local government officials and private organizations to observe this day
with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this fourteenth
day of September, in the year of our Lord two thousand, and of the
Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and
twenty-fifth.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON

Proclamation 7341 of September 15, 2000

National Farm Safety and Health Week, 2000

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation

Throughout history, America's farmers and ranchers have worked our
land with skill, energy, and determination. They have endured floods
and droughts, survived bitter winters and scorching summers, seen
crops devastated by insects and livestock lost to disease. Through hard
times and good times alike they have labored, making American agri­
culture the most efficient and productive source of food and fiber in
the world.

Beyond the natural and economic challenges our Nation's agricultural
workers face each year are the daily physical hazards associated with
their profession, including handling livestock, using chemicals, and
operating powerful machinery. To reduce the level of preventable
workplace accidents that have taken such a toll on our country's agri­
cultural communities, engineers and manufacturers have worked dili­
gently to make farm equipment safer. Today, tractors and other farm
machinery come with standard safety features such as rollover protec­
tion, bypass starting systems, and tamper-proof guarding and shielding.

However, designing safer farm machinery is only part of the solution.
We must also ensure that agricultural workers are aware of the benefits
of new safety features and that they strive to use and maintain them.
Safety and health organizations are accomplishing this vital task by of­
fering hands-on, interactive training programs in farming and ranching
communities across the country. Through safety day camps and farm
safety programs targeted specifically for children and adolescents
growing up on farms and ranches, they are helping to protect the well­
being of the most vulnerable members of our agricultural communities.

My Administration is also working hard to improve the health and
safety of rural Americans. For example, we created the E-rate program,
which, among other things, secures low-cost Internet connections for
rural health clinics and hospitals. We have also urged the Congress to
fund a meaningful Medicare prescription drug benefit that would pro­
vide affordable, dependable coverage to all beneficiaries, including
more than 9 million Medicare beneficiaries in rural communities
across the Nation. Compared to their urban counterparts, rural bene­
cficiaries have lower incomes and more limited access to pharmacies,
and are less likely to have any prescription drug coverage. Rural bene­
cficiaries generally pay more for prescription drugs than urban bene­
cficiaries and are more likely to go without needed medication because
of its expense. Meaningful drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries would help improve the health and quality of life of millions of older members of our Nation’s farming and ranching communities.

All Americans owe a debt of gratitude to our country’s farmers and ranchers, whose hard work puts food on our tables and helps ensure our Nation’s leadership of the global economy. We can best acknowledge that debt by recognizing the importance of continually improving the health and safety of America’s agricultural workers, not only during this special observance, but also throughout the year.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WILLIAM J. CLINTON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, do hereby proclaim September 17 through September 23, 2000, as National Farm Safety and Health Week. I call upon government agencies, organizations, and businesses that serve our agricultural sector to strengthen their efforts to promote safety and health programs among our Nation’s farm and ranch workers. I ask agricultural workers to take advantage of the diverse educational and training programs and technical advancements that can help them avoid injury and illness. I also call upon our Nation to recognize Wednesday, September 20, 2000, as a day to focus on the risks facing young people on farms and ranches. Finally, I call upon the citizens of our Nation to reflect on the bounty we enjoy thanks to the labor and dedication of agricultural workers across our land.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this fifteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord two thousand, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and twenty-fifth.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON

Proclamation 7342 of September 15, 2000

Ovarian Cancer Awareness Week, 2000

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

Ovarian cancer is one of the deadliest cancers affecting American women today. This year alone, 14,000 women will die from ovarian cancer, and more than 23,000 will be diagnosed with the disease. While ovarian cancer is very treatable when detected early, currently 75 percent of new cases are not diagnosed until the disease is in its late stages of development, when treatment is less effective. With early detection, women have a survival rate of over 90 percent; diagnosis in its later stages, however, dramatically reduces the chances of survival to just 25 percent.

Unfortunately, there is still no reliable and quick screening test for ovarian cancer like the Pap smear for cervical cancer or the mammogram for breast cancer. In addition, its symptoms—such as abdominal discomfort or bloating, cramps, unaccountable weight gain or loss, abnormal bleeding—can often be mistaken for signs of less serious conditions. Consequently, raising awareness of risk factors for ovarian cancer is a crucial weapon in our effort to save lives. While every woman has