

DeLay  
Dellums  
Deutsch  
Diaz-Balart  
Dickey  
Dicks  
Dixon  
Doggett  
Doolittle  
Doyle  
Duncan  
Dunn  
Edwards  
Ehlers  
Ehrlich  
Emerson  
Engel  
Ensign  
Eshoo  
Etheridge  
Evans  
Everett  
Ewing  
Farr  
Fattah  
Fawell  
Filner  
Foley  
Forbes  
Fossella  
Ford  
Fowler  
Fox  
Frank (MA)  
Franks (NJ)  
Frelinghuysen  
Frost  
Furse  
Gallegly  
Ganske  
Gejdenson  
Gekas  
Gephardt  
Gibbons  
Gilchrist  
Gilman  
Goode  
Goodlatte  
Goodling  
Gordon  
Goss  
Graham  
Granger  
Green  
Greenwood  
Gutierrez  
Gutknecht  
Hall (OH)  
Hansen  
Harman  
Hastert  
Hastings (WA)  
Hayworth  
Hefley  
Hefner  
Herger  
Hill  
Hilleary  
Hilliard  
Hinchev  
Hinojosa  
Hobson  
Hoekstra  
Holden  
Hooley  
Horn  
Hostettler  
Hoyer  
Hulshof  
Hunter  
Hutchinson  
Hyde  
Inglis  
Istook  
Jackson (IL)  
Jackson-Lee  
(TX)  
Jefferson  
Jenkins  
John  
Johnson (WI)  
Johnson, E. B.  
Johnson, Sam  
Jones  
Kanjorski  
Kaptur  
Kasich  
Kelly  
Kennedy (MA)  
Kennedy (RI)

White  
Whitfield  
Wicker  
  
Bereuter  
Blunt  
Brown (CA)  
Crane  
Dingell  
Dooley  
Dreier  
English  
Fazio  
Foglietta  
  
Bunning  
Cubin  
Flake  
Gonzalez  
  
White  
Wise  
Wynn  
Young (AK)  
Young (FL)  
  
NAYS—29  
Gillmor  
Hall (TX)  
Hamilton  
Hastings (FL)  
Houghton  
Johnson (CT)  
Kennelly  
Kolbe  
LaHood  
Manzullo  
  
NOT VOTING—10  
McKinney  
Riggs  
Riley  
Schiff  
  
Schumer  
Yates  
  
So the amendment was agreed to.  
Pursuant to House Resolution 302,  
the previous question was ordered on  
the bill, as amended.  
The bill, as amended, was ordered to  
be engrossed and read a third time, was  
read a third time by title.  
The question being put, viva voce,  
Will the House pass said bill?  
The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr.  
HASTINGS of Washington, announced  
that the yeas had it.  
Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN demanded a re-  
corded vote on passage of said bill  
which demand was supported by one-  
fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote  
was ordered.  
The vote was taken by electronic de-  
vice.  
It was decided in the { Yeas ..... 416  
affirmative ..... } Nays ..... 5

Goodling  
Gordon  
Goss  
Graham  
Granger  
Green  
Greenwood  
Gutierrez  
Gutknecht  
Hall (OH)  
Hall (TX)  
Hamilton  
Hansen  
Harman  
Hastert  
Hastings (FL)  
Hastings (WA)  
Hayworth  
Hefley  
Hefner  
Herger  
Hill  
Hilleary  
Hilliard  
Hinchev  
Hinojosa  
Hobson  
Hoekstra  
Holden  
Hooley  
Horn  
Hostettler  
Houghton  
Hoyer  
Hulshof  
Hunter  
Hutchinson  
Hyde  
Inglis  
Istook  
Jackson (IL)  
Jackson-Lee  
(TX)  
Jefferson  
Jenkins  
John  
Johnson (CT)  
Johnson (WI)  
Johnson, E. B.  
Johnson, Sam  
Jones  
Kaptur  
Kasich  
Kelly  
Kennedy (MA)  
Kennedy (RI)  
Kilpatrick  
Kim  
Kind (WI)  
King (NY)  
Kingston  
Kleczka  
Klink  
Klug  
Knollenberg  
Kucinich  
LaFalce  
Lampson  
Ehlers  
Lantos  
Largent  
Latham  
LaTourette  
Lazio  
Leach  
Levin  
Lewis (CA)  
Lewis (GA)  
Lewis (KY)  
Linder  
Lipinski  
Livingston  
LoBiondo  
Lofgren  
Lowey  
Lucas  
Luther  
Maloney (CT)  
Maloney (NY)  
Manton  
Markey  
Martinez  
Mascara  
Matsui  
McCarthy (MO)  
McCarthy (NY)  
McCollum  
McCrery  
McDade  
McDermott  
McGovern  
McHale  
McHugh  
McInnis  
McIntosh  
McIntyre  
McKeon  
McNulty  
Meehan  
Meek  
Menendez  
Metcalf  
Mica  
Millender-  
McDonald  
Miller (CA)  
Miller (FL)  
Minge  
Mink  
Moakley  
Mollohan  
Moran (KS)  
Moran (VA)  
Morella  
Murtha  
Myrick  
Nadler  
Neal  
Nethercutt  
Neumann  
Ney  
Northup  
Norwood  
Nussle  
Oberstar  
Obey  
Olver  
Ortiz  
Owens  
Oxley  
Packard  
Pallone  
Pappas  
Pascarell  
Pastor  
Paul  
Paxon  
Payne  
Pease  
Pelosi  
Peterson (MN)  
Peterson (PA)  
Petri  
Pickering  
Pitts  
Pombo  
Pomeroy  
Pomroy  
Portman  
Poshard  
Price (NC)  
Pryce (OH)  
Quinn  
Radanovich  
Rahall  
Ramstad  
Rangel  
Redmond  
Regula  
Reyes  
Rivers  
Rodriguez  
Rogan  
Rogers  
Rohrabacher  
Ros-Lehtinen  
Rothman  
Roukema  
Roybal-Allard  
Royce  
  
Markey  
Martinez  
Mascara  
Matsui  
McCarthy (MO)  
McCarthy (NY)  
McCollum  
McCrery  
McDade  
McDermott  
McGovern  
McHale  
McHugh  
McInnis  
McIntosh  
McIntyre  
McKeon  
McNulty  
Meehan  
Meek  
Menendez  
Metcalf  
Mica  
Millender-  
McDonald  
Miller (CA)  
Miller (FL)  
Minge  
Mink  
Moakley  
Mollohan  
Moran (KS)  
Moran (VA)  
Morella  
Murtha  
Myrick  
Nadler  
Neal  
Nethercutt  
Neumann  
Ney  
Northup  
Norwood  
Nussle  
Oberstar  
Obey  
Olver  
Ortiz  
Owens  
Oxley  
Packard  
Pallone  
Pappas  
Pascarell  
Pastor  
Paul  
Paxon  
Payne  
Pease  
Pelosi  
Peterson (MN)  
Peterson (PA)  
Petri  
Pickering  
Pitts  
Pombo  
Pomeroy  
Pomroy  
Rush  
Ryun  
Sabo  
Salmon  
Sanchez  
Sanders  
Sandlin  
Santorum  
Sawyer  
Saxton  
Scarborough  
Schaefer, Dan  
Schaffer, Bob  
Scott  
Sensenbrenner  
Serrano  
Sessions  
Shadegg  
Shaw  
Sherman  
Shimkus  
Shuster  
Sisisky  
Skeean  
Skelton  
Slaughter  
Smith (MI)  
Smith (NJ)  
Smith (OR)  
Smith (TX)  
Smith, Adam  
Smith, Linda  
Snowbarger  
Solomon  
Souder  
Spence  
Spratt  
Stabenow  
Stark  
Stearns  
Stenholm  
Stokes  
Strickland  
Stupak  
Sununu  
Talent  
Tanner  
Tauscher  
Tauzin  
Taylor (MS)  
Taylor (NC)  
Thomas  
Thompson  
Thornberry  
Thune  
Thurman  
Tiahrt  
Tierney  
Torres  
Towns  
Traficant  
Turner  
Upton  
Velazquez  
Vento  
Visclosky  
Walsh  
Wamp  
Waters  
Watkins  
Watt (NC)  
Watts (OK)  
Waxman  
Weldon (FL)  
Weldon (PA)  
Weller  
Wexler  
Weygand  
White  
Whitfield  
Wicker  
Wise  
Wolf  
Woolsey  
Wynn  
Young (AK)  
Young (FL)

126.34 [Roll No. 580] AYES—416

Abercrombie  
Ackerman  
Aderholt  
Allen  
Andrews  
Archer  
Armey  
Bachus  
Baesler  
Baker  
Baldracci  
Ballenger  
Barcia  
Barr  
Barrett (NE)  
Barrett (WI)  
Bartlett  
Barton  
Bass  
Bateman  
Becerra  
Bentsen  
Bereuter  
Berman  
Berry  
Bilbray  
Bilirakis  
Bishop  
Blagojevich  
Bliley  
Blumenauer  
Blunt  
Boehlert  
Boehner  
Bonilla  
Bonior  
Bono  
Borski  
Boswell  
Boucher  
Boyd  
Brady  
Brown (FL)  
Brown (OH)  
Bryant  
Burr  
Burton  
Buyer  
Callahan  
Calvert  
Camp  
Campbell  
Canady  
Cannon  
Cardin  
Carson  
Castle  
Chabot  
Chambliss  
Chenoweth  
Christensen  
Clay  
Clayton  
Clement  
Clyburn  
Coble  
Coburn  
Collins  
Combest  
Condit  
Conyers  
Cook  
Cooksey  
Costello  
Cox  
Coyne  
Cramer  
Crane  
Crapo  
Cummings  
Cunningham  
Danner  
Davis (FL)  
Davis (IL)  
Davis (VA)  
Deal  
DeFazio  
DeGette  
Delahunt  
DeLauro  
DeLay  
Dellums  
Deutsch  
Diaz-Balart  
Dickey  
Dicks  
Dixon  
Doggett  
Dooley  
Doolittle  
Doyle  
Dreier  
Duncan  
Dunn  
Edwards  
Ehlers  
Ehrlich  
Emerson  
Engel  
English  
Ensign  
Eshoo  
Etheridge  
Evans  
Everett  
Ewing  
Farr  
Fattah  
Fawell  
Fazio  
Filner  
Foglietta  
Foley  
Forbes  
Ford  
Fossella  
Fowler  
Fox  
Frank (MA)  
Franks (NJ)  
Frelinghuysen  
Frost  
Furse  
Gallegly  
Ganske  
Gejdenson  
Gekas  
Gephardt  
Gibbons  
Gilchrist  
Gillmor  
Gilman  
Goode  
Goodlatte

NOES—5

Kanjorski  
Paul  
Pickett  
  
NOT VOTING—12  
Flake  
Gonzalez  
Kilpatrick  
Kingston

McKinney            Schiff            Thune  
Riley                Schumer        Yates

So the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶126.35 MONITORING OF PRODUCTS MADE WITH FORCED LABOR

Mr. CRANE, pursuant to House Resolution 302, called up the bill (H.R. 2195) to provide for certain measures to increase monitoring of products of the People's Republic of China that are made with forced labor.

When said bill was considered and read twice.

Pursuant to House Resolution 302, the following amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on Ways and Means printed in the bill was considered as agreed to:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

**SECTION 1. FINDINGS.**

The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The United States Customs Service has identified goods, wares, articles, and merchandise mined, produced, or manufactured under conditions of convict labor, forced labor, and indentured labor in several countries.

(2) The United States Customs Service has actively pursued attempts to import products made with forced labor, resulting in seizures, detention orders, fines, and criminal prosecutions.

(3) The United States Customs Service has taken 21 formal administrative actions in the form of detention orders against different products destined for the United States market, found to have been made with forced labor, including products from the People's Republic of China.

(4) The United States Customs Service does not currently have the tools to obtain the timely and in-depth verification necessary to identify and interdict products made with forced labor that are destined for the United States market.

**SEC. 2. AUTHORIZATION FOR ADDITIONAL CUSTOMS PERSONNEL TO MONITOR THE IMPORTATION OF PRODUCTS MADE WITH FORCED LABOR.**

There are authorized to be appropriated for monitoring by the United States Customs Service of the importation into the United States of products made with forced labor, the importation of which violates section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 or section 1761 of title 18, United States Code, \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 1999.

**SEC. 3. REPORTING REQUIREMENT ON FORCED LABOR PRODUCTS DESTINED FOR THE UNITED STATES MARKET.**

(a) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of Customs shall prepare and transmit to the Congress a report on products made with forced labor that are destined for the United States market.

(b) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—The report under subsection (a) shall include information concerning the following:

(1) The extent of the use of forced labor in manufacturing products destined for the United States market.

(2) The volume of products made with forced labor, destined for the United States market, that is in violation of section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 or section 1761 of the title 18, United States Code, and is seized by the United States Customs Service.

(3) The progress of the United States Customs Service in identifying and interdicting products made with forced labor that are destined for the United States market.

**SEC. 4. RENEGOTIATING MEMORANDA OF UNDERSTANDING ON FORCED LABOR.**

It is the sense of the Congress that the President should determine whether any country with which the United States has a memorandum of understanding with respect to reciprocal trade which involves goods made with forced labor is frustrating implementation of the memorandum. Should an affirmative determination be made, the President should immediately commence negotiations to replace the current memorandum of understanding with one providing for effective procedures for the monitoring of forced labor, including improved procedures to request investigations of suspected prison labor facilities by international monitors.

**SEC. 5. DEFINITION OF FORCED LABOR.**

As used in this Act, the term "forced labor" means convict labor, forced labor, or indentured labor, as such terms are used in section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930.

After debate,

Pursuant to House Resolution 302, the previous question was ordered.

The bill, as amended, was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read a third time by title.

Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi moved to recommit the bill to the Committee on Ways and Means with instructions to report the bill back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

At the end of the bill insert the following:

**SECTION 6. QUARTERLY ADJUSTMENT OF TARIFFS ON PRODUCTS OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.**

(a) QUARTERLY DETERMINATIONS BY SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall determine, at the end of each calendar quarter—

(1) the dollar amount of tariffs paid to the People's Republic of China during that quarter by persons for exporting goods and services from the United States to the People's Republic of China; and

(2) the dollar amount of tariffs paid to the United States during that quarter by persons for importing goods and services from the People's Republic of China into the United States.

(b) ADJUSTMENT OF TARIFFS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Treasury shall adjust the tariffs on all products of the People's Republic of China so that an amount is collected on imports of products of the People's Republic of China, during the 3-month period beginning 30 days after the end of the calendar quarter for which a determination is made under subsection (a), equal to the amount by which the dollar amount computed under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) exceeds the dollar amount computed under paragraph (2) of subsection (a).

During debate,

¶126.36 POINT OF ORDER

Mr. CRANE made a point of order against the motion to recommit with instructions, and said:

"Mr. Speaker, the motion to recommit with instructions is not germane to the underlying bill. The fundamental purpose or common thread of the bill is very narrow, and only concerns the monitoring of products made with forced labor. The range of methods employed in the bill is similarly narrow.

"The motion, however, deals with the reciprocal tariff treatments of the products of China. This is clearly not within the very narrow purpose of this bill. The issue of tariffs is also outside the range of methods employed in the bill. Therefore, the motion to recommit with instructions is not germane, and I urge the Chair to sustain the point of order."

Mr. TAYLOR of Mississippi was recognized to speak to the point of order, and said:

"Mr. Speaker, as I mentioned before, the Committee on Ways and Means has an opportunity every year to consider this measure and measures just like it. They choose not to.

"I am appealing to the House because I have heard on too many occasions from too many Members of this body that we are not given the chance to do what is right. At every town meeting we attend, when people ask, how do these unfair things continue to happen, do Members know what we have to say? We have to say, it is the committee system, the Speaker, the Committee on Ways and Means committee. They will not let us do that.

"They do not understand that. They cannot find in the Constitution of the United States where it somehow makes some Members of Congress better than other Members of Congress; where just a few Members of Congress can decide whether or not 435 Members, who were each elected by over half a million American citizens, that they cannot even decide on basic questions of right and wrong when it comes to trade issues.

"I am asking the Members of this body to step up to the plate. I am asking them to do tonight what they tell their constituents at their town meetings. That is, do what is right, regardless of what the Committee on Ways and Means wants, regardless of what the Speaker wants, regardless of what the Democratic leadership wants or the Republican leadership wants. For once, let us do what America wants. Tonight is the Members' chance.

"I am asking for that opportunity. I hope Members will vote against tabling this motion. I hope we will bring it to the floor. I hope we will vote as a Nation to tell the people of China we are sick and tired of being their chumps."

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. QUINN, sustained the point of order, and said:

"The gentleman from Illinois [Mr. CRANE] makes the point of order that the amendment proposed in the motion to recommit is not germane. The test of germaneness in this situation is the relationship of the amendment proposed in the motion to recommit to the provisions of the bill as a whole.

"The bill as perfected authorizes funding for monitoring the importation into the United States of goods produced by forced labor. It also requires the reporting of certain information on that topic, and also expresses the sense of the Congress that the President