

(3) welcomes the actions by those members of the Arab League that have begun dismantling the secondary and tertiary boycott, and urges them to continue their efforts until a complete dissolution of the primary, secondary, and tertiary boycott is achieved;

(4) hopes that the indefinite postponement of the October 24, 1993, meeting of the Central Boycott Committee signals an end to the placement of more United States firms on the boycott list and a willingness to dismantle the boycott in its entirety;

(5) urges those states that have begun to or are considering dismantling all forms of the boycott to proceed promptly with such dismantlement;

(6) urges those states that are still enforcing the boycott to dismantle the boycott in all its forms and to issue the necessary laws, rules, and regulations to ensure that United States firms have free and open access to Arab markets regardless of their business relationships with Israel;

(7) urges those states, in addition, to cease enforcing and requiring participation in the boycott in its primary, secondary, and tertiary forms;

(8) urges the United States Government to continue to raise the boycott as an unfair trade practice in every appropriate international trade forum; and

(9) expresses the sense of the Congress that the end of the Arab League boycott of Israel is of great urgency to the United States Government and will continue to be a priority issue in all bilateral relations with participating states until its complete dissolution.

Agreed to November 21, 1993.

INTERNATIONAL YEAR OF THE WORLD'S INDIGENOUS PEOPLES—UNITED STATES COOPERATION

Nov. 23, 1993
[S. Con. Res. 44]

Whereas United Nations Resolution 45/164 of December 18, 1990, proclaimed the year 1993 as the International Year of the World's Indigenous Peoples, in order to strengthen international cooperation for a solution to the problems faced by indigenous communities in areas such as human rights, the environment, development, education, and health;

Whereas indigenous peoples are descendants of the original inhabitants of many countries with diverse cultures, religions, languages, and social and economic customs;

Whereas an estimated 300 million indigenous peoples live in more than 70 countries, including the United States;

Whereas indigenous peoples are often disadvantaged and face common difficulties in their homelands, including issues such as self-determination, the preservation of land and natural resources, the preservation of culture, arts, and language, and dismal social and economic conditions;

Whereas many indigenous peoples continue to face discrimination and exploitation in their homelands;

Whereas the rights and social and economic conditions of indigenous peoples have often been overlooked by individual nations and the international community; and

Whereas the United Nations Working Group on Indigenous Populations has drafted a Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That it is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the United States should cooperate with the United Nations in its efforts to raise the level of public interest in and consciousness of the problems of indigenous peoples;

(2) the United States should address the rights and improve the social and economic conditions of its own indigenous peoples, including Native American Indians, Alaska Natives, Native Hawaiians, Chamorros, American Samoans, and Palauans;

(3) the United States should support the United Nations in its efforts to establish international standards on the rights of indigenous peoples; and

(4) the United States recognizes that the year 1993 is an insufficient time period for promoting public awareness of the plight of indigenous peoples and urges the United Nations to proclaim an International Decade of the World's Indigenous Peoples.

Agreed to November 23, 1993.

Nov. 23, 1993

[S. Con. Res. 56]

ENROLLMENT CORRECTIONS—S. 1766

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That in the enrollment of the text of the bill (S. 1766) to amend the Lime Research, Promotion, and Consumer Information Act of 1990 to cover seedless and not seeded limes, to increase the exemption level, to delay the initial referendum date, and to alter the composition of the Lime Board, and for other purposes, the Secretary of the Senate shall make the following corrections:

In section 4(b)(1)—

(1) strike “The Secretary” and insert “Members”; and

(2) strike “shall—” and insert “appointed—”.

Agreed to November 23, 1993.

Nov. 26, 1993

[H. Con. Res. 190]

ADJOURNMENT—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That when the House adjourns on the legislative day of Friday, November 26, or the legislative day of Tuesday, November 30, or the legislative day of Wednesday December 1, 1993, pursuant to a motion by the majority leader, or his designee, in accordance