

the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Maritime Boundary, signed June 1, 1990; in particular, those areas east of the maritime boundary, as defined in that Agreement, that lie within 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of Russia is measured but beyond 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the United States is measured.”.

(10) Page 15, beginning at line 26, strike “United States-Soviet Maritime” and insert “maritime”.

(11) Page 16, line 4, strike “the Soviet Union” and insert “Russia”.

(12) Page 17, line 1, strike “United States-Soviet”.

(13) Page 17, line 4, strike “the Soviet Union” and insert “Russia”.

(14) Page 17, line 8, strike “3636(a)” and insert “3636(a)”.

(15) Page 17, line 12, strike “303(6)” and insert “203(6)”.

(16) Page 17, strike line 21 and all that follows through line 23 and insert the following:

“(F) the areas referred to as eastern special areas in Article 3(1) of the Agreement between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Maritime Boundary, signed June 1, 1990; in particular, those areas east of the maritime boundary, as defined in that Agreement, that lie within 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of Russia is measured but beyond 200 nautical miles of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the United States is measured; and”.

(17) Page 18, line 4, strike “208” and insert “308”.

(18) Page 18, line 5, strike “201(e)(3)” and insert “301(e)(3)”.

Agreed to February 19, 1992.

Mar. 3, 1992
[H. Con. Res. 239]

LITHUANIA—INDEPENDENCE DAY CELEBRATION

Whereas on February 16, 1918, a gathering of 200 Lithuanian delegates first proclaimed that their country was independent and that their government would be based on democratic principles, and for this reason February 16 is considered to be Lithuania's independence day;

Whereas the people of Lithuania endured a 51-year foreign rule which began as a result of the infamous Nazi-Soviet Pact of 1939;

Whereas the people of Lithuania courageously resisted the imposed communist dictatorship and cultural repression of this 51-year rule;

Whereas the people of Lithuania were able to mobilize and implement a nonviolent movement for social and political change which came to be known as “Sajudis”;

Whereas the people of Lithuania supported and secured the right of a free press in Lithuania during the waning days of foreign rule;

Whereas on February 24, 1990, Sajudis, the peoples' movement, promoted through citizen action a peaceful transition to independence and democracy by fully participating in the first democratic election in Lithuania in more than half a century;

Whereas on March 11, 1990, the newly elected Lithuanian parliament, fulfilling its mandate from the people of Lithuania,

declared the restoration of Lithuania's independence and the establishment of a democratic state;

Whereas the people of Lithuania and the civil servants of the government of Lithuania persevered in the building of democratic and independent institutions under conditions of economic blockade and armed assaults for over 17 months;

Whereas in January 1991, 10 months after the elected Lithuanian parliament restored independence, the people and government of Lithuania withstood a bloody assault against their democratic institutions by foreign troops; and

Whereas Lithuania's successful restoration of democracy and independence is remarkable for its use of nonviolent resistance to an oppressive regime: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),
That the Congress—

(1) congratulates the people of Lithuania for their courage and perseverance in using peaceful means to regain their independence;

(2) pledges its support for the people of Lithuania as they establish and strengthen democratic institutions of government and a free market economy; and

(3) congratulates the people of Lithuania as they celebrate their well-deserved independence day on February 16, 1992.

Agreed to March 3, 1992.

ADJOURNMENT—SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Apr. 9, 1992
[S. Con. Res. 109]

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),
That when the Senate recesses or adjourns at the close of business on Friday, April 10, 1992, or Saturday, April 11, 1992, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader, or his designee, in accordance with this resolution, it stand recessed or adjourned until 9:30 a.m. on Tuesday, April 28, 1992, or until 12 o'clock noon on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this resolution, whichever occurs first; and that when the House of Representatives adjourns on the legislative day of Thursday, April 9, 1992, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader, or his designee, in accordance with this resolution, it stand adjourned until 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, April 28, 1992, or until 12 o'clock noon on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this resolution, whichever occurs first.

SEC. 2. The Majority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, acting jointly after consultation with the Minority Leader of the Senate and the Minority Leader of the House, shall notify the Members of the Senate and the House, respectively, to reassemble whenever, in their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it.

Agreed to April 9, 1992.