

Private Law 364

CHAPTER 212

AN ACT

For the relief of Giuseppe Fruscione.

May 17, 1954
[H. R. 2385]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding the provision of section 212 (a) (9) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Giuseppe Fruscione may be admitted to the United States for permanent residence if he is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act: *Provided,* That this exemption shall apply only to a ground for exclusion of which the Department of State or the Department of Justice have knowledge prior to the enactment of this Act.

Approved May 17, 1954.

Giuseppe Fruscione.

66 Stat. 182.
8 USC 1182.

Private Law 365

CHAPTER 213

AN ACT

For the relief of Lajos Schmidt and his wife, Magda.

May 17, 1954
[H. R. 2505]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Lajos Schmidt and his wife, Magda, shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fees. Upon the granting of permanent residence to each such alien as provided for in this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to deduct two numbers from the appropriate quota for the first year that such quota is available.

Approved May 17, 1954.

66 Stat. 163.
8 USC 1101 note.

Quota deductions.

Private Law 366

CHAPTER 214

AN ACT

For the relief of Charles T. Douds.

May 17, 1954
[H. R. 2634]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Charles T. Douds, Englewood, New Jersey, the sum of \$10,777.06. The payment of such sum shall be in full settlement of all claims of the said Charles T. Douds against the United States for losses in compensation he sustained, and expenses he incurred, as the result of his removal and separation without pay from his position as Regional Director, Region 2, National Labor Relations Board, effective February 20, 1945. On February 27, 1947, he was restored to his position, after the United States Civil Service Commission, upon appeal from the Board's removal action, had concluded that the evidence on record did

Charles T. Douds.