

Spratt	Thornton	Waters
Stark	Thurman	Watt
Stokes	Torres	Waxman
Strickland	Torricelli	Wheat
Studds	Towns	Williams
Stupak	Underwood (GU)	Wilson
Swift	Unsoeld	Wise
Synar	Valentine	Woolsey
Tanner	Velazquez	Wyden
Tauzin	Vento	Wynn
Tejeda	Visclosky	Yates
Thompson	Volkmer	

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Barrett (NE)

NOT VOTING—9

Applegate	Mfume	Tucker
Gallo	Slattery	Washington
Huffington	Sundquist	Whitten

So the amendment in the nature of a substitute was not agreed to.

After some further time,

¶121.23 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment in the nature of a substitute submitted by Mr. DELLUMS:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES OPERATIONS IN HAITI.

It is the sense of Congress that—

(a) the men and women of the United States Armed Forces in Haiti who are performing with professional excellence and dedicated patriotism are to be commended;

(b) the President should have sought and welcomed Congressional approval before deploying United States Armed Forces to Haiti;

(c) the departure from power of the de facto authorities in Haiti, and Haitian efforts to achieve national reconciliation, democracy and the rule of law are in the best interests of the Haitian people;

(d) the President's lifting of the unilateral economic sanctions on Haiti, and his efforts to bring about the lifting of economic sanctions imposed by the United Nations are appropriate; and

(e) Congress supports a prompt and orderly withdrawal of all United States Armed Forces from Haiti as soon as possible.

SEC. 2. PRESIDENTIAL STATEMENT OF NATIONAL SECURITY OBJECTIVES.

The President shall prepare and submit to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives (hereafter, "Congress") not later than seven days after enactment of this resolution a statement of the national security objectives to be achieved by Operation Uphold Democracy, and a detailed description of United States policy, the military mission and the general rules of engagement under which operations of United States Armed Forces are conducted in and around Haiti, including the role of United States Armed Forces regarding Haitian on Haitian violence, and efforts to disarm Haitian military or police forces, or civilians. Changes or modifications to such objectives, policy, military mission, or general rules of engagement shall be submitted to Congress within forty-eight hours of approval.

SEC. 3. REPORT ON THE SITUATION IN HAITI.

Not later than November 1, 1994, and monthly thereafter until the cessation of Operation Uphold Democracy, the President shall submit a report to Congress on the situation in Haiti, including:

(a) a listing of the units of the United States Armed Forces and of the police and military units of other nations participating in operations in and around Haiti;

(b) the estimated duration of Operation Uphold Democracy and progress toward the withdrawal of all United States Armed Forces from Haiti consistent with the goal of section 1(c) of this resolution;

(c) armed incidents or the use of force in or around Haiti involving United States Armed Forces or Coast Guard personnel in the time period covered by the report;

(d) the estimated cumulative incremental cost of all U.S. activities subsequent to September 30, 1993 in and around Haiti, including but not limited to:

(1) the cost of all deployments of United States Armed Forces and Coast Guard personnel, training, exercises, mobilization, and preparation activities, including the preparation of police and military units of the other nations of the multinational force involved in enforcement of sanctions, limits on migration, establishment and maintenance of migrant facilities at Guantanamo Bay and elsewhere, and all other activities relating to operations in and around Haiti; and

(2) the costs of all other activities relating to United States policy toward Haiti, including humanitarian assistance, reconstruction, aid and other financial assistance, and all other costs to the United States Government;

(e) a detailed accounting of the source of funds obligated or expended to meet the costs described in subparagraph (d), including:

(1) in the case of funds expended from the Department of Defense budget, a breakdown by military service or defense agency, line item and program, and

(2) in the case of funds expended from the budgets of departments and agencies other than the Department of Defense, by department or agency and program;

(f) the Administration plan for financing the costs of the operations and the impact on readiness without supplemental funding;

(g) a description of the situation in Haiti, including:

(1) the security situation;

(2) the progress made in transferring the functions of government to the democratically elected government of Haiti; and

(3) progress toward holding free and fair parliamentary elections.

(h) a description of issues relating to the United Nations Mission in Haiti (UNMIH), including:

(1) the preparedness of the United Nations Mission in Haiti (UNMIH) to deploy to Haiti to assume its functions;

(2) troop commitments by other nations to UNMIH;

(3) the anticipated cost to the United States of participation in UNMIH, including payments to the United Nations and financial, material and other assistance to UNMIH;

(4) proposed or actual participation of United States Armed Forces in UNMIH;

(5) proposed command arrangements for UNMIH, including proposed or actual placement of United States Armed Forces under foreign command; and

(6) the anticipated duration of UNMIH.

SEC. 4. REPORT ON HUMAN RIGHTS.

Not later than January 1, 1995, the Secretary of State shall report to Congress on the participation or involvement of any member of the de jure or de facto Haitian government in violations of internationally-recognized human rights from December 15, 1990 to December 15, 1994.

SEC. 5. REPORT ON U.S. AGREEMENTS.

Not later than November 15, 1994, the Secretary of State shall provide a comprehensive report to Congress on all agreements the United States has entered into with other nations, including any assistance pledged or provided, in connection with United States

efforts in Haiti. Such report shall also include information on any agreements or commitments relating to United Nations Security Council actions concerning Haiti since 1992.

SEC. 6. TRANSITION TO UNITED NATIONS MISSION IN HAITI.

Nothing in this resolution should be construed or interpreted to constitute Congressional approval or disapproval of the participation of United States Armed Forces in the United Nations Mission in Haiti.

It was decided in the affirmative Yeas 258 Nays 167 Answered present 1

¶121.24 [Roll No. 498] AYES—258

Abercrombie	Farr	Meehan
Ackerman	Fazio	Meek
Andrews (ME)	Fields (LA)	Mfume
Andrews (TX)	Fingerhut	Miller (CA)
Bacchus (FL)	Flake	Mineta
Barca	Foglietta	Minge
Barcia	Ford (MI)	Mink
Barlow	Ford (TN)	Moakley
Barrett (NE)	Frank (MA)	Mollohan
Barrett (WI)	Frost	Montgomery
Bateman	Furse	Moran
Becerra	Gejdenson	Morella
Beilenson	Gephardt	Murphy
Bentley	Geren	Murtha
Berman	Gibbons	Nadler
Bevill	Gilchrest	Neal (MA)
Bilbray	Glickman	Neal (NC)
Bilirakis	Gonzalez	Norton (DC)
Bishop	Gordon	Oberstar
Blackwell	Grandy	Obey
Blute	Green	Olver
Boehlert	Gunderson	Ortiz
Bonior	Gutierrez	Pastor
Borski	Hall (OH)	Payne (NJ)
Boucher	Hamburg	Payne (VA)
Brewster	Hastings	Pelosi
Brooks	Hayes	Penny
Browder	Hefner	Peterson (FL)
Brown (CA)	Hilliard	Pickett
Brown (FL)	Hinche	Pickle
Brown (OH)	Hoagland	Pomeroy
Bryant	Hochbrueckner	Porter
Byrne	Hoke	Poshard
Callahan	Hoyer	Price (NC)
Cardin	Hughes	Quinn
Carr	Hutto	Rahall
Castle	Inglis	Rangel
Chapman	Inslee	Reed
Clay	Jacobs	Reynolds
Clayton	Jefferson	Richardson
Clement	Johnson (CT)	Romer
Clinger	Johnson (GA)	Romero-Barcelo
Clyburn	Johnson, E. B.	(PR)
Coleman	Johnston	Rose
Collins (IL)	Kanjorski	Rostenkowski
Collins (MI)	Kaptur	Rowland
Conyers	Kennedy	Roybal-Allard
Cooper	Kennelly	Rush
Coppersmith	Klein	Sabo
Costello	Klink	Sangmeister
Coyne	Kopetski	Santorum
Cramer	Kreidler	Sarpalius
Danner	LaFalce	Sawyer
Darden	Lantos	Schroeder
de la Garza	LaRocco	Schumer
de Lugo (VI)	Laughlin	Scott
Deal	Lehman	Serrano
DeFazio	Lewis (CA)	Sharp
DeLauro	Lewis (GA)	Shepherd
Dellums	Lipinski	Sisisky
Derrick	Lloyd	Skeen
Deutsch	Long	Skelton
Dickey	Lowe	Slaughter
Dicks	Maloney	Smith (IA)
Dingell	Mann	Smith (MI)
Dixon	Manton	Spence
Dooley	Margolies-	Spratt
Durbin	Mezvinsky	Stark
Edwards (CA)	Markey	Stokes
Edwards (TX)	Martinez	Strickland
Ehlers	Matsui	Studds
Emerson	McCloskey	Stupak
Engel	McCollum	Swift
English	McDade	Synar
Eshoo	McDermott	Tanner
Evans	McHale	Tauzin
Everett	McKinney	Taylor (MS)

Tejeda	Valentine	Weldon
Thompson	Velazquez	Wheat
Thornton	Vento	Wilson
Thurman	Visclosky	Wise
Torkildsen	Volkmer	Wolf
Torres	Vucanovich	Woolsey
Towns	Walsh	Wyden
Traficant	Waters	Wynn
Underwood (GU)	Watt	Yates
Unsoeld	Waxman	

NOES—167

Allard	Hamilton	Molinari
Andrews (NJ)	Hancock	Moorhead
Archer	Hansen	Myers
Army	Harman	Nussle
Bachus (AL)	Hastert	Orton
Baesler	Hefley	Oxley
Baker (CA)	Heger	Packard
Baker (LA)	Hobson	Pallone
Ballenger	Hoekstra	Parker
Bartlett	Holden	Paxon
Barton	Horn	Peterson (MN)
Bereuter	Houghton	Petri
Biiley	Hunter	Pombo
Boehner	Hutchinson	Portman
Bonilla	Hyde	Pryce (OH)
Bunning	Istook	Quillen
Burton	Johnson (SD)	Ramstad
Buyer	Johnson, Sam	Regula
Calvert	Kasich	Ridge
Camp	Kildee	Roberts
Canady	Kim	Rogers
Cantwell	King	Rohrabacher
Coble	Kingston	Ros-Lehtinen
Collins (GA)	Klecza	Roth
Combust	Klug	Roukema
Condit	Knollenberg	Royce
Cox	Kolbe	Sanders
Crane	Kyl	Saxton
Crapo	Lambert	Schaefer
Cunningham	Lancaster	Schenck
DeLay	Lazio	Schiff
Diaz-Balart	Leach	Sensenbrenner
Doolittle	Levin	Shaw
Dreier	Levy	Shays
Duncan	Lewis (FL)	Shuster
Dunn	Lewis (KY)	Skaggs
Ewing	Lightfoot	Smith (NJ)
Faleomavaega	Linder	Smith (TX)
(AS)	Livingston	Snowe
Fawell	Lucas	Solomon
Fields (TX)	Machtley	Stearns
Filner	Manzullo	Stenholm
Fowler	Mazzoli	Stump
Franks (CT)	McCandless	Sweet
Franks (NJ)	McCrery	Talent
Gallegly	McCurdy	Taylor (NC)
Gekas	McHugh	Thomas (CA)
Gillmor	McInnis	Thomas (WY)
Gilman	McKeon	Torricelli
Gingrich	McMillan	Upton
Goodlatte	McNulty	Walker
Goodling	Menendez	Williams
Goss	Meyers	Young (AK)
Grams	Mica	Young (FL)
Greenwood	Michel	Zeliff
Hall (TX)	Miller (FL)	Zimmer

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Owens

NOT VOTING—13

Applegate	Inhofe	Tucker
Dornan	Ravenel	Washington
Fish	Slattery	Whitten
Gallo	Smith (OR)	
Huffington	Sundquist	

So the amendment in the nature of a substitute was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. STUDDS, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. McDERMOTT, Acting Chairman, reported that the Committee, having had under consideration said bill, had come to no resolution thereon.

121.25 SUBMISSION OF CONFERENCE REPORT—S. 1569

Mr. WAXMAN submitted a conference report (Rept. No. 103-843) on the bill of the Sente (S. 1569) to amend the Public Health Service Act to revise and extend programs relating to the

health of individuals who are members of minority groups, and for other purposes; together with a statement thereon, for printing in the Record under the rule.

121.26 U.S. ARMED FORCES IN HAITI

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. STUDDS, pursuant to House Resolution 570 and rule XXIII, declared the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 416) providing limited authorization for the participation of United States Armed Forces in the multinational force in Haiti and providing for the prompt withdrawal of United States Armed Forces from Haiti.

Mr. McDERMOTT, Acting Chairman, assumed the chair; and after some time spent therein,

121.27 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment in the nature of a substitute submitted by Mr. TORRICELLI:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This joint resolution may be cited as the "Limited Authorization for the United States-led Force in Haiti Resolution".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND STATEMENT OF POLICY.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

(1) On September 18, 1994, the special delegation to Haiti succeeded in convincing the de facto authorities in Haiti to sign the Port-au-Prince Agreement under which such authorities agreed to leave power.

(2) On September 18, 1994, after the Port-au-Prince Agreement was reached, the President ordered the deployment of United States Armed Forces in and around Haiti.

(3) On September 21, 1994, the President submitted a report, consistent with the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1541 et seq.), on the introduction of United States Armed Forces into Haiti.

(4) The Congress fully supports the men and women of the United States Armed Forces who are carrying out their mission in Haiti with professional excellence and dedicated patriotism.

(b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—The Congress declares the following:

(1) The United States-led force in Haiti should use all necessary means to protect United States citizens, to stabilize the security situation in Haiti so that orderly progress may be made in transferring the functions of government in that country to the democratically-elected government of Haiti, and to facilitate the provision of humanitarian assistance to the people of Haiti.

(2) Transfer of operations in Haiti from the United States-led force in Haiti to the United Nations-led force in Haiti should be facilitated and expedited to the fullest extent possible.

(3) United States Armed Forces should be withdrawn from Haiti as soon as possible.

SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION FOR USE OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Subject to subsection (b), United States Armed Forces are authorized to participate in the United States-led force in Haiti only—

- (1) to protect United States citizens;
- (2) to stabilize the security situation in Haiti so that orderly progress may be made

in transferring the functions of government in that country to the democratically-elected government of Haiti; and

(3) to facilitate the provision of humanitarian assistance to the people of Haiti.

(b) LIMITATIONS.—

(1) TERMINATION OF AUTHORIZATION.—The authorization provided by subsection (a) shall expire on March 1, 1995, unless the President determines and certifies to Congress in the report required by section 4(b)(3) that the continued participation of US armed forces in the US-led force is essential to protect US citizens or vital US national security interests.

(2) PROHIBITION ON FOREIGN COMMAND.—United States Armed Forces described in subsection (a) shall remain under the command and control of officers of the United States Armed Forces at all times.

SEC. 4. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall submit to the Congress reports on—

(1) the participation of United States Armed Forces in the United States-led force in Haiti and the United Nations-led force in Haiti, including—

(A) the number of members of the United States Armed Forces that are participating in such United States-led force and such United Nations-led force;

(B) the functions of such Armed Forces; and

(C) the costs of deployment of such Armed Forces; and

(2) the efforts to withdraw United States Armed Forces from Haiti, including—

(A) for the purpose of achieving a transition from the United States-led force in Haiti to the United Nations-led force in Haiti, the status of efforts to implement the Port-au-Prince Agreement and to otherwise carry out the terms of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 917 (May 6, 1994) and 940 (July 31, 1994);

(B) the status of plans to accomplish such transition to the United Nations-led force in Haiti; and

(C) the status of plans to withdraw United States Armed Forces from Haiti.

(b) REPORTING DATES.—A report under this section shall be submitted—

(1) not later than November 30, 1994, covering the period since September 18, 1994;

(2) not later than December 31, 1994, covering the period since the report described in paragraph (1); and

(3) not later than February 1, 1995, covering the period since the report described in paragraph (2).

(c) WAR POWERS RESOLUTION REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements of this section do not supersede the requirements of the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1541 et seq.).

SEC. 5. REASSEMBLY OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of the Congress that the speaker of the House of Representatives and the majority leader of the Senate, acting jointly after consultation with the minority leader of the House of Representatives and the minority leader of the Senate, respectively, should monitor closely events in Haiti in considering whether to exercise any authority that may be granted to reassemble the Congress after the adjournment of the Congress sine die, if the public interest shall warrant it.

SEC. 6. JOINT RESOLUTION PROHIBITING CONTINUED USE OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES IN HAITI.

(a) IN GENERAL.—If a joint resolution described in subsection (b) is enacted, the President shall remove United States Armed Forces from Haiti in accordance with such joint resolution.

(b) DESCRIPTION OF JOINT RESOLUTION.—For purposes of subsection (a), a joint resolution