an end to the civil conflict.

Consistent with section 531, I hereby provide notification that the Government of El Salvador and representatives of the FMLN have reached a permanent settlement of the conflict, in-

cluding a final agreement on a cease-fire.

This notification allows the amounts in the Demobilization and Transition Fund (Fund) to be made available for obligation and expenditure. The Secretary of State will have responsibility for administering the Fund.

It is extremely important for the United States to support the implementation of this historic peace agreement, and I look forward to your continued cooperation toward achieving our mutual objectives in this endeavor.

GEORGE BUSH.

THE WHITE HOUSE, April 7, 1992.

By unanimous consent, the message was referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 102-284).

41.18 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—
NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT
TO PANAMA

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. RAY, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

1. I hereby report to the Congress on developments since the last Presidential report on October 3, 1991, concerning the continued blocking of Panamanian government assets. This report is submitted pursuant to section 207(d) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1706(d).

2. On April 5, 1990, I issued Executive Order No. 12710, terminating the national emergency declared on April 8, 1988, with respect to Panama. While this order terminated the sanctions imposed pursuant to that declaration, the blocking of Panamanian government assets in the United States was continued in order to permit completion of the orderly unblocking and transfer of funds that I directed on December 20, 1989, and to foster the resolution of claims of U.S. creditors involving Panama, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 1706(a). The termination of the national emergency did not affect the continuation of compliance audits and enforcement actions with respect to activities taking place during the sanctions period, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 1622(a).

3. The Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury ("FAC") has released to the control of the Government of Panama approximately \$134 million of the approximately \$137.3 million that remained blocked at the time of my last report. The amount released represents blocked financial accounts that the Government of Panama requested be unblocked.

Of the approximately \$6.1 million remaining blocked at this time (which includes approximately \$2.8 million in interest credited to the accounts since my last report), some \$5.5 million is held in escrow by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at the request of the Government of Panama. Additionally, approximately \$600,000 is held in commercial bank accounts for which the

Government of Panama has not requested unblocking. A small residual in blocked reserve accounts established under section 565.509 of the Panamanian Transactions Regulations, 31 CFR 565.509, remains on the books of U.S. firms pending the final reconciliation of accounting records involving claims and counterclaims between the firms and the Government of Panama.

4. I will continue to report periodically to the Congress on the exercise of authorities to prohibit transactions involving property in which the Government of Panama has an interest, pursuant to 50 U.S.C. 1706(d).

GEORGE BUSH.

THE WHITE HOUSE, April 7, 1992.

By unanimous consent, the message was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and ordered to be printed (H. Doc. 102-285).

41.19 PROVIDING FOR THE
RECOMMITTAL OF CONFERENCE
REPORT ON S. 3

Mr. MOAKLEY, by direction of the Committee on Rules, reported (Rept. No. 102-484) the resolution (H. Res. 420) providing for the recommitment to conference of the conference report to accompany the bill (S. 3) to amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to provide for a voluntary system of spending limits for Senate election campaigns, and for other purposes.

When said resolution and report were referred to the House Calendar and ordered printed.

41.20 SUBMISSION OF CONFERENCE
REPORT—H.R. 3337

Mr. TORRES submitted a conference report (Rept. No. 102-485) on the bill (H.R. 3337) to require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint a coin in commemoration of the Two-hundredth Anniversary of the White House; together with a statement thereon, for printing in the Record under the rule.

41.21 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—
NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT
TO HAITI

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. RAY, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

1. On October 4, 1991, in Executive Order No. 12775, I declared a national emergency to deal with the threat to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States caused by events that had occurred in Haiti to disrupt the legitimate exercise of power by the democratically elected government of that country (56 FR 50641). In that order, I ordered the immediate blocking of all property and interests in property of the Government of Haiti (including the Banque de la Republique d'Haiti) then or thereafter located in the United States or within the possession or control of a U.S. person, including its overseas branches. I also prohibited any direct or indirect payments or transfers to