

HENRY H. SHELTON CONGRESSIONAL GOLD
MEDAL PRESENTATION CEREMONY—CAPITOL
ROTUNDA AUTHORIZATION

Sept. 18, 2002
[H. Con. Res. 469]

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the Rotunda of the Capitol is authorized to be used on September 19, 2002, for a ceremony to present the Congressional Gold Medal to General Henry H. Shelton (USA, Ret.). Physical preparations for the ceremony shall be carried out in accordance with such conditions as the Architect of the Capitol may prescribe.

Agreed to September 18, 2002.

FLIGHT ATTENDANTS—COURAGE AND
DEDICATION

Sept. 24, 2002
[S. Con. Res. 110]

Whereas over 100,000 men and women in the United States serve as flight attendants;
Whereas flight attendants dedicate themselves to serving and protecting their passengers;
Whereas flight attendants react to dangerous situations as the first line of defense of airline passengers;
Whereas safety and security are the primary concerns of flight attendants;
Whereas flight attendants evacuate passengers from an airplane in emergency situations;
Whereas flight attendants defend passengers against hijackers, terrorists, and abusive passengers;
Whereas flight attendants handle in-flight medical emergencies;
Whereas flight attendants perform routine safety and service duties on board the aircraft;
Whereas 25 flight attendants lost their lives aboard 4 hijacked flights on September 11, 2001;
Whereas 5 flight attendants helped to prevent United Flight 93 from reaching its intended target on September 11, 2001;
Whereas flight attendants provided assistance to passengers across the United States who had their flights diverted on September 11, 2001;
Whereas flight attendants on American Airlines Flight 63 helped to subdue Richard Reid on December 22, 2001, thereby preventing him from detonating an explosive device in his shoe intended to bring down the airplane and kill all 185 passengers and 12 crew members on board; and
Whereas flight attendants helped to prevent Pablo Moreira, a Uruguayan citizen, from breaking into the cockpit on February 7, 2002, during United Flight 855 from Miami to Buenos Aires: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That Congress—

- (1) expresses its profound gratitude for the faithful service provided by flight attendants to make air travel safe;
- (2) honors the courage and dedication of flight attendants;

(3) supports all the flight attendants who continue to display heroism on a daily basis, as they had been doing before, during, and after September 11, 2001; and

(4) shall send a copy of this resolution to a family member of each of the flight attendants killed on September 11, 2001.

Agreed to September 24, 2002.

Sept. 25, 2002
[H. Con. Res. 458]

MARY BAKER EDDY AND LIBRARY— RECOGNITION AND COMMENDATION

Whereas the Mary Baker Eddy Library for the Betterment of Humanity will officially open on September 29, 2002, in Boston, Massachusetts, thereby making available to the public the Mary Baker Eddy Collections, one of the largest collections of primary source material by and about an American woman;

Whereas the namesake of the Library, Mary Baker Eddy, achieved international prominence during her lifetime (1821–1910) as the founder of Christian Science and was the first woman in the United States to found and lead a religion that became an international movement with members in 139 countries;

Whereas historians compare Mary Baker Eddy to nineteenth-century women reformers like Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Susan B. Anthony, who took leadership roles at a time when women infrequently did so;

Whereas Mary Baker Eddy founded and served as the pastor of her own church, the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, and established a publishing organization that produces numerous publications, including “The Christian Science Monitor”, an international daily newspaper that has won seven Pulitzer Prizes;

Whereas in recognition of the numerous achievements of Mary Baker Eddy, the Women’s National Hall of Fame inducted her into its membership in 1995 for having made “an indelible mark on society, religion, and journalism”;

Whereas the Mary Baker Eddy Library, a facility of 81,000 square feet, provides a place for people to come together to explore ideas and offers on-site and online educational experiences, programs, and exhibits;

Whereas the Mary Baker Eddy Collections consist of more than 100,000 documents, artifacts, photographs, and other media that chronicle the development of Mary Baker Eddy’s ideas and offer an unequalled resource to scholars in women’s history and mind-body medicine;

Whereas the Library’s initiative to make the previously unpublished materials in the Mary Baker Eddy Collections available to the public is exemplary of, and in full accord with, the intent of the provisions of title 17, United States Code, relating to the publication of previously unpublished materials; and

Whereas the Mary Baker Eddy Library will establish an Institute for the Rediscovery and Preservation of the History of Women in Seneca Falls, New York, the birthplace of the first Women’s