

Price (NC)	Sherman	Tierney
Quinn	Sherwood	Toomey
Ramstad	Shimkus	Towns
Rangel	Shows	Turner
Regula	Shuster	Udall (CO)
Reyes	Simpson	Udall (NM)
Reynolds	Sisisky	Upton
Riley	Skeen	Velazquez
Rivers	Skelton	Vento
Rodriguez	Slaughter	Visclosky
Rogan	Smith (MI)	Vitter
Ros-Lehtinen	Smith (NJ)	Walden
Rothman	Smith (TX)	Walsh
Roukema	Smith (WA)	Wamp
Roybal-Allard	Snyder	Waters
Royce	Souder	Watkins
Rush	Spence	Watt (NC)
Ryan (WI)	Spratt	Watts (OK)
Ryun (KS)	Stabenow	Waxman
Sabo	Strickland	Weiner
Salmon	Stupak	Weldon (FL)
Sanchez	Sununu	Weldon (PA)
Sanders	Sweeney	Weller
Sandlin	Talent	Wexler
Sawyer	Tancredo	Weygand
Saxton	Tauscher	Whitfield
Scarborough	Tauzin	Wicker
Schaffer	Taylor (NC)	Wilson
Schakowsky	Terry	Wise
Scott	Thomas	Wolf
Serrano	Thompson (CA)	Woolsey
Sessions	Thornberry	Wu
Shadegg	Thune	Wynn
Shaw	Thurman	Young (AK)
Shays	Tiahrt	Young (FL)

NAYS—35

Barr	Hefley	Rogers
Chabot	Herger	Rohrabacher
Chenoweth	Jones (NC)	Sanford
Coburn	LaFalce	Sensenbrenner
Combest	Largent	Stark
Condit	Lucas (OK)	Stearns
Doolittle	McInnis	Stenholm
Duncan	Paul	Stump
Goode	Petri	Tanner
Gooding	Pombo	Taylor (MS)
Hall (TX)	Rahall	Trafficant
Hansen	Roemer	

NOT VOTING—14

Bilbray	Lantos	Pickering
Buyer	McDermott	Pryce (OH)
Frank (MA)	Mollohan	Radanovich
Gilchrest	Owens	Thompson (MS)
Johnson (CT)	Peterson (PA)	

So the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

§89.11 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Lundregan, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed with an amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 2587. An Act making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate insists upon its amendment to the bill (H.R. 2587) "An Act making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes," requests a conference with the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and appoints Mrs. HUTCHISON, Mr. KYL, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. DURBIN, and Mr. INOUE, to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed a bill of the following title, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 335. An Act to amend chapter 30 of title 39, United States Code, to provide for the nonmailability of certain deceptive matter relating to sweepstakes, skill contests, facsimile checks, administrative procedures, orders, and civil penalties relating to such matter, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate agrees to the amendment of the House to the bill (S. 880) "An Act to amend the Clean Air Act to remove flammable fuels from the list of substances with respect to which reporting and other activities are required under the risk management plan program."

§89.12 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2031

Mr. GOSS, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 272):

Resolved, That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 2(b) of rule XVIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2031) to provide for injunctive relief in Federal district court to enforce State laws relating to the interstate transportation of intoxicating liquor. The first reading of the bill shall be dispensed with. General debate shall be confined to the bill and shall not exceed one hour equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Judiciary. After general debate the bill shall be considered for amendment under the five-minute rule for a period not to exceed two hours. It shall be in order to consider as an original bill for the purpose of amendment under the five-minute rule the amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on the Judiciary now printed in the bill. The committee amendment in the nature of a substitute shall be considered as read. During consideration of the bill for amendment, the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole may accord priority in recognition on the basis of whether the Member offering an amendment has caused it to be printed in the portion of the Congressional Record designated for that purpose in clause 8 of rule XVIII. Amendments so printed shall be considered as read. The Chairman of the Committee of the Whole may: (1) postpone until a time during further consideration in the Committee of the Whole a request for a recorded vote on any amendment; and (2) reduce to five minutes the minimum time for electronic voting on any postponed question that follows another electronic vote without intervening business, provided that the minimum time for electronic voting on the first in any series of questions shall be 15 minutes. At the conclusion of consideration of the bill for amendment the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted. Any Member may demand a separate vote in the House on any amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole to the bill or to the committee amendment in the nature of a substitute. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommend with or without instructions.

When said resolution was considered. After debate,

On motion of Mr. GOSS, the previous question was ordered on the resolution

to its adoption or rejection and under the operation thereof, the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

§89.13 TWENTY-FIRST AMENDMENT ENFORCEMENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOSS, pursuant to House Resolution 272 and rule XVIII, declared the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 2031) to provide for injunctive relief in Federal district court to enforce State laws relating to the interstate transportation of intoxicating liquor.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. GOSS, by unanimous consent, designated Mr. HANSEN as Chairman of the Committee of the Whole; and after some time spent therein,

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. CALVERT, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. BARRETT of Nebraska, Acting Chairman, pursuant to House Resolution 272, reported the bill back to the House with an amendment adopted by the Committee.

The previous question having been ordered by said resolution.

The following amendment, reported from the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, was agreed to:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Twenty-First Amendment Enforcement Act".

SEC. 2. SHIPMENT OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR INTO STATE IN VIOLATION OF STATE LAW.

The Act entitled "An Act divesting intoxicating liquors of their interstate character in certain cases", approved March 1, 1913 (commonly known as the "Webb-Kenyon Act") (27 U.S.C. 122) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 2. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF IN FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT.

"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

"(1) the term 'attorney general' means the attorney general or other chief law enforcement officer of a State, or the designee thereof;

"(2) the term 'intoxicating liquor' means any spirituous, vinous, malted, fermented, or other intoxicating liquor of any kind;

"(3) the term 'person' means any individual and any partnership, corporation, company, firm, society, association, joint stock company, trust, or other entity capable of holding a legal or beneficial interest in property, but does not include a State or agency thereof; and

"(4) the term 'State' means any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or possession of the United States.

"(b) ACTION BY STATE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—If the attorney general has reasonable cause to believe that a person is engaged in, or has engaged in, any act that would constitute a violation of a State law regulating the importation or transportation of any intoxicating liquor, the attorney general may bring a civil action in accordance with this section for injunctive relief (including a preliminary or permanent injunc-