Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the incorporation of the Columbus University of Washington, District of Columbia, under chapter 18 of the Code of Laws of the District of Columbia, be, and the same is hereby, approved and confirmed except as herein specifically altered.

Sec. 2. The number of trustees for the management of said corporation shall not be more than eighteen and not less than twelve: Provided, That a majority of the trustees shall be members of the fraternal order known as the Knights of Columbus; that W. Francis Delaney, George R. Ellis, George E. Herring, George F. Howell, Harold Francis Jones, William E. Leahy, James F. McKeon, Walter I. Plant, Timothy J. Quirk, Michael J. Racioppi, Manning J. Wilcoxon and Thomas Gillespie Walsh shall constitute the original board of trustees under this Act; that the board of trustees shall elect, from among themselves, one member to be president, one member to be vice president, one member to be treasurer, and one member to be secretary of said corporation; that at the first meeting of the board subsequent to the passage of this Act the trustees shall be divided into three classes, the members of the first class to serve for a period of one year, the members of the second class to serve for a period of two years, and the members of the third class to serve for a period of three years; that the said trustees shall serve for the periods mentioned and/or until their successors are designated, the power of designation being in the board of trustees; that the selection of new trustees and their designation to classes shall be in the discretion of the board of trustees; that the number of professorships which may be established by said corporation shall be left to the discretion of the board of trustees; that the number of professorships which may be established by said corporation shall be left to the discretion of the board of trustees, who shall have the power to establish ordinances and bylaws for the conduct of the business of the corporation, or to alter, repeal, and amend the same, and also power to frame laws and regulations to govern the faculty and students in all departments thereof and to designate such professors and lecturers as they shall deem necessary and with such salaries and duties as the said board of trustees shall deem proper: Provided, however, That no member of the board of trustees, except the president, shall serve in a teaching capacity in the university.

Sec. 3. That the said trustees may receive, invest, and administer endowments and gifts of money, and property absolute or subject to payments by way of annuities, during the life of the donor, for the maintenance of educational works by said university, and they shall have all the powers and authority hereby granted to or invested in the trustees of said university by chapter 18, of the Revised Statutes of the United States, relating to the District of Columbia.

Sec. 4. The said corporation shall adopt a common seal, under and by which all deeds, diplomas, and acts of the said university or corporation shall pass and be authenticated, and the same seal at their pleasure to break and alter, or to devise a new one.

Sec. 5. That the funds, moneys, and properties of the corporation shall be held in the name of Columbus University and that the funds or the income of the corporation, or any part thereof, shall be used for no purpose or object other than to promote and advance the best interests of Columbus University.
Use of title.

SEC. 6. No institution of learning hereafter incorporated in the Dis-
trict of Columbia shall use in or as its title, in whole or in part, the
words "Columbus University".

SEC. 7. Nothing in this Act contained shall be so construed as to
prevent Congress from altering, amending, or repealing same.
Approved June 18, 1953.

Private Law 73

CHAPTER 148

AN ACT

For the relief of Harry Block.

Harry Block.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commiss-
ioner of Internal Revenue is hereby authorized and directed to
execute a quitclaim deed to Harry Block, covering the premises located
at 111 Conselyea Street, Brooklyn, New York.

Approved June 22, 1953.

Private Law 74

CHAPTER 156

AN ACT

For the relief of William R. Jackson.

William R. Jackson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary
of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money
in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to William R. Jackson,
administrator of the estate of W. C. Jackson, deceased, the sum of
$11,500 plus interest on such sum at the rate of 4 per centum per annum
from February 24, 1943, to the date of payment, representing the
amount of damages found by the United States Court of Claims
(Congressional Numbered 17859, decided April 8, 1952, in response to
S. Res. 137, Eighty-first Congress), to have resulted from the unlawful
taking by the Government of the deceased's fishing grounds and the
deprivation by the Government of the deceased's use of his fishing nets
in the vicinity of Spesutie Island, Maryland: Provided, That no part
of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum
thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or
attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim,
and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwith-
standing. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be
deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be
fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved June 26, 1953.

Private Law 75

CHAPTER 160

AN ACT

For the relief of Harry Ray Smith.

Harry R. Smith.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding
any lapse of time or statute of limitations, the Court of Claims
shall have jurisdiction to hear, determine, and render judgment on
the claim of Harry Ray Smith against the United States for com-