

Tejeda	Valentine	Weldon
Thompson	Velazquez	Wheat
Thornton	Vento	Wilson
Thurman	Visclosky	Wise
Torkildsen	Volkmer	Wolf
Torres	Vucanovich	Woolsey
Towns	Walsh	Wyden
Trafcant	Waters	Wynn
Underwood (GU)	Watt	Yates
Unsoeld	Waxman	

NOES—167

Allard	Hamilton	Molinari
Andrews (NJ)	Hancock	Moorhead
Archer	Hansen	Myers
Army	Harman	Nussle
Bachus (AL)	Hastert	Orton
Baesler	Hefley	Oxley
Baker (CA)	Heger	Packard
Baker (LA)	Hobson	Pallone
Ballenger	Hoekstra	Parker
Bartlett	Holden	Paxon
Barton	Horn	Peterson (MN)
Bereuter	Houghton	Petri
Biiley	Hunter	Pombo
Boehner	Hutchinson	Portman
Bonilla	Hyde	Pryce (OH)
Bunning	Istook	Quillen
Burton	Johnson (SD)	Ramstad
Buyer	Johnson, Sam	Regula
Calvert	Kasich	Ridge
Camp	Kildee	Roberts
Canady	Kim	Rogers
Cantwell	King	Rohrabacher
Coble	Kingston	Ros-Lehtinen
Collins (GA)	Klecza	Roth
Combust	Klug	Roukema
Condit	Knollenberg	Royce
Cox	Kolbe	Sanders
Crane	Kyl	Saxton
Crapo	Lambert	Schaefer
Cunningham	Lancaster	Schenck
DeLay	Lazio	Schiff
Diaz-Balart	Leach	Sensenbrenner
Doolittle	Levin	Shaw
Dreier	Levy	Shays
Duncan	Lewis (FL)	Shuster
Dunn	Lewis (KY)	Skaggs
Ewing	Lightfoot	Smith (NJ)
Faleomavaega	Linder	Smith (TX)
(AS)	Livingston	Snowe
Fawell	Lucas	Solomon
Fields (TX)	Machtley	Stearns
Filner	Manzullo	Stenholm
Fowler	Mazzoli	Stump
Franks (CT)	McCandless	Sweet
Franks (NJ)	McCrery	Talent
Gallegly	McCurdy	Taylor (NC)
Gekas	McHugh	Thomas (CA)
Gillmor	McInnis	Thomas (WY)
Gilman	McKeon	Torricelli
Gingrich	McMillan	Upton
Goodlatte	McNulty	Walker
Goodling	Menendez	Williams
Goss	Meyers	Young (AK)
Grams	Mica	Young (FL)
Greenwood	Michel	Zeliff
Hall (TX)	Miller (FL)	Zimmer

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Owens

NOT VOTING—13

Applegate	Inhofe	Tucker
Dornan	Ravenel	Washington
Fish	Slattery	Whitten
Gallo	Smith (OR)	
Huffington	Sundquist	

So the amendment in the nature of a substitute was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. STUDDS, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. McDERMOTT, Acting Chairman, reported that the Committee, having had under consideration said bill, had come to no resolution thereon.

121.25 SUBMISSION OF CONFERENCE REPORT—S. 1569

Mr. WAXMAN submitted a conference report (Rept. No. 103-843) on the bill of the Sente (S. 1569) to amend the Public Health Service Act to revise and extend programs relating to the

health of individuals who are members of minority groups, and for other purposes; together with a statement thereon, for printing in the Record under the rule.

121.26 U.S. ARMED FORCES IN HAITI

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. STUDDS, pursuant to House Resolution 570 and rule XXIII, declared the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 416) providing limited authorization for the participation of United States Armed Forces in the multinational force in Haiti and providing for the prompt withdrawal of United States Armed Forces from Haiti.

Mr. McDERMOTT, Acting Chairman, assumed the chair; and after some time spent therein,

121.27 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment in the nature of a substitute submitted by Mr. TORRICELLI:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This joint resolution may be cited as the "Limited Authorization for the United States-led Force in Haiti Resolution".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND STATEMENT OF POLICY.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

(1) On September 18, 1994, the special delegation to Haiti succeeded in convincing the de facto authorities in Haiti to sign the Port-au-Prince Agreement under which such authorities agreed to leave power.

(2) On September 18, 1994, after the Port-au-Prince Agreement was reached, the President ordered the deployment of United States Armed Forces in and around Haiti.

(3) On September 21, 1994, the President submitted a report, consistent with the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1541 et seq.), on the introduction of United States Armed Forces into Haiti.

(4) The Congress fully supports the men and women of the United States Armed Forces who are carrying out their mission in Haiti with professional excellence and dedicated patriotism.

(b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—The Congress declares the following:

(1) The United States-led force in Haiti should use all necessary means to protect United States citizens, to stabilize the security situation in Haiti so that orderly progress may be made in transferring the functions of government in that country to the democratically-elected government of Haiti, and to facilitate the provision of humanitarian assistance to the people of Haiti.

(2) Transfer of operations in Haiti from the United States-led force in Haiti to the United Nations-led force in Haiti should be facilitated and expedited to the fullest extent possible.

(3) United States Armed Forces should be withdrawn from Haiti as soon as possible.

SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION FOR USE OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Subject to subsection (b), United States Armed Forces are authorized to participate in the United States-led force in Haiti only—

- (1) to protect United States citizens;
- (2) to stabilize the security situation in Haiti so that orderly progress may be made

in transferring the functions of government in that country to the democratically-elected government of Haiti; and

(3) to facilitate the provision of humanitarian assistance to the people of Haiti.

(b) LIMITATIONS.—

(1) TERMINATION OF AUTHORIZATION.—The authorization provided by subsection (a) shall expire on March 1, 1995, unless the President determines and certifies to Congress in the report required by section 4(b)(3) that the continued participation of US armed forces in the US-led force is essential to protect US citizens or vital US national security interests.

(2) PROHIBITION ON FOREIGN COMMAND.—United States Armed Forces described in subsection (a) shall remain under the command and control of officers of the United States Armed Forces at all times.

SEC. 4. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall submit to the Congress reports on—

(1) the participation of United States Armed Forces in the United States-led force in Haiti and the United Nations-led force in Haiti, including—

(A) the number of members of the United States Armed Forces that are participating in such United States-led force and such United Nations-led force;

(B) the functions of such Armed Forces; and

(C) the costs of deployment of such Armed Forces; and

(2) the efforts to withdraw United States Armed Forces from Haiti, including—

(A) for the purpose of achieving a transition from the United States-led force in Haiti to the United Nations-led force in Haiti, the status of efforts to implement the Port-au-Prince Agreement and to otherwise carry out the terms of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 917 (May 6, 1994) and 940 (July 31, 1994);

(B) the status of plans to accomplish such transition to the United Nations-led force in Haiti; and

(C) the status of plans to withdraw United States Armed Forces from Haiti.

(b) REPORTING DATES.—A report under this section shall be submitted—

(1) not later than November 30, 1994, covering the period since September 18, 1994;

(2) not later than December 31, 1994, covering the period since the report described in paragraph (1); and

(3) not later than February 1, 1995, covering the period since the report described in paragraph (2).

(c) WAR POWERS RESOLUTION REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements of this section do not supersede the requirements of the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1541 et seq.).

SEC. 5. REASSEMBLY OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of the Congress that the speaker of the House of Representatives and the majority leader of the Senate, acting jointly after consultation with the minority leader of the House of Representatives and the minority leader of the Senate, respectively, should monitor closely events in Haiti in considering whether to exercise any authority that may be granted to reassemble the Congress after the adjournment of the Congress sine die, if the public interest shall warrant it.

SEC. 6. JOINT RESOLUTION PROHIBITING CONTINUED USE OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES IN HAITI.

(a) IN GENERAL.—If a joint resolution described in subsection (b) is enacted, the President shall remove United States Armed Forces from Haiti in accordance with such joint resolution.

(b) DESCRIPTION OF JOINT RESOLUTION.—For purposes of subsection (a), a joint resolution