SEC. 3. CONDITIONS RELATING TO PHYSICAL PREPARATIONS.

The Architect of the Capitol may prescribe conditions for physical preparations for the event authorized by section 1.

Agreed to May 17, 1990.

May 17, 1990
[H. Con. Res. 811]

“OUR FLAG” BOOKLET—HOUSE PRINT

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That there shall be printed 108,000 additional copies of the booklet entitled “Our Flag” (House Document 100-247), of which 88,000 copies shall be for the use of the House of Representatives, and 20,000 copies shall be for the use of the Senate.

Agreed to May 17, 1990.

May 23, 1990
[S. Con. Res. 133]

AMERICAN MILITARY HEROISM CELEBRATION—CAPITOL ROTUNDA CEREMONIES

Whereas America can never forget the sacrifices of our brave military heroes: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Rotunda of the Capitol may be used on Thursday, May 24, 1990, at 10:30 a.m., to allow the assembling of Members of Congress for ceremonies celebrating American Military Heroism.

Sec. 2. The Architect of the Capitol may prescribe conditions for physical preparations with respect to the use of the Rotunda authorized by the first section.

Agreed to May 23, 1990.

May 25, 1990
[H. Con. Res. 334]

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That when the House adjourns on Thursday, May 24, 1990, or Friday, May 25, 1990, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader, or his designee, it stand adjourned until 12 o’clock meridian on Tuesday, June 5, 1990, or until 12 o’clock meridian on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first; and that when the Senate recesses or adjourns on Thursday, May 24, 1990, Friday, May 25, 1990, or Saturday, May 26, 1990, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader, or his designee, it stand in recess or stand adjourned until 11 o’clock ante meridiem on Tuesday, June 5, 1990, or until 12 o’clock meridian on the second day after Members are
notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first.

Sec. 2. The Speaker of the House and the Majority Leader of the Senate, acting jointly after consultation with the Minority Leader of the House and the Minority Leader of the Senate, shall notify the Members of the House and the Senate, respectively, to reassemble whenever, in their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it.

Agreed to May 25, 1990.

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),
That when the House adjourns on Thursday, June 28, 1990, or Friday, June 29, 1990, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader, or his designee, it stand adjourned until 12 o’clock meridian on Tuesday, July 10, 1990, or until 12 o’clock meridian on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first; and that when the Senate recesses or adjourns on Thursday, June 28, 1990, or Friday, June 29, 1990, or Saturday, June 30, 1990, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader, or his designee, it stand in recess or stand adjourned until 9:30 ante meridiem on Tuesday, July 10, 1990, or until 12 o’clock meridian on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first.

Sec. 2. The Speaker of the House and the Majority Leader of the Senate, acting jointly after consultation with the Minority Leader of the House and the Minority Leader of the Senate, shall notify the Members of the House and the Senate, respectively, to reassemble whenever, in their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it.

Agreed to June 28, 1990.

WHALES—CONSERVATION AND PROTECTION

Whereas whales are a unique marine resource of great esthetic and scientific interest and are a vital part of the marine ecosystem;
Whereas the indefinite moratorium on commercial whale killing adopted by the International Whaling Commission in 1982 to take effect in 1986 is subject to review and reconsideration in 1990;
Whereas this moratorium has not yet resulted in a full cessation of whale killing for commerce;
Whereas there remain great uncertainties as to the true status of whale populations, due to the difficulty of studying them, their slow reproductive rate, and the unpredictability of their recovery even when fully protected;
Whereas whales are subject to grave environmental threats from nonhunting causes such as pollution, loss of habitat, increased shipping, oil and gas exploration, and the use of driftnets and