

Filner	Levy	Reynolds
Fingerhut	Lewis (CA)	Richardson
Fish	Lewis (GA)	Ridge
Flake	Lewis (KY)	Roberts
Foglietta	Lightfoot	Roemer
Ford (TN)	Linder	Rogers
Fowler	Lipinski	Rohrabacher
Franks (CT)	Lloyd	Ros-Lehtinen
Franks (NJ)	Long	Rose
Furse	Lowey	Rostenkowski
Galleghy	Lucas	Roth
Gejdenson	Machtley	Roukema
Gephardt	Maloney	Roybal-Allard
Geran	Mann	Royce
Gilchrest	Manton	Rush
Gillmor	Manzullo	Sabo
Gilman	Margolies-	Sanders
Glickman	Mezvinsky	Sangmeister
Gonzalez	Markey	Santorum
Goodlatte	Martinez	Sarpalius
Goodling	Matsui	Sawyer
Gordon	Mazzoli	Saxton
Goss	McCandless	Schaefer
Grams	McCloskey	Schenk
Grandy	McCurdy	Schiff
Green	McDade	Schroeder
Greenwood	McDermott	Schumer
Gunderson	McHale	Scott
Gutierrez	McHugh	Sensenbrenner
Hall (OH)	McInnis	Serrano
Hall (TX)	McKeon	Shays
Hamburg	McKinney	Shepherd
Hamilton	Meehan	Shuster
Hancock	Meek	Sisisky
Hansen	Menendez	Skaggs
Hastert	Meyers	Skeen
Hastings	Mica	Skelton
Hefley	Michel	Slaughter
Hefner	Miller (CA)	Smith (IA)
Herger	Miller (FL)	Smith (NJ)
Hilliard	Mineta	Smith (TX)
Hinchee	Minge	Snowe
Hoagland	Mink	Solomon
Hobson	Moakley	Spence
Hochbrueckner	Molinari	Spratt
Hoekstra	Mollohan	Stearns
Hoke	Montgomery	Stenholm
Holden	Moorhead	Stokes
Horn	Moran	Strickland
Houghton	Morella	Studds
Hughes	Murtha	Stump
Hunter	Myers	Stupak
Hutchinson	Nadler	Swett
Hutto	Neal (NC)	Synar
Hyde	Norton (DC)	Talent
Inglis	Nussle	Tanner
Inhofe	Oberstar	Tauzin
Inslee	Obey	Taylor (MS)
Jacobs	Olver	Tejeda
Johnson (GA)	Ortiz	Thomas (CA)
Johnson (SD)	Orton	Thomas (WY)
Johnson, E. B.	Owens	Thornton
Johnston	Packard	Thurman
Kanjorski	Pallone	Torkildsen
Kaptur	Parker	Torricelli
Kasich	Pastor	Towns
Kennedy	Paxon	Traficant
Kennelly	Payne (NJ)	Underwood (GU)
Kildee	Payne (VA)	Unsoeld
Kim	Pelosi	Upton
King	Penny	Velazquez
Kingston	Peterson (FL)	Vento
Klecicka	Peterson (MN)	Visclosky
Klein	Petri	Volkmer
Klink	Pickett	Vucanovich
Klug	Pickle	Walker
Knollenberg	Pombo	Walsh
Kolbe	Pomeroy	Waters
Kopetski	Porter	Waxman
Kreidler	Portman	Weldon
Kyl	Poshard	Wilson
LaFalce	Price (NC)	Wise
Lambert	Pryce (OH)	Wolf
Lancaster	Quillen	Woolsey
Lantos	Quinn	Wyden
LaRocco	Rahall	Wynn
Laughlin	Ramstad	Yates
Lazio	Rangel	Young (FL)
Leach	Ravenel	Zeliff
Lehman	Reed	Zimmer
Levin	Regula	

Thereupon, Mr. FARR, Acting Chairman, announced that 378 Members had been recorded, a quorum.

The Committee rose informally to receive a further message from the Senate.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SERRANO, assumed the Chair.

¶121.20 FURTHER MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Hallen, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate agreed to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 4950) "An Act to extend the authorities of the Overseas Private Investment Corporation, and for other purposes."

The message also announced that the Senate had passed a joint resolution of the following title, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S.J. Res. 229. Joint resolution regarding United States policy toward Haiti.

The Committee resumed its sitting; and after some further time spent therein,

¶121.21 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment in the nature of a substitute submitted by Mr. GILMAN:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This joint resolution may be cited as the "Withdrawal from Haiti Resolution".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds the following:

(1) On September 19, 1994, President Clinton introduced United States Armed Forces into Haiti for purposes of effecting a transition of power from the military regime of General Raoul Cedras to President Jean-Bertrand Aristide.

(2) Under President Clinton's plan, approximately 20,000 United States Armed Forces personnel have been deployed to Haiti and most are to remain there until, in the judgment of the United Nations Security Council, they have established a secure and stable environment and a follow-on United Nations peacekeeping force known as the United Nations Mission in Haiti (UNMIH) is capable of assuming their functions.

(3) In accordance with United Nations Security Council Resolution 940 (1994), the UNMIH peacekeeping force is to consist of 6,000 personnel and is to remain in Haiti until February 1996.

(4) President Clinton intends for United States Armed Forces personnel to comprise a substantial portion of the UNMIH peacekeeping force that will remain in Haiti until February 1996.

(5) President Clinton never requested or obtained the authorization of the United States Congress for his plan to deploy United States Armed Forces to Haiti.

(6) The incremental cost to the United States of President Clinton's planned military occupation of Haiti is estimated to total not less than \$500 million and could be significantly higher. In addition, it is anticipated that the United States will provide hundreds of millions of dollars in economic and humanitarian assistance to Haiti during the military occupation.

(7) The deployment of United States Armed Forces to Haiti is adversely affecting military readiness by placing an enormous strain on a reduced military force structure and by consuming considerable resources from an underfunded defense budget.

SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that—

(a) the President should not have ordered United States Armed Forces to occupy Haiti;

(b) the President should immediately commence the safe and orderly withdrawal of United States Armed Forces from Haiti and should conclude that withdrawal as soon as possible in a manner consistent with the safety of those Forces;

(c) the President should pursue all appropriate diplomatic steps to ensure that the UNMIH peacekeeping force is promptly put in place and is fully comprised of military personnel from other countries.

SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON FOREIGN COMMAND.

United States Armed Forces in Haiti shall remain under the command and control (including operational control) of officers of the United States Armed Forces at all times.

SEC. 5. REPORT ON THE SITUATION IN HAITI.

Not later than November 1, 1994, and monthly thereafter until the cessation of Operation Uphold Democracy, the President shall submit a report to Congress on the situation in Haiti, including:

(a) a listing of the units of the United States Armed Forces and of the police and military units of other nations participating in operations in and around Haiti;

(b) the estimated duration of Operation Uphold Democracy and progress toward the withdrawal of all United States Armed Forces from Haiti consistent with the goal of section 3(b) of this resolution;

(c) armed incidents or the use of force in or around Haiti involving United States Armed Forces or Coast Guard personnel in the time period covered by the report;

(d) the estimated cumulative incremental cost of all U.S. activities subsequent to September 30, 1993 in and around Haiti, including but not limited to:

(1) the cost of all deployments of United States Armed Forces and Coast Guard personnel, training, exercises, mobilization, and preparation activities, including the preparation of police and military units of the other nations of the multinational force involved in enforcement of sanctions, limits on migration, establishment and maintenance of migrant facilities at Guantanamo Bay and elsewhere, and all other activities relating to operations in and around Haiti; and

(2) the costs of all other activities relating to United States policy toward Haiti, including humanitarian assistance, reconstruction, aid and other financial assistance, and all other costs to the United States Government;

(e) a detailed accounting of the source of funds obligated or expended to meet the costs described in subparagraph (d), including:

(1) in the case of funds expended from the Department of Defense budget, a breakdown by military service or defense agency, line item and program, and

(2) in the case of funds expended from the budgets of department and agencies other than the Department of Defense, a breakdown by department or agency and program;

(f) the Administration plan for financing the costs of the operations and the impact on readiness without supplemental funding;

(g) a description of the situation in Haiti, including:

(1) the security situation;

(2) the progress made in transferring the functions of government to the democratically elected government of Haiti; and

(3) progress toward holding free and fair parliamentary elections.

(h) a description of issues relating to the United Nations Mission in Haiti (UNMIH), including

(1) the preparedness of the United Nations Mission in Haiti (UNMIH) to deploy to Haiti to assume its functions;

(2) troop commitments by other nations to UNMIH;

(3) the anticipated cost to the United States of participation in UNMIH, including payments to the United Nations and financial, material and other assistance to UNMIH;

(4) proposed or actual participation of United States Armed Forces in UNMIH;

(5) proposed command arrangements for UNMIH, including any proposed or actual placement of United States Armed Forces under foreign command; and

(6) the anticipated duration of UNMIH.

SEC. 6. REPORT ON HUMAN RIGHTS.

Not later than January 1, 1995, the Secretary of State shall report to Congress on the participation or involvement of any member of the de jure or de facto Haitian government in violations of internationally-recognized human rights from December 15, 1990 to December 15, 1994.

SEC. 7. REASSEMBLY OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of the Congress that the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Majority Leader of the Senate, acting jointly after consultation with the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives and the Minority Leader of the Senate, respectively, should monitor closely events in Haiti in considering whether to exercise any authority that may be granted to reassemble the Congress after the adjournment of the Congress sine die.

SEC. 8. ESTABLISHMENT OF CONGRESSIONAL COMMISSION ON HAITI.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT AND DUTIES.—there is established a congressional commission to assess the humanitarian, political, and diplomatic conditions in Haiti and to present to the Congress a report offering appropriate policy options available to the United States with respect to Haiti. The Commission shall call upon recognized experts on Haiti and Haitian culture, as well as experts on health and social welfare, political institution building, and diplomatic processes and negotiations.

(b) COMPOSITION OF COMMISSION.—The Commission shall consist of the following Members of Congress (or their designees):

(1) The Speaker of the House of Representatives;

(2) The minority leader of the House of Representatives;

(3) The chairman and ranking Member of the following committees of the House of Representatives:

(A) The Committee on Appropriations;

(B) The Committee on foreign Affairs;

(C) The Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence;

(D) The Committee on Armed Services;

(4) The majority leader of the Senate;

(5) The minority leader of the Senate;

(6) The chairman and ranking Member of the following committees of the Senate:

(A) The Committee on Appropriations;

(B) The Committee on Foreign Relations;

(C) The Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence;

(D) The Committee on Armed Services; and

(7) The chairman and vice-chairman of the Congressional Hunger Caucus.

(c) REPORT OF COMMISSION.—Not later than 45 days after enactment of this joint resolution, the Commission shall submit to the Congress a report on the Commission's analysis and assessment of appropriate policy options available to the United States with respect to Haiti.

SEC. 9. JOINT RESOLUTION PROHIBITING CONTINUED USE OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES IN HAITI.

(a) IN GENERAL.—If a joint resolution described in subsection (b) is enacted, the President shall remove United States Armed Forces from Haiti in accordance with such joint resolution.

(b) DESCRIPTION OF JOINT RESOLUTION.—For purposes of subsection (a), a joint resolution

described in this subsection is a joint resolution the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "Pursuant to section 9 of the Withdrawal from Haiti Resolution, the Congress hereby directs the President to remove United States Armed Forces from Haiti not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this joint resolution, except for a limited number of members of the United States Armed Forces sufficient to protect United States diplomatic facilities and personnel."

(c) PRIORITY PROCEDURES.—

(1) INTRODUCTION OF JOINT RESOLUTION.— Paragraph (2) shall apply only to a joint resolution described in subsection (b) and introduced on January 3, 1995, or if the Congress is not in session on that date, the first day of session thereafter, if all United States Armed Forces have not been withdrawn from Haiti by that date.

(2) CONSIDERATION OF JOINT RESOLUTION.— Any joint resolution described in subsection (b) and introduced in accordance with paragraph (1) shall be referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives or the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, as the case may be, and one such resolution shall be reported out by such committee together with its recommendations by January 18, 1995, unless such House shall otherwise determine by the yeas and nays. Any joint resolution reported or required to be reported pursuant to the preceding sentence shall become the pending business of the House in question (in the case of the Senate the time for debate shall be equally divided between the proponents and the opponents) and shall be voted on no later than January 21, 1995, or if the House in question is not in session on that date, the first day of session of such House thereafter, unless such House shall otherwise determine by the yeas and nays. The procedures described in subsections 7(c) and 7(d) of the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1546) shall apply to further congressional consideration of any joint resolution approved by either House pursuant to the preceding sentence.

It was decided in the negative Yeas 205 Nays 225 Answered present 1

121.22 [Roll No. 497] AYES—205

- Allard Condit Grams
Andrews (NJ) Coppersmith Grandy
Archer Cox Greenwood
Armev Crane Gunderson
Bachus (AL) Crapo Hall (TX)
Baesler Cunningham Hancock
Baker (CA) Danner Hansen
Baker (LA) DeLay Harman
Ballenger Diaz-Balart Hastert
Barca Doolittle Hefley
Barcia Dornan Herger
Bartlett Dreier Hobson
Barton Duncan Hoekstra
Bateman Dunn Hoke
Bentley Ehlers Holden
Bereuter Emerson Horn
Bilirakis Everett Houghton
Biley Ewing Hunter
Blute Fawell Hutchinson
Boehlert Fields (TX) Hyde
Boehner Filner Inglis
Bonilla Fish Inhofe
Bunning Fowler Istook
Burton Franks (CT) Johnson (CT)
Buyer Franks (NJ) Johnson (SD)
Callahan Gallegly Johnson, Sam
Calvert Gekas Kasich
Camp Geren Kildee
Canady Gilchrest Kim
Carr Gillmor King
Castle Gilman Kingston
Clinger Gingrich Klug
Coble Goodlatte Knollenberg
Collins (GA) Goodling Kolbe
Combest Goss Kyl

- Lambert Morella Shaw
Lazio Myers Shays
Leach Nussle Shuster
Levy Oxley Skeen
Lewis (CA) Packard Smith (IA)
Lewis (FL) Parker Smith (MI)
Lewis (KY) Paxon Smith (NJ)
Lightfoot Peterson (MN) Smith (OR)
Linder Petri Smith (TX)
Lipinski Pombo Snowe
Livingston Pomeroy Solomon
Lucas Porter Spence
Machtley Portman Stearns
Manzullo Pryce (OH) Stenholm
Margolies-Quillen Stump
Mezvinsky Quinn Sweet
Mazzoli Ramstad Talent
McCandless Ravelle Taylor (MS)
McCollum Regula Taylor (NC)
McCrery Ridge Thomas (CA)
McCurdy Roberts Thomas (WY)
McDade Rogers Torkildsen
McHugh Rohrabacher Traficant
McInnis Ros-Lehtinen Upton
McKeon Roth Vucanovich
McMillan Roukema Walker
McNulty Royce Walsh
Meyers Santorum Weldon
Mica Sarpalius Wolf
Michel Saxton Young (AK)
Miller (FL) Schaefer Young (FL)
Molinari Schenk Zeliff
Montgomery Schiff Zimmer
Moorhead Sensenbrenner

NOES—225

- Abercrombie Fazio McCloskey
Ackerman Fields (LA) McDermott
Andrews (ME) Fingerhut McHale
Andrews (TX) Flake McKinney
Bacchus (FL) Foglietta Meehan
Barlow Foley Meek
Barrett (WI) Ford (MI) Menendez
Becerra Ford (TN) Miller (CA)
Beilenson Frank (MA) Mineta
Berman Frost Minge
Bevill Furse Mink
Bilbray Gejdenson Moakley
Bishop Gephardt Mollohan
Blackwell Gibbons Moran
Bonior Glickman Murphy
Borski Gonzalez Murtha
Boucher Gordon Nadler
Brewster Green Neal (MA)
Brooks Gutierrez Neal (NC)
Browder Hall (OH) Norton (DC)
Brown (CA) Hamburg Oberstar
Brown (FL) Hamilton Obey
Brown (OH) Hastings Olver
Bryant Hayes Ortiz
Byrne Hefner Orton
Cantwell Hilliard Owens
Cardin Hinchey Pallone
Chapman Hoagland Pastor
Clay Hochbrueckner Payne (NJ)
Clayton Hoyer Payne (VA)
Clement Hughes Pelosi
Clyburn Hutto Penny
Coleman Inslee Peterson (FL)
Collins (IL) Jacobs Pickett
Collins (MI) Jefferson Pickle
Conyers Johnson (GA) Poshard
Cooper Johnson, E. B. Price (NC)
Costello Johnston Rahall
Coyne Kanjorski Rangel
Cramer Kaptur Reed
Darden Kennedy Reynolds
de la Garza Kennelly Richardson
de Lugo (VI) Kleczka Roemer
Deal Klein Romero-Barcelo
DeFazio Klink (PR)
DeLauro Kopetski Rose
Dellums Kreidler Rostenkowski
Derrick LaFalce Rowland
Deutsch Lancaster Roybal-Allard
Dickey Lantos Rush
Dicks LaRocco Sabo
Dingell Laughlin Sanders
Dixon Lehman Sangmeister
Dooley Levin Sawyer
Durbin Lewis (GA) Schroeder
Edwards (CA) Lloyd Schumer
Edwards (TX) Long Scott
Engel Lowey Serrano
English Maloney Sharp
Eshoo Mann Shepherd
Evans Manton Sisisky
Faleomavaega Markey Skaggs
(AS) Martinez Skelton
Farr Matsui Slaughter