which small business and agriculture live and relate to the federally insured financial institutions, the private banks. And I think that over the next year you will see a significant increase in credit offered to businesses and to agriculture because of this changing regulatory environment.

Mr. Mickelson. Mr. President, we’re out of time here. On behalf of KMOX Radio in St. Louis, WCCO Radio in Minneapolis, WHO Radio here in Des Moines, along with KLYF–FM and TV–13, thank you for coming and sharing your thoughts and visiting the heartland. I appreciate it.

The President. Thank you.

NOTE: The interview began at 1:30 p.m. at WHO Studios.

Interview With Wolf Blitzer of CNN in Des Moines, Iowa
July 14, 1993

Economic Summit

The President. [Inaudible]—revised upward in about 5 days.

Mr. Blitzer. Significantly?

The President. Could be.

Mr. Blitzer. And tomorrow you’re supposed to go up to Capitol Hill to meet with some Members of the House and Senate, I take it, to discuss this issue or the whole G–7 Tokyo summit?

The President. Well, I will certainly give them a briefing on this issue, and I want to talk about what happened on our trip and what happened at the Tokyo summit and how important it is for us now to pass this budget. This is our part of the bargain. We got a new trade agreement with Japan. We got an agreement to lower tariffs historically with the other major industrialized countries. We’re trying to restore growth to the world economy, but to do it we’ve got to bring the American budget deficit down, too.

Mr. Blitzer. You come to this area here—helicopters are flying overhead even as we speak—to see the devastation. The G–7 summit must seem like 100 years ago, doesn’t it?

The President. It’s a long way away, but the focus of those high-flying summits is to affect the lives of people like the folks on this street for the better. So in a way, it’s a good way to come home, and I should be here.

Midwest Flooding

Mr. Blitzer. Now, as a former Governor, you seem to be so comfortable dealing with these natural disaster type of situations, and you get really immersed into it right away. Am I wrong? Is that just my impression?

The President. No, you’re right——

Mr. Blitzer. In certain areas you seem uncomfortable, but in this kind of area you seem very comfortable.

The President. Well, I think in every new job there’s a learning curve, but I don’t have much of one here. Most people who would become President, who would come out of the Congress, for example, might not have anything like the experience that I’ve had dealing with disasters. But my State, on a per capita basis, suffers from tornadoes more than any other. We’ve had major floods. We’ve had huge droughts. I’ve dealt with a lot of these, and I know what’s been wrong in the past. And I’m glad that a lot of people think we’re trying to put it right here. I feel good about it.

Mr. Blitzer. You’re going to go back to Washington tonight. Any plans to come back to this area, visit other devastated areas in the Midwest?

The President. Well, I don’t want to rule it in or out. I’ve got to go back and see where we are, first of all, on the aid package, and secondly, where we are with the budget negotiations, and thirdly, where we are in dealing with the States and the localities. That’s the big issue. That’s the thing we’re trying to do a better job of, make sure everybody is sort of on board and we’re all doing things together, singing out of the same hymnal. And I wouldn’t rule it out, but I don’t want to commit yet. I’ve got to go back and see what the job is, what we have to do in Washington.

Homosexuals in the Military

Mr. Blitzer. And on top of everything else, this week the Pentagon is supposed to give you
its recommendations on the whole issue of gays in the military.

_The President._ They are.

_The President._ My sense is there’s still some difference of opinion even among the service chiefs about what they want. But I hope they’ll come up with something that everyone can agree is fair and we can all live with. We’ll just have to see.

_The President._ Have you basically made up your mind already?

_The President._ Well, I want to see what they say first. I think they’re still debating it a little among themselves, and I want to see what they say.

_The President._ Thanks, Wolf. Thank you very much once again for joining us.

_The President._ It is.

NOTE: The interview began at 3:20 p.m. at the intersection of Fleur and Valley Drives. A tape was not available for verification of the content of this interview.

**Letter to the Speaker of the House on Flood Disaster Assistance**

*July 14, 1993*

_Sir:_

I ask Congress to consider expeditiously the enclosed requests for emergency FY 1993 supplemental appropriations. These requests provide for emergency expenses arising from the consequences of the recent heavy rains and flooding along the Mississippi River, particularly in the Upper Midwest. I ask further that the legislation in which these funds are provided be kept free of extraneous matters in order that there may be a minimum of delay in providing necessary funds to the disaster areas.

I hereby designate the following requests as emergency requirements pursuant to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended:

- Department of Agriculture, Commodity Credit Corporation, Commodity Credit Corporation fund: $600,000,000;
- Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, Emergency conservation program: $20,000,000;
- Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, Watershed and flood prevention operations: $25,000,000;
- Department of Defense—Civil, Corps of Engineers, Flood control and coastal emergencies: $45,000,000;
- Department of Housing and Urban Development, Community Planning and Development, Community development grants: $3,000,000;
- Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Federal-aid highways: $100,000,000;
- Department of Transportation, United States Coast Guard, Operating expenses: $5,000,000;
- Small Business Administration, Disaster loan program account: $70,000,000; and
- Federal Emergency Management Agency, Disaster relief: $550,000,000.

The details of these requests are set forth in the enclosed letter from the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. I concur with the Director’s comments and observations.

_Sincerely,_

_WILLIAM J. CLINTON_