

The question being put, viva voce, Will the House agree to said conference report?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, announced that the yeas had it.

So the conference report was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said conference report was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶114.11 RECESS—2:04 P.M.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, pursuant to clause 12 of rule I, declared the House in recess at 2 o'clock and 4 minutes p.m. for five minutes.

¶114.12 AFTER RECESS—2:12 P.M.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, called the House to order.

¶114.13 CONSUMER REPORTING REFORM

Mr. KENNEDY moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill of the Senate (S. 783) to amend the Fair Credit Reporting Act, and for other purposes; as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, recognized Mr. KENNEDY and Mr. MCCANDLESS, each for 20 minutes.

After debate, The question being put, viva voce, Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. KLECZKA, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

Mr. MFUME demanded that the vote be taken by the yeas and nays, which demand was supported by one-fifth of the Members present, so the yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. KLECZKA, pursuant to clause 5, rule I, announced that further proceedings on the motion were postponed.

¶114.14 SAFE DRINKING WATER

Mr. WAXMAN moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 3392); to amend the Safe Drinking Water Act to the safety of public water systems; as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. KLECZKA, recognized Mr. WAXMAN and Mr. BLILEY, each for 20 minutes.

After debate, The question being put, viva voce, Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed was,

by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶114.15 CONSUMER REPORTING REFORM

Mr. MFUME, by unanimous consent, requested that the ordering of the yeas and nays on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill of the Senate (S. 783) to amend the Fair Credit Reporting Act, and for other purposes; as amended, be vacated.

Accordingly, The question being put, viva voce, Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said amendment.

¶114.16 FEE COLLECTION FOR THE SEC

Mr. GIBBONS moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 5060) to provide for the continuation of certain fee collections for the expenses of the Securities and Exchange Commission for fiscal year 1995.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, recognized Mr. GIBBONS and Mr. SHAW, each for 20 minutes.

After debate, The question being put, viva voce, Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶114.17 AMERICAN HERITAGE AREAS PARTNERSHIP

Mr. VENTO moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 5044) to establish the American Heritage Areas Partnership Program, and for other purposes; as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, recognized Mr. VENTO and Mr. HANSEN, each for 20 minutes.

After debate, The question being put, viva voce, Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

Mr. TAUZIN demanded that the vote be taken by the yeas and nays, which demand was supported by one-fifth of the Members present, so the yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the { Yeas 273 negative } Nays 150

¶114.18 [Roll No. 442] YEAS—273

Table listing names of members who voted 'Yeas' and 'Nays' for Roll No. 442. Includes names like Gillmor, Gilman, Meek, etc.

Strickland	Traficant	Whitten
Studds	Tucker	Williams
Swett	Unsoeld	Wise
Swift	Valentine	Wolf
Synar	Velazquez	Woolsey
Tanner	Vento	Wyden
Thompson	Visclosky	Wynn
Thornton	Vucanovich	Yates
Torkildsen	Walsh	Young (FL)
Torres	Waters	Zimmer
Toricelli	Watt	
Towns	Waxman	

NAYS—150

Allard	Fowler	Nussle
Andrews (NJ)	Frost	Ortiz
Archer	Galleghy	Orton
Bachus (AL)	Gekas	Parker
Baker (CA)	Geran	Paxon
Baker (LA)	Gingrich	Payne (VA)
Ballenger	Goodlatte	Peterson (FL)
Barcia	Goodling	Petri
Barrett (NE)	Goss	Pickett
Bartlett	Grams	Pombo
Barton	Grandy	Quinn
Bentley	Green	Ramstad
Bilirakis	Gunderson	Ridge
Biiley	Hall (TX)	Roberts
Boehner	Hancock	Rogers
Bonilla	Hastert	Rohrabacher
Brewster	Hayes	Roth
Browder	Herger	Royce
Bunning	Hilliard	Sarpaluis
Burton	Hoekstra	Saxton
Buyer	Houghton	Schaefer
Callahan	Huffington	Schiff
Calvert	Hunter	Sensenbrenner
Camp	Hutchinson	Sisisky
Canady	Inglis	Skelton
Chapman	Istook	Smith (IA)
Coble	Johnson, Sam	Smith (MI)
Collins (GA)	Kim	Smith (OR)
Combest	King	Smith (TX)
Cooper	Kingston	Snowe
Cox	Klug	Solomon
Cramer	Knollenberg	Stearns
Crane	Kyl	Stenholm
Crapo	Lancaster	Stump
Cunningham	Laughlin	Stupak
Danner	Leach	Talent
de la Garza	Lehman	Tauzin
DeLay	Lewis (FL)	Taylor (MS)
Dickey	Lewis (KY)	Taylor (NC)
Doollittle	Lightfoot	Tejeda
Dornan	Linder	Thomas (CA)
Dreier	Lucas	Thomas (WY)
Duncan	Manzullo	Thurman
Dunn	McCurdy	Upton
Edwards (TX)	McHugh	Volkmer
Ehlers	McKeon	Walker
Emerson	Mica	Weldon
Everett	Miller (FL)	Wilson
Ewing	Molinari	Young (AK)
Fields (TX)	Moorhead	Zeliff

NOT VOTING—11

Armey	Ford (TN)	Sundquist
Carr	Gallo	Washington
Dicks	Inhofe	Wheat
Fazio	Slattery	

So, two-thirds of the Members present not having voted in favor thereof, the rules were not suspended and said bill, as amended, was not passed.

114.19 NOTICE REQUIREMENT—MOTION TO INSTRUCT CONFEREES—H.R. 820

Mr. WALKER, pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XXVIII, announced his intention to instruct the managers on the part of the House at the conference with the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 820) to amend the Stevenson-Wylder Technology Innovation Act of 1980 to enhance manufacturing technology development and transfer, to authorize appropriations for the Technology Administration of the Department of Commerce, including the National Institute of Standards and Technology, and for other purposes, to insist on a

provision that requires a regulatory impact analysis and unfunded mandate estimate for each bill or joint resolution reported by any committee of the House of Representatives or the Senate, or considered on the floor of either House, and for every Federal department or executive branch agency regulatory action.

114.20 RHINOCEROS AND TIGERS CONSERVATION PROGRAMS

On motion of Mr. STUDDS, by unanimous consent, the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union was discharged from further consideration of the bill (H.R. 4924) to assist in the conservation of rhinoceros and tigers by supporting and providing financial resources for the conservation programs of nations whose activities directly or indirectly affect rhinoceros and tiger populations, and of the CITES Secretariat.

When said bill was considered and read twice.

The following amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, was then agreed to:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Rhinoceros and Tiger Conservation Act of 1994".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds the following:

(1) The world's rhinoceros population is declining at an alarming rate, a 90 percent decline since 1970.

(2) All 5 subspecies of tiger are currently threatened with extinction in the wild, with approximately 5,000 to 6,000 tigers remaining worldwide.

(3) All rhinoceros species have been listed on Appendix I of CITES since 1977.

(4) All tiger subspecies have been listed on Appendix I of CITES since 1987.

(5) The tiger and all rhinoceros species, except the southern subspecies of white rhinoceros, are listed as endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

(6) In 1987, the parties to CITES adopted a resolution that urged all parties to establish a moratorium on the sale and trade in rhinoceros products (other than legally taken trophies), to destroy government stockpiles of rhinoceros horn, and to exert pressure on countries continuing to allow trade in rhinoceros products.

(7) On September 7, 1993, under section 8 of the Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967 (22 U.S.C. 1978) the Secretary certified that the People's Republic of China and Taiwan were engaged in trade of rhinoceros parts and tiger parts that diminished the effectiveness of an international conservation program for that endangered species.

(8) On September 9, 1993, the Standing Committee of CITES, in debating the continuing problem of trade in rhinoceros horn and tiger parts, adopted a resolution urging parties to CITES to implement stricter domestic measures, up to and including an immediate prohibition in trade in wildlife species.

(9) On November 8, 1993, under section 8 of the Fisherman's Protection Act of 1967 (22 U.S.C. 1978), the President announced that the United States would impose trade sanctions against China and Taiwan unless substantial progress was made by March 1994 towards ending trade in rhinoceros and tiger products.

(10) On April 11, 1994, under section 8 of the Fisherman's Protective Act of 1967 (22 U.S.C. 1978), the President—

(A) directed that imports of wildlife specimens and products from Taiwan be prohibited, in response to Taiwan's failure to undertake sufficient actions to stop illegal rhinoceros and tiger trade; and

(B) indicated that the certification of China would remain in effect and directed that additional monitoring of China's progress be undertaken.

SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this Act are the following:

(1) To assist in the conservation of rhinoceros and tigers by supporting the conservation programs of nations whose activities directly or indirectly affect rhinoceros and tiger populations, and the CITES Secretariat.

(2) To provide financial resources for those programs.

SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act—

(1) "CITES" means the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora, signed on March 3, 1973, and its appendices;

(2) "conservation" means the use of all methods and procedures necessary to bring rhinoceros and tigers to the point at which there are sufficient populations to ensure that those species do not become extinct, including all activities associated with scientific resource management, such as research, census, law enforcement, habitat protection, acquisition, and management, propagation, live trapping, and transportation;

(3) "Fund" means the Rhinoceros and Tiger Conservation Fund established under section 6(a); and

(4) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 5. RHINOCEROS AND TIGER CONSERVATION ASSISTANCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, subject to the availability of appropriations, shall use amounts in the Fund to provide financial assistance for projects for the conservation of rhinoceros and tigers.

(b) PROJECT PROPOSAL.—A country whose activities directly or indirectly affect rhinoceros or tiger populations, the CITES Secretariat, or any other person may submit to the Secretary a project proposal under this section. Each proposal shall—

(1) name the individual responsible for conducting the project;

(2) state the purposes of the project succinctly;

(3) describe the qualifications of the individuals who will conduct the project;

(4) estimate the funds and time required to complete the project;

(5) provide evidence of support of the project by appropriate governmental entities of countries in which the project will be conducted, if the Secretary determines that the support is required for the success of the project; and

(6) provide any other information the Secretary considers to be necessary for evaluating the eligibility of the project for funding under this Act.

(c) PROJECT REVIEW AND APPROVAL.—The Secretary shall review each project proposal to determine if meets the criterion set forth in subsection (d). Not later than 6 months after receiving a final project proposal, and subject to the availability of funds, the Secretary shall approve or disapprove the proposal and provide written notification to the person who submitted the proposal and to each country within which the project is to be conducted.

(d) CRITERION FOR APPROVAL.—The Secretary may approve a project under this section if the project will enhance programs for conservation of rhinoceros or tigers by—