the facts, forget about the record, forget about
the direction of the country.
You, you can change what is likely to happen
if they win in cynicism to what is certain to
happen if we win with optimism. You, you, you
can say, "We're in the mainstream in Minnesota,
and they want to create a mean stream for
America and we reject it. We reject it." You
can say that.
You look at this. This institution where we
are is a monument to hope. It is a monument
to hope. Everybody who comes here comes here
because they believe that they will have a better
life, not only a better life economically but a
better life personally in terms of the values,
the understanding, the depth, the quality of life
that will come if you live up to the fullest of
your God-given potential. When you strip away
all the details and all the rhetoric, that is what
we are trying to do. We are trying to create
an America in which every young person can
look forward to living up to the fullest of their
potential, in which the best days of this country
are before us.
We need Ann Wynia in the Senate to do
that. Will you send her there Tuesday? Will
you help us? Will you do it? [Applause]
Thank you, and God bless you all. Thank you.
NOTE: The President spoke at 12:30 p.m. in the
Romano Gymnasium at the University of Min-
nesota. In his remarks, he referred to Mayor Gary
Doty of Duluth and Lawrence A. Ianni, chanc-
cellor, University of Minnesota, Duluth.

Remarks at the Los Alamitos Naval Air Station in Los Alamitos, California
November 4, 1994

Thank you very much. First I want to thank
Julia. You know, I was looking at her make
that talk and thinking a couple of things. One
is, she's the sort of person that makes this coun-
try great. And the second thing is, as long as
we've got people like her and people like you,
we're going to be all right, and don't you let
anybody tell you any different. I am delighted
to be here with Bob Hood. You already heard
him talk about the trip that he made to China
with the Secretary of Commerce, Ron Brown.
I'm delighted to be here with Congresswoman
Harman, Senator Boxer, and of course with Sen-
ator Feinstein. I appreciate the comments that
Senator Feinstein made on behalf of all of us
about the importance of this agreement.
This agreement was signed just a couple of
hours ago by John McDonnell, your chairman,
and Li Lanqing, the Vice Premier of China,
with whom I met yesterday at the White House.
It is a part of our ongoing efforts to expand
trade in ways that maintain high-wage jobs in
the United States, increase jobs in the United
States, and help other countries to grow so that
they can buy more and more of our products
and provide better lives for their people as well.
I am delighted by the fact that these jobs will
be preserved in California and that others in
Connecticut and other States will benefit.

It would not have been possible, notwithstanding
the trip to China by Secretary Brown
and by Bob Hood, but for the work of the
McDonnell Douglas employees and the continued
commitment of all of you to become more
and more competitive, more and more produc-
tive, more and more successful.
I want to take just a minute—we've already
celebrated, and I want us to celebrate, but I
want you to understand from my point of view
how this fits into America's future and to your
future. Twenty-one months ago when I went
to Washington to try to turn this economy
around and rebuild our country, the unemploy-
ment rate here in California was 9.4 percent.
You had suffered because of the national reces-
sion, but you had also suffered because with
only 12 percent of America's population, you
had 21 percent of our defense sector, and you
had taken a disproportionate hit, about 40 per-
cent of the impact of the base closures to date,
as Senator Feinstein had said.
It was obvious to me that we had to do some-
thing to turn this situation around. And we
began the implementation of a comprehensive,
long-term economic strategy that was very dif-
ferent from what had been pursued in previous
years. First we decided we needed to reduce
the deficit of the United States, to free up more
money to invest in the private sector to create jobs in the private sector and to drive interest rates down. Then we decided we had to remove controls on American exports, especially of high-tech products which are disproportionately produced in California. Then we decided we had to increase our number of trade agreements, like NAFTA and the GATT world trade agreement, to open up new markets. We decided we needed to make a special effort to invest in new technologies and to invest in defense conversion, which obviously had a big impact here. Now, in California that meant that one-third of all the funds we’ve invested to try to help defense contractors move from defense to domestic production or to commercial production for the United States and the world, one-third of all that money was spent in investments here in California. We also decided that we needed a clear, sharp view about what kind of defense posture we needed to take ourselves into the 21st century with the strongest military in the world.

I want to mention just a word about the C–17 contract because it’s been mentioned by others. We had to fight like crazy to preserve the C–17. And I hope we won’t ever have to fight like that again, because the C–17 is important not to your jobs, your jobs are incidental to the fact that it’s important to the national security of the United States of America.

And I just want to mention one thing. I think all Americans were filled with pride when they saw the comprehensive United States operation that brought President Aristide back and democracy back to Haiti with no casualties. I think they were filled with pride when they saw the lightning-like response of the United States to Saddam Hussein’s aggression in the Persian Gulf. Others were amazed that we moved as quickly as we did. Why is that? Because we learned after the Gulf war, in which the United States took 4½ months to position our soldiers, our airmen, our marines, our naval personnel, and all of our equipment, that we had to move more quickly. And one of the things we have to have is much more enhanced airlift and sealift capacity. That is what the C–17 means. That is what we are developing.

So if you like what you saw in Haiti, if you like what you saw in the Persian Gulf, then continue to support the C–17, not only because of the jobs in California but because of the job it allows the finest military in the entire world to do for the United States of America.

We have a long way to go in California. But the unemployment rate has dropped, as Senator Boxer said, from 9.4 percent to 7.7 percent. The unemployment rate in America is at a 4-year low. Jobs are growing at 5 times the rate they did in the previous 4 years. The United States has just been voted at the annual panel of international economists as the most productive economy in the world for the first time in 9 years. For the first time in 15 years, America’s autoworkers will make and sell more cars around the world than their Japanese competitors. We are moving in the right direction.

Here in California, in addition to the C–17 and this contract, I want to point out again the work that’s being done in defense conversion. We are turning Norton Air Force Base over to the community. The Presidio has been turned into a national park. Up in northern California, the Alameda Naval Station will be turned over to the Port of Oakland. We are moving on a massive attempt to revive the capacity of Americans to build ships, which is benefiting the shipbuilding industry in San Diego that I’m sure all of you are familiar with.

These are the kinds of things we need to continue to push ahead with. And there are high-technology investments, from the physics experiment at Stanford to the work that’s just been contracted at Livermore Labs, to the continuing effort of our administration to promote the space station, something that also benefits the workers of California, that will take us into the 21st century with a defense that is smaller but still adequate to our responsibilities in the world and with a job base that is preserved.

If you look around this crowd today, you will see everything that is best about America. What makes a country strong? Abroad, it’s strong security, more trade, standing up for freedom and peace. At home, it’s strong families. It’s strong education systems. it’s safe streets. It’s good jobs. That is the true strength of America. That is what we are here to celebrate today.

And I want to tell you that the economic strategy that we have pursued that is making a difference in this country would simply not have been possible without the support of your Congresswoman, Jane Harman, and your Senators, Dianne Feinstein and Barbara Boxer. It is a partnership. And the partnership we have with the private sector is in many ways, as I’m
Remarks at a Rally for Democratic Candidates in Los Angeles, California

November 4, 1994

Thank you very much. Senator Feinstein, Senator Boxer, Kathleen Brown, distinguished Members of Congress and candidates on our State Democratic ticket, to all of you who are here, thank you for making me feel, as always, so very welcome in Los Angeles and California. I want to say a special word of thanks to the gospel group, Charity, that entertained us so well. They were great. Thank you. I want to thank Marlee Matlin for her fine comments before; thank you for being here with us. Again let me say, there are very few States who could boast a slate of candidates for State office and for the Congress as outstanding as those who have already been introduced here tonight. But I just want you to know, I am proud to be here with all these nominees of my party and your party that you will elect on Tuesday. I thank them, and I thank you.

I want to talk tonight just for a minute about what’s really at stake in this election. And I want you to think about why—I was looking at Dianne Feinstein tonight, and I was thinking. I have been following public life in America for a long time now. I never lived in Washington as an elected official until 21 months ago, but I’ve kind of kept up, like most of you. In my lifetime, there has never been, ever, not one time, a United States Senator who, in his or her first 2 years in office, sponsored three major legislative initiatives that will change the life of America for the better, the assault weapons ban, the zero tolerance for guns in schools, and the largest wilderness bill in the history of the United States, the California desert bill. Now, how could we not give her a 6-year renewal? We have to do it.

What is the argument of her opponent? It is the argument they’re all making, really. It is that Government is inherently bad, it’s inherently irrelevant, it doesn’t make any difference: “Who cares what I say or do; it doesn’t make any difference.” You look at these children behind me and the children in this crowd; it does make a difference to their future, and Dianne Feinstein will make a difference. He said, “What difference does it make if we pass any laws in Washington; they’ve been up there passing laws for 200 years.” He’s the first person ever to seek the United States Senate to run not only against Washington, he’s now running against George Washington. [Laughter]

Folks, I don’t know about you, but I think what Abraham Lincoln did in the Emancipation Proclamation and the 13th, 14th, and 15th amendments made a pretty big difference in the life of this country. I don’t know about you, but I think when we had one in four Americans out of work and President Roosevelt came in and lifted us up out of the dumps and got us going forward, it made a difference in this country. It’s not a partisan thing. When President Eisenhower signed the bill for the Interstate Highway System or President Nixon signed the bill for the Environmental Protection Agency, it made a difference in this country. This guy is the only person who thinks that none of this matters. You have to say no to people who say it doesn’t matter, yes to Dianne Feinstein. It does matter. California matters. She matters. Reelect her on Tuesday.

Look at—consider the candidacy of Kathleen Brown. I don’t want to be presumptuous, but I know something about being a Governor; I