

said concurrent resolution, as amended, was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said concurrent resolution.

¶116.12 NUCLEAR AGREEMENT WITH
NORTH KOREA

Mr. BEREUTER moved to suspend the rules and pass the joint resolution (H.J.Res. 83) relating to the United States-North Korea Agreed Framework and the obligations of North Korea under that and previous agreements with respect to the denuclearization of the Korean Peninsula and dialogue with the Republic of Korea; as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CLINGER, recognized Mr. BEREUTER and Mr. HAMILTON, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said joint resolution, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CLINGER, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said joint resolution, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said joint resolution, as amended, was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said joint resolution.

¶116.13 RECESS—1:00 P.M.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CLINGER, pursuant to clause 12 of rule I, declared the House in recess at 1:00 p.m., until 3:00 p.m.

¶116.14 AFTER RECESS—3:00 P.M.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FOLEY, called the House to order.

¶116.15 RYAN WHITE CARE
REAUTHORIZATION

Mr. BILIRAKIS moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1872) to amend the Public Health Service Act to revise and extend programs established pursuant to the Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act of 1990; as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FOLEY, recognized Mr. BILIRAKIS and Mr. WAXMAN, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, *viva voce*,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. FOLEY, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed.

On motion of Mr. BILIRAKIS, by unanimous consent, the bill of the Sen-

ate (S. 641) to reauthorize the Ryan White CARE Act of 1990, and for other purposes; was taken from the Speaker's table.

When said bill was considered and read twice.

Mr. BILIRAKIS submitted the following amendment, which was agreed to:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the provisions of H.R. 1872, as passed by the House.

The bill, as amended, was ordered to be read a third time, was read a third time by title, and passed.

By unanimous consent, the title was amended so as to read: "An Act to amend the Public Health Service Act to revise and extend programs established pursuant to the Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act of 1990."

A motion to reconsider the votes whereby said bill, as amended, was passed and the title was amended was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said amendments.

By unanimous consent, H.R. 1872, a similar House bill, was laid on the table.

¶116.16 ALASKA NATIVE CLAIMS
SETTLEMENT

Mr. YOUNG of Alaska moved to suspend the rules and agree to the following amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 402) to amend the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, and for other purposes:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

**TITLE I—ALASKA NATIVE CLAIMS
SETTLEMENT**

**SECTION 101. RATIFICATION OF CERTAIN
CASWELL AND MONTANA CREEK NATIVE ASSOCIATIONS CONVEYANCES.**

The conveyance of approximately 11,520 acres to Montana Creek Native Association, Inc., and the conveyance of approximately 11,520 acres to Caswell Native Association, Inc., by Cook Inlet Region, Inc. in fulfillment of the agreement of February 3, 1976, and subsequent letter agreement of March 26, 1982, among the 3 parties are hereby adopted and ratified as a matter of Federal law. The conveyances shall be deemed to be conveyances pursuant to section 14(h)(2) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1613(h)(2)). The group corporations for Montana Creek and Caswell are hereby declared to have received their full entitlement and shall not be entitled to receive any additional lands under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. The ratification of these conveyances shall not have any effect on section 14(h) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1613(h)) or upon the duties and obligations of the United States to any Alaska Native Corporation. This ratification shall not be for any claim to land or money by the Caswell or Montana Creek group corporations or any other Alaska Native Corporation against the State of Alaska, the United States, or Cook Inlet Region, Incorporated.

**SEC. 102. MINING CLAIMS ON LANDS CONVEYED
TO ALASKA REGIONAL CORPORATIONS.**

Section 22(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1621(c)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(3) This section shall apply to lands conveyed by interim conveyance or patent to a regional corporation pursuant to this Act which are made subject to a mining claim or claims located under the general mining laws, including lands conveyed prior to enactment of this paragraph. Effective upon the date of enactment of this paragraph, the Secretary, acting through the Bureau of Land Management and in a manner consistent with section 14(g), shall transfer to the regional corporation administration of all mining claims determined to be entirely within lands conveyed to that corporation. Any person holding such mining claim or claims shall meet such requirements of the general mining laws and section 314 of the Federal Land Management and Policy Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1744), except that any filings that would have been made with the Bureau of Land Management if the lands were within Federal ownership shall be timely made with the appropriate regional corporation. The validity of any such mining claim or claims may be contested by the regional corporation, in place of the United States. All contest proceedings and appeals by the mining claimants of adverse decision made by the regional corporation shall be brought in Federal District Court for the District of Alaska. Neither the United States nor any Federal agency or official shall be named or joined as a party in such proceedings or appeals. All revenues from such mining claims received after passage of this paragraph shall be remitted to the regional corporation subject to distribution pursuant to section 7(i) of this Act, except that in the event that the mining claim or claims are not totally within the lands conveyed to the regional corporation, the regional corporation shall be entitled only to that proportion of revenues, other than administrative fees, reasonably allocated to the portion of the mining claim so conveyed."

**SEC. 103. SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS ARISING
FROM HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE CONTAMINATION
OF TRANSFERRED
LANDS.**

The Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

**"CLAIMS ARISING FROM CONTAMINATION OF
TRANSFERRED LANDS**

"SEC. 40. (a) As used in this section the term 'contaminant' means hazardous substance harmful to public health or the environment, including friable asbestos.

"(b) Within 18 months of enactment of this section, and after consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, State of Alaska, and appropriate Alaska Native corporations and organizations, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, a report addressing issues presented by the presence of contaminants on lands conveyed or prioritized for conveyance to such corporations pursuant to this Act. Such report shall consist of—

"(1) existing information concerning the nature and types of contaminants present on such lands prior to conveyance to Alaska Native corporations;

"(2) existing information identifying to the extent practicable the existence and availability of potentially responsible parties for the removal or remediation of the effects of such contaminants;

"(3) identification of existing remedies;

"(4) recommendations for any additional legislation that the Secretary concludes is necessary to remedy the problem of contaminants on the lands; and

"(5) in addition to the identification of contaminants, identification of structures known to have asbestos present and rec-