employee of Bonneville Power Administration, Department of the Interior, against the United States for retroactive pay adjustment to reimburse him for loss resulting from administrative error: Provided, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved May 10, 1956.

Private Law 617  

CHAPTER 253

AN ACT

For the relief of the F. Delizia Company, Incorporated.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the F. Delizia Company, Incorporated, Springfield, Massachusetts, the sum of $100. Such sum, together with the indemnity of $100 already received by such company, shall be in full settlement of all claims of such company against the United States for damages resulting from the loss in the United States mails of a package belonging to such company which the schedule of insurance fees incorrectly showed to have been insured for $200 but which, because of a recent change in rates not reflected in such schedule, was actually insured for only $100: Provided, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved May 10, 1956.

Private Law 618  

CHAPTER 254

AN ACT

For the relief of Stanley Rydzon and Alexander F. Anderson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Stanley Rydzon and Alexander F. Anderson are hereby relieved of all liability to refund to the United States the sums of $2,074.50 and $1,550.25, respectively. Such sums represent compensation received by the persons aforesaid as employees of the United States Post Office, San Antonio, Texas, during the periods July 1, 1950, to April 15, 1953, and April 9, 1951, to March 31, 1953, respectively, all dates inclusive, while they were also employed by the General Services Administration and each was receiving dual compensation from the United States at a combined annual rate in excess of $2,000. In the audit and settlement of the accounts of any certifying or disbursing officer of the United States, full credit shall be given for the amounts for which liability is relieved by the Act.
Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the said Stanley Rydzon and Alexander F. Anderson an amount equal to the aggregate of the amounts paid by them, respectively, or withheld from sums otherwise due them, respectively, in complete or partial satisfaction of the claims of the United States for such refunds.

Approved May 10, 1956.

Private Law 619

AN ACT

May 10, 1956

[Ch. 255]

For the relief of Nathan L. Garner.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Master Sergeant Nathan L. Garner, Mount Olive, North Carolina, the sum of $1,600, together with interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum from November 10, 1954, to the date of making payment under this Act, and the sum of $110.22, representing accrued interest on certain deposits to November 10, 1954, in full settlement of all claims against the United States for the loss sustained by him when certain deposits of his savings made at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, in 1953-1954 to soldiers' deposits were never applied or returned to him by the responsible officer and for which he has not heretofore been fully compensated: Provided, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved May 10, 1956.

Private Law 620

AN ACT

May 10, 1956

[Ch. 259]

For the relief of certain aliens.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Shih Ming Wang, Chih Shing Hwa, Erich Anton Helfert, Eugene Alexander Figueirido, Rose Hu Chen, Felisa Ho (nee Chang-Kuon), Balbino Acusin Ariasa, and Adel Kamal, shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fees. Upon the granting of permanent residence to each alien as provided for in this Act, if such alien was classifiable as a quota immigrant at the time of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper quota-control officer to reduce by one the quota for the quota area to which the alien is chargeable for the first year that such quota is available.