CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS—MAY 16, 2003

are joining together to honor the Nation’s aerospace achievements:
Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),
That Congress honors the City of Fayetteville, North Carolina,
and its many partners, for the Festival of Flight, a celebration
of the centennial of Wilbur and Orville Wright’s first flight, the
first controlled, powered flight in history.


2003 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SPECIAL OLYMPICS
LAW ENFORCEMENT TORCH RUN—CAPITOL
GROUNDS AUTHORIZATION

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),
SECTION 1. AUTHORIZATION OF USE OF CAPITOL GROUNDS FOR D.C.
SPECIAL OLYMPICS LAW ENFORCEMENT TORCH RUN.

On June 6, 2003, or on such other date as the Speaker of the
House of Representatives and the Committee on Rules and Adminis-
tration of the Senate may jointly designate, the 2003 District of
Columbia Special Olympics Law Enforcement Torch Run (in this
resolution referred to as the “event”) may be run through the
Capitol Grounds as part of the journey of the Special Olympics
torch to the District of Columbia Special Olympics summer games
at Gallaudet University in the District of Columbia.

SEC. 2. RESPONSIBILITY OF CAPITOL POLICE BOARD.

The Capitol Police Board shall take such actions as may be
necessary to carry out the event.

SEC. 3. CONDITIONS RELATING TO PHYSICAL PREPARATIONS.

The Architect of the Capitol may prescribe conditions for physical
preparations for the event.

SEC. 4. ENFORCEMENT OF RESTRICTIONS.

The Capitol Police Board shall provide for enforcement of the
restrictions contained in section 4 of the Act of July 31, 1946
(40 U.S.C. 193d; 60 Stat. 718), concerning sales, advertisements,
displays, and solicitations on the Capitol Grounds, as well as other
restrictions applicable to the Capitol Grounds, in connection with
the event.


IRAQ—LIFTING UNITED NATIONS SANCTIONS

Whereas United Nations Security Council Resolution 661 estab-
lished sanctions as a result of Saddam Hussein’s unprovoked,
illegal aggression against the sovereign Arab State of Kuwait;
Whereas United Nations Security Council Resolution 687 continued
the sanctions, which were intended to deprive the government
of Saddam Hussein of maintaining or acquiring the means to
threaten other states or peoples, or to continue to oppress his own people;
Whereas the United Nations Security Council, through the Oil-for-Food program, allowed for humanitarian goods to flow to Iraq while maintaining the sanctions regime and control over Iraq's oil revenue;
Whereas the Coalition that liberated Iraq poses no risk to other states or peoples, and there is no reason to believe that the people of Iraq, liberated from the tyrant Saddam Hussein, pose such a risk;
Whereas the Coalition is providing for the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people;
Whereas the people of Iraq are now ready to rebuild their nation after over 30 years of tyranny;
Whereas the sanctions established by United Nations Security Council Resolutions 661 and 687 prohibit the importation of goods necessary for the Iraqi people to rebuild their country;
Whereas these sanctions restrict the trade of Iraqi goods, by and on behalf of the Iraqi people, necessary to allow expeditious rebuilding of Iraq and recovery from the tyranny of Saddam Hussein; and
Whereas continuing the sanctions imposed on the government of Saddam Hussein punishes the people of Iraq for the actions of a brutal tyrant who no longer rules them: Now, therefore, be it
Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),
That it is the sense of the Congress that—
(1) the United Nations should immediately act to lift the economic sanctions imposed by United Nations Security Council Resolutions 661 and 687; and
(2) member states of the United Nations should allow and encourage their nationals to trade with Iraq.

Agreed to May 21, 2003.

ENROLLMENT CORRECTION—H.R. 1298

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),
That the Clerk of the House of Representatives, in the enrollment of the bill (H.R. 1298) to provide assistance to foreign countries to combat HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, and malaria, and for other purposes, shall make the following correction: In section 202(d)(4)(A)(i), strike “from all other sources” and insert “from all sources”.