

*Jan. 31 / Administration of George Bush, 1991*

progress since the ISY was first proposed by the Congress in 1985 and advanced internationally by NASA at President Reagan's direction.

The report indicates a broad acceptance for the ISY that confirms the original intent and expectations of the Congress. The ISY celebrates a new age that inspires a unifying perspective on Earth as we continue to push back the frontiers of space. I invite the American people to develop activities for 1992 that foster the ISY's global perspective.

The ISY will place important emphasis on education. The language of science and the perspective of space are both global in scope. They will be united during the ISY in many science education programs in which challenging subjects such as astronomy, geology, physics, and chemistry will draw on the universal appeal of space science and exploration. Similarly, other public education activities ranging from television programs to expositions will carry the ISY's universal message to the widest

possible audience.

I invite the leaders of all the nations of the world to join me in endorsing and actively supporting the International Space Year in 1992. In particular, I urge their continued support for the Space Agency Forum on the ISY (SAFISY), whose membership includes 28 space agencies plus eight affiliated international organizations, including the United Nations. The SAFISY has adopted Mission To Planet Earth as the central ISY theme and is also supporting ISY activities concerning human exploration, education, benefits for developing nations, and space science. I look forward to continued progress in those areas as the ISY approaches.

The ISY will promote worldwide recognition of a new era of global cooperation in space. Everyone can and should join in its celebration.

GEORGE BUSH

The White House,  
January 31, 1991.

## Nomination of Charles R. Baquet III To Be United States Ambassador to Djibouti

*January 31, 1991*

The President today announced his intention to nominate Charles R. Baquet III, of Maryland, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Republic of Djibouti. He would succeed Robert South Barrett IV.

Currently Mr. Baquet serves as consul general at the U.S. consulate general in Cape Town, South Africa, 1988-1991. Prior to this he attended the senior seminar at the Foreign Service Institute in Washington, DC, 1987-1988. In addition he has served as Director of the Regional Management Center at the U.S. Embassy in Paris, France, 1983-1987; Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Operations of the Bureau of Administration at the Department of State, 1979-1983; special assistant to the Assistant Secretary for Administration at the

Department of State, 1978-1979; Counselor for Administrative Affairs in Beirut, Lebanon, 1976-1978; and as general service officer at the U.S. consulate general in Hong Kong, 1975-1976. He has served at the Department of State for the Bureau of Administration as an administrative officer, 1971-1975, and general services officer for building management, 1971. He has also served as a consular officer in Paris, France, 1969. He entered the Foreign Service in 1968.

Mr. Baquet graduated from the University of Xavier (B.A., 1963) and the Maxwell School of Government at Syracuse University (M.P.A., 1975). He was born December 24, 1941, in New Orleans, LA. Mr. Baquet is married and currently resides in Cape Town, South Africa.