the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and fourteenth.

GEORGE BUSH

Editorial note: For the President's remarks of Feb. 23, 1990, on signing Proclamation 6101, see the Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents (vol. 26, p. 294).

Proclamation 6102 of February 27, 1990

National Quarter Horse Week, 1990

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

American quarter horses are a highly prized breed. More individuals have benefitted from the use of American quarter horses than from any other breed of horse in the world. This horse is uniquely ours, having been developed in colonial America and bred for speed to win in popular quarter-mile races. The quarter horse still gains honors for racing throughout the country.

Quarter horses have also earned fame as top mounts for ranch work because of their quickness, responsiveness, durability, agility, and natural ability with cattle. No other horse is a greater part of Western folklore, and none has contributed more to our Nation's development and cultural heritage. Calm of disposition yet versatile, the quarter horse can be found almost anywhere in the country—on riding trails and in races, shows, rodeos, and parades. Young people who own quarter horses benefit substantially from the responsibility and enjoyment they entail.

Many of these horses are enrolled in the world's largest equine registry, maintained by the American Quarter Horse Association (AQHA). Founded on March 15, 1940, by a group of southwestern ranchers, the AQHA has grown to more than 200,000 members. The registry that began with less than 600 horses now numbers more than 2.8 million. And an industry that began with just a few horsemen has grown to include more than a million owners in all walks of life and in 63 different countries.

In recognition of the worth of "America's horse," the Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 106, has designated the week of March 1 through March 7, 1990, as "National Quarter Horse Week" and has authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation in observance of this week.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEORGE BUSH, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of March 1 through March 7, 1990, as National Quarter Horse Week, and I invite the people of the United States to observe this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-seventh day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and
ninetynine, and of the Independence of the United States of America the
two hundred and fourteenth.

GEORGE BUSH

Proclamation 6103 of February 28, 1990

Modifying the Implementation of the Generalized System
of Preferences and the Caribbean Basin Economic
Recovery Act

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

1. In Proclamation 5779 of March 23, 1988 (53 FR 9850), the President
determined that, under section 802(b) of the Trade Act of 1974 (the Act)
(19 U.S.C. 2492(b)), as amended by the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1986
(Public Law 99-570, 100 Stat. 3207), Panama had not during the previous
year cooperated fully with the United States, and had not taken ade­
quate steps on its own, in preventing narcotic and psychotropic drugs
and other controlled substances produced or processed, in whole or in
part, in Panama or transported through Panama, from being sold illegal­
ly within the jurisdiction of Panama to United States Government per­
sonnel or their dependents or from being transported, directly or indi­
rectly, into the United States, and in preventing and punishing the laun­
dering in that country of drug-related profits or drug-related monies.
Pursuant to section 802(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 2492(a)), the President
decided to deny until further notice the preferential tariff treatment
under the Generalized System of Preferences (GSP) and the Caribbean
Basin Economic Recovery Act (CBERA) previously afforded to articles
that were eligible for such treatment and that were imported from
Panama.

2. I have determined, pursuant to section 802(b)(1) of the Act, that the
Government of Panama is taking adequate steps to prevent such drugs
and other controlled substances from being sold illegally within its own
jurisdiction to United States Government personnel or their dependents
or from being transported, directly or indirectly, into the United States,
and to prevent and punish the laundering in that country of drug-relat­
ed profits or drug-related monies. Pursuant to section 802(b)(1)(A) of
the Act, I have certified this determination to the Congress after con­
sidering the factors enumerated in section 802(b)(2) of the Act.

3. Under section 103 of the Urgent Assistance for Democracy in
Panama Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-243), the conditions specified in
section 802(b)(4)(B) of the Act are deemed to be satisfied with respect
to the denial to articles imported from Panama of preferential treatment
under the CSP and the CBERA pursuant to Proclamation 5779 of March

4. Accordingly, under the terms of sections 802(b)(1)(A) and 802(b)(4)(B)
of the Act, I have decided to restore the preferential tariff treatment
under the CSP and the CBERA to articles that are currently eligible for
such treatment and that are imported from Panama.