"An Act for the relief of Mrs. Esterlee Hutzler Weinheppel", approved August 24, 1954 (68 Stat. A196), is amended by striking out the following: "Provided further, That failure to establish permanent residence in the United States within a period of eighteen months following the enactment of this Act shall result in the divestiture of United States citizenship acquired by Mrs. Esterlee Hutzler Weinheppel under this Act".

Approved August 3, 1956.

Private Law 863

CHAPTER 962

AN ACT

To authorize the Honorable Barratt O'Hara to accept and wear the award of the Medal for Distinguished Military Service in white tendered by the President of the Republic of Cuba, Major General Fugencio Batista y Zaldívar.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Honorable Barratt O'Hara, Representative from the State of Illinois, is authorized to accept from the Republic of Cuba the award of the Medal for Distinguished Military Service in white, together with any decorations and documents evidencing such award. The Department of State is authorized to deliver to the Honorable Barratt O'Hara any such decorations and documents evidencing such award.

Sec. 2. Notwithstanding section 2 of the Act of January 31, 1881 (ch. 32, 21 Stat. 604; 5 U. S. C. 114), or other provision of law to the contrary, the named recipient may wear and display the aforementioned decoration after acceptance thereof.

Approved August 3, 1956.

Private Law 864

CHAPTER 963

JOINT RESOLUTION

For the relief of certain aliens.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Mother Marie Maestre Marcos, Mother Bernarda Clemente Cosqui, Vera Bruno (Sister M. Susan), Lucia Guarino (Sister M. Gennarina), Maria Leanza (Sister M. Immacolata), Giovanna Leo (Sister M. Luisa), Francesca Terzulli (Sister M. Teresina), Giovannina Verde (Sister M. Rodolfa), Stanley Bronnis Mazintas, Giuseppina Bucci (Sister Yelanda), Kreis Krzysztof, and Jan Mruc shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fees.

Sec. 2. For the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Gino Filippelli shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fee: Provided, That a suitable and proper bond or undertaking, approved by the Attorney General, be deposited as prescribed by section 213 of the said Act.
Sec. 3. Upon the granting of permanent residence to each alien as provided for in sections 1 and 2 of this Act, if such alien was classifiable as a quota immigrant at the time of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to reduce by one the quota for the quota area to which the alien is chargeable for the first year that such quota is available.

Sec. 4. The Attorney General is authorized and directed to cancel any outstanding orders and warrants of deportation, warrants of arrest, and bonds which may have issued in the case of Gertrude Riley-Sexton. From and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the said Gertrude Riley-Sexton shall not again be subject to deportation by reason of the same facts upon which such deportation proceedings were commenced or any such warrants and orders have issued.

Sec. 5. For the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, John Maurice Lamont, John Caplan (Giovanni Tuan), Dykeman Hank Smith, and Yaeko Nishizawa, shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence, upon payment of the required visa fees.

Approved August 3, 1956.